Oak Creek, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Oak Creek Oak Creek, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Oak Creek's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Oak Creek's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the City Council City of Oak Creek

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the City Council City of Oak Creek

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Baker Tilly Virchaw France, 42

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue a report on our consideration of the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

July 27, 2018



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

As management of the City of Oak Creek (the City), we offer readers of the City of Oak Creek's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Oak Creek for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, identify material deviations from the approved budget, and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. You can think of this relationship between revenues and expenses as the City's operating results and the net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the City's goal is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, not to generate profits as companies do. For this reason, you will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the condition of our roads and infrastructure, in assessing the overall health of our City.

Combined governmental and business-type activities net position increased by 0.6% in 2017, to \$176.8 million. Of this amount, \$157.9 million represents the City's net investment in capital assets, while \$8.9 million was held for restricted purposes, and a balance of \$10.0 million was unrestricted.

At the end of 2017, the City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$60.4 million, including a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$15.5 million and the City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$116.4 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements are comprised of four components:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

- Required supplementary information
- Combining statements for non-major governmental funds



The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements presenting different views of the City:

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of city government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes explaining some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information further explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, this financial report includes a section with combining statements providing details about the City's non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Oak Creek's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and are presented in two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which can be found on pages 1 - 2 of this report.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Oak Creek include general government, public safety, health and human services, public works, leisure activities (recreation and library), and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the City of Oak Creek include the water and sewer utility. Fiduciary activities, such as tax collection, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of position presenting information including all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City should extend to other non-financial factors such as the diversification of the tax base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's significant *funds*. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.



The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The focus, however, is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.
- **Proprietary funds** are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has two proprietary funds water and sewer utilities. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities the City operates like a business. A second type of proprietary fund, the internal service fund, reports activities providing services to other City programs.
- <u>Fiduciary funds</u> are reported in the fiduciary fund statements, but excluded from the government-wide reporting because these assets cannot be used to finance operations. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing jurisdictions, including the Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District, Milwaukee County, State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, and Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

Net position. The City's combined net position increased by \$960,467 from fiscal year 2016 to 2017, a change of 0.6%; this increase was comprised of a government-activities decrease of \$1.5 million, and a business-type activities increase of \$2.5 million. The City's governmental activities and business-type activities have approximately 34% and 66%, respectively, of the combined net position.

Total net position of the City's governmental activities decreased to \$60.4 million, a decrease of 2.5% from 2016 net position. The City's net investment in capital assets represents 112.5% of the total. Restricted net position of \$7.9 million represents 13.1% of the total. Unrestricted net position deficit of \$15.5 million represents (-25.7%) of the total.

Total net position of the City's business-type activities increased by 2.3% to \$116.4 million, including unrestricted net position of \$23.4 million, representing 20.2% of the total. All government and business type activities are self-supporting entities; net position of one entity is not permanently used by other entities.



Table 1 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin 2017 and 2016 Net Position (in millions of dollars)

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type		11 10
	Activ	rities	Activ	rities 💮	Tot	als
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current and other assets	55.8	56.1	27.7	23.0	83.5	79.1
Capital assets	163.5	155.3	110.8	111.7	274.3	267.0
Total assets	219.3	211.4	138.5	134.7	357.8	346.1
Deferred charge on refunding	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Deferred amount related to pensions	9.1	13.0	0.9	1.3	10.0	14.3
Total deferred outflows of resources	9.1	13.0	1.0	1.4	10.1	14.4
Long-term debt outstanding	134.1	130.2	21.6	20.7	155.7	150.9
Other liabilities	5.8	4.4	1.1	1.1	6.9	5.5
Total liabilities	139.9	134.6	22.7	21.8	162.6	156.4
Uncomediation	24.4	22.0	0.0	0.0	24.4	22.0
Unearned revenue	24.4	22.9	0.0	0.0	24.4	22.9
Deferred amount related to pensions	3.7	4.9	0.4	0.5	4.1	0.0
Total deferred inflows of resources	28.1	22.9	0.4	0.0	28.5	22.9
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	68.0	65.5	92.0	93.9	157.9	159.4
Restricted	7.9	18.2	1.0	1.0	8.9	19.2
Unrestricted	-15.5	-21.7	23.4	18.9	10.0	-2.8
Total net position - end of year	60.4	62.0	116.4	113.8	176.8	175.8
Net position - beginning of year	62.0	73.7	113.8	111.4	175.8	185.1
Change in net position	-1.6	-11.7	2.6	2.4	1.0	-9.3
Percent change in net position	-2.6%	-15.9%	2.3%	2.2%	0.6%	-5.0%

Change in combined net position.

The City had combined total revenues of \$63.6 million in 2017 and combined total expenses of \$62.6 million. After transfers, governmental activities had a decrease in net position of \$1.6 million, while business-type activities had an increase in net position of \$2.6 million. Table 2 and the following narrative consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.



Table 2 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin

2017 and 2016 Changes in Net Position (in millions of dollars)

	Governi	mental	Busines	s-type		
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	Tota	als
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						-
Program Revenues						
Charges for service	5.4	4.9	14.8	14.8	20.2	19.7
Operating grants & contributions	3.0	2.5		- 1	3.0	2.5
Capital contributions	5.1	1.8	0.7	0.9	5.8	2.7
General Revenues						
Taxes	23.3	23.1		- 1	23.3	23.1
Intergovernmental	6.7	6.7			6.7	6.7
Other	4.4	5.1	0.2	0.2	4.6	5.3
Total Revenues	47.9	44.1	15.7	15.9	63.6	60.0
	•					
Expenses:				- 1		
General government	8.7	9.5			8.7	9.5
Public safety	18.8	17.9			18.8	17.9
Health and social services	2.1	1.9			2.1	1.9
Public works	10.2	13.3			10.2	13.3
Leisure activities	2.2	3.2		-	2.2	3.2
Conservation & development	6.2	9.1			6.2	9.1
Interest and fiscal charges	2.9	2.6			2.9	2.6
Water	-		7.2	8.0	7.2	8.0
Sewer		-	4.3	3.8	4.3	3.8
Total Expenses	51.1	57.5	11.5	11.8	62.6	69.3
Excess/(Deficiency) before transfers:	-3.2	-13.4	4.2	4.1	1.0	-9.3
Transfers	1.6	1.7	-1.6	-1.7	-	-
Change in Net Position	-1.6	-11.7	2.6	2.4	1.0	-9.3
Beginning Net Position	62.0	73.7	113.8	111.4	175.8	185.1
ENDING NET POSITION	60.4	62.0	116.4	113.8	176.8	175.8

Governmental Activities

The City of Oak Creek received a total of \$47.9 million in governmental activities revenues in 2017, up \$3.8 million when compared to 2016 revenues. As Table 2 indicates, the largest revenue source is the property tax, which accounts for \$23.3 million, or 48.7% of all governmental revenues. Property tax revenue in 2017 was virtually flat when compared to 2016 levels. Any increase in tax revenue was due to increased values and revenues within the city's tax incremental districts. As of this writing, the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin has imposed a permanent levy freeze, with the exception of new growth.



The next largest category of revenues is intergovernmental revenue with \$6.7 million (14.1%), followed by public charges for service of \$5.4 million (11.2%), and capital contributions of \$5.1 million (10.6%). Investment income and miscellaneous revenue for \$4.4 million (9.1%) and operating grants and contributions account for \$3.0 million (6.3%).

Total governmental activities expenses were \$51.1 million in 2017, which exceeded revenues by \$3.2 million. At \$18.8 million, Public Safety, including Police, EMS, Inspection and Fire services, accounts for the largest share of City expenses at 36.8%. This is followed by Public Works with \$10.2 million or 19.9%, and General Government with \$8.7 million, representing 16.9%. Conservation and Development group, at \$6.2 million, is next with 12.1%, Leisure activities at \$2.2 million 4.4%, and Health/social services with \$2.1 million (4.1%) complete the activities. Payment of interest and fiscal charges in the amount of \$2.9 million, accounts for 5.8% of total governmental activities expenses.

Business-type Activities

The City of Oak Creek received \$15.7 million in business-type activities revenue during 2017 from its water and sewer utilities. Charges for services are by far the largest revenue sources for these operations, representing \$14.8 million of non-capital contribution revenues. Capital grants and contributions received were \$712,378 in 2017, with interest and miscellaneous income accounting for the balance of revenues of \$226,740.

Net position of the City of Oak Creek's water and sewer utilities increased by \$2.6 million in 2017, which represents a 2.2% increase over the prior year's net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the level of unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.



The City maintains twenty seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, EMS Fund, Debt Service Fund, Debt Amortization Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, TIF 8 and TIF 11, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* at the end of this report.

At the end of 2017, the combined fund balances for the City's governmental funds was \$23.2 million. Of this total, \$1.7 million is nonspendable, \$14.2 million is restricted, \$3.7 million is committed and \$1.7 is assigned. The balance of unassigned governmental fund balances is \$1.88 million. These funds are allocated across the following areas:

Unassigned Fund Balances (deficit):

General Fund	\$ 4.795
TIF No. 8 Capital Project Fund	\$(1.242)
Capital Improvement Fund	\$(1.631)
TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund	\$(0.001)
Developer Agreement Fund	\$(0.015)
TIF No. 13 Capital Project Fund	\$(0.030)
Total	\$ 1.876

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$8.2 million, of which \$1.7 million was assigned. Included in the assigned amount are tax equivalent dollars to be paid by the utility in 2018, and \$1.7 million is nonspendable which includes minor amounts for delinquent personal property taxes, non-current receivables and inventories.
- Unassigned fund balance decreased from 2016 to \$4.8 million. The unassigned fund balance is now approximately 17.9% of the general fund 2016 actual revenues and 2016 state shared revenues; this is within the City's policy target range of 15-25% for the purposes of cash flow, stabilization, and emergency reserves.

Emergency Medical Services Fund: This special revenue fund is used to account for resources legally restricted to supporting the operations for the paramedic rescue program.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2017 increased to \$349,530.
- Total revenues for 2017 were \$4.9 million, which included \$3.6 million from taxes, \$1.1 million from public charges for services, and \$154,941 of intergovernmental revenue.
- Total expenditures for the year were \$4.9 million.

Capital Improvement Fund: The general capital improvement fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects relating to City-owned capital assets and capital equipment.

- Total fund balance at the end of the year was a deficit \$1.6 million, a decrease of \$62,455 from 2016.
- Revenue sources provided \$2.1 million consisting of \$1 million in grants and sale of equipment and \$1.1 million from a land sale.
- Expenditures in this fund totaled \$10.7 million in 2017. The largest expenses included significant repairs to multiple City bridges, Ryan Road extension, Lake Vista Park, terrace and access to the lake, a new fire engine, a new street sweeper, and the bi-annual road replacement program.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund budget is adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The City ended the year with a favorable variance in general fund revenues and favorable variance in expenditures. Revenues were above budget projections by approximately \$515,451, while expenditures were under budget by \$852,846. The expenditure outcome relates mainly to retirements and vacant positions, which occurred throughout the year in the Police, Health and Engineering departments.

On the revenue side, conservative budgeting kept all categories quite close to budget. Year over year revenues were mostly stagnant, but the City continued to see increased construction activity resulting in \$242,000 in excess of the budgeted permit revenue. The City also saw higher insurance incentives as it continues to mitigate risk and reduce our claims resulting in a partial return of premium. The short-term revenue outlook is stable with the exception of planned growth in the next few years. The state approved legislation will continue to limit taxation to growth alone and short-term interest rates will remain near all-time lows.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2017, the City reported a net combined investment in capital assets of \$157.9 million. Of this amount, \$68.0 million, or 43.1%, is attributable to governmental activities, with the assets related to the City's land, buildings, equipment and street network. Total accumulated depreciation for both governmental and business type activities was calculated at \$102.9 million.

In 2017, capital assets of governmental activities increased by \$8.2 million. Capital assets of business type activities decreased by \$1.0 million.

Table 3
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin

2017 and 2016 Capital Asset Net of Accumulated Depreciation (in millions of dollars)

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type		
	Activ	ities	Activ	rities	Tot	als
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land and improvements	25.8	26.0	0.2	0.2	26.0	26.2
Construction in progress	9.7	0.3	1.4	1.1	11.1	1.4
Buildings	36.3	37.3		-	36.3	37.3
Machinary and equipment	8.2	8.2	109.1	110.4	117.3	118.6
Infrastructure	83.5	83.5		-	83.5	83.5
Total	163.5	155.3	110.7	111.7	274.2	267.0



Long-term Debt

At year-end, the governmental activities had \$101.8 million in general obligation bonds and promissory notes, an increase of \$4.52 million from last year. This was due to developer incentives in TIF 11. At the end of 2017, the business-type activities had a total of \$18.7 million in outstanding revenue bonds and general obligation debt. The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service, which has also rated the City's short term notes with a MIG1 rating. Revenue bonds of the water & sewer utilities are rated Aa2.

State law limits the City to issuing general obligation bonds totaling no more than 5% of the City's equalized value. Based on the 2017 equalized value, this limit is \$165.9 million. The City currently has a combined total of \$101.8 million of general obligation notes and bonds outstanding, representing 61.4% of its legal debt capacity.

Table 4
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin

2017 and 2016 Outstanding Debt (in millions of dollars)

	Governn <u>Activi</u>		Busines <u>Activi</u>		Totals	5
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
General obligation debt Revenue debt	101.8	97.3 	- 18.7	<u>-</u> 17.8	101.8 18.7	97.3 17.8
Totals	<u>101.8</u>	<u>97.3</u>	<u>18.7</u>	<u>17.8</u>	<u>120.5</u>	<u>115.1</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Oak Creek is located in southeastern Milwaukee County, and is one of only two municipalities in Milwaukee County with numerous tracts of vacant land. This location and land availability has contributed to the City's rapid growth and strong economic position. The local economy has picked up over the last few years with growth expected to continue in 2018 at Drexel Town Square and Oak View Business Park as well as other locations throughout the City. The majority of this growth is currently within TIF districts.

The City's population and building permit information is provided below:

	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Census
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2010
City of Oak Creek	35,560	35,206	34,791	34,707	34,495
Milwaukee County	945,416	948,930	949,795	949,741	948,369
State of Wisconsin	5,783,278	5,775,120	5,753,324	5,732,981	5,694,236

Total New	Construction Bu	ilding Permits	Total Resident	ial Building Permits
Year	Number	Value	Number	Value
2017	62	\$134,014,052	31	\$8,645,252

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The Oak Creek City Council adopted the 2018 budget in November of 2017, which authorized general fund expenditures of \$24.2 million, a 3.15% increase from 2017. The tax levy for the City of Oak Creek is \$20.261 million, an increase of \$383,000 from 2017 due to new construction. The mill rate for City services decreased by \$.19 in 2017, due to the increase in property values. The total tax levy has remained essentially at the same level since 2009, with any increase limited to the amount generated by new growth to the tax base and closure of TIF districts.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Oak Creek, 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin, 53154.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 24,201,592	\$ 24,715,258	\$ 48,916,850
Taxes receivable	25,053,044	-	25,053,044
Delinquent personal property taxes receivable	12,569	-	12,569
Accounts receivable, net	2,316,627	2,933,744	5,250,371
Special assessments receivable	505,255	-	505,255
Loans receivable	6,503	-	6,503
Other assets	-	5,000	5,000
Internal balances	953,791	(953,791)	-
Inventories	64,661	80,735	145,396
Restricted Assets			
Cash and investments	2,658,840	942,263	3,601,103
Capital Assets			
Land and land rights	24,963,323	255,895	25,219,218
Construction in progress	9,696,714	1,386,938	11,083,652
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	128,854,717	109,100,543	237,955,260
Total Assets	219,287,636	138,466,585	357,754,221
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	_	37,780	37,780
Deferred amount related to pensions	9,123,112	946,272	10,069,384
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,123,112	984,052	10,107,164
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,433,364	1,142,448	6,575,812
Deposits	307,821	-	307,821
Unearned revenue	240	23,288	23,528
Noncurrent Liabilities			.,.
Due within one year	28,287,145	1,467,699	29,754,844
Due in more than one year	105,828,370	20,095,648	125,924,018
Total Liabilities	139,856,940	22,729,083	162,586,023
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unearned revenue	24,455,883		24,455,883
Deferred amount related to pensions	3,656,258	382,972	4,039,230
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,112,141	382,972	28,495,113
		,	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	68,004,547	91,977,717	157,901,549
Restricted for debt service	1,446,185	917,621	2,363,806
Restricted for TID activity	1,821,391	· -	1,821,391
Restricted for impact fees	2,592,260	_	2,592,260
Restricted for other purposes	2,084,107	-	2,084,107
Unrestricted (deficit)	(15,506,823)	23,443,244	10,017,136
,			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 60,441,667	<u>\$ 116,338,582</u>	\$ 176,780,249

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

					Pro	Program Revenues	S.		Net (F	Net (Expense) Revenue and	e and	
					J	Operating	Ö	Capital	ซื้	Changes in Net Position	tion	
	Ц	30000	ວັ	Charges for	თ გ	Grants and	Gra	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	olo40 T	
Governmental Activities		Spellody.		S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	3	SILIDAGIO	3	SILIDATION	ACTIVITIES	Activities	- Otals	1
General government	↔	8,655,933	υ	1,622,830	↔	1,500	⇔	1	\$ (7,031,603)	.	\$ (7,031,603	503)
Public safety		18,787,074		2,422,943		355,789		27,463	(15,980,879)		۲	379)
Health and social services		2,119,602		26,367		82,342		•	(2,010,893)		(2,010,893)	393)
Public works		10,160,834		1,171,834		2,542,239		2,196,898	(4,249,863)		(4,249,863)	363)
Leisure activities		2,232,466		155,600				14,200	(2,062,666)		(2,062,666)	(999
Conservation and development		6,172,961				ı		2,857,493	(3,315,468)		(3,315,468)	468)
Interest and fiscal charges		2,938,337	ı					1	(2,938,337)	•	(2,938,337	337)
Total Governmental Activities		51,067,207		5,399,574		2,981,870		5,096,054	(37,589,709)		(37,589,709	602
Business-type Activities												
Water utility		7,270,093		10,826,732		ı		434,408		3,991,047	3,991,047	991,047
Sewer Utility		4,505,622		5,979,155				0/6///2		(40,497)	(40	()6+
Total Business-type Activities		11,573,715		14,805,887				712,378	1	3,944,550	3,944,550) 220
Totals	ss	62,640,922	€	20,205,461	₩	2,981,870	ь	5,808,432	(37,589,709)	3,944,550	(33,645,159)	(65
General Revenues												
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	purpose	Se							19,192,741	•	19,192,741	741
Property taxes, levied for debt service	rvice								1,274,750	1	1,274,750	750
Property taxes, levied for tax incremental districts	emental	districts							1,794,174	,	1,794,174	174
Other taxes									1,036,256		1,036,256	256
Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs	tricted to	specific progr	ams						6,744,612	1	6,744,612	312
Investment income									473,992	222,002	695,994	994
Miscellaneous									3,862,361	4,738	3,867,099	660
Transfers									1,663,609	(1,663,609)		'
Total General Revenues and Transfers	Fransfer	ro.							36,042,495	(1,436,869)	34,605,626	326
Change in Net Position									(1,547,214)	2,507,681	960,467	167
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	of Year								61,988,881	113,830,901	175,819,782	782
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	F YEAR								\$ 60,441,667	\$ 116,338,582	\$ 176,780,249	549

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2017

		Special Reveue Fund	Dobt Con	vice Funds	•	anital Danis de F			
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund		Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	apital Projects Fu TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS									Totals
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables	\$ 6,043,982 -	\$ 345,586 -	\$ 323,025 -	\$ 1,506,146	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,253,726 -	\$ 9,310,753 2,658,840	\$ 21,783,218 2,658,840
Taxes	13,553,226	3,788,857	850,000			627,954	1,582,352	4,650,655	25,053,044
Delinquent personal property taxes	12,569	-	-		-	-	-	-	12,569
Accounts, net	469,185	180,548	-		106,415	595	1,223,807	287,620	2,268,170
Special assessments	-	-						505,255	505,255
Loans						-	-	6,503	6,503
Due from other funds	3,362,459	-			-			314,900	3,677,359
Inventories	64,661	-		<u> </u>			-		64,661
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 23,506,082	<u>\$ 4,314,991</u>	\$ 1,173,025	\$ 1,506,146	\$ 106,415	\$ 628,549	\$ 7,059,885	\$ 17,734,526	\$ 56,029,619
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 424,668	\$ 24.477	e .	s -	\$ 1,155,258	•	\$ 729,731	\$ 449,746	
Accrued liabilities	1,190,428	145,042	-	• -	170,139	a -	Φ 129,131	\$ 449,746 87,562	\$ 2,783,880 1,593,171
Deposits	117,073			_	170,103	_		190,748	307,821
Due to other funds	445,381		-		412,827	1,243,149		726,027	2,827,384
Uneamed revenues	240			-	-	-		. 20,02.	240
Total Liabilities	2,177,790	169,519		1 1 1 1 1 1	1,738,224	1,243,149	729,731	1,454,083	7,512,496
Deferred inflows of Resouces									
Uneamed revenues	13,116,162	3,788,857	850,000			627,954	1,582,352	4,490,558	24,455,883
Unavailable revenues		7,085		4	_		303,540	537,052	847,677
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	13,116,162	3,795,942	850,000		-	627,954	1,885,892	5,027,610	25,303,560
Fund Balances (Deficit)									
Nonspendable	1,753,084						_	_	1,753,084
Restricted	.,,	-	323,025	1,506,146			4.444.262	7,919,973	14,193,406
Committed	-	349,530		.,,	-		-1,,202	3,379,669	3,729,199
Assigned	1,663,609	-	1	o	-	-			1,663,609
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,795,437				(1,631,809)	(1,242,554)		(46,809)	1,874,265
Total Fund Balances	8,212,130	349,530	323,025	1,506,146	(1,631,809)	(1,242,554)	4,444,262	11,252,833	23,213,563
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,									

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Fund balance - total governmental funds

Ţ	20,210,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Land	24,963,323
Construction in progress	9,696,714
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	128,854,717
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable	
revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue	
when earned in the government-wide statements.	
Special assessments	376,422
Accounts	464,752
Loans	6,503
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance coverage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are	
included in government activities in the statement of net position.	2 171 520
moldaded in government activities in the statement of het position.	2,171,520
The net pension liability does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported	
in the governmental funds.	(1,164,294)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial	
resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	9,123,112
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial	
= 5.5. 5.5 states to pendions do not relate to current infancial	

Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.

resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Bonds and notes payable	(101,850,000)
Unamortized debt premium	(1,333,199)
Other postemployement benefits	(28,375,067)
Vested compensated absences	(1,392,955)
Accrued interest	(657,186)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 60,441,667

(3,656,258)

\$ 23,213,563

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Part			Special Reveue Fund	Debt Sen	rice Funds	Ca	pital Projects Fund			
Taxes			Emergency Medical Services	Debt Service	Debt Amortization	Capital Improvement	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects	Governmental	Totals
Intergovernmental 5,714,573 154,941 3,148,295 760,875 11666 82,2167 574,772 1,216,876 1,225,373 1,225,37										
Public charges for services 334,464 1,125,373	Intergovernmental Regulation and compliance	5,714,573	-,,	\$ 850,000	•					\$ 23,297,921 11,187,019 2,054,626
Investment income 163,922 2,810 32,512 13,527 6,220 - 42,054 82,329 33,616,535 6,1616,610 6,162,615 774,037 3816,535 6,1716,610 6,1		334,464	1,125,373	-				1		3,344,523 319,822
Miscellaneous 183,264	Investment income	183,922	2,810	32,512	13.527	6.220	_	42 054		363,374
Interrunt charges for services 329,401	Miscellaneous	188,264		,	,		21.625			6,115,557
Total Revenues 22,437,600 4,886,063 882,512 3,161,822 2,082,191 612,135 2,305,121 10,644,799 47,0 EXPENDITURES Current General poverment 6,431,886 General poverment 7,1386,204 4,859,595 - 7,240,240,240,240,240,240,240,240,240,240	Interfund charges for services	329,401	-	-		.,,	_,,,	-	0,010,000	329,401
Current General poverment 6,431,888 - - - - 361,375 6,77 Public safety 10,386,204 4,859,595 - - - - 1,240,658 16,41 Health and social services 501,377 - - - - 1,553,318 2,00 Public works 3,494,477 - - - - - - - - -	Total Revenues	22,437,600	4,886,063	882,512	3,161,822	2,082,191	612,135	2,305,121	10,644,799	47,012,243
Public safety 10 386 204 4,859,595										
Public safety 10,386,204 4,859,595 - 1,240,656 16,4 16-20 11,250,318 16,4 16-20 11,250,3	General government	6,431,888		+		_	_		361 375	6.793.263
Health and social services 501,377	Public safety	10,386,204	4,859,595	_						16,486,457
Public works 3,493,477 - 4,885 2,029,239 5,55 Leisure activities 1,878,051 - 152,622 2,00 Conservation and development 369 4,585,134 530,662 5,155 Capital Outlay 10,720,181 235,516 2,015,525 2,884,406 15,81 Cebt Service Principal retirement 3,080,000 - 2,950,000 - 6,00 Interest and fiscal charges 2,590,997 4,859,595 4,552,980 10,720,181 451,276 10,530,064 8,873,399 62,61 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debt issued 8 7,650,000 7,668 Refunding debt issued 9 2,900,000 2,900 Premium on debt 9 2,666 1,75,469 3,533 2 2,208 Transfers in 1,683,609 6,705,469 8,500,000 8,500,000 1,764,000,000 1,76	Health and social services	501,377	•		-	-	-	_		2,054,695
Leisure activities 1,878,051 Conservation and development 369 4,585,134 530,662 5,17 Capital Outlay 10,720,181 235,516 2,015,525 2,884,406 15,88 Debl Service Principal retirement 3,080,000 - 2,950,000 - 6,00 Interest and fiscal charges 1,472,980 225,391 974,720 121,119 2,76 Total Expenditures 22,690,997 4,859,595 4,552,980 10,720,181 461,276 10,530,064 8,873,399 62,61 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debt issued Refunding Sources (USES) 1,683,609 6,705,469 35,323 2,208 Transfers in 1,683,609 6,705,469 8,540,212 2,288,75 19,00 Transfers out (923,956) (2624,492) (7,000,000) 8,575,535 10,552,208 (4,697,233) 12,27 Net Charge in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 (3,838,178) (62,455) 150,859 2,327,265 (2,925,833) (3,367,488) 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	Public works	3,493,477	-		-			4.685		5,527,401
Conservation and development		1,878,051		-	-		-			2,030,673
Debt Service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures 22,690,997 4,859,595 4,552,980 - 10,720,181 461,276 10,530,064 8,873,399 62,68 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debt issued Refunding debt issued Refunding debt issued Refunding debt issued Sale of property 27,686 Transfers in 1,663,609 6,705,469 7,650,000 7,667 Transfers out (923,956) (2,624,492) (7,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 28,608 14,172,980 - 10,720,181 461,276 121,119 27,740 121,119 27,740 14,178,666 15,000 16,000 17,600 17,600 18,707,000	• * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	-	-	-			369	4,585,134		5,116,165
Principal retirement 3,080,000 - 2,950,000 - 2,950,000 - 6,000 - 1,472,980 - 10,720,181 974,720 121,119 2,77 Total Expenditures 22,690,997 4,859,595 4,552,980 - 10,720,181 461,276 10,530,064 8,873,399 62,60			+		-	10,720,181	235,516	2,015,525	2,884,406	15,855,628
Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures 22,690,997 4,859,595 4,552,980 10,720,181 461,276 10,530,064 8,873,399 62,666 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debt issued Refunding debt issued Refunding debt issued Sale of property 27,686 - 35,323 - 2,088 Sale of property 1,663,609 7,650,000 7,665 Sale of property 1,663,609 7,650,000 7,665 Sale of property 1,663,609 7,650,000 7,665 Sale of property 1,663,609 1,663,609 1,734 Transfers out (923,956) 7,639,956) 7,600,000 1,734 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 3,838,178) (62,455) 150,859 2,327,265 (2,925,833) 3,366 FUND BALANCES (Deficit) Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,665										
Total Expenditures 22,690,997 4,859,595 4,552,980 10,720,181 461,276 10,530,064 8,873,399 62,646 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debt issued 7,650,000 7,650 Refunding debt issued 2,900,000 2,900 Premium on debt 2,7686 35,323 2,208 Transfers in 1,663,609 6,705,469 - 8,540,212 2,208 Transfers out (923,956) (2,624,492) (7,000,000) 1- (6,835,608) (17,387) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 767,339 4,080,977 (7,000,000) 8,575,535 10,552,208 (4,697,233) 12,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 (3,838,178) (62,455) 150,859 2,327,265 (2,925,833) (3,367) FUND BALANCES (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,616	•	-	-		-		-	2,950,000	-	6,030,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debt issued 7,650,000 7,667 Refunding debt issued 2,900,000 2,900 Premium on debt 2,200,000 2,900 Sale of property 27,686 35,323 2,208 Transfers in 1,663,609 6,705,469 - 8,540,212 2,208 Transfers out (923,956) (2,624,492) (7,000,000) - (6,835,608) (17,387) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 767,339 4,080,977 (7,000,000) 8,575,535 10,552,208 (4,697,233) 12,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 (3,838,178) (62,455) 150,859 2,327,265 (2,925,833) (3,367) FUND BALANCES (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (67,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,616	Interest and fiscal charges		-	1,472,980	-		225,391	974,720	121,119	2,794,210
over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debit issued 7,650,000 7,650,000 7,650,000 7,650,000 2,900,000	Total Expenditures	22,690,997	4,859,595	4,552,980	-	10,720,181	461,276	10,530,064	8,873,399	62,688,492
over expenditures (253,397) 26,468 (3,670,468) 3,161,822 (8,637,990) 150,859 (8,224,943) 1,771,400 (15,67) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term debit issued 7,650,000 7,650,000 7,650,000 7,650,000 2,900,000	Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
Long-term debt issued Refunding debt issued Refunding debt issued Sale of property 27,686 Transfers in 1,663,609 6,705,469 C(2,624,492) Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Refunding debt issued Transfers in 1,663,609 6,705,469 7,685,609 6,705,469 7,7000,000 7,865 7,600,000 7,865 7,600,000 7,865 7,600,000 7,865 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000 7,800 7,800,000		(253,397)	26,468	(3,670,468)	3,161,822	(8,637,990)	150,859	(8,224,943)	1,771,400	(15,676,249
Refunding debt issued Premium on debt 2,900,000 2,90 Premium on debt 27,686 35,323 35,323 36 Premium on debt 35,323 Premium on	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Refunding debt issued Premium on debt Sale of property 27,686 1,683,609 6,705,469 1,683,609 1,683,609 1,683,609 1,683,609 1,683,609 1,734 1,683,609 1,734 1,683,609 1,734 1,683,609 1,734 1,7000,000 1	Long-term debt issued							7.650.000		7.650.000
Premium on debt Sale of property 27,686 - 35,323 - 2,327,265 19,00 Transfers in 1,663,609 6,705,469 - 8,540,212 2,138,375 19,00 Transfers out (923,956) (2,624,492) (7,000,000) - (6,835,608) (17,38 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 767,339 - 4,080,977 (7,000,000) 8,575,535 10,552,208 (4,697,233) 12,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 (3,838,178) (62,455) 150,859 2,327,265 (2,925,833) (3,384,178) FUND BALANCES (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,61	Refunding debt issued	-				-				2,900,000
Transfers in 1,663,609 6,705,469 8,540,212 2,138,375 19,07 1,700,000 1,700,0		-		-				2,208		2.208
Transfers out (923,956) - (2,624,492) (7,000,000) - (6,835,608) (17,30				-		35,323			-	63,009
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 767,339 4,080,977 (7,000,000) 8,575,535 10,552,208 (4,697,233) 12,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 (3,838,178) (62,455) 150,859 2,327,265 (2,925,833) (3,38 FUND BALANCES (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,61					-	8,540,212		-	2,138,375	19,047,665
Net Change in Fund Balance 513,942 26,468 410,509 (3,838,178) (62,455) 150,859 2,327,265 (2,925,833) (3,38 FUND BALANCES (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,61	Transfers out	(923,956)		(2,624,492)	(7,000,000)	-			(6,835,608)	(17,384,056
FUND BALANCES (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,61	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	767,339	175	4,080,977	(7,000,000)	8,575,535		10,552,208	(4,697,233)	12,278,826
Beginning of Year 7,698,188 323,062 (87,484) 5,344,324 (1,569,354) (1,393,413) 2,116,997 14,178,666 26,61	Net Change in Fund Balance	513,942	26,468	410,509	(3,838,178)	(62,455)	150,859	2,327,265	(2,925,833)	(3,397,423)
	FUND BALANCES (Deficit) -									
FUND BALANCES (Deficit) -	Beginning of Year	7,698,188	323,062	(87,484)	5,344,324	(1,569,354)	(1,393,413)	2,116,997	14,178,666	26,610,986
END OF YEAR \$ 8,212,130 \$ 349,530 \$ 323,025 \$ 1,506,146 \$ (1,631,809) \$ (1,242,554) \$ 4,444,262 \$ 11,252,833 \$ 23,21	• •	\$ 8212 120	\$ 349.530	\$ 323.025	\$ 1506146	¢ /4.624.000\ #	(4.040.EE4)	6 444.000	0 44 050 000	\$ 23,213,563

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	(3,397,423)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements	
but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements	15,855,628
Some items capitalized were not reported as capital outlay	243,529
Some amounts reported as capital outlay were not capitalized	(2,898,009)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Net book value of disposed assets	(5,038,214)
Some items previously shown as construction in progress were expensed	(35,867) 95,691
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	
Special assessments	(185,156)
Accounts	50,979
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal repaid	6,030,000
Debt proceeds	(10,550,000)
Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	ı
Premium on issued debt	(2,208)
Amortization of debt premium on debt issued	105,640
Part of net revenue of activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities	461,722
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Other postemployment benefits	(608,453)
Vest compensated absences	(25,067)
Accrued interest on debt	(144,127)
Net pension liability	1,156,996
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(3,891,732)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,228,857
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(1,547,214)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2017

	Business-tvn	e Activities - En	terprise Funds	Governmenta Activities -
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 16,941,953	\$ 7,773,305	\$ 24,715,258	\$ 2,418,372
Customer accounts receivable	2,040,912	864,965	2,905,877	=
Other accounts receivable	26,732	1,135	27,867	38,325
Due from other funds	378,415	352,758	731,173	159,352
Inventories	80,735	-	80,735	-
Restricted assets				
Revenue bond redemption account	91,309		91,309	
Total Current Assets	19,560,056	8,992,163	28,552,219	2,616,049
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted Assets				
Revenue bond reserve account	850,954		850,954	
Capital Assets				
Land and land rights	242,750	13,145	255,895	
Construction in progress	1,375,093	11,845	1,386,938	-
Utility plant in service	114,652,374	44,602,507	159,254,881	_
Accumulated depreciation	(38,405,731)	(11,748,607)	(50, 154, 338)	
Total Capital Assets	77,864,486	32,878,890	110,743,376	
Other Assets				
Property held for future use	5,000	-	5,000	-
Due from other funds - special assessments	188,989	45,381	234,370	-
Due from other funds - advance		2,216,084	2,216,084	-
Total Other Assets	193,989	2,261,465	2,455,454	
Total Assets	98,469,485	44,132,518	142,602,003	2,616,049
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	37,780	_	37,780	_
Deferred outflows related to pension	757,013	189,259	946,272	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	794,793	189,259	984,052	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows				
of Resources	99,264,278	44,321,777	143,586,055	2,616,049

		Business-typ	e Ac	tivities - En	terpi	rise Funds		overnmenta Activities -
	Water Sewer Utility Utility		Sewer	Totals			Internal Service Fund	
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	301,730	\$	646,339	\$	948,069	\$	399,720
Accrued payroll		79,328		6,734		86,062		-
Accrued interest payable		39,966		-		39,966		
Due to other funds		1,809,721		37,355		1,847,076		-
Due to other funds - Advance		117,067		-		117,067		
Unearned revenue		23,288		_		23,288		-
Compensated absences		43,709		-		43,709		-
Revenue bonds payable		667,699		-		667,699		-
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets		,				, - ,		
Accrued interest		24,642		-		24,642		_
Current portion of revenue bonds		800,000		_		800,000		1
Total Current Liabilities		3,907,150		690,428		4,597,578	_	399,720
Noncurrent Liabilities				_				
		997 070		224 002		4 400 000		
Net other postemployment benefits obligation Due to other funds - Advance		887,970		221,993		1,109,963		-
		2,216,084		-		2,216,084		-
Net pension liability		96,060		24,015		120,075		
Pollution remediation obligation		1,589,204		-		1,589,204		-
Revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums		17,276,406				17,276,406	_	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	22,065,724		246,008	_	22,311,732	_	
Total Liabilities		25,972,874		936,436		26,909,310		399,720
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pension		306,377		76,595		382,972	_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u> 26,279,251</u>		<u>1,013,031</u>		27,292,282	_	399,720
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		59,105,099	3	2,872,618		91,977,717		-
Debt service		917,621		1		917,621		-
Unrestricted		12,962,307	_1	0,436,128		23,398,435	_	2,216,329
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	72,985,027	\$ 4	3,308,746	1	16,293,773	<u>\$</u>	2,216,329
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal serv	ice fur	nd activities re	elate	d				
to enterprise funds.						44,809		
Net Position of Business-type Activities						16,338,582		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-tvp	e Activities - En	terprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 10,302,602	\$ 3,926,957	\$ 14,229,559	\$ -
Other operating revenues	524,130	52,198	576,328	6,355,257
Total Operating Revenues	10,826,732	3,979,155	14,805,887	6,355,257
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and maintenance	4,109,730	3,716,310	7,826,040	5,893,773
Depreciation	2,497,439	541,553	3,038,992	-
Taxes	118,944	45,759	164,703	_
Total Operating Expenses	6,726,113	4,303,622	11,029,735	5,893,773
Operating Income (Loss)	4,100,619	(324,467)	3,776,152	461,484
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	146,151	75,851	222,002	4,976
Income from merchandising and jobbing	4,553	-	4,553	-
Interest expense	(543,340)	-	(543,340)	-
Loss on capital asset retirements	(260,288)	-	(260,288)	-
Amortization of bond premiums	(5,193)	-	(5,193)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>(658,117)</u>	75,851	(582,266)	4,976
Income (Loss) Before Contributions				
and Transfers	3,442,502	(248,616)	3,193,886	466,460
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	694,696	277,970	972,666	
TRANSFERS OUT	(1,663,609)	-	(1,663,609)	
Change in Net Position	2,473,589	29,354	2,502,943	466,460
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	70,511,438	43,279,392		1,749,869
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 72,985,027	\$ 43,308,746		\$ 2,216,329
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of inte activities related to enterprise funds.	ernal service fund		4,738	
Change in Net Position of Business-Typ	e Activities		\$ 2,507,681	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type	Activities - Ente	ernrise Funds	Governmental
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Activities - Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Received from customers	\$ 10,423,967	\$ 3,989,644	\$ 14,413,611	\$ 6,286,134
Received from rents of water property	288,929	-	288,929	-
Received for nonoperating activities	1,056	-	1,056	
Received from miscellaneous sources	155,981	5,454	161,435	
Paid to Milwaukee Metro Sewerage District for sewer user charges	-	(2,457,408)	(2,457,408)	_
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(2,474,385)	(890,928)	(3,365,313)	(5,892,975
Paid to employees for services	(1,609,807)	(433,867)	(2,043,674)	
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	6,785,741	212,895	6,998,636	393,159
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Paid to city for tax equivalent	(1,707,741)		(1,707,741)	
Principal received from Water Utility - advance	(1,707,741)	41,925	41,925	-
•	(1.707.741)			
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,707,741)	41,925	(1,665,816)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investments purchased	(3,873,133)	(1,215,461)	(5,088,594)	_
Proceeds from sale of investments	3,931,684	1,156,910	5,088,594	- 4
Interest received from Water Utility - advance	-	16,625	16,625	
Investment income	97,172	45,579	142,751	4,976
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	155,723	3,653	159,376	4,976
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(921,129)	(221,618)	(1,142,747)	-
Proceeds received for acquisition and construction of capital assets	31,931	19,451	51,382	
Special assessment proceeds	84,192	18,248	102,440	-
Proceeds from issuance of debt	2,882,968		2,882,968	-
Cost of removal	(298,095)	_	(298,095)	
Connection fees received	1,081	2,162	3,243	_
Principal payment to Sewer Utility - advance	(41,925)	-,	(41,925)	_
Debt retired	(1,965,940)		(1,965,940)	_
Interest paid to Sewer Utility - advance	(16,625)	-	(16.625)	
Interest paid	(556,720)		(556,720)	_
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(800,262)	(181,757)	(982,019)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,433,461	76,716	4,510,177	398,135
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	7,350,222	5,865,623	13,215,845	2,020,237
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,783,683	5,942,339	\$ 17,726,022	\$ 2,418,372

	Duginess +	no ^	otivities 5-1-		ioo Eun-l-		vernmenta
	Water	oe A	ctivities - Ente	erpr	se Funds		ctivities - Internal
	Utility	_	Utility		Totals		vice Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)					·		
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 4,100,619	\$	(324,467)	\$	3,776,152	\$	461,484
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	4,553		-		4,553		-
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income							
to Net Cash Provided From Operating Activities							
Noncash items included in income Depreciation	0 407 400		544.550				
•	2,497,439		541,553		3,038,992		-
Depreciation charged to other accounts	76,576		(44,834)		31,742		
Gain on sale of transportation equipment	(5,500)		-		(5,500)		-
Changes in assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows							
Customer accounts receivable	32,910		2,647		35,557		-
Other accounts receivable	(2,161)		(552)		(2,713)		90,229
Due from other funds	(20,359)		87,570		67,211		(159,352)
Inventories	(2,801)		-		(2,801)		-
Prepaid items	1,943		833		2,776		
Pension	132,746		33,184		165,930		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	45,806		22,819		68,625		798
Accrued expenses	4,402		301		4,703		-
Pollution remediation obligation	(1,081)		-		(1,081)		-
Due to other funds	(113,475)		(116,668)		(230,143)		1.7
Net other post employment benefits obligation	42,034		10,509		52,543		-
Unearned revenue	(7,910)			_	(7,910)		-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,785,741	\$	212,895	<u>\$</u>	6,998,636	\$	393,159
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE							
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS							
Cash and investments	\$ 16,941,953	\$	7.773 305	\$	24.715.258	\$	2,418,372
Restricted cash and investments - current	91,309	•	.,,	•	91,309	Ψ	2,410,012
Restricted cash and investments - noncurrent	850,954		_		850,954		
	000,001				000,004		
and cash equivalents	(6,100,533)		(1,830,966)		(7,931,499)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 11.783.683	\$	5.942.339	\$	17.726 022	S	2,418,372
	·	<u> </u>	(1,830,966) 5,942,339	<u> </u>	,,,,,,	\$	
ONCASH INVESTING CARITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		•	40.07:	•	04.010	_	
Interest income earned on noncash equivalents	\$ 71,774		19,874	_	91,648	\$	-
Market value adjustment on investments	<u>\$ (20,511)</u>	\$	(5,680)	\$	(26,191)	\$	
Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by developers	\$ 670,125	\$	261,028	\$	931,153	\$	
Cost of capital assets financed by assessment of benefits to property owners	\$ 23,491	\$	14.780	\$	38,271	\$	
Gain on sale of capital assets	\$ 5,500	\$		\$	5,500	\$	
•		-		_		_	
Loss on capital asset retirements	\$ 260,288	\$		\$	260,288	\$	
Interest capitalized on construction projects	\$ 35,289	\$	<u> </u>	\$	35,289	\$	-

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND As of December 31, 2017

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 36,857,408
Property taxes receivable	16,153,023
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 53,010,431</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to other taxing units	\$ 53,010,431

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin ("the City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Oak Creek. The reporting entity for the city consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The city has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The city does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the city are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the city or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the city believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the city's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Emergency Medical Services Fund Special Revenue Fund used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the paramedic rescue program.
- Debt Service Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs for debt related public works projects.
- Debt Amortization Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets for the capital improvement program.
- TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONt.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – accounts for operations of the water system Sewer Utility – accounts for operations of the sewer system

The city reports the following non-major governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Solid Waste Fund
Donation and Activity Fund
WE Energies Fund
Low Income Loan Fund
Park Escrow Fund
Special Assessment Fund
Economic Development Fund
Future Improvement Fund
Impact Fee Escrow Fund
Asset Forfeiture Fund
Storm Water Fund
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund
Tourism Commission Fund

Debt Service Funds – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs

TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Capital Projects Funds – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Developer Agreement Fund

TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund

In addition, the city reports the following fund types:

Internal service fund are used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the city, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund

Agency fund are used to account for and report assets held by the city in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the city's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the city considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the city is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the city which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting and do not have a measurement focus.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the city considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of city funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

The city has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines for allowable investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

In order to safeguard investments and deposits, the city shall require, at a minimum, that each approved public depository, submit to the city its annual financial statements or complete Form ADV Part 2A, Part 2B and the IARD/CRD/SEC number that pertains to the public depository.

The city shall require, when investing in repurchase agreements, that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreements the city has with such depository.

- a) The collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States, or of its agencies, if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or obligations of the State of Wisconsin, or collateral of commercial loans at one-hundred twenty-five percent, which are at all times current with regard to interest and principal.
- b) Evidence of such collateral shall be provided by the depository.

Credit Risk

Any security including commercial paper which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years on the date which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investor service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency, or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Consideration shall be given to the total amount of existing city funds which are already in such depository and or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment. A ceiling may be established for individual financial institutions at each annual evaluation.

Interest Rate Risk

Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.

Bids shall be required of all investments that are in excess of \$100,000 or have a maturity date of 30 days or longer. A minimum of three bids from the city's public depository list shall be acquired for time deposits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

Purchase obligations of the US Treasury and deposits into the Local Government Investment Pool and the BMO Investment Account shall not be subject to the bid process.

Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- a) A declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- b) A security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.
- c) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note III.A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2017, the fair value of the city's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note III.A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the city, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district, technical college district and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities – agency fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 2. Receivables (cont.)

Property tax calendar – 2017 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date

Tax bills mailed

December 2017

Payment in full, or

First installment due (50%)

Second installment due (25%)

Third installment due (25%)

Personal property taxes in full

Tax sale – 2017 delinquent

December 2017

January 31, 2018

March 31, 2018

May 31, 2018

January 31, 2018

real estate taxes October 2020

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

The city has received grant funds for CDBG housing loan programs to qualified individuals. The city records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The city is no longer disbursing these funds. This activity is accounted for in the Low Income Loan Fund.

It is the city's policy to record unearned revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

3. Inventories

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost using the consumption method of accounting. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction and/or for operation and maintenance expense when used.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

5. Capital Assets

Government -Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. Interest of \$35,289 was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Government -Wide Statements (cont.)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	30-50	Years
Land Improvements	20-30	Years
Machinery and Equipment	3-15	Years
Utility System	15-100	Years
Infrastructure	20-50	Years
Intangibles	2-15	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the proprietary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONt.)

7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted paid time off in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements

All vested paid time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for paid time off will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. The liabilities at December 31, 2017 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt (cont.)

The city has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the city. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is made up of the following issues:

Name	Date		Original Principal Amount	Maturity	Principal Amount Outstanding at 12-31-17		
Suzy's Cheesecakes Marquette13 LLC and Tower13 LLC	02/21/14 12/29/17	\$	2,200,000 6,300,000	02/1/44 12/1/37	\$	1,978,861 6,300,000	
					\$	8,278,861	

9. Pollution Remediation Obligations

As of December 31, 2017, the city was obligated to address the future pollution cleanup activities at its water treatment plant site due to federal and state laws and regulations. The city's obligation originated in 2016 to address the pollution remediation because the government unit has been determined to be the responsible party which compels the city to participate in remediation. Examples of expected future remediation activity costs include legal services, site investigation and required post-remediation monitoring costs. The amount reported as a pollution remediation obligation represents the current value of the expected cash flows to be paid for these activities. Any expected recoveries would be treated separately as a receivable when such reimbursements become measurable. As of December 31, 2017, the obligation was \$1,589,204 with no related receivable. The city will recognize these liabilities and related expenses as an operating expense in the water utility financial statements only when such costs become measurable. Because of this, the liability is subject to change as the city becomes aware of new information which may affect its estimate. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

10. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

11. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities column but financed by debt of the governmental activities column. The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column. A reconciliation of this adjustment is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Adjustment	Total	
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 68,004,547	\$ 91,977,717	\$ (2,080,715)	\$ 157,901,549	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(15,506,823)	23,443,244	2,080,715	10,017,136	

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the city's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

11. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the city. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the City Administrator or Finance Director to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The city considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the city would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The city has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 15% to 25% of total general fund annual revenues plus the amount of state shared revenue during the previous year. In the previous year, general fund annual revenues were \$21,578,830 and the state shared revenue was \$5,266,417, for a total of \$26,845,247. At year end, amounts available for working capital and included in unassigned general fund balance totaled \$4,795,437, or 17.86%.

12. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

A budget has been adopted for the following funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 65.90.

General Fund

Special Revenue Funds

Emergency Medical Services Fund

Solid Waste Funds

Donation and Activity Fund

WE Energies Fund

Low Income Loan Fund

Park Escrow Fund

Special Assessment Fund

Economic Improvement Fund

Impact Fee Escrow Fund

Asset Forfeiture Fund

Storm Water Fund

Tourism Commission Fund

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund

Debt Amortization Fund

TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund

TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Improvement Fund

TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund

A budget has not been formally adopted for the TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund as of December 31, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATION

					I	Excess
	Budgeted		Actual		Exp	enditures
<u>Fund</u>	Ex	penditures	Expenditures		Ove	er Budget
Special Revenue Funds						
Emergency Medical Services Fund	\$	4,826,296	\$	4,859,595	\$	33,299
Solid Waste Fund		1,346,892		1,356,630		9,738
We Energies Fund		1,105,793		1,193,442		87,649
Storm Sewer Fund		656,595		672,609		16,014
Impact Fee Escrow Fund		-		6,016		6,016
Donation and Activity Fund		-		329,856		329,856
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund		1,458,355		1,479,556		21,201
Debt Service Funds						
TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund		25,150		27,540		2,390
Capital Projects Funds						
Capital Improvement Fund		4,943,047		10,720,181		5,777,134
Developer Improvement Fund		-		59,506		59,506
TIF No. 7 Capital Project Fund		362,621		377,073		14,452
TIF No. 11 Capital Project Fund		9,411,175		10,530,064		1,118,889
TIF No. 12 Capital Project Fund		2,160,933		2,584,945		424,012

The city controls expenditures at the function level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the city's year-end budget to actual report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2017, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Reason
Debt Service Fund		
TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund Capital Project Fund	\$ 373	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Capital Improvement Fund	1,631,809	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	1,242,554	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Developer Agreements Fund	15,968	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund	30,468	Excess of expenditures over revenues

The Capital Improvement Fund deficit is anticipated to be funded with future borrowings. TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases. The Developer Agreements Fund deficit is anticipated to be funded with future developer receipts.

D. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the city's future tax levies. Generally the city is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the city's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The city is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The city maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments.

The city's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	_	Carrying Value		Bank Balance	Associated Risks
Demand deposits Certificates of deposit - negotiable	\$	18,857,062 2,892,170	\$		Custodial credit Credit, interest rate, concentration of credit, highly sensitive to interest rate changes
Certificates of deposit – non-negotiable U.S. treasuries		125,060 8,824,157			Custodial credit Custodial credit, interest rate, Highly sensitive to interest rate changes
U.S. agencies		997,108		997,108	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, highly sensitive to interest rate changes, concentration of credit
Asset backed securities		6,559,960		6,559,960	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Corporate bonds		5,005,118		5,005,118	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Local Government Investment Pool Petty cash		46,108,596 6,130		46,108,596 	Credit N/A
Total Cash and Investments	\$	89,375,361		88,434,777	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net position					
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of assets and liabilities –	\$	48,916,850 3,601,103			
Agency Fund	_	36,857,408			
Total Cash and Investments	\$	89,375,361			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk

The city has an agreement with Tri City National Bank, Oak Creek, where city deposits are collateralized by government securities owned by Tri City Capital Corp., a wholly owned investment subsidiary of Tri City National Bank. The investment portfolio is maintained with BMO Harris Bank, Milwaukee.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the city's deposits may not be returned to the city.

The city does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the city will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The city does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. As of December 31, 2017 the city's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA	AAA	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	AA	AAA	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	AA	AAA	AAA
Asset backed securities	A+-AA	AA- – AA	AA2
Corporate bonds	A - AA	A - AA	BAA - AAA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Credit Risk (cont.)

The city also held investments in the following external pool which is not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool Certificates of deposit – negotiable

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2017, the investment portfolio did not contain any single issuer in excess of 5% of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2017, the city's investments were as follows:

			Maturity (In years)					
Investment Type	!	Fair Value		Less than 1 year		1 - 10		> 10 years
U.S. treasuries U.S. agencies Asset backed securities Certificates of deposit -	\$	8,824,157 997,108 6,559,960	\$	4,193,997 - 214,609	\$	4,630,160 997,108 1,794,713	\$	- - 4,550,638
negotiable Corporate bonds		2,892,170 5,005,118		2,842,244 1,417,093		49,926 3,588,025		
Totals	\$	24,278,513	\$	8,667,943	\$	11,059,932	\$	4,550,638

The city categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The valuation method for recurring fair value measurements of investments is the quoted market prices approach.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

The City's investments are categorized are as follows:

	December 31, 2017								
Investment Type	Level 1	1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
U.S. treasuries	\$	_	\$	8,824,157	\$	-	\$	8,824,157	
U.S. agencies		-		997,108		-		997,108	
Asset backed securities		-		6,559,960		-		6,559,960	
Certificate of deposit - negotiable		-		2,892,170				2,892,170	
Corporate bonds			_	5,005,118				5,005,118	
Total	\$		\$	24,278,513	\$		\$	24,278,513	

Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes Risk

At December 31, 2017, the City held \$2,892,170, \$8,824,157, and \$997,108 in negotiable certificates of deposits, U.S. treasuries, and U.S. agencies, respectively. With all fixed income securities, as interest rates rise, the values will fall. The longer the time to maturity, the more sensitive the values will be to a change in interest rates. The longest time to maturity on any holdings is 3 years, maturing October 31, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the governmental-type individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Total Net			Amounts Not Expected To be Collected		
		Receivables		Within one year		
General Fund	\$	14,034,980	\$	12,569		
Emergency Medical Services Fund		3,969,405				
Debt Service Fund		850,000		_		
Capital Improvement Fund		106,415		-		
TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund		628,549		_		
TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund		2,806,159		-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		5,450,033		351,662		
Total	\$	27,845,541	\$	364,231		

Revenues of the city are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable in the Emergency Medical Services Fund have been adjusted by \$202,611 for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No other allowance is necessary at year-end.

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Jnearned	Unavailable		
Property taxes and special charges receivable for subsequent year Accounts receivable not collected Special assessments not yet due Loans receivable not collected	\$	24,455,883 240 -	\$	464,752 376,422 6,503	
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$_	24,456,123	\$	847,677	
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$	240 24,455,883			
Total Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	24,456,123			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption	-	Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over
		the next twelve months.

Reserve – Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

Impact Fee Account

The city has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

Asset Forfeiture Account

The city has received asset forfeitures which must be used for specific purposes.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2017:

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	
Redemption account Reserve account Impact fee account Asset forfeiture account	\$ - 2,592,260 66,580	\$ 91,309 850,954 -	\$ 91,309 850,954 2,592,260 66,580	
Total	\$ 2,658,840	\$ 942,263	\$ 3,601,103	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 24 963 323	\$ -	c	# 04.000.000
Construction in progress	+ = .,000,020		\$ -	\$ 24,963,323
· •	360,593	9,696,714	360,593	9,696,714
Total Capital Assets Not Being		0.000.744		
Depreciated	25,323,916	9,696,714	360,593	34,660,037
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	2,079,302	-	91,289	1,988,013
Buildings	44,252,833	279,838	-	44,532,671
Intangible Asset – Easements	5,400	-	_	5,400
Machinery and equipment	20,718,356	1,579,423	992,550	21,305,229
Bridges	286,370	· · · · · · -		286,370
Roads	74,596,728	1,711,198	257,270	76,050,656
Sidewalks	4,531,996	38,186		4,570,182
Street lighting	7,018,715	107,280	<u></u>	7,125,995
Storm sewers	25,489,908	244,793		25,734,701
Total Capital Assets Being				20,704,701
Depreciated	178,979,608	3,960,718	1,341,109	191 500 217
Depresiated	170,373,000	3,900,710	1,341,109	181,599,217
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	(1,052,958)	(134,460)	04 204	(4.402.444)
Buildings	(6,983,616)	(1,195,142)	84,304	(1,103,114)
Intangible Asset – Easements		(1,195,142)	(88,068)	
Machinery and equipment	(5,400)	(4.706.047)	4 455 474	(5,400)
Bridges	(12,527,987)	(1,706,247)	1,155,471	(13,078,763)
Roads	(31,504)	(2,864)	450 505	(34,368)
	(11,363,192)	(1,174,778)	153,535	(12,384,435)
Sidewalks	(2,304,571)	(71,482)	-	(2,376,053)
Street lighting	(3,490,133)	(270,986)	-	(3,761,119)
Storm sewers	(11,252,167)	(482,255)		(11,734,422)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(49,011,528</u>)	(5,038,214)	1,305,242	(52,744,500)
Net Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	<u>129,968,080</u>	(1,077,496)	35,867	128,854,717
Total Governmental Activities				
Assets, Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation	\$ 155,291,996	\$ 8,619,218	\$ 396,460	\$ 163,514,754
				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities				
General government Public safety Health and social services Public works Leisure activities				\$ 978,286 1,164,388 1,100 2,606,998 287,442
Total Governmental Activities Depre	eciation Expense			\$ 5,038,214
Motor	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
<u>Water</u>				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$ 255,324 1,067,872	\$ - 1,412,283	\$ 12,574 1,105,062	\$ 242,750 1,375,093
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,323,196	1,412,283	1,117,636	1,617,843
Capital assets being depreciated				
Source of supply	7,206,417	-	149,842	7,056,575
Pumping	8,993,692	-	120,581	8,873,111
Treatment	24,947,029		-	24,947,029
Transmission and distribution General	67,802,597 4,877,528	1,229,973 28,887	121,077 42,249	68,911,493 4,864,166
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	113,827,263	1,258,860	433,749	114,652,374
Total Capital Assets	115,150,459	2,671,143	1,551,385	_ 116,270,217
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Source of supply	(2,300,983)	(226,224)	149,842	(2,377,365)
Pumping	(4,396,575)	(247,815)	120,581	(4,523,809)
Treatment	(10,294,637)	(811,087)	_	(11,105,724)
Transmission and distribution	(16,357,467)	(1,102,379)	121,077	(17,338,769)
General	(2,966,184)	(136,129)	42,249	(3,060,064)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(36,315,846)	(2,523,634)	433,749	(38,405,731)
Net Water Plant	\$ 78,834,613	\$ 147,509	\$ 1,117,636	\$ 77,864,486

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND	s (cont.)			
D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)				
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
<u>Sewer</u>				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and land rights	\$ 13,145	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,145
Construction in progress	13,050	449,147	450,352	11,845
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	26,195	449,147	450,352	24,990
Capital assets being depreciated				
Collection system	43,316,728	448,013	15,774	43,748,967
Collection system pumping	242,170	-	-	242,170
General	618,217	2,339	9,186	611,370
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	44,177,115	450,352	24,960	44,602,507
Total Capital Assets	44,203,310	899,499	475,312	44,627,497
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Collection system	(10,682,158)	(452,344)	15,774	(11,118,728)
Collection system pumping	(237,788)	(2,011)	-	(239,799)
General	(356,902)	(42,364)	9,186	(390,080)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,276,848)	(496,719)	24,960	(11,748,607)
Net Sewer Plant	\$ 32,926,462	\$ 402,780	\$ 450,352	\$_32,878,890
Business-type Capital Assets,				
Net of Depreciation	\$ 111,761,075	\$ 550,289	\$ 1,567,988	\$ 110,743,376
Depreciation expense was charged to fun	ctions as follows:			
Business-type Activities				
Water				\$ 2,497,439
Sewer				541,553
Total Business-type Activities				
Depreciation Expense				\$ 3,038,992

Depreciation expense does not agree to the increase in accumulated depreciation due to joint metering, salvage and the cost of removal.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONt.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, TRANSFERS, AND ADVANCES

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables and advances including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year
General fund	Water utility	\$	1,681,121	\$ -
General fund	Sewer utility	Ψ	5,484	Ψ -
	Capital projects fund – TIF #8		0, 10 1	
General fund	capital projects fund		1,243,149	1,243,149
	Special revenue fund -		1,2 10,140	1,240,140
General fund	Consolidated dispatch services		34,828	34,828
	Capital projects fund – Capital		04,020	34,020
General fund	improvement fund		366,857	366,857
	Capital projects fund – TIF #13		000,007	300,037
General fund	capital projects fund		29,454	29,454
	Capital projects fund – Developer		20,404	20,707
General fund	agreement fund		1,194	1,194
	Debt service fund – TIF #4		1,134	1,134
General fund	debt service fund		372	372
Special revenue fund –	Capital projects fund – TIF #7		372	312
Economic development fund	capital projects fund		314,900	314,900
Water utility	General fund		265,978	314,300
,	Capital projects fund – Capital		200,570	_
Water utility	improvement fund		22,237	
Sewer utility	General fund		178,698	-
Sewer utility	Storm water fund		2,101	_
,	Capital projects fund – Capital		2,101	_
Sewer utility	improvement fund		23,733	
•	Special revenue fund – Special		20,700	_
Water utility	assessment fund		279,189	188,989
,	Special revenue fund – Special		270,100	100,000
Sewer utility	assessment fund		75,139	45,381
Sewer utility	Water utility		118,467	117,067
Internal service fund -	,		710,107	117,007
Health Insurance	Water utility		127,482	_
Internal service fund –	,		121,102	
Health Insurance	Sewer utility		31,870	_
	•		01,070	
Total - Fund Financial States	nents		4,802,253	
Less: Fund eliminations			(2,109,221)	
Government-wide eliminat	ions		(1,739,241)	
			<u> </u>	
Total Internal Balances – Go				
Statement of Net Position		\$	953,791	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, TRANSFERS, AND ADVANCES (cont.)

The principal purpose of these interfunds includes the tax equivalent payment from the utilities to general fund and special assessment collections by the special assessment fund for the utilities. Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amount	Principal Purpose
General fund	Water utility	\$ 1,663,609	Tax equivalent
Special revenue fund –			•
Donation and activity fund	General fund	109,165	Performance pay funding
	Debt service fund –		Finance debt service
Debt service fund	Debt amortization fund	6,346,563	requirements
	Special revenue fund –		Finance debt service
Debt service fund	Impact fee escrow fund	358,906	requirements
Capital projects fund –			
Capital improvements fund	General fund	789,669	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund –	Special revenue fund –		
Capital improvements fund	Impact fee escrow fund	371,725	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund –	Special revenue fund –		
Capital improvements fund	WE energies fund	1,000,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund –	Special revenue fund –		
Capital improvements fund	Special assessment fund	130,423	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund –			, , ,
Capital improvements fund	Debt service fund	2,624,492	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund –	Debt service fund –		
Capital improvements fund	Debt amortization fund	653,437	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund –	Special revenue fund –		· · ·
Capital improvements fund	Park escrow	242,168	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund –	Special revenue fund –		
Capital improvements fund	Storm water fund	325,000	Finance of capital projects
	Capital projects fund –		, , ,
Capital projects fund –	TIF #13 capital projects		
Capital improvements fund	fund	1,816,308	Finance of capital projects
	Special revenue fund –		·
Capital projects fund –	Economic development		
Capital improvements fund	fund	80,000	Finance of capital projects
	Capital projects fund –		•
Capital projects fund –	TIF #10 capital projects		
Capital improvements fund	fund	44,195	Finance of capital projects
	Capital projects fund –		
Capital projects fund –	TIF #12 capital projects		
Capital improvements fund	fund	462,795	Finance of capital projects

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, TRANSFERS, AND ADVANCES (cont.)

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amount		Principal Purpose
	Special revenue fund –			
Special revenue fund –	Economic development			
Tourism Commission fund	fund	\$	187,780	Budgeting purposes
Capital projects fund –	Capital projects fund –			
TIF #13 capital projects fund	TIF #6 debt service fund		1,816,308	Donor / Donee
Special revenue fund –				
Consolidated dispatch				
services fund	General fund		25,122	Budgeting purposes
Subtotal – Fund financial stateme	ents	1	9,047,665	
Less: Fund eliminations		(1	7,384,056)	
Total – Government-Wide Statement of Activities			1,663,609	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Advances

The Sewer Utility advanced \$2,500,000 to the Water Utility, dated December 15, 2013, for various construction projects. This advance will be repaid through annual installment payments of principal and interest through December 15, 2028. The annual interest rate was set by the Commission at .34% and is variable thereafter based on the LGIP rate. Effective December 31, 2017, the Commission approved 1.46% as the interest rate on this advance.

The Utility's interfund loan repayment schedule to maturity is as follows:

<u>Years</u>		Principal	Interest
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023– 2027	\$	117,067 117,465 117,865 193,265 218,923 1,306,424	\$ 34,064 32,355 30,640 28,919 26,097 79,767
2028		262,142	3,827
Totals	<u>\$</u>	2,333,151	235,669

The current portion of principal due is included in due to other funds, on the Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_								-	
Bonds and Notes Payable:										
General obligation debt:										
Notes and bonds	\$	97,330,000	\$	10,550,000)	\$ 6,030,000	\$	101,850,000	5	\$ 27,675,000
Add: Unamortized debt premium		1,436,631		2,208	3	105,640		1,333,199		92,973
Sub-Total		98,766,631	_	10,552,208	<u> </u>	6,135,640	_	103,183,199	-	27,767,973
Other Liabilities										
Vested compensated absences		1,367,888	;	823,145	5	798,078		1,392,955		519,172
Other postemployment benefits		27,766,614		2,447,453	3	1,839,000		28,375,067		-
Net pension liability		2,321,290			-1	1,156,996	_	1,164,294	_	<u> </u>
Total Other Liabilities		31,455,792	<u> </u>	3,270,598	3.	3,794,074	_	30,932,316	_	519,172
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	130,222,423	\$	13,822,806) = =	\$ 9,929,714	\$	134,115,515	5	28,287,145
		Beginning						Ending		Amounts Due Within
DUCINECO TVDE ACTIVITIES		Balance		Increases	_	<u>Decreases</u>	_	Balance	_	One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Bonds and Notes Payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	17 002 227	•	2 002 060	•	1 005 040	•	40 700 005	•	4 454 000
Add: Unamortized debt premium	Ψ	17,803,227 47,926	\$	2,882,968	\$	1,965,940 24,076	\$	18,720,255 23,850	\$	1,454,289
Sub-Total	_	17,851,153		2,882,968		1,990,016	_			13,410
Gub-1 otal	_	17,651,155		2,002,900	_	1,990,016	_	18,744,105	_	1,467,699
Other Liabilities										
Other postemployment benefits		1,057,420		235,543		183,000		1,109,963		-
Net pension liability		242,200		-		122,125		120,075		-
Pollution remediation obligation	****	1,590,285		10,000	_	11,081	_	1,589,204	_	-
Total Business-type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	20,741,058	<u>\$</u>	3,128,511	\$	2,306,222	<u>\$</u>	21,563,347	<u>\$</u>	1,467,699

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt

All governmental general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the city. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the city may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the city's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2017 was \$165,916,655. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$101,850,000

\$101,000,000.				Original	
	Date of	Final	Interest	Indebted-	Balance
Covernmental Activities	lssue	<u>Maturity</u>	Rates	ness	12-31-17
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Debt					
G.O. notes and bonds					
2010 bonds	4/01/10	4/01/30	1.50-4.375%	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 5,225,000
2013 refunding bonds	4/2/13	4/01/32	2.00-3.75%	5,825,000	4,975,000
2013A notes	4/2/13	4/01/23	1.00-2.75%	3,000,000	1,875,000
2013E notes	12/30/13	12/01/22	1.00-4.00%	10,000,000	8,250,000
2014B refunding bonds	12/16/14	5/01/32	2.00-3.375%	2,725,000	2,350,000
2015A refunding bonds	1/20/15	6/01/34	2.00-4.00%	19,650,000	18,275,000
2015B notes	5/19/15	5/1/18	2.250%	8,900,000	8,900,000
2015C notes	9/29/15	9/1/18	2.125%	10,500,000	10,500,000
2016A notes	7/06/16	12/01/18	2.125%	5,750,000	5,750,000
2016B notes	8/30/16	10/01/19	2.000%	5,100,000	5,100,000
2016C refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-4.00%	17,125,000	17,025,000
2016D refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-3.150%	5,925,000	5,825,000
2017A notes	7/6/17	10/1/20	3.00%	4,900,000	4,900,000
2017B refunding bonds	8/1/17	3/1/37	3.85-4.00%	2,900,000	2,900,000
- .					
Total Covernmental Activ	itios Conor	al Obligation	Dobt		\$101 OE0 000

Total Governmental Activities – General Obligation Debt

\$101,850,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes and bonds are as follows:

Governmental Activities
General Obligation Debt

Years		Principal		Interest			
2018	\$	27,675,000	\$	2,929,233			
2019		8,100,000		2,376,945			
2020		8,075,000		2,125,632			
2021		3,375,000		1,949,710			
2022		3,715,000		1,834,035			
2023 – 2027		24,035,000		6,478,577			
2028 – 2032		22,880,000		2,710,591			
2033 – 2037		3,995,000	-	187,172			
Totals	\$	101,850,000	_ 5	\$20,591,895			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt

The city has pledged future water and sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$18,720,255 in revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through May 1, 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$23,082,758. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$2,522,660 and \$6,748,480, respectively. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 20% of net revenues.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2017 consists of the following:

Business-type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date ofIssue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebted- ness		Balance 12-31-17
Water utility revenue bonds	1/13/10	5/1/29	2.668%	\$ 791,863	\$	544,987
Water utility revenue bonds	3/15/11	12/1/31	2.25-5.00%	6,500,000		5,700,000
Water utility revenue bonds	11/23/11	5/1/31	2.20%	5,889,583		4,383,199
Water utility revenue bonds	5/22/13	5/1/33	1.925%	2,594,795		2,151,835
Water utility revenue bonds	5/28/14	5/1/34	1.925%	1,968,020		4,540,234
Water utility revenue bonds	11/17/15	1/1/20	2.00%	3,850,000	_	1,400,000
Total Business-type Activities Re	evenue Debt				\$	18,720,255

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	• •	Business-type Activities Revenue Debt			
<u>Years</u>	Principal	Interest			
2018	\$ 1,454,289 \$	528,684			
2019	1,492,920	495,160			
2020	1,231,836	459,597			
2021	1,046,046	428,738			
2022	1,060,554	400,077			
2023 – 2027	5,831,307	1,507,322			
2028 – 2032	5,835,127	529,569			
2033 – 2034	768,176	13,356			
Totals	<u>\$ 18,720,255</u> <u>\$</u>	4,362,503			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments for vested compensated absences, pension liabilities, and other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits liabilities attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Current Refundings

On August 1, 2017, the city issued \$2.9 million of general obligation refunding bonds with an interest rate of 4.00% to refund \$2.75 million of outstanding 2017 general obligation promissory notes with an interest rate of 5.00% on the maturity date of the notes.

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

Lessor - Operating Leases - Governmental Activities

The city has entered into an operating lease with AT&T Wireless to lease the premises of city property at 800 West Puetz Road. The term of the lease is 5 years commencing August 19, 2008. The lease shall be automatically renewed for three additional four year terms unless AT&T Wireless notifies Oak Creek of its intention not to renew. Future annual lease payments are as follows:

First term (years 1-5)	\$ 24,000
First renewal term (years 6-10)	27,600
Second renewal term (years 11-15)	31,740
Third renewal term (years 16-20)	36,501

Lessor – Operating Leases – Business-type Activities

The water and sewer utility have entered into operating leases with Verizon Wireless (VW), Sprint Spectrum L.P. (SSLP), Cingular Wireless (CW) and Crown Castle (CC) for space on Utility reservoirs to be used for cellular antennas. These leases terminate on November 30, 2020 (VW), March 20, 2022 (SSLP), March 1, 2020 (CW), February 26, 2021 (CC), January 24, 2018 (CC), January 24, 2018 (CC) and January 31, 2028 (CW). Minimum future lease rentals are as follows:

2018	\$	269,694
2019	•	278,938
2020		230,428
2021		96,404
2022		67,374
2023-2027		345,536
2028		6,442

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2017 includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Land	\$ 24,963,323
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	138,551,431
Less: Related long-term debt and premium outstanding (excluding non-capital debt)	(101,102,484)
Add: Unspent proceeds of capital-related debt included above	5,592,277
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	68,004,547
Restricted	
Debt service	1,446,185
TID activity	1,821,391
Impact fee escrow	2,592,260
Storm Water	130,449
Donation and activity	1,846,486
Asset forfeiture	67,061
Consolidated dispatch services	32,286
Low income loans	7,825
Total Restricted	7,943,943
Unrestricted (deficit)	(15,506,823)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 60,441,667

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2017 include the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Major Funds		
General Fund		
Inventories	\$	64,661
Delinquent personal property taxes		12,569
Non-current receivables from other funds		1,675,854
Total General Fund	<u> </u>	1,753,084
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$	1,753,084

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.) Н. **NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)** Governmental Activities (cont.) **Restricted Fund Balance** Major Funds **Debt Amortization** 1,506,146 TIF No. 11 Capital Projects 4,444,262 Debt Service Fund 323,025 Total Major Funds 6,273,433 Non-Major Funds Special Revenue Funds **Donation and Activity** 1,846,486 Low Income Loan 7.825 Impact Fee Escrow 2,592,260 Asset Forfeiture 67.061 Storm Water 130,449 Consolidated Dispatch Services 32,286 **Debt Service Funds** TIF No. 6 Debt Service 274,200 Capital Projects Funds TIF No. 7 Capital Projects 284,319 TIF No. 10 Capital Projects 631,166 TIF No. 12 Capital Projects 2,053,921 Total Non-Major Funds 7,919,973 **Total Restricted Fund Balance** \$ 14,193,406 **Committed Fund Balance** Major Funds **Emergency Medical Services** 349,530 Non-Major Funds Special Revenue Funds Solid Waste 101,218 WE Energies Fund 102,916 Special Assessment 1,998,825 **Economic Development** 922,917 **Tourism Commission** 253,793

Total Non-Major Funds

Total Committed Fund Balance

3,379,669

3,729,199

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

Н.	NET POSITION/FUNI	BALANCES (cont.)
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H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)	
Governmental Activities (cont.)	
Assigned Fund Balance Major Funds General Fund Tax equivalent for subsequent year	<u>\$ 1,663,609</u>
Total Assigned Fund Balance	<u>\$ 1,663,609</u>
Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit) Major Funds General Fund Capital Improvement Fund (deficit) TIF No. 8 Capital Projects (deficit) Total Major Funds	\$ 4,795,437 (1,631,809) (1,242,554) 1,921,074
Non-Major Funds Debt Service Funds TIF No. 4 Debt Service (deficit) Capital Projects Funds Developer Agreement (deficit) TIF No. 13 Capital Projects (deficit) Total Non-Major Funds	(373) (15,968) (30,468) (46,809)
Total Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit)	<u>\$ 1,874,265</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Business-type Activities	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Land and land rights	\$ 255,895
Construction in progress	1,386,938
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	109,100,543
Less: Payables and accruals for capital assets	(59,334)
Less: related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital	
related debt proceeds, net of unamortized loss on debt refunding)	(18,706,325)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	91,977,717
Restricted	
Debt service	917,621
Total Restricted Fund Balance	917,621
Unrestricted	23,443,244
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 116,338,582
Je i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	\$ 110,000,002

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits. The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Post-Retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund <u>Adjustment</u>
2007	3.0%	10%
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	` 9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting January 1, 2016, the Executives & Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,511,210 in contributions from the city.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2017 are:

	<u>Employee</u>	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.8%	6.8%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	10.6%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	14.9%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, the city reported a liability of \$1,284,369 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015 rolled forward to December 31, 2016. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The city's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the city's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2016, the city's proportion was 0.15582489%, which was a decrease of 0.00193020% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the city recognized pension expense of \$3,335,553.

At December 31, 2017, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	489,729	\$	4,039,230
Changes in assumptions		1,342,857		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		6,393,182		_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		179,872		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,663,744		-
Total	\$	10,069,384	\$	4,039,230

\$1,663,744 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	erred Outflow f Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
2018	\$ 3,052,656	\$ 1,289,582
2019	3,052,655	1,289,582
2020	2,492,711	1,289,582
2021	(195,403)	170,484
2022	3,021	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2015			
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability	December 31, 2016			
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age			
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Market Value			
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.2%			
Discount Rate:	7.2%			
Salary Increases:				
Inflation	3.2%			
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.8%			
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table			
Post-retirement Adjustments*	2.1%			

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2002 – 2014. The total pension liability for December 31, 2016 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Destination Target Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return %	Long-Term Real Rate of Return
Global Equities	50%	45%	8.3%	5.4%
Fixed Income	24.5	37	4.2	1.4
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	20	4.3	1.5
Real Estate	8	7	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	7	7	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4	4	6.6	3.7
Total Core Fund	110	120	7.4	4.5

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Variable Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Destination Target Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return %	Long-Term Real Rate of Return
US Equities	70%	70%	7.6%	4.7%
International Equities	30	30	8.5	5.6
Total Variable Fund	100	100	7.9	5.0

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75% Assets Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.78%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.20%)	 ent Discount ite (7.20%)	1% Increase To Discount Rate (8.20%)
City of Oak Creek's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 16,896,699	\$ 1,284,369	\$ (10,737,832)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a payable to the pension plan of \$249,031 which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The city purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission and workers compensation. Employee health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the city in the health insurance internal service fund, which includes commercial insurance and self-funding. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Self Insurance

For health claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$100,000 deductible per individual and \$4,219,902 in the aggregate for a policy year. Claims in excess of those amounts are covered by specific reinsurance with an unlimited lifetime maximum reimbursement. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

All funds in the city participate in the health and dental insurance internal service fund. Amounts payable to the health insurance fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. \$2,216,329 was designated for that reserve at year end, and is included in unrestricted net position of the internal service fund.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probably that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The city does not allocated overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability.

Claims Liability

	_	Prior Year	Current Year		
Unpaid claims – Beginning of Year	\$	790,308	\$	387,112	
Current year claims and changes in estimates		4,018,908		4,392,939	
Claim payments		(4,422,104)		(4,394,659)	
Unpaid Claims – End of Year	\$	387,112	\$	385,392	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC)
Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The city does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from the WMIC / CVMIC administrative office.

The city pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the city's retained liability. The city's retained liability is limited to \$75,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$250,000.

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the city is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the city's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the city's financial position or results of operations.

The city has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The city has active construction projects as of December 31, 2017. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont.)

Tax Incremental Financing

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 7 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a property taxable value of \$10,200,000. The developers also pay property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreements, are entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid, up to \$900,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2020. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$105,465.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$650,000 upon confirmation of job creation and City being awarded a grant. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid for 8 years (2023). Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$235,516.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 10 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a 15 year lease of space and job retainment. The developers are entitled to a future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid, up to \$1,800,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2023. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$231,464.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$5,300,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2016-2032 and thereafter. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$0, (\$5,300,000 was paid in 2015).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont.)

Tax Incremental Financing (cont.)

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers received \$2,750,000 loan upon ownership of said property which will be paid back to the City beginning in 2021 (annually for 20 years). Additionally, the developer will receive a \$4,500,000 grant from the City for project costs once the construction process has begun and construction contracts are executed. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$26,200,000 effective 2020 with a moderate increase each year the TID is open ending with a minimum assessed value of \$35,800,900 in 2032. Additionally in 2024 the developer will add another \$9 million in minimum assessed value for phase 3 of the development. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$2,750,000.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$2,500,000 upon beginning construction of a parking garage with 425 parking stalls. Once building permits are pulled for additional square footage of the medical facility (targeting 130,000 square foot) the developer will be paid \$65.80 per square foot up to an additional \$2,500,000. The City will in good faith effort work with the WEDC for a \$1,000,000 grant for the developer based on jobs, 425 parking stalls, and a 130,000 square foot facility. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2017-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$1,835,134.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,450,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and a hotel franchise agreement and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$0.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont.)

Tax Incremental Financing (cont.)

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,680,051 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,319,949 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers will receive not to exceed \$900,000 upon ownership, build out of project and having reached the minimum assessed value: \$5 million in 2019 and \$8 million in 2020 and for the remaining life of the project. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developers agree to invest roughly \$50,000,000 in economic development building a 300,000 square foot retail facility. The City and developer agree to City Financing not to exceed \$5,225,000 for infrastructure leading up to the developer's property. In each year, beginning 2017 and ending the last year of the district 2036, the City will receive a check from the developer for taxes on the property. The developer will receive the tax amount back less the annual bond payment for infrastructure, and less \$25,000 for administrative costs each year up to \$13,000,000. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$0, as the project has not yet started.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The city administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides health insurance contributions for eligible retirees and their spouses through the city's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive lifetime healthcare insurance at established contribution rates. General employees hired after January 1, 2015 are not eligible to receive post employment benefits. Police officers hired after January 1, 2015, are not eligible to receive post employment benefits. Instead, the city shall pay into a Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association (VEBA) plan for the benefit of the employee, which can be used to pay for retiree health insurance premiums. Firefighters hired after January 1, 2016, are not eligible to receive post employment benefits. Instead, the city shall pay into section 457 plan for the benefit of the employee, which can be used to pay for retiree health insurance premiums. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the city and the unions.

The city's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the city's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to plan, and changes in the city's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual Required Contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$	3,246,019 864,722
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(1,427,745)
Annual OPEB cost		2,682,996
Contributions made		(2,022,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		660,996
Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of Year	_	28,824,034
Net OPEB Obligation – End of Year	\$	29,485,030

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The city's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of Annual OPEB					
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Cost	Net OPEB			
Ended	Cost	Contributed	Obligation			
12/31/2017	\$ 2,682,996	74.5%	\$ 29,485,030			
12/31/2016	2,656,028	74.5%	28,824,034			
12/31/2015	3,321,021	59.3%	28,146,006			

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	44,983,388
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	<u>\$</u>	44,983,388
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	18,253,570
UAAL as percentage of covered payroll		246.4%

The projection of future benefit for an ongoing plan involves estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

In the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 3.00 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.20 percent initially and reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4 percent after sixty-five years. Both rates include assumptions for annual rates of medical inflation. The actuarial value of Retiree Health Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2017, was 30 years.

E. POWER GENERATING FACILITY MITIGATION REVENUE

The city entered into an agreement with Wisconsin Energy Corporation (WEC). WEC is expanding its electric generating facilities within the City of Oak Creek by creating three new units. WEC is expected to pay the following annual mitigation payments to the city 30 days after the commencement of construction:

Elm Road Unit 1	\$1,500,000
Elm Road Unit 2	750,000
Elm Road Unit 3	250,000

The payments are required annually unless the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin determines that these payments may not be included in the rent payments of the facilities lease or a new unit ceases operation after start-up and is decommissioned.

In 2017, the city received \$2,250,000.

F. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- > Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- > Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- > Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017
- > Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues
- > Statement No. 87, Leases
- > Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2018, the City issued \$8.9 million of Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, which was used to refund previously issued debt.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
TAXES			
General property taxes	\$ 12,943,185	\$ 13,101,353	\$ 158,168
Motel room tax	457,000	457,000	-
Mobile home taxes	68,000	63,431	(4,569)
Other taxes	34,800	10,566	(24,234)
TOTALS	13,502,985	13,632,350	129,365
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES			
Shared taxes from state	3,043,748	3,036,408	(7,340)
State transportation aids	2,409,899	2,409,899	-
State computer aids Other state aids	138,602	128,547	(10,055)
Health department block grant	6,035	5,821	(214)
	4,500	422.000	(4,500)
Police grants	131,500	133,898	2,398
TOTALS	5,734,284	5,714,573	(19,711)
REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE Licenses			
Liquor and beer	52,000	58,534	6,534
Publishing fees	830	980	150
Operators	25,000	30,597	5,597
Amusement devices	9,500	8,010	(1,490)
Amusement operators	1,200	1,200	<u>-</u>
Miscellaneous - business	10,000	7,330	(2,670)
Miscellaneous - non-business	75	66	(9)
DATCP	72,000	88,657	16,657
Late sanitarian license renewal Sanitarian plan review	200	565	365
Landfill	500	3,717	3,717
Permits	500	-	(500)
Building	371,000	681,813	310,813
Electrical	90,000	146,431	56,431
Plumbing	75,000	112,640	37,640
Street opening	8,000	16,444	8,444
Erosion control	10,000	27,659	17,659
Fire inspections	4,000	6,151	2,151
Temp food	· -	2,165	2,165
Sundry	500	1,845	1,345
Cable TV	285,000	339,183	54,183
AT&T video service	190,000	152,990	(37,010)
Court fines	425,000	367,649	(57,351)
TOTALS	1,629,805	2,054,626	424,821
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES			
General Government			
Property status letter fees	7,000	9,060	2,060
Administrative fees	23,000	28,581	5,581
Photo copies sold	1,500	742	(758)
Zoning/housing appeal fees	800	1,000	200
Rezoning petitions and filing fees Text amendment fees	1,500	6,975	5,475
Right of way vacation fees	500 575	500 575	-
Special use request fees	575 9,500	575 17 725	0 225
Filing fee - certified survey maps	9,500 6,000	17,725 8,450	8,225 2,450
Plan commission agenda fees	10,000	12,650	2,450 2,650
Tan John Bolon agenda 1665	10,000	12,000	∠,050

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (cont.)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original and		Actual	Variance with	
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES (cont.)	Final Budget		Actual	Final Budget	
General Government (cont.)					
Map amendments	\$ 1,200	\$	2,325	\$ 1,125	
Subdivision plat fees	ψ 1,200 500		950	450	
Maps sold	500		42	430	
Public Safety			72	72	
State DWI seizures	2,000		1,749	(251)	
Police patrol service fees	4,500		5,904	1,404	
Miscellaneous fees	2,500		3,850	1,350	
Copies of police and fire reports	3,000		3,856	856	
False alarm penalties	5,000		6,019	1,019	
Health and Sanitation	·		•	,	
Health Department					
Clinic fees	8,000		15,709	7,709	
Pet license fees/Humane Society	13,000		12,071	(929)	
Public Works					
Weed cutting	11,000		10,870	(130)	
Sale of culvert pipe	10,000		12,554	2,554	
Culvert installation	1,000		2,310	1,310	
Library					
Other income	18,500		19,051	551	
Photocopies	7,000		7,992	992	
Recreation	140,000		126,956	(13,044)	
Sanitarian Pro inspection			-	_	
Pre-inspection	F 000		5	5	
Regular service fee	5,000		6,376	1,376	
Miscellaneous charges for services	3,100		9,617	6,517	
TOTALS	295,675		334,464	38,789	
INVESTMENT INCOME					
Investment Income					
Investments	200,000		130,701	(69,299)	
Taxes	75,000		53,221	(21,779)	
TOTALS	275,000		183,922	(91,078)	
MISCELLANEOUS INCOME					
AT&T American tower lease	27,600		55,200	27,600	
South Suburban Chamber Lease	21,000		8,000	8,000	
Insurance incentives	75,000		108,782		
Insurance recoveries			•	33,782	
P-card rebates	11,300		4,376	(6,924)	
	12,000		11,529	(471)	
Miscellaneous revenues	10,000		377	(9,623)	
TOTALS	135,900		188,264	52,364	
INTERFUND CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Engineering and administration charged to capital projects	65,000		603	(64,397)	
Engineering and administration charged to TID projects	200,000		225,000	25,000	
Highway equipment service fee	38,500		40,990	2,490	
Administrative services charged to enterprise funds	45,000				
	45,000		40,000	(5,000)	
Miscellaneous charges for services			22,808	22,808	
TOTALS	348,500		329,401	(19,099)	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 21,922,149	\$ 2	22,437,600	\$ 515,451	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (cont.)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

EXPENDITURES	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		_			nai Baaget	
General government	\$ 2,629,859	\$	2,650,859	\$	(21,000)	
Building maintenance	650,262	•	588,105	•	62,157	
City administrator	963,393		937,454		25,939	
Data processing	893,779		906,167		(12,388)	
City clerk	204,872		205,618		(746)	
Treasurer	198,836		188,568		10,268	
Finance	346,979		331,584		15,395	
Assessor	199,780		202,792		(3,012)	
Attorney and legal	242,988		162,119		80,869	
Community development	281,049	_	258,622		22,427	
TOTALS	6,611,797	_	6,431,888	_	179,909	
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police department	7,962,793		7,805,735		157,058	
Emergency operations	23,450		6,160		17,290	
Fire department	1,881,914		1,969,234		(87,320)	
Inspection	539,590		510,520		29,070	
Other	96,683		94,555		2,128	
TOTALS	10,504,430	_	10,386,204	_	118,226	
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES						
	622 502		504 077		100 100	
Health department	633,503	_	501,377		132,126	
TOTALS	633,503		501,377		132,126	
PUBLIC WORKS						
Engineering	750,843		647,383		103,460	
Streets	3,086,191		2,846,094		240,097	
TOTALS	3,837,034	_	3,493,477		343,557	
LEISURE ACTIVITIES						
Conservation and recreation	590,014		565,008		25,006	
Library	857,950		830,657		27,293	
Parks	509,115		482,386		26,729	
TOTALS	1,957,079	_	1,878,051		79,028	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,543,843	_	22,690,997		852,846	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of property	00.000		27.000			
Transfer in - tax equivalent	20,000		27,686		7,686	
Transfer out	1,719,547		1,663,609		(55,938)	
		_	(923,956)		(923,956)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,739,547	_	767,339		(972,208)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 117,853</u>		513,942	<u>\$</u>	396,089	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		_	7,698,188			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 3,602,939	\$ 3,602,939	\$
Intergovernmental	107,919	154,941	47,022
Public charges for services	1,115,438	1,125,373	9,935
Investment income		2,810	2,810
Total Revenues	4,826,296	4,886,063	59,767
EXPENDITURES			
Public Safety	4,826,296	4,859,595	(33,299)
Total Expenditures	4,826,296	4,859,595	(33,299)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	26,468	\$ 26,468
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year		323,062	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING OF YEAR		\$ 349,530	

SCHEDULE OF FUNDED STATUS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN - HEALTH CARE December 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected unit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
1/1/16	\$	\$ 44,983,388	\$ 44,983,388	0%	\$ 18,253,570	246.4%
1/1/14		51,018,862	51,018,862	0%	17,803,461	286.6%
1/1/12		57,307,289	57,307,289	0%	17,194,475	333.3%

CITY'S SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM December 31, 2017

WRS Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.16047000%	\$ (3,941,582)	\$ 17,775,702	22.17%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.15775509%	\$ 2,563,490	\$ 18,256,231	14.04%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.15582489%	\$ 1,284,369	\$ 18,758,850	6.85%	99.12%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

City Fiscal Year Ending	j	ontractually Required ontributions	Re	ntributions in elation to the ontractually Required ontributions	D	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	1,495,972	\$	1,495,972	\$	-	\$ 18,256,231	8.19%
12/31/16	\$	1,495,955	\$	1,495,955	\$	-	\$ 18,758,850	7.97%
12/31/17	\$	1,663,744	\$	1,663,744	\$	-	\$ 19,136,951	8.69%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.C.

A budget has been adopted for all governmental fund types. The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city administrator may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$0. Budgets are adopted at the function level of expenditure.

FUNDING PROGRESS DATA

The data presented in the Schedule of Funded Status was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

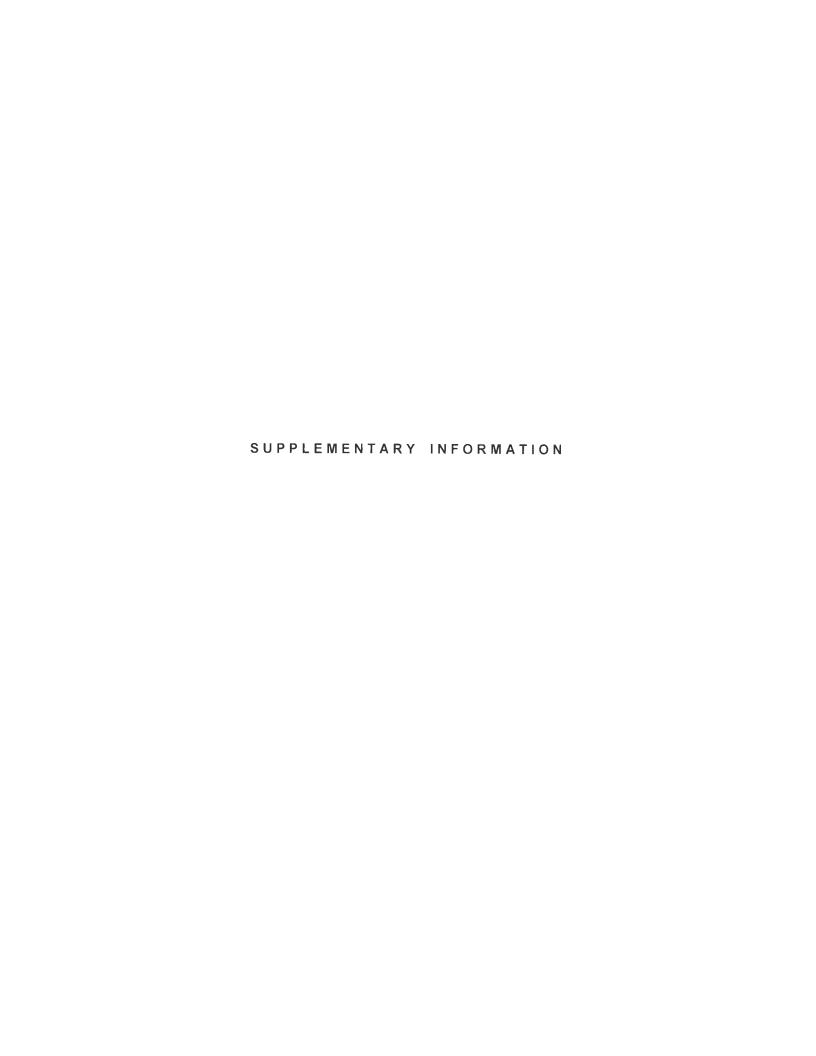
WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The city is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the city to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in the assumptions.



CITY OF OAK CREEK

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2017

	Solid	Donation and	WE	Low Income	Park	Special	Economic	Ē,	impact Fee	Accot		Consolidated	† •
, oo	Waste	Activity	Energies Fund	Loan Fund	Escrow	Assessment Fund	Development Fund	Improvement Fund	Escrow	Forfeiture Fund	Water	Services	Commission
Cash and investments	\$ 300,366	\$ 1,857,772	\$ 133,735	\$ 7,825 \$	1	\$ 2,053,072	\$ 621,342	\$ 190,748	, 69	\$ 481	\$ 153,800	, ,	\$ 259.511
Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable	- 1,236,780				1 - 1	160,097	10.0	. ,	2,592,260	. 66,580	897,407	1,269,332	
Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable		2,458	364			505 255			•		•	263,719	
Loans receivable Due from other funds			•	6,503		-	, , 60					1 1	
				'		'	314,900	*]	•			*	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1537.146	\$ 1860,230	\$ 134,099	\$ 14,328 \$		\$ 2,718,424	\$ 936 242	\$ 190 748	\$ 2,592,260	\$ 67,061	\$ 1,051,207	\$ 1,533,051	\$ 259,511
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 195,983	\$ 13,744	\$ 9,152	es es			\$ 10,948		9	69	\$ 6,330	\$ 350	\$ 2.7
Accrued fabilities Deposits	3,165	• 19	22,031			•	2,377	100 740	1		14,920	42,128	2,941
Due to other funds	'		*		, ,	343,177		190,746			2.101	34 828	
Total Liabilities	199,148	13,744	31,183		*	343 177	13,325	190,748		1	23,351	77,306	5 718
Deferred Inflows of Resources	000												
Onearned revenues Unavailable revenues	1,236,780			6.503		376 422		•		•	897,407	1,269,332	
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	1,236,780	*	1	6,503	. 5	376 422					897,407	1 423 459	
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Committed	101.218	1,846,486	- 102 916	7,825	•	1 000 t	- 200 000	٠	2,592,260	67,061	130,449	32,286	
Unassigned (Deficit)	<u>'</u>	1		-1		20,000,1	116,236						253,793
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	101,218	1 846,486	102,916	7,825		1,998,825	922,917		2 592 260	67 061	130,449	32,286	253,793
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND EINID BAI ANGES	4 537 146	4 F07 446 6 4 BBC 000 8											

CITY OF OAK CREEK

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (cont.) As of December 31, 2017

	Debt Sen	Debt Service Funds			Projects Funds	sp			
	TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund	Developer Agreement Fund	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund	28	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	69	\$ 274,200	, 69	\$ 599,249	\$ 631,166	\$ 2,227,486		69	9,310,753
Restricted cash and investments		•	•	•	٠		•		2,658,840
Taxes receivable		403,164		358,030	325,845				4,650,655
Accounts receivable		•	21,079	•	-				287,620
Special assessments receivable	,	•	•	•		,	,		505,255
Due from other funds									6,503
TOTAL ASSETS	69	\$ 677 364	\$ 21 079	\$ 957,279	\$ 957,011	\$ 2,227,486	\$	ь	17,734,526
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities Accordis payable	€9	s,	\$ 35,853	\$ 30	€9	\$ 173,565	\$ 1,014	မာ	449,746
Deposits							, ,		87,562 190,748
Due to other funds	373		1,194	314,900		1	29,454		726,027
Total Labilities	373		37,047	314,930		173,565	30,468		1 454 083
Deferred Inflows of Resources Uneamed revenues		403,164	•	358,030	325.845				4.490.558
Unavailable revenues	*		. 1		,	•	4		537 052
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	4	403,164	-	358,030	325,845	*			5 027 610
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted	•	274,200		284,319	631,166	2,053,921			7,919,973
Confinitied Unassigned (Deficit)	(373)		. (15,968)			1	(30,468)		3,379,669
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	(373)	274,200	(15,968)	284,319	631 166	2 053 921	(30,468)		11,252,833
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	, es	\$ 677,364	\$ 21,079	\$ 957,279	\$ 957,011	\$ 2,227,486	ب ب	€9	\$ 17,734,526

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

						Spec	Special Revenue Funds	sp					
	Solid	Donation	WE	Low Income	Park	Special	Economic	Future	Impact Fee	Asset	Store	Consolidated	Toursem
	Waste	Activity Fund	Energies Fund	Loan Fund	Escrow	Assessment	Development	Improvement	Escrow	Forfeiture	Water	Services	Commission
REVENUES		1				1		1		2	2		
l axes Intercovernmental	\$ 1,213,054	90000	·	69	· •	69	\$ 186,880	· •	, ()	٠ چ	9	\$ 1,270,902	\$ 322,872
Public charges for service	4,860	970'08			14 200				1 022 528	•	- 040 040	354,086	•
Special assessments / developer contributions		•	•		1	216.626			020,220,1	•	045,036	•	
Investment income	1,459	•	2.028		23	42 541	1396		, 65	. ar	- 4	' 66	' 60
Miscellaneous	42,800	1,382,014	2,250,000		')	3	,	3 '	32.658	1,122	92 116	16 947
Total Revenues	1,356,226	1,472,042	2 252 028		14,223	259,167	188,276	*	1,022,829	32,734	844,820	1,717,740	340,087
EXPENDITURES													
Current													
General Government		72,264		,			4		•	•	,	1	280 111
Public safety	1	34,220	1,193,442		•				700	0000	•		709,111
Public works	1,356,630	,	'						too'o	766'6	672 609		
Health and social services		73,762	1	1			•		. 1		600,210	1 479 556	
Leisure activities	•	149,610	1	•	,	•	•	•	3.012		• •	000	
Conservation and development		•	•	1,828	•	,	167,902	•	! '				
Capital Outlay		*	•	•	•	4	3,196	-					
Debt Service													
Principal		•		•	•					1	,	ŧ	٠
interest	*	*		•	'		•		•	,		•	
Total Expenditures	1,356,630	329,856	1,193,442	1,828	•		171 098		6,016	9,992	672,609	1,479,556	289,111
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over													
expenditures	(404)	1,142,186	1,058,586	(1 828)	14 223	259 167	17,178		1,016,813	22,742	172,211	238,184	50.976
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers in		109,165	,	1	,	•	•		4	,	•	25 122	187 780
Transfers out		'	(1,000,000)	r	(242,168)	(130,423)	(267,780)		(730,631)	,	(325,000)	27,122	201
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	109,165	(1,000,000)		(242,168)	(130,423)	(267,780)		(730,631)	-	(325,000)	25,122	187,780
			;										
Net change in tund balances	(404)	1,251,351	58,586	(1,828)	(227,945)	128,744	(250,602)	į	286,182	22,742	(152,789)	263,306	238,756
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	101 622	595 135	44 330	9,653	227,945	1,870,081	1,173,519	,	2.306.078	44.319	283 238	(231 020)	15.037
											200	(20) (22)	300
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 101,218	\$ 1846.486	\$ 102.916	\$ 7.825 \$,	\$ 1998.825	\$ 922 917	ý	\$ 2502260	67.064	120 440	900 00	9 200
							L			00 10		32,200	500,783

CITY OF OAK CREEK

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Cont.) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Debt Sen	Debt Service Funds			Capital Projects Funds			
	TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund	Developer Agreements Fund	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No 13 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
NEVENUES Taxes Taxes Intergovernmental Public rharras for service	49	\$ 424,750 1,021	₩	\$ 210,238 17,093	\$ 338,259 18,191	· ·	€9	\$ 3,966,955
r dans criatges for service Special assessments / developer contributions Investment income Miscellaneous		4,387	103,196	2,136	1,818	23,538		1,884,686 319,822 82,329 3,816,535
Total Revenues		430 158	103 196	229,467	358,268	23,538		10,644,799
EXPENDITURES Current General Government								261 276
Public Safety	,							1.240.658
Public works		•	•	1	,	,	•	2,029,239
Health and social services		•	,		,	1		1,553,316
Conservation and development		25.000			281.464	25,000	29 468	152,622
Capital Outlay Debt Service	•		29,506	374,808		2,446,896	; [2,884,406
Principal	,	, 44	•	, ,	' '	' 6	' !	
Interest		2,540	000	2,265	2,265	113,049	1,000	121,119
l otal Expenditures	•	27,540	906,86	3/1,0/3	283,729	2,584,945	30,468	8 873 399
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		402,618	43 690	(147 606)	74 539	(2,561,407)	(30,468)	1,771,400
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	,	•	-1		,	,	1.816.308	2 138 375
Transfers out	•	(1,816,308)	,		(44,195)	(462,795)	(1,816,308)	(6,835,608)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,816,308)		*	(44 195)	(462 795)	-	(4,697,233)
Net change in fund balances	1	(1,413,690)	43,690	(147,606)	30,344	(3,024,202)	(30,468)	(2,925,833)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	(373)	1,687,890	(59,658)	431,925	600,822	5,078,123		14,178,666
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (373)	\$ 274,200	\$ (15,968) \$	284,319	\$ 631,166	\$ 2,053,921	\$ (30,468)	(30,468) \$ 11,252,833