Oak Creek, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Oak Creek Oak Creek, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Oak Creek's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note I B., the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting By Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, effective January 1, 2008.

The management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the City Council City of Oak Creek

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Baker Jilly Virchow Krouse, UP

Madison, Wisconsin June 15, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) December 31, 2008

The City of Oak Creek's (the City) management's discussion and analysis is designed to:

- (1) Assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues
- (2) Provide an overview of the City's financial activity
- (3) Identify changes in the City's financial position
- (4) Identify material deviations from the approved budget
- (5) Identify individual fund issues or concerns

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Combined governmental and business-type activities net assets decreased by 1.1% in 2008 to \$189.6 million. Of this amount, \$160.5 million represents the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, while \$5.7 million was held for restricted purposes, and \$23.4 million was unrestricted.

At the end of 2008, the City's governmental activities reported total net assets of \$91.7 million, including unrestricted net assets of \$14.2 million.

The City's general fund balance increased by \$134 thousand. Expenditures of less than budgeted amounts and favorable results of revenues in excess of expenditures for 2008 resulted in an increase in the undesignated fund balance, rather than a planned reduction.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of four sections:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements Notes to the Financial Statements

- Required supplementary information
- Combining statements for non-major governmental funds

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements presenting different views of the City:

Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of city government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes explaining some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information further explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, this financial report includes a section with combining statements providing details about the City's non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

Government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the citywide statement of position presenting information including all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City should extend to other non-financial factors such as the diversification of the tax base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City, principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, from business-type activities which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, health/social services, public works, and leisure. Business type activities include the City's water and sewer utilities. Fiduciary activities, such as tax collection, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's significant *funds*. Funds are accounting devices used by the City to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- <u>Governmental funds</u> are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The focus, however, is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

 Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.
- <u>Proprietary funds</u> are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has two proprietary funds water and sewer utilities. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities the City operates like a business. A second type of proprietary fund, the internal service fund, reports activities providing services to other City programs.
- <u>Fiduciary funds</u> are reported in the fiduciary fund statements, but excluded from the
 government-wide reporting because these assets cannot be used to finance operations. The City
 is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing
 jurisdictions, including the Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District, Milwaukee County, State of
 Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, and Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City implemented the financial reporting model used in this report beginning with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net assets may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

<u>Net assets.</u> The City's combined net assets decreased by \$2.2 million from fiscal year 2007 to 2008, a change of 1.1%; this decrease was comprised of a government-activities decrease of \$3.9 million plus a business-type activities increase of \$1.7 million. (See Table 1) The City's governmental activities and business-type activities each represent approximately 50% of the combined assets.

Total net assets of the City's governmental activities decreased to \$91.6 million, a reduction of 4.1% from 2007. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represent 80.1% of the total. Restricted net assets of \$4.0 million represent 4.4% of the total. Unrestricted net assets of \$14.2 million represent the remaining 15.5% of the total.

Total net assets of the City's business-type activities increased by 1.8% to \$98 million, including unrestricted net assets of \$9.1 million, representing 9.3% of the total. All government and business type activities are self-supporting entities; net assets of one entity are not permanently used by other entities.

Table 1
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
2008 and 2007 Net Assets (in millions of dollars)

		nmental	Business-Type			
	2008	vities 2007	Activities 2007		2008	tals 2007
Current and other assets	51.5	49.7	12.4	13.3	63.9	63.0
Capital assets	89.6	82.4	99.3	98.0	188.9	180.4
Total assets	141.1	132.1	111.7	111.3	252.8	243.4
Long-term debt outstanding	21.9	14.1	11.2	14.0	33.1	28.1
Other liabilities	27.5	22.5	1.0	1.0	28.5	23.5
Total Liabilities	49.4	36.6	12.2	15.0	61.6	51.6
Net assets:						
invested in capital assets net of related debt	73.4	71.2	87.0	84.1	160.4	155.3
Restricted	4.0	4.3	1.9	2.1	5.9	6.4
Unrestricted	14.2	20.0	9.1	10.1	23.3	30.1
Total net assets – end of year	91.6	95.5	98.0	96.3	189.6	191.8
Net assets – beginning of year	95.5	91.6	96.3	92.9	191.8	184.4
Change in net assets	-3.9	4.0	1.7	3.4	-2.2	7.4
Percent change in net assets	-4.1%	4.3%	1.8%	3.7%	-1.1%	3.9%

Change in combined net assets.

The City had combined total revenues of \$44.2 million in 2008 and combined total expenses of \$48.2 million. After transfers, governmental activities had a decrease in net assets of \$3.9 million, while business-type activities had an increase in net assets of \$1.7 million. Table 2 and the following narrative consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

Table 2 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin

2008 and 2007 Changes in Net Assets (in millions)

	Governr Activi		Business Activi	1998	Tota	als
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues:			11_	L		
Program Revenues						
Charges for service	\$4.5	\$4.4	\$11.1	\$10.3	\$15.6	\$14.7
Operating grants & contributions	\$2.4	\$2.4			\$2.4	\$2.4
Capital contributions	\$0.7	\$3.3	\$1.3	\$2.1	\$2.0	\$5.4
General Revenues						
Taxes	\$19.6	\$19.0			\$19.6	\$19.0
Intergovernmental	\$2.4	\$2.7			\$2.4	\$2.7
Other	\$1.9	\$2.6	\$0.3	\$0.7	\$2.2	\$3.3
Total Revenues	\$31.5	\$34.4	\$12.7	\$13.1	\$44.2	\$47.5
_						
Expenses:						
General government	\$6.5	\$6.0			\$6.5	\$6.0
Public safety	\$19.3	\$15.7			\$19.3	\$15.7
Health and social services	\$0.7	\$0.7			\$0.7	\$0.7
Public works	\$8.7	\$8.5			\$8.7	\$8.5
Leisure activities	\$2.8	\$2.0			\$2.8	\$2.0
Conservation & development	\$0.1	\$0.1			\$0.1	\$0.1
Interest and fiscal charges	\$0.7	\$0.6			\$0.7	\$0.6
Water			\$6.3	\$5.7	\$6.3	\$5.7
Sewer			\$3.1	\$2.9	\$3.1	\$2.9
Total Expenses	\$38.8	\$33.6	\$9.4	\$8.6	\$48.2	\$42.2
Excess/(Deficiency) beore transfers &						
contributions	-\$7.3	\$0.8	\$3.3	\$4.5	-\$4.0	\$5.3
Transfers	\$1.2	\$1.0	-\$1.2	-\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Special item	\$2.2	\$2.2	-\$0.4		\$1.8	\$2.2
Change in Net Assets	-\$3.9	\$4.0	\$1.7	\$3.5	-\$2.2	\$7.5
Beginning Net Assets	\$95.5	\$91.6	\$96.3	\$92.9	\$191.8	\$184.5
ENDING NET ASSETS	\$91.6	\$95.5	\$98.0	\$96.3	\$189.6	\$191.8

Note: Figures may not total due to rounding

Governmental Activities

The City of Oak Creek received a total of \$31.5 million in governmental activities revenues in 2008. As Table 2 indicates, the largest revenue source is the property tax, which accounts for \$19.6 million, or 62.2%, of governmental activities revenues. This is followed by public charges for service of \$4.5 million or 14.3%, followed by operating grants and contributions of \$2.4 million and intergovernmental revenue of \$2.4 million, each accounting for 7.6% of total revenues. Investment income and miscellaneous revenues account for \$1.9 million, or 6% and the balance of approximately \$700 thousand was made up by capital contributions.

Total governmental activities expenses were \$38.8 million in 2008, which exceeded revenues by \$7.3 million. At \$19.3 million, public safety, including police, EMS, inspection and fire services, accounts for the largest share of City expenses at 49.8%. This is followed by public works with \$8.7 million, representing 22.4%, and the general government group of activities with \$6.5 million, or 16.8%. Leisure activities, at \$2.8 million, is next with 7.2%, while health/social services at \$0.7 million, or 1.8%, and conservation and development at \$0.1 million, or less than 1.0%, complete the activities. Payment of interest and fiscal charges in the amount of \$0.7 million, accounts for 1.8% of total governmental activities expenses.

Business-type Activities

The City of Oak Creek received \$12.7 million in business-type activities revenue during 2008 from its water & sewer utilities. Charges for services are by far the largest revenue sources for these operations, representing \$11.1 million of non-capital contribution revenues. Capital grants and contributions received were \$1.3 million, with interest and miscellaneous income accounting for the balance of revenues of \$.3 million.

Net assets of Oak Creek's water & sewer utilities increased by \$1.7 million in 2008, which represents a 1.8% increase over the prior year's net assets.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in addressing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the level of unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of 2008, the combined fund balances for the City's governmental funds was almost \$23 million. Of this total, \$6.9 million is reserved or designated for specific legal requirements and commitments. The balance of unreserved undesignated governmental fund balances is \$16.1 million. These funds are allocated across the following areas:

Unreserved Fund Balances:

General Fund	\$ 3.7
Special Revenue Funds	1.8
Capital Project Funds	<u>10.6</u>
Total	\$16.1

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2008 was \$6.2 million, of which \$1.2 million was reserved. Included in the reserved amount are tax equivalent dollars to be paid by the utility in 2009, and minor amounts for delinquent personal property taxes, non-current receivables and inventories.
- Designated fund balance decreased from \$1.9 million to \$1.1 million, primarily because of a planned reduction allocated to offset the 2008 property tax levy.
- Undesignated fund balance increased by \$.9 million to \$3.8 million; due primarily because the planned fund balance reduction for 2008 was less than budgeted. The undesignated fund balance is now approximately 19% of the general fund 2008 actual revenues; this is within the City's policy target range of 10-20% for the purposes of cash flow, stabilization, and emergency reserves.

Special Revenue Funds: The special revenue funds serve to account for specialized areas of government operations, which include activities such as paramedic emergency services, solid waste collection, storm water management, and administering escrow and donation accounts.

- Total fund balance for all special revenue funds as of December 31, 2008, decreased from \$5.7 million to \$5.1 million.
- Total revenues for 2008 were \$9.7 million, which included \$4.3 million from taxes, \$2.3 million from WE Energies mitigation payments, and \$2.1 million from public charges for services.
- Total expenditures for the year were \$7.8 million.
- Total transfers out for 2008 were \$2.5 million.

Debt Service Funds: The general debt service fund is primarily used to account for general obligation debt supported by property tax revenues.

- At the end of 2008, there was a total fund balance of \$0.65 million, an increase of \$0.1 million from 2007. The remaining TIF districts, (4, 5, and 6), had a combined positive reserved fund balance of \$0.3 million at year-end. The Police Station Debt Service fund, representing the only non-TIF related debt, had an ending fund balance of less than a thousand dollars. The Debt Amortization fund had a balance of \$0.3 million.
- Total revenues for these funds for 2008 were \$1.4 million, primarily from tax collections.
- Total expenditures were \$1.7 million for the year, for regular principal and interest payments.

Capital Improvements Fund: The general capital improvements fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects relating to City-owned capital assets and capital equipment.

- Total fund balance at the end of the year was \$11.5 million.
- Revenue sources provided \$1.9 million, with the majority of funds, \$1.3 million, coming from the property tax levy.
- Expenditures in this fund totaled \$10.6 million in 2008. The largest expenses were for the new public works garage, major paving projects and capital equipment purchases.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund budget is adopted at the department level of expenditure. No budget amendments were made in 2008. The City ended the year with favorable variances in both general fund revenues and expenditures. Revenues exceeded budget by \$.4 million, while expenditures were \$1.3 million below budget. These outcomes reflect the City's conservative approach to budgeting as well as positive revenue earnings due to the City's continuing growth.

On the revenue side, conservative budgeting kept all categories quite close to budget, with a positive result in most categories. The Regulation and Compliance category revenues were higher than expected, primarily because cable TV revenues were \$47,900 higher than budgeted for and the City received a drug subsidy of \$84,000 from the federal government, which was not budgeted. Investment income was down due to declining rates of return brought about by the economic slowdown throughout the country during the latter half of 2008.

Expenditures came in under budget in every department but Fire and Streets.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB 34, the City has recorded estimated historical costs and depreciation for all of its capital assets. In 2006, the City completed the retroactive reporting of street lighting and storm water related infrastructure as required by GASB 34.

As of December 31, 2008, the City reported a combined investment in capital assets of \$188.9 million. Of this amount, \$89.6 million, or 47.4%, is attributable to governmental activities, with the assets related to the City's land, buildings, equipment and street network. Total accumulated depreciation for both governmental and business type activities was calculated at \$63.9 million.

In 2008, capital assets of governmental activities increased by \$7.2 million with construction of the new Public Works garage facility making up the bulk of the increase. Capital assets of business type activities increased by \$1.3 million, with water transmission and distribution, sewer collection systems and construction-in-progress representing the majority of the increase.

Long-term Debt

At year-end, the governmental activities had \$10.9 million in general obligation bonds and promissory notes and capital appreciation bonds, a decrease of \$1.1 million or (10.1%) from last year. The City added \$7 million in note anticipation notes due to the construction of the new Public Works garage facility, bring the total outstanding debt to \$17.9 million. At the end of 2008, the business-type activities had a total of \$12.7 million in outstanding revenue bonds and general obligation debt, a decrease of \$1.8 million, or (12.4%) from the prior year.

The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service. Revenue bonds of the water & sewer utilities are rated Aa3. State law limits the City to issuing general obligation bonds totaling no more than 5% of the City's equalized value. Based on the 2008 equalized value, this limit is \$169.0 million. The city currently has a combined total of \$17.9 million of general obligation notes and bonds outstanding, representing 10.6% of its legal debt capacity. Of the total amount outstanding, \$3.4 million, or 19%, is TIF-related debt and is expected to be repaid from TIF increments.

Table 3
City of Oak Creek
2008 and 2007 Outstanding Debt
(in millions)

	Gover Activiti	nmental es	Busine Activiti	ess-type es	<u>Totals</u>	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
General obligation debt Capital appreciation bonds Revenue debt	15.8 2.1 —-	9.6 2.4 	0.6 - <u>12.1</u>	0.8 - <u>13.7</u>	16.4 2.1 <u>12.1</u>	10.4 2.4 <u>13.7</u>
Totals	<u>17.9</u>	<u>12.0</u>	<u>12.7</u>	<u>14.5</u>	<u>30.6</u>	<u> 26.5</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Oak Creek is located in southeastern Milwaukee County, and is one of only two county municipalities with numerous tracts of vacant land. This location and land availability has contributed to the City's rapid growth and strong economic position. The local economy slowed down the last quarter of 2008 and continues to lag into 2009, but the property tax base remains healthy, posting a growth of \$220 million in equalized property value for 2008, including \$75.9 million (2.47%) growth in net new construction value. Current building permit data indicates construction has remained slow in 2009, with residential and multifamily permits behind last year, along with commercial and manufacturing permits.

The Oak Creek City Council adopted the 2009 budget in November of 2008, which authorized general fund expenditures of \$22.9 million. The combined general fund and debt service property tax levy is \$19.1 million. The mill rate for City services decreased \$.03 per \$1,000 of assessed value due to equalized value growth and due to the City's pragmatic and conservative approach to budgeting. The levy has remained essentially at the same level for several years, with the increase limited to only the amount generated by new growth.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Oak Creek, 8640 S. Howell Ave., P.O. Box 27, Oak Creek, Wisconsin, 53154.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2008

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 24,779,482	\$ 7,970,428	\$ 32,749,910
Taxes receivable	20,821,491		20,821,491
Delinquent personal property taxes receivable	13,629	-	13,629
Accounts receivable	889,418	2,419,601	3,309,019
Special assessments receivable	1,476,940	-	1,476,940
Loans receivable	21,933	-	21,933
Leases receivable	-	173,172	173,172
Notes receivable	-	225,721	225,721
Other assets	-	6,222	6,222
Internal balances	380,362	(380,362)	-
Prepaid items and inventories	124,936	58,462	183,398
Restricted cash and investments	3,021,356	1,870,229	4,891,585
Capital Assets			
Land and land rights	19,985,944	413,786	20,399,730
Construction in progress	7,759,834	2,607,805	10,367,639
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	61,831,118	96,297,256	158,128,374
Total Assets	141,106,443	111,662,320	252,768,763
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,287,335	1,231,549	3,518,884
Deposits	945,581	-	945,581
Unearned revenue	21,596,255	48,547	21,644,802
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Due within one year	2,620,338	1,125,692	3,746,030
Due in more than one year	21,961,029	11,236,697	33,197,726
Total Liabilities	49,410,538	13,642,485	63,053,023
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	73,483,756	87,028,050	160,511,806
Restricted for debt service	436,258	1,624,450	2,060,708
Restricted for depreciation	-	202,210	202,210
Restricted for impact fees	3,014,946	-	3,014,946
Restricted for park escrow	464,081	-	464,081
Restricted for low income loans	7,773	-	7,773
Restricted for asset forfeitures	6,038	-	6,038
Unrestricted	14,283,053	9,165,125	23,448,178
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 91,695,905	\$ 98,019,835	\$ 189,715,740

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

					Program Revenues	sənı		Net (F	Net (Expense) Revenue and	e and	
					Operating		Capital	p	Changes in Net Assets	ets	
			Š	Charges for	Grants and		Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Governmental Activities		Expenses	ň	Services	Contributions		Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	
General government	↔	6,512,154	↔	1,132,824	\$ 5,747	\$	132,254	\$ (5,241,329)	↔	\$ (5,241,329)	
Public safety		19,379,040		2,176,337	276,144	v-t-	•	(16,926,559)	•	(16,926,559)	
Health and social services		738,877		94,884	41,818	Ω.	3	(602,175)	•	(602,175)	
Fublic Works		8,664,350		878,625	2,007,442	~ 1	255,799	(5,522,484)	•	(5,522,484)	
Conservation and dovolorment		2,762,471		186,753	000		5,750	(2,569,968)	1	(2,569,968)	
Interest and fiscal charges		85,329		FI	102,670		266,385	283,726	1	283,726	
Total Governmental Activities		38,862,479		4,469,423	2,433,821		660,188	(31,299,047)		(31,299,047)	
Business-type Activities											
Water utility		6,344,934		7,877,651			524,470	•	2,057,187	2,057,187	
Sewer utility	-	3,091,582		3,202,551			821,776	\$	932,745	932,745	
Total Business-type Activities		9,436,516		11,080,202			1,346,246	1	2,989,932	2,989,932	
Totals	es l	48,298,995	\$	15,549,625	\$ 2,433,821	↔ ∥	2,006,434	(31,299,047)	2,989,932	(28,309,115)	
General Revenues											
Taxes											
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	il purpo	ses						17,572,355	•	17,572,355	
Property taxes, levied for tax ingremental districts	a vice	مئونيئونام اما						950,000	•	950,000	
Other taxes, revied for taxing and increased to the contract of the contract o	D D	lai uisiiicis						547,840	•	547,840	
Internovernmental revenues not restricted to specific	rtricto	to enecific produ	o cu e					003,434	1	603,434	
Investment income		igo la specific program	programs					2,472,916	- 000 770	2,472,916	
Miscellaneous								1,430,329	317,003	21,000,1 203,303	
Gain on sale of capital assets								215,973 246 186	(10,307)	303,606 246,486	
Transfers								1 152 332	(1 152 332)	240,100	
Special Items									(10010011)		
Impairment of capital assets								•	(440,153)	(440.153)	
Power generating facility mitigation revenue	venue							2,250,000		2,250,000	
Total General Revenues, Transfers and Special	nsfers	and Special Items	SI					27,549,365	(1,284,969)	26,264,396	
Change in Net Assets								(3,749,682)	1,704,963	(2,044,719)	
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	Year							95,445,587	96,314,872	191,760,459	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	: YEAI	œ						\$ 91,695,905	\$ 98,019,835	\$ 189,715,740	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2008

		····		·	
	General	Paramedic Rescue Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 5,523,435	\$ 487,582	\$ 13,075,883	\$ 2,926,628	\$ 22,013,528
Receivables	ψ 0,0 <u>2</u> 0,100	Ψ 101,002	Ψ 10,010,000	Ψ 2,020,020	Ψ 22,010,020
Taxes	13,679,769	3,195,000	250,640	3,696,082	20,821,491
Delinquent personal property taxes	13,629	-		-	13,629
Accounts	474,248	138,762	_	263,665	876,675
Special assessments	-	-	-	1,476,940	1,476,940
Loans	-	-	-	21,933	21,933
Due from other funds	1,295,432	-	34,784	314,900	1,645,116
Inventories	58,121	-		-	58,121
Restricted cash and investments		-	-	3,021,356	3,021,356
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 21,044,634	\$ 3,821,344	<u>\$ 13,361,307</u>	\$ 11,721,504	\$ 49,948,789
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 257,682	\$ 27,704	\$ 218,737	\$ 199,892	\$ 704,015
Accrued liabilities	835,622	174,289		48,876	1,058,787
Deposits	114,960	-	-	830,621	945,581
Due to other funds	296,250	-	-	909,913	1,206,163
Deferred revenues	13,385,572	3,205,785	1,650,640	3,386,976	21,628,973
Deferred revenues - special assessments			_	1,415,781	1,415,781
Total Liabilities	14,890,086	3,407,778	1,869,377	6,792,059	26,959,300
Fund Balances					
Reserved					
Delinquent personal property taxes	13,629	-	_	-	13,629
Inventories	58,121	-	-	-	58,121
Tax equivalent for subsequent year's budget	1,152,332	-	-	=	1,152,332
Non-current receivables	68,870	-	-	314,900	383,770
Encumbrances	-	-	487,529	-	487,529
Impact fees	-	-	-	3,014,946	3,014,946
Debt service requirements	-	-	-	653,343	653,343
Unreserved reported in					
General fund designated	1,136,780	-	-	-	1,136,780
General fund undesignated	3,724,816	-	-	DNA .	3,724,816
Special revenue funds undesignated	-	413,566	-	1,387,401	1,800,967
Capital projects funds designated			11,004,401	,,	11,004,401
Capital projects funds undesignated (deficit)		_		(441,145)	(441,145)
Total Fund Balances	6,154,548	413,566	11,491,930	4,929,445	22,989,489
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$ 21,044,634	\$ 3,821,344	<u>\$ 13,361,307</u>	<u>\$ 11,721,504</u>	\$ 49,948,789

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Turo valance - mai uovennieniai mio	Fund	balance	- total	governmental	funds
-------------------------------------	------	---------	---------	--------------	-------

\$ 22,989,489

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land and land rights19,985,944Construction in progress7,759,834Other capital assets, net of depreciation61,831,118

Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.

Special assessments 1,415,781
Accounts receivable 10,785
Loans receivable 21,933

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance coverage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in government activities in the statement of net assets.

2,479,471

Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.

Bonds and notes payable (17,912,833)
Unfunded OPEB liability (4,451,253)
Compensated absences (2,205,020)
Accrued interest (217,085)
Leases payable (12,259)

NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$91,695,905

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	General	P	aramedic Rescue Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES	ቀ 40 640 700	ው	2 105 000	<u></u>	ድ ን ድፖር በንን	¢ 40 602 742
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 12,643,730 4,593,938	\$	3,195,000	\$ 1,276,950 36,332	\$ 2,578,032 211,302	\$ 19,693,712 4,841,572
Regulation and compliance	1,439,162		_	30,332	211,502	1,439,162
Public charges for services	413,608		1,254,423	_	826,808	2,494,839
Special assessments/developer contributions	-			276,673	456,236	732,909
Investment income	529,790		31,936	331,749	244,079	1,137,554
Miscellaneous	101,663		-	· -	401,700	503,363
Interfund charges for services	248,070		<u>-</u>		_	248,070
Total Revenues	19,969,961		4,481,359	1,921,704	4,718,157	31,091,181
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	5,225,971		-	-	219,117	5,445,088
Public safety	9,820,735		4,554,597	-	950,046	15,325,378
Health and social services	569,632		-	-	62,496	632,128
Public works	3,547,290		-	_	1,780,101	5,327,391
Leisure activities	1,833,574		-	-	225,125	2,058,699
Conservation and development	-		-	- 10,552,175	55,805 214,593	55,805 10,766,768
Capital Outlay Debt Service	-		-	10,552,175	214,593	10,700,700
Principal retirement	_		_	_	1,190,000	1,190,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_	_	576,496	576,496
Total Expenditures	20,997,202		4,554,597	10,552,175	5,273,779	41,377,753
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(1,027,241)		(73,238)	(8,630,471)	(555,622)	(10,286,572)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				7.000.000		7.000.000
Long-term debt issued	- 0.005		-	7,000,000	-	7,000,000
Sale of property	8,835		-	0 077 500	074.055	8,835 3,803,909
Transfers in	1,152,332		-	2,377,522	274,055	
Transfers out		_		(154,055)	(2,497,522)	(2,651,577)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,161,167			9,223,467	(2,223,467)	8,161,167
SPECIAL ITEM						
Power generating facility mitigation revenue	<u></u>		_		2,250,000	2,250,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	133,926		(73,238)	592,996	(529,089)	124,595
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	6,020,622		486,804	10,898,934	5,458,534	22,864,894
FUND BALANCES -						

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	124,595
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities		
are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of net assets the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are		
depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported		
in the statement of activities.		
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements		
but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements		10,766,768
Some items capitalized were not reported as capital outlay		214,369
Some amounts reported as capital outlay were not capitalized		(1,290,556)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements		(2,521,193)
Net book value of disposed assets		(204,947)
Capital contributions are reported in the government-wide statements		213,463
Receivables not currently available are reported as deferred revenue in the fund financial		
statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide		
financial statements.		
Special assessments		(205,404)
Accounts receivable		(49,215)
Loans		(3,343)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds,		
but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net		
assets. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the		
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Capital lease payments		14,180
Principal repaid		1,190,000
Debt proceeds		(7,000,000)
Capital appreciation bond increase		(111,620)
Part of net revenue of activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental		
activities		(320,947)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
in the governmental funds.		
Other postemployment benefits		(4,451,255)
Compensated absences		(83,255)
Accrued interest on debt	***********	(31,322)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	(3,749,682)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2008

	Business-typ	pe Activities - En	terprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 4,622,702	\$ 3,347,726	\$ 7,970,428	\$ 2,765,954
Customer accounts receivable	1,547,759	672,412	2,220,171	-
Other accounts receivable	55,626	133,946	189,572	12,743
Due from other funds	272,213	224,466	496,679	24,376
Accrued interest	9,858	-	9,858	-
Lease receivable	21,977	-	21,977	-
Note receivable	22,919	-	22,919	-
Unamortized debt issue costs	1,222	-	1,222	-
Inventories	58,462	-	58,462	-
Prepaid items	=	-	-	66,815
Restricted assets				
Revenue bond redemption account	124,819		124,819	
Total Current Assets	6,737,557	4,378,550	11,116,107	2,869,888
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted Assets				
Revenue bond reserve account	1,543,200	-	1,543,200	_
Revenue bond depreciation account	202,210	_	202,210	-
Total Restricted Assets	1,745,410		1,745,410	_
Capital Assets				
Land and land rights	118,444	295,342	413,786	_
Construction in progress	2,607,805	· -	2,607,805	-
Utility plant in service	82,560,430	43,927,987	126,488,417	_
Accumulated depreciation	(21,798,276)	(8,392,885)	(30,191,161)	-
Total Capital Assets	63,488,403	35,830,444	99,318,847	-
Other Assets				
Property held for future use	5,000	-	5,000	-
Lease receivable	151,195	-	151,195	-
Note receivable	202,802	-	202,802	-
Due from other funds - special assessments	178,691	126,222	304,913	-
Total Other Assets	537,688	126,222	663,910	
Total Assets	72,509,058	40,335,216	< 112,844,274	2,869,888

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	_	Water	Sewer	iterp	ilse i ulius	Α.	ctivities - Internal		
	Utility Utility			Totals			Service Fund		
LIABILITIES								71100 1 0110	
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	359,523	\$	481,581	\$	841,104	\$	307,451	
Accrued payroll	•	229,406	•	29,546	•	258,952	*	-	
Accrued interest payable				23,486		23,486		_	
Due to other funds		1,210,568		54,353		1,264,921		_	
Unearned revenue		48,547		0 1,000		48,547		_	
Compensated absences		6,663		_		6,663		_	
Pollution remediation obligation		64,438		_		64,438		_	
General obligation debt				186,767		186,767		_	
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets				100,101		100,707			
Accrued interest		43,569		_		43,569		_	
Current portion of revenue bonds		975,000		_		975,000		_	
Less: Unamortized loss on advance refunding		070,000				370,000			
of revenue bonds		(42,738)		_		(42,738)		_	
Total Current Liabilities				775 722				207.454	
Total Current Liabilities		2,894,976		775,733		3,670,709		307,451	
Noncurrent Liabilities									
		04 555				04.555			
Accrued compensated absences		31,555		- 400		31,555		-	
Net other postemployment benefits obligation		25,722		6,430		32,152		-	
General obligation debt		-		402,407		402,407		-	
Revenue bonds		11,155,000		-		11,155,000			
Less: Unamortized loss on advance refunding		(004 4477)				(00 (11 =)			
of revenue bonds		(384,417)		_		(384,417)			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		10,827,860		408,837	_	11,621,114			
Total Liabilities		13,722,836		1,184,570		15,291,823		307,451	
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		51,786,780		35,241,270		87,028,050			
Restricted		51,700,700	•	00,241,270		07,020,030		-	
Debt service		1,624,450				1,624,450		-	
Depreciation		202,210		_		202,210			
Unrestricted		5,172,782		3,909,376				2 562 420	
Offestificted		3,172,762		3,909,370		9,082,158		2,562,438	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	58,786,222	\$ 3	39,150,646		97,936,868	\$	2,562,438	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal se	rvice fur	nd activition r	·olat	ed					
	i vice iui	iu activities f	cidl	o u		00.007			
to enterprise funds.						82,967			
Net Assets of Business-type Activities					\$	98,019,835			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	5			Governmental
	Business-typ Water	e Activities - Ent	erprise Funds	Activities -
	Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Fund
			. Otalo	odivido i dila
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 7,709,968	\$ 2,973,803	\$ 10,683,771	\$ -
Other operating revenues	164,365	2,548	166,913	4,984,728
Total Operating Revenues	7,874,333	2,976,351	10,850,684	4,984,728
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and maintenance	3,966,187	2,445,339	6,411,526	5,423,798
Depreciation	1,678,728	557,915	2,236,643	5,425,736
Taxes	98,758	40,350	139,108	_
Total Operating Expenses	5,743,673	3,043,604	8,787,277	5,423,798
O (1)	0.400.000	(07.050)	0.000.407	(400.070)
Operating Income (Loss)	2,130,660	(67,253)	2,063,407	(439,070)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	239,397	78,486	317,883	104,116
Income from merchandising and jobbing	3,318	-	3,318	-
Rental income	-	226,200	226,200	=
Interest expense	(556,920)	, ,	(602,114)	-
Amortization expense	(44,341)	(2,784)	(47,125)	-
Miscellaneous revenue	3,640	-	3,640	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(354,906)	256,708	(98,198)	104,116
Income (Loss) Before Contributions,				
Transfers and Special Item	1,775,754	189,455	1,965,209	(334,954)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	524,470	821,776	1,346,246	_
TRANSFERS OUT	(1,132,845)	(19,487)	(1,152,332)	_
SPECIAL ITEM	(440,153)		(440,153)	
Change in Net Assets	727,226	991,744	1,718,970	(334,954)
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	58,058,996	38,158,902		2,897,392
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 58,786,222	\$ 39,150,646		\$ 2,562,438
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of inte	rnal service fund			
activities related to enterprise funds.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(14,007)	
Change in Net Assets of Business-Type	Activities		\$ 1,704,963	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	F	Rusiness-type	e Activities - En	terr	orise Funds	Government Activities -	
		Water	Sewer	1011	onide i unus	Internal	
		Utility	Utility		Totals	Service Fun	d
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Received from customers	\$	7,563,508	\$ 2,870,768	\$	10,434,276	\$ 5,054,57	9
Received from rents of water property		143,204	-		143,204		-
Received from nonoperating activities		9,490	.		9,490		-
Received from miscellaneous sources		34,121	1,944		36,065		-
Paid to Milwaukee Metro Sewerage District for sewer user charges			(1,705,361)		(1,705,361)		-
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(2,371,984)	(325,167)		(2,697,151)	(5,541,64	3)
Paid to employees for services		(1,381,615)	(371,379)		(1,752,994)	<u></u>	
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		3,996,724	470,805		4,467,529	(487,06	<u>4</u>)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Paid to city for tax equivalent		(1,093,523)	(17,716)		(1,111,239)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from sale of investments		1,100,000	_		1,100,000		-
Proceeds from equipment lease		10,309	_		10,309		_
Proceeds from promissory note		10,577	-		10,577		
Proceeds from property rental		-	215,663		215,663		-
Investment income		233,593	77,995		311,588	104,11	6
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		1,354,479	293,658		1,648,137	104,11	6
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,725,572)	6,595		(2,718,977)		-
Special assessment proceeds		114,335	25,361		139,696		-
Proceeds from sale of transportation equipment		2,500	-		2,500		-
Debt retired		(925,000)	(802,773)		(1,727,773)		-
Interest paid		(560,017)	(55,147)		(615,164)		-
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		(4,093,754)	(825,964)		(4,919,718)		_
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		163,926	(79,217)		84,709	(382,94	8)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		6,329,005	3,426,943		8,481,038	3,148,90	2
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	6,492,931	\$ 3,347,726	\$_	9,840,657	\$ 2,765,95	4

	F	Business-type	ο Δα	tivities - En	iteri	nrise Funds		overnmental Activities -
		Water	0710	Sewer	icorj			Internal
		Utility	_	Utility	_	Totals	Se	ervice Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO								
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			_		_			
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,130,660	\$	(67,253)	\$	2,063,407	\$	(439,070)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		6,958		-		6,958		-
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income								
to Net Cash Provided From Operating Activities								
Noncash items included in income								
Depreciation		1,678,728		557,915		2,236,643		-
Depreciation charged to other accounts		89,982		(50,560)		39,422		-
Loss on sale of transporation equipment		1,569		-		1,569		-
Changes in assets and liabilities								
Customer accounts receivable		(144,488)		(93,053)		(237,541)		-
Other accounts receivable		19,284		(1,557)		17,727		94,227
Due from other funds		57,970		11,309		69,279		(24,376)
Inventories		3,585		-		3,585		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		(40,611)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		49,402		111,964		161,366		(77,234)
Accrued expenses		(46)		(4,390)		(4,436)		_
Net other post employment benefits obligation		25,722		6,430		32,152		-
Pollution remediation obligation		64,438		-		64,438		_
Unearned revenue		12,960	_			12,960	_	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	3,996,724	\$	470,805	\$	4,467,529	\$	(487,064)
OFERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ	3,990,724	Ψ	470,003	Φ	4,467,529	Φ	(467,004)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE								
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS								
Cash and investments	\$	4,622,702	\$:	3,347,726	\$	7,970,428	\$	2,765,954
Restricted cash and investments - current		124,819		· -		124,819		-
Restricted cash and investments - noncurrent		1,745,410				1,745,410		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	6,492,931	\$:	3,347,726	\$	9,840,657	\$	2,765,954
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Interest income earned on noncash equivalents	\$	23,273	\$	8,522	\$	31,795	<u>\$</u>	
Market value adjustment on investments	\$	4,186	\$	_	\$	4,186	\$	
Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by developers	\$	492,668	\$	714,405	\$	1,207,073	\$	-
Cost of capital assets financed by assessment of benefits to property owner	\$	31,802	\$	107,371	\$	139,173	\$	-
Loss on capital asset retirements	\$	1,569	\$	-	\$	1,569	\$	
•				-				-
Loss on capital asset impairment	\$	440,153	\$	_	\$_	440,153	\$	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND December 31, 2008

ACCETC	Agency Fund
ASSETS Cook and investments	Ф 33 300 000
Cash and investments	\$ 33,288,080
Property taxes receivable	17,686,086
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 50,974,166
LIABILITIES	
	\$ 50,974,166
Due to other taxing units	ψ 30,974,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 50,974,166

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Oak Creek. The reporting entity for the city consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and 1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or 2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: 1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; 2) the primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; 3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and are reported with similar funds of the primary government. This report does not contain any component units.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In June 2004, the GASB issued statement No. 45 – Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, regulation, and display of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expense/ expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

The City made the decision to implement this standard effective January 1, 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The city does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the city or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the city believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – accounts for the city's primary operating activities. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Paramedic Rescue Fund – Accounts for resources legally restricted to supporting expenditures for the paramedic rescue program.

Capital Improvement Fund – accounts for proceeds from long-term borrowing and other resources to be used for capital improvement projects.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – accounts for operations of the water system Sewer Utility – accounts for operations of the sewer system

The city reports the following non-major governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Solid Waste Fund
Donation and Activity Fund
WE Energies Fund
Low Income Loan Fund
Park Escrow Fund
Special Assessment Fund
Economic Development Fund
Developer Agreement Future Improvements Fund
Impact Fee Escrow Fund
Asset Forfeiture Fund
Storm Water Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Debt Service Funds – used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

DPW Debt Service Fund
Debt Amortization Fund
TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund
TIF No. 5 Debt Service Fund
TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund
Police Station Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Funds – used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of equipment and/or major capital facilities.

Developer Agreement Fund TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund

In addition, the city reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the city, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the city in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

The business-type activities follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and have elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the city's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the city considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred revenues. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the city is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the city which are not available are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as deferred revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING,
AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and deferred revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

The city reports deferred revenues on its governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise from taxes levied in the current year which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received before the city has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the city has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements (other than agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting and do not have a measurement focus.

The enterprise funds follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and have elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the city considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of city funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- 1. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- 2. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, or by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- 4. The local government investment pool.
- 5. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 6. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- 7. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines for allowable investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

In order to safeguard investments and deposits, the City shall require, at a minimum, that each approved public depository, submit to the City its annual financial statements. The Finance Committee shall annually evaluate such statements as to the financial soundness of the depository by May 1st of each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk (cont.)

The City shall require, when investing in repurchase agreements, that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreements the City has with such depository.

- a) The collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States, or of its agencies, if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or obligations of the State of Wisconsin, or collateral of commercial loans at one-hundred twenty-five percent, which are at all times current with regard to interest and principal.
- b) Evidence of such collateral shall be provided by the depository.

Credit Risk

Any security including commercial paper which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years on the date which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investor service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency, or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Consideration shall be given to the total amount of existing City funds which are already in such depository and or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment. A ceiling may be established for individual financial institutions at each annual evaluation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk

Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.

Bids shall be required of all investments that are in excess of \$100,000 or have a maturity date of 30 days or longer. A minimum of three bids from the city's public depository list shall be acquired for time deposits.

Purchase obligations of the US Treasury and deposits into the Local Government Investment Pool and the M&I Investment Account shall not be subject to the bid process.

Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- a) A declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- b) A security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.
- c) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2008, the fair value of the city's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

The CLASS investment (Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System) is an investment pool established by an intergovernmental agreement dated March 1, 1996. CLASS is available for investment by Wisconsin governmental entities except school districts. CLASS operates consistent with the provisions of a 2a-7 like pool, and invests only in investments legally permissible under Wisconsin law, with a weighted average maturity not exceeding 120 days. The value of pool shares is the same as the fair value position in the pool.

See Note III.A. for further information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the city, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district, technical college district and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying agency fund statement of fiduciary net assets.

Property tax calendar – 2008 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date
Tax bills mailed
Payment in full, or
First installment due (50%)
Second installment due (25%)
Third installment due (25%)
Personal property taxes in full
Tax sale – 2008 delinquent
real estate taxes

December 2008 December 2008 January 31, 2009 January 31, 2009 March 31, 2009 May 31, 2009 January 31, 2009

October 2011

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net assets. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

2. Receivables (cont.)

The city has received grant funds for CDBG housing loan programs to qualified individuals. The city records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The city is no longer disbursing these funds.

It is the city's policy to record deferred revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as designated fund balance in the fund financial statements.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost using the consumption method of accounting. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction and/or for operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net assets.

5. Capital Assets

Government -Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Government - Wide Statements (cont.)

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. No interest was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	30-50 Years
Land Improvements	20-30 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3-15 Years
Utility System	15-100 Years
Infrastructure	20-50 Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Other Assets

In governmental funds, debt issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the current period. For the government-wide and the proprietary fund type financial statements, debt issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the debt issue using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2008 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on prior refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The balance at year end for both premiums/discounts and gains/losses, as applicable, is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt (cont.)

The city has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the city. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is made up of the following issues:

<u>Name</u>	Date	Original Principal Amount	Maturity	Principal Amount Outstanding at 12-31-08
AAA Sales & Engineering F & M Management Company	11/17/98 5/1/96	\$ 6,375,000 3,000,000	11/1/21 5/1/25	\$ 2,225,386 1,090,000
Neo-Brake Systems, Inc./Ballew LLC Project	5/1/99	1,230,000	5/1/19	461,280
Crown Prince Inc.	12/2/03	2,235,000	1/1/24	1,323,627
Wisconsin Electric Power Company	12/1/04	67,000,000	8/1/16	67,000,000
Total				\$ 72,100,293

9. Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental funds. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

10. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets less any unspent debt proceeds.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the city's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Reserved fund balance is that portion of fund balance that is not available for the subsequent year's budget due to legal restrictions or resources which are not available for current spending. Unreserved fund balance includes funds set aside by management for specific uses, which are labeled "designated". The balance of unreserved fund balance is labeled "undesignated", which indicates it is available for appropriation. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.C.

A budget has been adopted for all governmental fund types. The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city administrator may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$0. Budgets are adopted at the function level of expenditure.

B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

<u>Fund</u>	Budgeted Expenditures	Actual Expenditures	Excess Expenditures Over Budget
Paramedic Fund	\$ 4,471,330	\$ 4,554,597	\$ 83,267
Solid Waste Fund	1,187,485	1,236,232	48,747

The city controls expenditures at the function level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the city's year-end budget to actual report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2008, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

<u>Fund</u>		<u>Amount</u>	Reason	
TIF No. 7	\$	453,839	Excess of expenditures over	
Capital Projects Fund			revenues	

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases.

D. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

As part of Wisconsin's Act 20 (2007), legislation was passed that limits the City of Oak Creek's future tax levies. Generally, the city is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the city's equalized value due to new construction or 3.86% for the 2007 levy collected in 2008 and 2% for the 2008 levy collected in 2009. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit. The levy limit is set to expire after the 2008 levy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The city maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net assets and balance sheet as cash and investments.

The city's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Bank Balance	Associated Risks
Demand deposits	\$ 16,611,192	\$ 17,213,444	Custodial credit risk
U.S. instrumentalities	9,427,812	9,427,812	Credit risk, custodial credit risk, interest rate risk
Asset backed securities	535,247	535,247	Credit risk, custodial credit risk, interest rate risk
Corporate bonds	942,941	942,941	•
Local Government Investment Pool	43,342,488	43.342.488	Credit risk, interest rate risk
CLASS	65,785	65,785	•
Petty cash	4,560		N/A
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 70,929,575	\$ 71,527,717	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 32,749,910		
Restricted cash and investments	4,891,585		
Per statement of net assets – fiduciary funds	, ,		
Agency	33,288,080		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 70,929,575		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for interest bearing accounts and unlimited amounts for noninterest bearing accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are covered under a surety bond issued by Financial Security Assurance, Inc. The bond insures against losses arising from principal defaults on substantially all types of securities acquired by the pool except U.S. Government and agency securities. The bond provides unlimited coverage on principal losses, reduced by any FDIC and State of Wisconsin Guarantee Fund insurance. This coverage expired on February 15, 2009.

The city has an agreement with Tri City National Bank, Oak Creek where city deposits are collateralized by government securities owned by Tri City Capital Corp., a wholly owned investment subsidiary of Tri City National Bank. The investment portfolio is maintained with M&I Bank, Milwaukee.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the city's deposits may not be returned to the city.

As of December 31, 2008, \$9,192,418 of the city's total bank balances of \$17,213,444 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging financial institution \$

\$ 9,192,418

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the city will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The city does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. As of December 31, 2008 the city's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's
Federal Home Loan Bank	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Asset backed securities	AAA	n/a	AAA
Corporate bonds	A – AAA	A – AAA	A2 - AAA
CLASS	n/a	AAA	n/a

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

The city also held investments in the following external pool which is not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2008, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Percentage of Portfolio
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. Security	6.34%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	U.S. Security	6.99%

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2008, the city's investments were as follows:

			Maturity (In years))	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 year	1 - 10	> 10 years	
US agencies Asset backed securities Corporate bonds	\$ 9,427,812 535,247 942,941	\$ 1,585,927 - -	\$ 1,457,309 535,247 946,189	\$ 6,384,576 - -	
External investment pools	43,342,488	43,342,488			
Totals	\$ 54,341,736	\$ 44,928,415	\$ 3,028,745	\$ 6,384,576	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General	Paramedic Rescue Fund	Capital Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Total net receivables	<u>\$ 14,167,646</u>	\$ 3,333,762	\$ 250,640	\$ 5,773,521	\$ 23,525,569
Amounts not expected to be collected within one year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,498,873</u>	<u>\$ 1,498,873</u>

Revenues of the city are reported net of uncollectible amounts. General accounts receivable have been adjusted for all known uncollectible accounts. No allowance is necessary at year-end.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable	Unearned	Totals
Property taxes and special charges receivable for subsequent year Developer agreement Accounts receivable not collected Special assessments not yet due Loan receivables	\$ - - 10,785 1,415,781 21,933	-	\$ 20,196,255 1,400,000 10,785 1,415,781 21,933
Total Deferred/Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 1,448,499	\$ 21,596,255	\$ 23,044,754

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption	-	Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.
Reserve	-	Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.
Depreciation	-	Used to report resources set aside to fund plant renewals and replacement or make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

Impact Fee Account

The city has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

Asset Forfeiture Account

The city has received asset forfeitures which must be used for specific purposes.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2008:

	-	vernmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Totals
Redemption account	\$	-	\$ 124,819	\$ 124,819
Reserve account		-	1,543,200	1,543,200
Depreciation account		-	202,210	202,210
Impact fee account		3,015,318	-	3,015,318
Asset forfeiture account		6,038	-	6,038
Totals	\$	3,021,356	\$ 1,870,229	\$ 4,891,585

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 19,549,587	\$ 496,157	\$ 59,800	\$ 19,985,944
Construction in progress	347,859	7,411,975	, , , , , , , ,	7,759,834
Total Capital Assets	***************************************			
Not Being Depreciated	19,897,446	7,908,132	59,800	27,745,778
3				
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	1,663,530	_	_	1,663,530
Buildings	14,368,052	-	_	14,368,052
Machinery and equipment	15,351,575	1,336,862	529,866	16,158,571
Bridges	286,370	-	-	286,370
Roads	34,152,065	605,046	193,460	34,563,651
Sidewalks	3,438,704	15,329	-	3,454,033
Street lighting	3,681,383	25,599	_	3,706,982
Storm sewers	21,299,589	13,076	_	21,312,665
Total Capital Assets				,,
Being Depreciated	94,241,268	1,995,912	723,326	95,513,854
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	(444,329)	(64,928)	_	(509,257)
Buildings	(3,506,667)	(280,538)	-	(3,787,205)
Machinery and equipment	(9,361,692)	(1,107,303)	487,476	(9,981,519)
Bridges	(5,728)	_	-	(5,728)
Roads	(7,154,952)	(463,871)	90,703	(7,528,120)
Sidewalks	(1,782,314)	(64,375)	_	(1,846,689)
Street lighting	(2,103,825)	(121,397)	_	(2,225,222)
Storm sewers	(7,380,215)	(418,781)	-	(7,798,996)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(31,739,722)	(2,521,193)	578,179	(33,682,736)
Net Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	62,501,546	(525,281)	145,147	61,831,118
Total Governmental Activities Assets, Net of				
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 82,398,992	\$ 7,382,851	\$ 204,947	\$ 89,576,896

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government Public safety Public works, which includes the depreciation of roads, sidewalks and storm sewers Health and social services Leisure activities					
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense					
<u>Water</u>	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land and land rights	\$ 118,444	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118.444	
Construction in progress	366,549	2,851,251	(609,995)	2,607,805	
Total Capital Assets			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Not Being Depreciated	484,993	2,851,251	(609,995)	2,726,249	
Comital accepts having dangeristed					
Capital assets being depreciated	0.754.004		(400.044)	0.055.067	
Source of supply	6,754,081	20.050	(498,814)	6,255,267	
Pumping	4,544,888	32,852	(10,837)	4,566,903	
Treatment	11,749,866	7,752	(40.002)	11,757,618	
Transmission and distribution	54,138,918	914,735	(19,983)	55,033,670	
General	4,914,437	57,310	(24,775)	4,946,972	
Total Capital Assets	00 400 400	4 040 040	(EE 1 100)	00 500 400	
Being Depreciated	82,102,190	1,012,649	(554,409)	82,560,430	
Total Capital Assets	82,220,634	3,863,900	(1,164,404)	82,220,634	
Less: Accumulated depreciation for					
Source of supply	(1,363,978)	(117,723)	58,660	(1,420,041)	
Pumping	(2,303,594)	(169,908)	10,837	(2,462,665)	
Treatment	(4,642,930)	(399,792)	-	(5,042,722)	
Transmission and distribution	(9,808,401)	(813,351)	19,983	(10,601,769)	
General	(2,020,849)	(273,436)	23,206	(2,271,079)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	***	(1,771,210)	112,686	(21,798,276)	
Net Water Plant	\$ 62,447,431	\$ 2,092,690	\$ 1,051,718	\$ 63,488,403	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS	(cont.)	ŀ
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<u>Sewer</u>	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and land rights	\$ 295,342	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 295,342
Construction in progress		24,981	(24,981)	-
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	295,342	24,981	(24,981)	295,342
Capital assets being depreciated				
Collection system	42,457,684	729,405	(45,014)	43,142,075
Collection system pumping	330,496	-	-	330,496
General	461,335	9,695	(15,615)	455,416
Total Capital Assets			,	
Being Depreciated	43,249,515	739,100	(60,629)	43,927,987
Total Capital Assets	43,544,857	764,081	(85,610)	44,223,329
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Collection system	(7,482,511)	(458,765)	45,014	(7,896,262)
Collection system pumping	(252,570)	, , ,	40,014	(268,500)
General	(211,078)	(32,660)	15,615	(228,123)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(507,355)	60,629	(8,392,885)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,040,100)	(007,000)	00,023	(0,092,000)
Net Sewer Plant	\$ 35,598,698	\$ 1,627,172	\$ (24,981)	\$ 35,830,444
Business-type Capital Assets,				
Net of Depreciation	\$ 98,046,129	\$ 2,349,417	\$ (1,076,699)	\$ 99,318,847

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type Activities

Water	\$ 1,678,728
Sewer	557,915
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,236,643

Depreciation expense does not agree to the increase in accumulated depreciation due to joint metering, salvage and the cost of removal.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables and advances including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year
General fund	Water utility	\$	1,169,518	\$ -
General fund	Sewer utility		36,242	<u>-</u>
General fund	TIF # 7 Capital projects fund		68,870	-
General fund	Developer improvements fund		20,802	-
Capital improvements fund	Water utility		16,674	-
Capital improvements fund	Sewer utility		18,110	_
Water utility	Developer improvement fund		2,591	-
Sewer utility	Developer improvement fund		2,090	-
Economic development fund	TIF #7 Capital projects fund		314,900	-
Health insurance fund	Water utility		24,376	-
Water utility	General fund		175,543	-
Sewer utility	General fund		120,707	<u></u>
Sewer utility	Storm Water fund		1,408	-
Sewer utility	Special assessment fund		226,483	126,222
Water utility	Special assessment fund	***	272,770	178,691
Total – Fund Financial Stat	ements		2,471,084	
Less: Internal service fund all	ocation		(82,967)	
Fund eliminations			(404,572)	
Government-wide elimir	nations		<u>(1,603,183</u>)	
Total Internal Balances -	- Government-Wide			
Statement of Net Asse		\$	380,362	

The principal purpose of these interfunds includes the tax equivalent payment from the utilities to general fund and special assessment collections by the special assessment fund for the utilities. Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

For the statement of net assets, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amoun	t Principal Purpose
General fund	Water utility	\$ 1,132,	845 Tax equivalent
General fund	Sewer utility	19,	487 Tax equivalent
WE Energies fund	Capital improvements	8,3	378 Reimbursement of
	fund		completed capital projects
DPW debt service fund	Capital improvements	117,0	007 Finance payment of DPW
	Fund		debt service
Storm sewer fund	Capital improvements	8,0	670 Reimbursement of
	fund		completed capital projects
Economic development	Capital improvements	20,0	000 Finance economic
fund	fund		development expenditures
Economic development	Impact fee escrow fund	20,0	000 Finance economic
fund			development expenditures
Police debt service fund	Impact fee escrow fund	100,0	000 Finance payment of police
			debt service
Capital improvements	Impact fee escrow fund	565,8	322 Finance of capital
fund			improvement projects
Capital improvements	Developer improvement	26,7	•
fund	fund		improvement projects
Capital improvements	Storm Water fund	250,0	•
fund			improvement projects
Capital improvements	WE energies fund	1,185,0	•
fund			improvement projects
Capital improvements	Special assessment fund	350,0	•
fund			improvement projects
Subtotal – Fund Financial	Statements	3,803,9	909
Less: Fund eliminations		(2,651,	<u>577</u>)
Total - Government-V	Vide Statement of Activities	<u>\$ 1,152,3</u>	332

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General obligation debt:					
Notes and bonds	\$ 9,635,000	\$ -	\$ 830,000	\$ 8,805,000	\$ 855,000
Capital appreciation bonds	2,356,213	111,620	360,000	2,107,833	365,000
Note anticipation notes		7,000,000		7,000,000	
Sub-Totals	11,991,213	7,111,620	1,190,000	17,912,833	1,220,000
Other Liabilities					
Vested compensated absences	2,121,765	1,270,758	1,187,503	2,205,020	1,388,079
Other postemployment benefits	-	6,512,028	2,060,773	4,451,255	-
Capital lease payable	26,439	MA	14,180	12,259	12,259
Total Other Liabilities	2,148,204	7,782,786	3,262,456	6,668,534	1,400,338
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 14,139,417	\$ 14,894,406	\$ 4,452,456	\$ 24,581,367	\$ 2,620,338
					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	_Increases_	Decreases	Balance	One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General obligation debt	\$ 766,947	\$ -	\$ 177,773	\$ 589,174	\$ 186,767
Revenue bonds	13,680,000	-	1,550,000	12,130,000	975,000
Less: unamortized loss on refunding	(469,893)		(42,738)	(427,155)	(42,738)
Sub-totals	13,977,054		1,685,035	12,292,019	1,119,029
Other Liabilities					
Other postemployment benefits	-	32,152	-	32,152	-
Vested compensated absences	34,378	11,732	7,892	38,218	6,663
Total Business-type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 14,011,432	\$ 43,884	\$ 1,735,665	\$ 12,362,389	<u>\$ 1,125,692</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt and Note Anticipation Notes

All governmental general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the city. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the city may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the city's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2008, was \$169,043,700. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$11,502,007.

Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebted- ness	Balance 12-31-08
G.O. notes and bonds 2001 TIF notes 2002 bonds 2006 bonds Sub-Total	4/15/01 3/15/02 10/15/06	4/01/11 3/01/17 10/01/16	4.10-4.65% 3.00-5.625% 4.00-4.50%	\$ 680,000 10,900,000 1,200,000	\$ 255,000 7,550,000 1,000,000 15,805,000
2008 NAN's 2002 capital appreciation bonds	5/15/08 12/02/02	5/1/10 9/01/15	3.625% 3.40-4.84%	7,000,000 2,184,987	7,000,000 2,107,833
Total Governmental Activ	∕ities – Note	s and Bonds			\$ 17,912,833

Debt service requirements to maturity for the governmental activities are as follows:

		Governmental Activity Notes and Bonds			
<u>Years</u>	Principal		Interest		
2009	\$ 855,00	00 9	\$ 676,412		
2010	7,910,00	0	510,598		
2011	940,00	0	341,874		
2012	900,00	0	300,266		
2013	950,00	0	257,438		
2014-2017	4,250,00	0_	481,141		
Totals	\$ 15,805,00	<u>0</u> <u>\$</u>	2,567,729		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation capital appreciation bonds are as follows:

<u>Years</u>		Govern Activ Cap Appred Bor	ities ital ciation		
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014-2015 Less interest portion		3 3 3 7 2,5 (4	365,000 360,000 360,000 360,000 360,000 220,000 325,000 117,167)		
Business-type Activities General Obligation Debt Sewer Utility State Trust Fund Loan Total Business-type Activities Ge	Date of Issue 9/06/01 eneral Oblig	Final Maturity 12/01/11 pation Debt	Interest Rates 5.00%	Original Indebted-ness \$ 1,500,000	Balance 12-31-08 \$ 589,174 \$ 589,174

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-type Activities General Obligation Debt				
<u>Years</u>	 Principal	I	nterest		
2009 2010 2011	\$ 186,767 196,105 206,302	\$	29,459 20,120 10,315		
Totals	\$ 589,174	\$	59,894		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt

The City has pledged future water and sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$13,680,000 million in revenue bonds issued in previous years. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through December 1, 2020. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$15,377,925. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$2,126,713 and \$4,851,091, respectively. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 31.6% of net revenues.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2008 consists of the following:

Business-type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebted- ness	Balance 12-31-08
Water utility revenue bonds Water utility refunding revenue bonds	8/15/00 11/1/05	12/01/20 12/01/20	4.45-5.50 3.38-5.00	8,165,000 12,130,000	\$ 775,000 11,355,000
Total Business-type Activities Rev	enue Debt				\$ 12,130,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-type Activities Revenue Debt
<u>Years</u>	Principal Interest
2009	\$ 975,000 \$ 522,831
2010	1,050,000 482,050
2011	1,100,000 437,200
2012	1,150,000 393,200
2013	1,175,000 347,200
2014 – 2018	5,500,000 976,194
2019 – 2020	1,180,00089,250
Totals	<u>\$ 12,130,000</u> <u>\$ 3,247,925</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments capital leases, vested compensated absences and other post employment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences and other post employment benefits liabilities attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures and loan agreements. The city believes it is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions, including federal arbitrage regulations.

Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the city defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the city's financial statements. At December 31, 2008, \$800,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased. These bonds are callable on April 1, 2010.

Also, the city refunded revenue bonds in prior years and at December 31, 2008, \$5,251,000 of revenue bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

Lessor - Operating Leases - Governmental Activities

The city has entered into an operating lease with Verizon Wireless (VW) for a 125 foot monopole constructed by VW on city property at 240 East Puetz Road. The term of the lease is 10 years commencing October 21, 2001. The lease shall be automatically renewed for three additional five year terms unless VW notifies Oak Creek of its intention not to renew. In consideration of VW's installation and sale to Oak Creek of the monopole, VW shall occupy the site rent free during the first term of the agreement. Future annual lease payments are as follows:

First term (years 1-10)	\$ -
First renewal term (years 11-15)	25,537
Second renewal term (years 16-20)	30,645
Third renewal term (years 21-25)	36,774

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

Lessor - Operating Leases - Governmental Activities (cont.)

The city has entered into an operating lease with T-Mobile Central LLC (TM) for a 125 foot monopole constructed by TM on city property at 240 East Puetz Road. The term of the lease is 5 years commencing April 30, 2007. The lease shall be automatically renewed for four additional five year terms unless TM notifies Oak Creek of its intention not to renew. Future annual lease payments are as follows:

First term (years 1-5)	\$ 23,900
First renewal term (years 6-10)	28,680
Second renewal term (years 11-15)	34,416
Third renewal term (years 16-20)	41,299
Fourth renewal term (years 21-25)	49,559

Lessor - Capital Leases - Business-type Activities

The water utility entered into a 15-year capital lease with Black Bear Bottling Group, LLC for equipment to be used in its bottling operations. The lease is dated April 26, 2001 with payments to be received in the amount of \$1,970 per month at 8.5% interest beginning on November 1, 2001 and terminating on October 31, 2016. Minimum future lease payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	P	rincipal	<u>lr</u>	nterest	 Totals
2009	\$	16,643	\$	14,876	\$ 31,519
2010		13,777		9,863	23,640
2011		14,995		8,645	23,640
2012		16,321		7,319	23,640
2013		17,765		5,875	23,640
2014		19,336		4,304	23,640
2015		21,046		2,594	23,640
2016		18,9 <u>55</u>		747	 19,702
Totals	\$	138,838	\$	54,223	\$ 193,061

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

Lessor - Capital Leases - Business-type Activities (cont.)

The water utility entered into a 15-year capital lease with Black Bear Bottling Group, LLC for label equipment to be used in their bottling operation. The lease is dated July 30, 2002 with payments to be received in the amount of \$333 per month at 0% interest beginning on April 1, 2002 and terminating on March 1, 2017. Minimum future lease payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Pa	Payments		
2009	\$	5,334		
2010		4,000		
2011		4,000		
2012		4,000		
2013		4,000		
2014		4,000		
2015		4,000		
2016		4,000		
2017		1,000		
Totals	\$	34,334		

The water utility entered into a 15-year agreement with Black Bear Bottling Group, LLC for equipment to be used in their bottling operations. The lease is dated October 30, 2002 with payments to be received in the amount of \$2,867 per month at 8% interest beginning on January 1, 2003 and terminating on December 1, 2017. Future payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	_P	rincipal	<u>lr</u>	nterest	 Totals
2009	\$	22,919	\$	22,953	\$ 45,872
2010		18,861		15,543	34,404
2011		20,426		13,978	34,404
2012		22,122		12,282	34,404
2013		23,958		10,446	34,404
2014		25,946		8,458	34,404
2015		28,100		6,304	34,404
2016		30,432		3,972	34,404
2017		32,957		1,447	 34,404
Totals	\$	225,721	\$	95,383	\$ 321,104

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

Lessor - Operating Leases - Business-type Activities (cont.)

The water and sewer utility has entered into operating leases with Verizon Wireless (VW), Sprint Spectrum L.P. (SSLP), AT&T Wireless (AT&T), Cricket Communications (CC), and T-Mobile USA (TM) for space on utility reservoirs to be used for cellular antennas. These leases terminate on November 30, 2010, March 20, 2012, March 1, 2010, January 24, 2013, February 26, 2016 and January 24, 2018 for VW, SSLP, AT&T, CC and TM, respectively. Minimum future lease rentals are as follows:

2009	\$ 143,741
2010	131,958
2011	97,185
2012	81,507
2013	66,647
2014	58,615
2015	59,735
2016	35,313
2017	30,600
2018	1,928

The water and sewer utility entered into a 10-year operating lease with Black Bear Bottling Group, LLC for office and warehouse space in a utility-owned building to be used for its bottling operations. This building had an original cost of \$2,000,010, a net book value of \$1,695,474 as of December 31, 2008 and a depreciation accrual of \$40,000 during the year 2008. One hundred percent of the space in this building is leased by Black Bear. The lease commenced on November 1, 2001 and will terminate on October 31, 2011. Minimum future lease rentals are as follows:

2009	\$ 228,000
2010	229,850
2011	193.000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES

Net assets reported on the government wide statement of net assets at December 31, 2008 includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	
Land	\$ 19,985,944
Construction in progress	7,759,834
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	61,831,118
Less: Related long-term debt outstanding (excluding non-capital debt)	_(16,093,140)
Total Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	73,483,756
Restricted	
Debt service	436,258
Impact fee escrow	3,014,946
Park escrow	464,081
Loan income loans	7,773
Asset forfeiture	6,038
Total Restricted	3,929,096
Unrestricted	14,283,053
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ 91,695,905

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Activities (cont.)

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2008 include the following:

Reserved Fund Balance Major Funds General Fund Delinquent personal property taxes \$ 13,629 Inventories 58,121 Non-current receivables 68,870 Tax equivalent for subsequent year's budget 1,152,332 \$ 1,292,952 Capital Improvements Program Fund Reserved for encumbrances 487,529 Non-Major Fund Reserved Fund Balance Special Revenue Funds Reserved for impact fees \$ 3,014,946 Reserved for non-current receivables 314,900 **Debt Service Funds** Reserved for debt amortization fund debt service 339,556 Reserved for TID No. 4 debt service 289 Reserved for TID No. 5 debt service 134,708 Reserved for TID No. 6 debt service 175,521 Reserved for police station debt service 3,269 Total Non-Major Fund Reserved Fund Balance \$ 3,983,189

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)	
H. NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES (cont.)	
Governmental Activities (cont.)	
Unreserved Fund Balance Major Funds General Fund – Contingencies General Fund – Subsequent year's budget	\$ 230,000 906,780
Total General Fund – Designated	<u>\$ 1,136,780</u>
General Fund – Undesignated	\$ 3,724,816
Paramedic Rescue Fund – Undesignated	<u>\$ 413,566</u>
Capital Improvements Fund – Designated	<u>\$ 11,004,401</u>
Non-Major Funds Special Revenue Funds Solid waste fund Donation and Activity fund WE energies fund Low Income Loan fund Park Escrow fund Special Assessment fund Economic Development fund Asset forfeiture fund Stormwater fund	\$ 69,960 128,573 318,592 7,773 464,081 203,448 109,035 6,038 79,901
Total	<u>\$ 1,387,401</u>
Capital Projects Funds Developer agreement TIF No. 7 Capital projects fund (deficit)	\$ 12,694 (453,839)
Total (Deficit)	<u>\$ (441,145</u>)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	
Land and land rights	\$ 413,786
Construction in progress	2,607,805
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	96,297,256
Less: related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital	
related debt proceeds)	(12,290,797)
Total Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	87,028,050
Restricted	
Debt service	1,624,450
Depreciation	202,210
Total Restricted	1,826,660
Unrestricted	9,165,125
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$ 98,019,835

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All eligible city employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS). All permanent employees expected to work over 600 hours a year are eligible to participate in the System. Covered employees in the General category are required by statute to contribute 6.0% of their salary (3.0% for Executives and Elected Officials, 5.1% for Protective Occupations with Social Security, and 3.4% for Protective Occupations without Social Security) to the plan. Employers generally make these contributions to the plan on behalf of employees. Employers are required to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to fund the remaining projected cost of future benefits.

The payroll for city employees covered by the system for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$16,221,363; the employer's total payroll was \$16,462,590. The total required contribution for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$2,437,471 or 15% of covered payroll. Of this amount, 100% was contributed by the employer for the current year. Total contributions for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were \$2,330,821 and \$2,177,733, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2008

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (62 for elected officials and 54 for protective occupation employees with less than 25 years of service, 53 for protective occupation employees with more than 25 years of service) are entitled to receive a retirement benefit. Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive actuarially reduced benefits. The factors influencing the benefit are: 1) final average earnings, 2) years of creditable service, and 3) a formula factor. Final average earnings is the average of the employee's three highest years earnings. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and, by doing so, forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefit. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990 and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 are immediately vested.

The System also provides death and disability benefits for employees. Eligibility for and the amount of all benefits is determined under Chapter 40 of Wisconsin Statutes. The System issues an annual financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Department of Employee Trust Funds, P.O. Box 7931, Madison, WI 53707-7931.

The pension related debt for the city as of December 31, 2008, was \$-0-.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The city purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission and workers compensation. Employee health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the city in the health insurance internal service fund, which includes commercial insurance and self-funding. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Self Insurance

For health claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$80,000 deductible per individual and \$4,831,932 in the aggregate for a policy year. Claims in excess of those amounts are covered by specific reinsurance up to \$1,920,000 lifetime maximum reimbursement and aggregate reinsurance up to a \$1,000,000 lifetime maximum per individual. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

All funds in the city participate in the health and dental insurance internal service fund. Amounts payable to the health insurance fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. \$2,562,438 was designated for that reserve at year end, and is included in unrestricted net assets of the internal service fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Self Insurance (cont.)

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probably that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The City does not allocated overhead costs or other nonincremental costs to the claims liability.

Claims Liability

	Prior Year			Current Year		
Unpaid claims – Beginning of Year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments		343,202 3,703,319 3,662,159)	\$	384,362 4,039,272 (4,116,183)		
Unpaid Claims – End of Year	\$	384,362	\$	307,451		

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC) Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The city does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from: Cities and Village Mutual Insurance Company, 1250 South Sunnyslope Road, Suite 105, Brookfield, WI 53005.

The city pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the city's retained liability. The city's retained liability is limited to \$37,500 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$150,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2008

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the city is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the city's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the city's financial position or results of operations.

The city has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

On February 14, 2008, the City of Franklin and the City of Franklin Water and Sewer Utility (Franklin) have filed a notice of claim with the City of Oak Creek and the Oak Creek Water and Sewer Utility (Oak Creek) in the amount of \$303,438, plus accrued interest. This notice of claim arose from a prior dispute between Franklin and Oak Creek regarding the transfer of the retail water district that Oak Creek had in the City of Franklin. Franklin is claiming that the transfer did not take place in a timely manner and that it is entitled to lost revenue as a result of the delay in the transfer. During 2008, the Oak Creek Water and Sewer Utility paid \$227,500 to the City of Franklin and the City of Franklin Water and Sewer Utility to settle this claim.

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The city administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides health insurance contributions for eligible retirees and their spouses through the city's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive lifetime healthcare insurance at established contribution rates. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the city and the union. The City made health insurance contributions of 95% on behalf of all active employees and 0-40% on behalf of retirees for the year 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The city's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the city's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to plan, and changes in the city's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual Required Contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$ 6,714,701 -
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual OPEB cost	6,714,701
Contributions made	(2,231,298)
Increase in net OPEB obligation (Liability)	4,483,403
Net OPEB Obligation (Liability) – Beginning of Year	
Net OPEB Obligation (Liability) – End of Year	\$ 4,483,403

The city's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2008 were as follows:

		Percentage of Annual OPEB	
Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Liability
12/31/2008	\$ 6,714,701	33.2%	\$ 4,483,403

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 65,760,686
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 65,760,686
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 16,221,363
UAAL as percentage of covered payroll	405.4%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a five percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6 percent initially, increasing to 7.5 percent in years 2 through 4, and reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent after ten years. Both rates include a 3.2 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of Retiree Health Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2008, was 29 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. SPECIAL ITEMS

The city entered into an agreement with Wisconsin Energy Corporation (WEC). WEC is expanding its electric generating facilities within the City of Oak Creek by creating three new units. WEC is expected to pay the following annual mitigation payments to the city 30 days after the commencement of construction:

Elm Road Unit 1	\$1,500,000
Elm Road Unit 2	750,000
Elm Road Unit 3	250,000

The payments are required annually unless the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin determines that these payments may not be included in the rent payments of the facilities lease or a new unit ceases operation after start-up and is decommissioned.

In 2008, the city received \$2,250,000.

During 2008, the service utility of the City of Oak Creek Water Utility's aquifer storage and recovery became impaired as a result of its inability to achieve geochemical stability in the aquifer, as indicated by increased manganese levels released from the aquifer above the state's groundwater standard. As a result, the City of Oak Creek Water Utility incurred an impairment loss in the amount of \$440,153, which is reported as a special item in the financial statements.

F. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets and Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. Application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 19, 2009, the City of Oak Creek Water Utility entered into a ten year promissory note with Black Bear Bottling Group, LLC in the amount of \$200,000. Monthly payments of \$2,220, at 6% interest, are to be received beginning on March 1, 2009 and terminating on February 1, 2019.

The Oak Creek Water Utility has issued \$12,500,000 of Waterworks System Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes dated April 1, 2009. The proceeds of these notes will be used for capital expansion of the water treatment plant. The notes have a 4% interest rate and will mature on April 1, 2011.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
TAXES	1 mai budget	Actual	Tillal budget
General property taxes	\$ 12,263,440	\$ 12,090,250	\$ (173,190)
Motel room tax	400,000	400,180	180
Mobile home taxes	75,000	77,985	2,985
Other taxes	3,000	75,315	72,315
TOTALS	12,741,440	12,643,730	(97,710)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES			
Shared taxes from state	2,290,415	2,289,619	(796)
Fire insurance tax from state	87,000	87,210	210
State transportation aids	1,550,697	1,549,638	(1,059)
State computer aids	-	173,190	173,190
Other state aids	-	6,010	6,010
Health department block grant	25,000	41,818	16,818
Police grants	92,000	119,838	27,838
Development CDBG grants	27,500	5,747	(21,753)
County aids	-	2,261	2,261
FEMA grants		318,607	318,607
TOTALS	4,072,612	4,593,938	521,326
REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE			
Licenses	00.005	07.070	4
Liquor and beer	26,395	27,970	1,575
Publishing fees	600	570	(30)
Operators Amusement devices	7,000 6,000	8,270	1,270
Amusement devices Amusement operators	2,700	6,175 3,000	175 300
Electrical	4,500	4,590	90
Miscellaneous - business	5,500	7,380	1,880
Miscellaneous - non-business	100	46	(54)
DATCP	9,500	9,722	222
FSRL	20,500	23,590	3,090
Landfill	500	750	250
Permits			
Building	300,000	272,892	(27,108)
Electrical	100,000	91,807	(8,193)
Plumbing	96,000	82,952	(13,048)
Street opening	20,000	14,978	(5,022)
Erosion control	15,000	10,367	(4,633)
Sundry	400	415	15
Cable TV	320,000	341,715	21,715
AT&T video service	300	26,490	26,190
Retiree drug subsidy	75,000	84,244	9,244
Court fines	400,000	421,239	21,239
TOTALS	1,409,995	1,439,162	29,167
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES			
General Government			
Property status letter fees	3,500	4,650	1,150
Photo copies sold	2,000	2,140	140
Postage reimbursement	200	32	(168)
Zoning/housing appeal fees	500	1,000	500
Rezoning petitions and filing fees	3,000	775	(2,225)
Right of way vacation fees		60	60
Special use request fees	5,000	16,000	11,000
Filing fee - certified survey maps	6,000	6,325	325
Plan commission agenda fees	12,000	8,950	(3,050)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (cont.)

	Original and			Variance with	
	Final Budget		Actual	Final Budget	
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES (cont.)		_			
General Government (cont.)					
Subdivision plat fees	\$ 500	\$	950	\$ 450	
Maps sold	100		25	(75)	
Public Safety			= 0.10	5 040	
State DWI seizures	1.000		5,016	5,016	
Police patrol service fees Miscellaneous fees	5,000		1,385 3,165	385 (1,835)	
Copies of police and fire reports	2,000		2,050	(1,055)	
False alarm penalties	7,500		13,850	6,350	
Health and Sanitation	.,		,	5,555	
Health Department					
School district	-		285	285	
Clinic fees	18,000		57,021	39,021	
Pet license fees/Humane Society	10,000		12,509	2,509	
Public Works	40.000		00.700	47.700	
Weed cutting	16,000		33,700	17,700	
Sale of culvert pipe Culvert installation	7,000 5,000		11,616 5,838	4,616 838	
Library	3,000		3,030	030	
Other income	25,000		25,279	279	
Photocopies	5,000		4,487	(513)	
Recreation	150,000		156,987	6,987	
Sanitarian					
Pre-inspection	500		2,377	1,877	
Re-incpection	125		-	(125)	
Regular service fee	24,000		35,201	11,201	
Miscellaneous charges for services	2,500	_	1,935	(565)	
TOTALS	311,425	-	413,608	102,183	
INVESTMENT INCOME					
Investment Income					
Investments	600,000		471,767	(128,233)	
Taxes	70,000		55,687	(14,313)	
Invoices		_	2,336	2,336	
TOTALS	670,000		529,790	(140,210)	
MISCELLANEOUS INCOME					
Land rentals	250		265	15	
T-Mobile lease	23,900		23,900	-	
AT&T American tower lease	-		2,000	2,000	
Insurance incentives	-		49,853	49,853	
Insurance recoveries	-		23,301	23,301	
Miscellaneous revenues	2,000		2,344	344	
TOTALS	26,150	****	101,663	75,513	
INTERFUND CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Engineering and administration charged to capital projects	240,000		160,909	(79,091)	
Highway equipment service fee	25,000		47,461	22,461	
Administrative services charged to enterprise funds	39,700		39,700	-	
TOTALS	304,700		248,070	(56,630)	
TOTAL REVENUES	19,536,322		19,969,961	433,639	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (cont.)

	Original and		Variance with
	J	ا مدیده	Variance with
CENEDAL COVERNMENT	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT General government	Ф 0 074 COO	Ф 0 500 4.47	ф <u>505</u> 540
U	\$ 3,071,690	\$ 2,536,147	\$ 535,543
Building maintenance City administrator	570,250	511,190	59,060
Data processing	230,375	227,610	2,765
City clerk	545,075	543,877	1,198
Treasurer	560,005	502,157	57,848
Assessor	188,595	170,827	17,768
	192,925	180,592	12,333
Attorney and legal	288,380	243,774	44,606
Community development	323,780	309,797	13,983
TOTALS	5,971,075	5,225,971	745,104
PUBLIC SAFETY			
Police department	8,175,595	7,870,538	305,057
Emergency operations	23,735	15,204	8,531
Fire department	1,301,725	1,316,449	(14,724)
Inspection	707,200	618,544	88,656
TOTALS	10,208,255	9,820,735	387,520
			,
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES			
Health department	603,305	569,632	33,673
TOTALS	603,305	569,632	33,673
	<u> </u>		
PUBLIC WORKS			
Engineering	1,089,995	966,240	123,755
Streets	2,502,650	2,581,050	(78,400)
TOTALS	3,592,645	3,547,290	45,355
•			
LEISURE ACTIVITIES			
Recreation	1,149,620	1,081,461	68,159
Library	795,240	752,113	43,127
TOTALS	1,944,860	1,833,574	111,286
IOIALS	1,344,000	1,033,374	111,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	22,320,140	20,997,202	1,322,938

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (cont.)

	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of city equipment	\$ 6,000	\$ 8,835	\$ 2,835
Transfer in - tax equivalent	1,110,000	1,152,332	42,332
•			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,116,000	1,161,167	45,167
(0000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,667,818)	133.926	1.801.744
	(1,001,010)	.55,525	.,00.,
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	6,020,622	6.020.622	_
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,352,804	\$ 6,154,548	\$ 1,801,744
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, - 0 . ,

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARAMEDIC RESCUE FUND

		riginal and inal Budget	Actual		iance with
REVENUES				-	
Taxes	\$	3,195,000	\$ 3,195,000	\$	-
Public charges for services		930,000	1,254,423		324,423
Investment income	_	15,000	 31,936		16,936
Total Revenues		4,140,000	 4,481,359		341,359
EXPENDITURES Public Safety	_	4,471,330	 4,554,597		(83,267)
Total Expenditures		4,471,330	 4,554,597		(83,267)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(331,330)	(73,238)		258,092
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		486,804	486,804		512,567
5 0				***************************************	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	155,474	\$ 413,566	\$	770,659

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN - HEALTH CARE SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

			Actuarial				
		Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
	Valuation	Assets	- Projected unit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
_	Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
	12/31/08	\$	- \$ 65,760,686	\$ 65,760,686	0%	\$ 16,221,363	405.4%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2008

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principles and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

FUNDING PROGRESS DATA

The data presented in the Schedule of Funding Progress was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2008

Special Revenue Funds	Developer Agreement Special Economic Future Impact Fee Asset Storm Assessment Development Improvements Escrow Forfeiture Water Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund	99 \$ 30,384 \$ 830,621 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$	\$ 2,118,481 \$ 425,476 \$ 830,621 \$ 3,015,318 \$ 6,038 \$ 707,775	\$ 1372 \$ - \$ 313 - 1,540 15,221 - 499,252 1,408 - 1,915,033 1,541	- 314,900 - 3,014,946 - 6,038 <u>79,901</u> 203,448 423,935 - 6,038 <u>79,901</u>	\$ 2,118,481 \$ 425,476 \$ 830,621 \$ 3,015,318 \$ 6,038 \$ 707,775
	Park Escrow Fund	\$ 464,081	\$ 464,081	φ	464,081	\$ 464,081
	Low Income Loan Fund	\$ 11,829	\$ 33,762	\$ 4,056 - 21,933 - 25,989	7,773	\$ 33,762
	WE Energies Fund	\$258,412 144,094	\$402,506	\$ 66,681	318,592	\$402,506
	Donation and Activity Fund	\$132,709 1,202	\$133,911	\$ 5,338	128,573	\$133,911
	Solid Waste Fund	\$ 137,904 1,025,000	\$ 1,162,904	\$ 53,062 14,882 1,025,000	096'69	\$ 1,162,904 \$133,911
		ASSETS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds Restricted cash and investments	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accured liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Deferred revenues Deferred revenues Total Liabilities	Fund Balances Reserved Unreserved Undesignated (deficit) Total Fund Balances	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (cont.) December 31, 2008

			Debt Service Funds	spu		Capital Projects Funds	ital s Funds	
	Debt Amortization Fund	TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund	TIF No. 5 ce Debt Service Fund	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund	Police Station Debt Service Fund	Developer Agreement Fund	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Taxes received to	\$ 339,556	\$ 290	⇔	\$ 175,521	\$ 3,270			\$ 2,926,628
Accounts receivable	1 1	402,5¢	- 114,043	201,102	984,079	38,177	1 1	3,696,082 263,665
opedal assessing its receivable Loans receivable	I t			, ,		1		1,476,940 21,933
Due from other funds Restricted cash and investments	1 1		1 4	1 1	1 F		1 1	314,900
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 339,556	\$ 402,974	74 \$ 249,352	\$ 403,223	\$ 987,349	\$ 38,177	- -	\$ 11,721,504
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable	€	€9	Э	. ↔	€	•	\$ 70,069	\$ 199,892
Accrued liabilities Deposits	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		48,876 830,621
Due to other funds Deferred revenues	, ,	402,685	- 35 114,644	227,702	- 984,080	25,483	383,770	909,913 3,386,976
Deferred revenues - special assessments Total Liabilities	1 8	402,685	35 114,644	227,702	984,080	25,483	453,839	1,415,781 6,792,059
Fund Balances Reserved Unreserved	339,556	58	134,708	175,521	3,269	•	1	3,983,189
Undesignated (deficit) Total Fund Balances	339,556	28	- 289 134,708	175,521	3,269	12,694	(453,839) (453,839)	946,256
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 339,556	\$ 402,974	74 \$ 249,352	\$ 403,223	\$ 987,349	\$ 38,177	\$	\$ 11,721,504

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

					Special R	Special Revenue Funds				
	Solid Waste	Donation and Activity	WE Energies	Low Income Loan	Park Escrow	Special Assessment	Economic Development	Impact Fee Escrow	Asset Forfeiture	Storm
REVENUES		5	2	5	2	מוחב	בחב	Find	Fund	Fund
l axes Intergovernmental	\$1,000,000	\$ 66.835	•	, &	· •	· &9	\$ 80,192	ı \$	- €9	, €9
Public charges for service	8,520			1	5,750		1 1	215,985		596,553
Special assessments / developer contributions Investment income	12 271	1	- 4 870	- 030	, 0	222,485		1 .	•	i ,
Miscellaneous	52,709	167,144	176,159	4,030	901,100	707'06	6,064	88,5/1	113 5 688	4,504
Total Revenues	1,212,697	233,979	177,831	4,056	16,938	318,737	86,256	304,556	5,801	601,057
EXPENDITURES Curent General Polygonamons										
Public Safety	1 1	36,357	219,11 <i>f</i> 902,827	, ,	1 1		1 1	• •	10.862	
Public works Health and burner services	1,236,232	1 000	1	•	•	1	1	i	'	543,869
Leisure activities		130,814			1.815			- 02 496	1	
Conservation and development	•	1		4,056	2	•	51,749	94,490	1 1	
Capital Outral Debt Service	1	•	•	1	•	•	ľ	1	•	1
Principal	•	•	•	•	r	4	1		1	•
Interest	1 000 000	100000				1			1	t
i otal Expenditures	1,236,232	229,667	1,121,944	4,056	1,815	1	51,749	92,496	10,862	543,869
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(23.535)	4.312	(944 113)	,	15 103	218 727	24 507	0,000	n 20	1
	(200,020)	410,1	011,410		13,123	510,737	34,507	212,060	(5,061)	57,188
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	1 1		8,378 (1,185,000)	4 4	1 1	(350.000)	40,000	- (685 822)	4 4	8,670
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(1,176,622)	F	4	(350,000)	40,000	(685,822)	1	(241,330)
Net change in fund balances	(23,535)	4,312	(2,120,735)	•	15,123	(31,263)	74,507	(473,762)	(5,061)	(184,142)
SPECIAL ITEM Power generating facility mitigation revenue	1	1	2,250,000		1	1	ı	ı	t	•
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	93,495	124,261	189,327	7,773	448,958	234,711	349,428	3,488,708	11,099	264,043
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 69,960	\$ 128,573	\$ 318,592	\$ 7,773	\$ 464,081	\$ 203,448	\$ 423,935	\$ 3,014,946	\$ 6,038	\$ 79,901

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Cort.) For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

			Debt Service Funds	ce Funds			Capital Projects Funds	- unds	
	DPW Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund	TIF No. 5 Debt Service Fund	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Find	Police Station Debt Service Find	Developer Agreements	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental
REVENUES						3		2	2
Taxes	€9	, es	\$ 223,178	\$ 105,167	\$ 219,495	\$ 950,000	· •	· •	\$ 2,578,032
Intergovernmental	•	1	1,173	3,912	185	•	1	•	211,302
Public charges for service	•	1	1	1	1	•	•	•	826,808
Special assessments / developer contributions	1	' 0	131,081		1	•	102,670	•	456,236
Missellancome		6,868	2,644	3,177	5,114	1,270	315		244,079
Miscellaneous				1		1	1	1	401,700
Total Revenues		6,868	358,076	112,256	224,794	951,270	102,985	1	4,718,157
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government	•	,	•	•	i	٠	•	•	219.117
Public Safety	•	•	•	ı	ı	r	,	1	950,046
Public works	•	•	ı	•	1	ı	1	•	1,780,101
Health and human services	1	•	•	t	t	1	1	1	62,496
Leisure activities	•	1	1	•	1	•	•	İ	225,125
Conservation and development	4	•	•	t	1	•	1	1	55,805
Capital Outlay	•	ı	ı	1	1		32,575	182,018	214,593
Debt Service									
Principal	• !	•	360,000	80,000	_	650,000	i	•	1,190,000
Interest	117,007	1		13,901		398,713	•	•	576,496
Total Expenditures	117,007	•	360,000	93,901	146,875	1,048,713	32,575	182,018	5,273,779
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures	(117,007)	6,868	(1,924)	18,355	77,919	(97,443)	70,410	(182,018)	(555,622)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	117,007	•	•	•	ı	100,000	1	•	274,055
I ransters out	1	•	t	1	1	-	(26,700)	-	(2,497,522)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	117,007			=	1	100,000	(26,700)		(2,223,467)
Net change in fund balances	1	6,868	(1,924)	18,355	77,919	2,557	43,710	(182,018)	(2,779,089)
SPECIAL ITEM Power generating facility mitigation revenue		•	ı	'	•	•	ı	1	2,250,000
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning									
of Year		332,688	2,213	116,353	97,602	712	(31,016)	(271,821)	5,458,534
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -									
END OF YEAR	\$	\$ 339,556	\$ 289	\$ 134,708	\$ 175,521	\$ 3,269	\$ 12,694	\$(453,839)	\$ 4,929,445