FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED APRIL 24, 2024

NEW ISSUES Not Bank Qualified Moody's Rated Tax-Exempt Notes "MIG 1" Taxable Notes "Aa2" (See "RATINGS" herein)

In the opinion of Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel, assuming continued compliance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, under existing law interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes is excludable from gross income and is not an item of tax preference for federal income tax purposes; however, interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code). The Tax-Exempt Notes shall NOT be "qualified tax-exempt obligations". See "TAX EXEMPTION – TAX-EXEMPT NOTES" herein for a more detailed discussion of some of the federal income tax consequences of owning the Tax-Exempt Notes. The interest on the Taxable Notes is included in gross income for federal income tax purposes. See "TAXABILITY OF INTEREST – TAXABLE NOTES" herein. The interest on the Notes is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

CITY OF OAK CREEK Milwaukee County, Wisconsin \$2,505,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024A \$6,530,000 Taxable Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024B

Dated: May 20, 2024

Due: As shown herein

The \$2,505,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024A (the "Tax-Exempt Notes") and the \$6,530,000 Taxable Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024B (the "Taxable Notes" and collectively with the Tax-Exempt Notes, the "Notes") will be dated May 20, 2024, and will be in the denomination of \$5,000 each or any multiple thereof. The Tax-Exempt Notes will mature on April 1, 2026. The Taxable Notes will mature on April 1, 2028. Interest on the Notes shall be payable commencing on October 1, 2024 and semi-annually thereafter on April 1 and October 1. Associated Trust Company, National Association, Green Bay, Wisconsin, will serve as paying agent for the Notes.

The Notes will be issued pursuant to Section 67.12(1)(b) of the Wisconsin Statutes, shall in no event be general obligations of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City"), and do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, nor a charge against its general credit or taxing power. The Notes are payable only from (a) any proceeds of the Notes set aside for payment of interest on the Notes as it becomes due; and (b) proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of general obligation promissory notes, which proceeds are pledged for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Notes until paid. The proceeds from the sale of the Tax-Exempt Notes will be used for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of bluff stabilization and revetment. The proceeds from the sale of the Taxable Notes will be used for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of property acquisition. (See "THE FINANCING PLAN" herein.)

The Tax-Exempt Notes shall be subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2025 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part, by lot at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The Taxable Notes shall be subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2027 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part, by lot at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. (See "REDEMPTION PROVISIONS" herein.)

The Notes will be issued only as fully registered Notes and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as the securities depository of the Notes. Individual purchases will be made in book-entry form only in denominations of \$5,000 principal amount or any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers of the Notes will not receive certificates representing their interest in the Notes purchased. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.)

The City's Notes are offered when, as and if issued subject to the approval of legality by Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Bond Counsel. Quarles & Brady LLP will also act as Disclosure Counsel for the City. The anticipated settlement date for the Notes is on or about May 20, 2024.



MATURITY SCHEDULES

\$2,505,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024A Dated: May 20, 2024 Due: April 1, 2026 Callable: April 1, 2025 CUSIP⁽¹⁾ Base (April 1) Amount Yield 671137 Rate 2026 \$2,505,000 4.00% 3.80% P27 \$6,530,000 Taxable Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024B Dated: May 20, 2024 Due: April 1, 2028 Callable: April 1, 2027 CUSIP⁽¹⁾

				0001
				Base
<u>(April 1)</u>	Amount	Rate	<u>Yield</u>	<u>671137</u>
2028	\$6,530,000	5.10%	5.10%	P35

⁽¹⁾ CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP Global Services (CGS) is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by FactSet Research Systems Inc. Copyright(c) 2024 CUSIP Global Services. All rights reserved. CUSIP® data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for services provided by CGS. CUSIP® numbers are provided for convenience of reference only. None of the City, the Underwriter or their agents or counsel assume responsibility for the accuracy of such numbers.

CITY OF OAK CREEK (Milwaukee County, Wisconsin)

COMMON COUNCIL

Daniel Bukiewicz, Mayor

Kenneth Gehl, President Chris Guzikowski, Alderperson Steven Kurkowski, Alderperson Gregory Loreck, Alderperson Lisa Marshall, Alderperson James Ruetz, Alderperson

ADMINISTRATION

Andrew J. Vickers, City Administrator Maxwell C. Gagin, Deputy City Administrator/Finance Officer Catherine A. Roeske, City Clerk Sara Kawczynski, City Treasurer Melissa Karls, City Attorney

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Underwriter:	Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Bond Counsel:	Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Disclosure Counsel:	Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Paying Agent:	Associated Trust Company, National Association, Green Bay, Wisconsin

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement is being distributed in connection with the sale of the Notes referred to in this Official Statement and may not be used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person is authorized to make any representations concerning the Notes other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations may not be relied upon as statements of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City"). This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Notes by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such an offer, solicitation or sale.

Unless otherwise indicated, the City is the source of the information contained in this Official Statement. Certain information in this Official Statement has been obtained by the City or on its behalf from The Depository Trust Company and other non-City sources that the City believes to be reliable. No representation or warranty is made, however, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information. Nothing contained in this Official Statement is a provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. The information and opinions expressed in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made under this Official Statement shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the financial condition or operations of the City or other information in this Official Statement, since the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement contains statements that are "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. When used in this Official Statement, the words "estimate," "intend," "project" or "projection," "expect" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which are discussed herein, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Investors and prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety. No one factor should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its position in this Official Statement. Where statutes, ordinances, reports or other documents are referred to in this Official Statement, reference should be made to those documents for more complete information regarding their subject matter.

The Notes will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the securities laws of any state of the United States, and will not be listed on any stock or other securities exchange. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state, municipal or other governmental entity shall have passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE NOTES, THE UNDERWRITER MAY OR MAY NOT OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE NOTES AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRICES AND OTHER TERMS RESPECTING THE OFFERING AND SALE OF THE NOTES MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITER AFTER THE NOTES ARE RELEASED FOR SALE AND THE NOTES MAY BE OFFERED AND SOLD AT PRICES OTHER THAN THE INITIAL OFFERING PRICES, INCLUDING SALES TO DEALERS WHO MAY SELL THE NOTES INTO INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS.

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SUMMARY – TAX-EXEMPT NOTES		
City:	City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin (the "City").	
Issue:	\$2,505,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024A (the "Tax-Exempt Notes").	
Dated Date:	May 20, 2024.	
Interest Due:	Interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes shall be payable commencing on October 1, 2024 and semiannually thereafter on April 1 and October 1 of each year. Interest is calculated on the basis of a 30-day month and a 360-day year.	
Principal Due:	April 1, 2026.	
Redemption Provision:	The Tax-Exempt Notes are subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2025 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part by lot, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The amount of the Tax-Exempt Notes to be redeemed shall be selected by the City. If less than the entire principal amount is to be redeemed, the Tax-Exempt Notes which are to be redeemed shall be selected by the Silven by mailing a notice thereof by registered or certified mail, facsimile or electronic transmission, or any other manner required by DTC not less than thirty (30) days nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Tax-Exempt Notes to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books. (See "REDEMPTION PROVISIONS" herein.)	
Security:	The Tax-Exempt Notes shall in no event be general obligations of the City, and do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, nor a charge against its general credit or taxing power. The Tax-Exempt Notes are payable only from (a) any proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Notes set aside for payment of interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes as it becomes due; and (b) proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of general obligation promissory notes, which the City has authorized and covenanted to issue and which proceeds have been declared by the City to constitute a special trust fund to be held solely for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes until paid.	
	If the City is unable to access the debt market when the principal on the Tax-Exempt Notes comes due, the debt service on the Tax-Exempt Notes would have to be paid from amounts available within the levy limits and the City may not have sufficient amounts available for such purposes (see "LEVY LIMITS" herein).	
Purpose:	The proceeds from the sale of the Tax-Exempt Notes will be used to provide interim financing for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of bluff stabilization and revetment. (See "THE FINANCING PLAN" herein.)	
Tax Status:	Interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. (See "TAX EXEMPTION – TAX-EXEMPT NOTES" herein.)	
No Bank Qualification:	The Tax-Exempt Notes shall <u>NOT</u> be "qualified tax-exempt obligations".	
Credit Rating:	The Tax-Exempt Notes have been assigned a "MIG 1" rating by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (See "RATINGS" herein.)	
Record Date:	The 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each interest payment date.	

Information set forth on this page is qualified by the entire Official Statement. A full review of the entire Official Statement should be made by potential investors.

SUMMARY – TAXABLE NOTES		
City:	City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin (the "City").	
lssue:	\$6,530,000 Taxable Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024B (the "Taxable Notes").	
Dated Date:	May 20, 2024.	
Interest Due:	Interest on the Taxable Notes shall be payable commencing on October 1, 2024 and semiannually thereafter on April 1 and October 1 of each year. Interest is calculated on the basis of a 30-day month and a 360-day year.	
Principal Due:	April 1, 2028.	
Redemption Provision:	The Taxable Notes are subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2027 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part by lot, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The amount of the Taxable Notes to be redeemed shall be selected by the City. If less than the entire principal amount is to be redeemed, the Taxable Notes which are to be redeemed shall be selected by the City. If less than the entire principal amount is to be redeemed, the Taxable Notes which are to be redeemed shall be selected by lot. Notice of such call shall be given by mailing a notice thereof by registered or certified mail, facsimile or electronic transmission, or any other manner required by DTC not less than thirty (30) days nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Taxable Notes to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books. (See "REDEMPTION PROVISIONS" herein.)	
Security:	The Taxable Notes shall in no event be general obligations of the City, and do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, nor a charge against its general credit or taxing power. The Taxable Notes are payable only from (a) any proceeds of the Taxable Notes set aside for payment of interest on the Taxable Notes as it becomes due; and (b) proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of general obligation promissory notes, which the City has authorized and covenanted to issue and which proceeds have been declared by the City to constitute a special trust fund to be held solely for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Taxable Notes.	
Purpose:	The proceeds from the sale of the Taxable Notes will be used to provide interim financing for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of property acquisition. (See "THE FINANCING PLAN" herein.)	
Tax Status:	Interest on the Taxable Notes is included in gross income for federal income tax purposes. (See "TAXABILITY OF INTEREST – TAXABLE NOTES" herein.)	
Credit Rating:	The Taxable Notes have been assigned a "Aa2" rating by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (See "RATINGS" herein.)	
Record Date:	The 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each interest payment date.	

Information set forth on this page is qualified by the entire Official Statement. A full review of the entire Official Statement should be made by potential investors.

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Official Statement presents certain information relating to the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City" and the "State", respectively) in connection with the sale of the City's \$2,505,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024A (the "Tax-Exempt Notes") and the \$6,530,000 Taxable Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024B (the "Taxable Notes" and collectively with the Tax-Exempt Notes, the "Notes"). The Notes are issued pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State and the parameters resolutions (the "Parameters Resolutions") adopted by the Common Council and other proceedings and determinations related thereto.

All summaries of statutes, documents and the Parameters Resolutions contained in this Official Statement are subject to all the provisions of, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such statutes, documents and the Parameters Resolutions, and references herein to the Notes are qualified in their entirety by reference to the forms thereof included in the Parameters Resolutions. Copies of the Parameters Resolutions may be obtained from the Underwriter (defined herein) upon request.

THE FINANCING PLAN

The proceeds from the sale of the Tax-Exempt Notes will be used to provide interim financing for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of bluff stabilization and revetment.

The City currently intends to refund the Tax-Exempt Notes in 2025 with the proceeds of general obligation refunding bonds.

The proceeds from the sale of the Taxable Notes will be used to provide interim financing for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of property acquisition.

The City currently intends to refund the Taxable Notes in the spring of 2028 with the proceeds of taxable general obligation refunding bonds.

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES

Tax-Exempt Notes

Sources of Funds	
Par Amount of Tax-Exempt Notes	\$2,505,000.00
Reoffering Premium	4,108.20
Total Sources of Funds	\$2,509,108.20
<u>Uses of Funds</u>	
Deposit to Project Fund	\$2,370,000.00
Deposit to Capitalized Interest Fund	91,243.20
Cost of Issuance	37,845.00
Underwriter's Discount	10,020.00
Total Uses of Funds	\$2,509,108.20
Taxable Notes	
Sources of Funds	
Par Amount of Taxable Notes	\$6,530,000.00
Total Sources of Funds	\$6,530,000.00
<u>Uses of Funds</u>	
Deposit to Project Fund	\$5,300,000.00
Deposit to Capitalized Interest Fund	1,124,755.00
Cost of Issuance	53,005.00
Underwriter's Discount	52,240.00
Total Uses of Funds	\$6,530,000.00

REDEMPTION PROVISIONS

Optional Redemption - Tax-Exempt Notes

The Tax-Exempt Notes shall be subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2025 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part by lot at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Optional Redemption – Taxable Notes

The Taxable Notes shall be subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2027 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part by lot at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS CONCERNING THE CITY'S POWER TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS

The Constitution and laws of the State limit the power of the City (and other municipalities of the State) to issue obligations and to contract indebtedness. Such constitutional and legislative limitations include the following, in summary form and as generally applicable to the City.

<u>Purpose</u>

The City may not borrow money or issue notes or bonds therefore for any purpose except those specified by statute, which include among others the purposes for which the Notes are being issued.

General Obligation Bonds

The principal amount of every sum borrowed by the City and secured by an issue of bonds may be payable at one time in a single payment or at several times in two or more installments; however, no installment may be made payable later than the termination of twenty years immediately following the date of the bonds. The Common Council of the City is required to levy a direct, annual, irrepealable tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on such bonds as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof at maturity. Bonds issued by the City to refinance or refund outstanding notes or bonds issued by the City may be payable no later than twenty years following the original date of such notes or bonds.

Refunding Bonds

In addition to being authorized to issue bonds, the City is authorized to borrow money using refunding bonds for refunding existing debt. To evidence such indebtedness, the City must issue to the lender its refunding bonds (with interest) payable within a period not exceeding twenty years following the initial date of the debt to be refunded. Such refunding bonds constitute a general obligation of the City. Refunding bonds are not subject to referendum.

Bond or Note Anticipation Notes

In anticipation of issuing general obligation bonds or notes, the City is authorized to borrow money using bond or note anticipation notes. The bond or note anticipation notes shall in no event be a general obligation of the City, and do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, nor a charge against its general credit or taxing power. The bond or note anticipation notes are payable only from (a) proceeds of the bond or note anticipation notes set aside for payment of interest on the bond or note anticipation notes as they become due, and, (b) proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds or promissory notes which proceeds constitute a special trust fund to be held and expended solely for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bond or note anticipation notes. The maximum term of any bond or note anticipation notes (including any refunding) is five years.

Promissory Notes

In addition to being authorized to issue bonds, the City is authorized to borrow money using notes for any public purpose. To evidence such indebtedness, the City must issue to the lender its promissory notes (with interest) payable within a period not exceeding 20 years following the date of said notes. Such notes constitute a general obligation of the City. Notes may be issued to refinance or refund outstanding notes. However, such notes may be payable not later than twenty years following the original date of such notes.

<u>Debt Limit</u>

The City has the power to contract indebtedness for purposes specified by statute so long as the principal amount thereof does not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City. For information with respect to the City's percent of legal debt incurred, see the caption "Debt Limit", herein.

THE PARAMETERS RESOLUTIONS

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Parameters Resolutions adopted by the Common Council pursuant to the procedures prescribed by Wisconsin Statutes. Reference is made to the Parameters Resolutions for a complete recital of their terms.

The Parameters Resolutions

Tax-Exempt Notes

By way of the parameters resolution adopted on April 16, 2024 (the "Parameters Resolution for the Tax-Exempt Notes"), the Common Council delegated authority to its City Administrator or Deputy City Administrator/Finance Officer (each an "Authorized Officer") to accept the proposal of the Underwriter (the "Note Purchase Agreement for the Tax-Exempt Notes") for the purchase of the Tax-Exempt Notes, provided the Note Purchase Agreement for the Tax-Exempt Notes met the parameters set forth in the Parameters Resolution for the Tax-Exempt Notes, by executing an Approving Certificate (the "Approving Certificate for the Tax-Exempt Notes"). Pursuant to the Parameters Resolution for the Tax-Exempt Notes, the Common Council covenanted to issue general obligation promissory notes as soon as practicable, as necessary to pay the Tax-Exempt Notes. Additionally, the City has authority under Wisconsin Statutes to issue general obligation refunding bonds to pay the Tax-Exempt Notes. In the Parameters Resolution for the Tax-Exempt Notes, the City has covenanted that it will not incur additional general obligation debt unless it has sufficient debt issuance capacity to permit the issuance of (a) the general obligation notes or bonds in an amount sufficient to pay the Tax-Exempt Notes and (b) the debt proposed to be incurred.

If the City is unable to access the debt market when the principal on the Tax-Exempt Notes comes due, the debt service on the Tax-Exempt Notes would have to be paid from amounts available within the levy limits and the City may not have sufficient amounts available for such purposes (see "LEVY LIMITS" herein).

Taxable Notes

By way of the parameters resolution adopted on April 16, 2024 (the "Parameters Resolution for the Taxable Notes"), the Common Council delegated authority to the Authorized Officers to accept the proposal of the Underwriter (the "Note Purchase Agreement for the Taxable Notes") for the purchase of the Taxable Notes, provided the Note Purchase Agreement for the Taxable Notes met the parameters set forth in the Parameters Resolution for the Taxable Notes" and together with the Approving Certificate for the Taxable Notes, the "Approving Certificates"). Pursuant to the Parameters Resolution for the Taxable Notes, the Common Council covenanted to issue general obligation promissory notes as soon as practicable, as necessary to pay the Taxable Notes. Additionally, the City has authority under Wisconsin Statutes to issue general obligation refunding bonds to pay the Taxable Notes. In the Parameters Resolution for the Taxable Notes, the City has covenanted that it will not incur additional general obligation debt unless it has sufficient debt issuance capacity to permit the issuance of (a) the general obligation notes or bonds in an amount sufficient to pay the Taxable Notes and (b) the debt proposed to be incurred.

If the City is unable to access the debt market when the principal on the Taxable Notes comes due, the debt service on the Taxable Notes would have to be paid from amounts available within the levy limits and the City may not have sufficient amounts available for such purposes (see "LEVY LIMITS" herein).

Approving Certificates

Tax-Exempt Notes

On April 24, 2024 an Authorized Officer executed the Approving Certificate for the Tax-Exempt Notes, approving the Preliminary Official Statement, accepting the Note Purchase Agreement for the Tax-Exempt Notes, and setting forth the details of the Tax-Exempt Notes.

Taxable Notes

On April 24, 2024 an Authorized Officer executed the Approving Certificate for the Taxable Notes, approving the Preliminary Official Statement, accepting the Note Purchase Agreement for the Taxable Notes, and setting forth the details of the Taxable Notes.

THE CITY

The City operates under the mayor-council form of government. The common council members are elected to twoyear staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a three-year term. The common council meets in regular session twice monthly and performs the legislative and policymaking functions of city government. By statute, the mayor presides at common council meetings and serves as the chief executive officer. The administrative functions of the city government have been delegated to a city administrator, who is hired by and reports to the mayor and common council.

> Daniel Bukiewicz, Mayor Term Expires: April, 2027

Common Council

Name	Aldermanic District	Expiration of Term
Steven Kurkowski	1 st Aldermanic District	April, 2025
Gregory Loreck	2 nd Aldermanic District	April, 2026
James Ruetz	3 rd Aldermanic District	April, 2025
Lisa Marshall	4 th Aldermanic District	April, 2026
Kenneth Gehl (President)	5 th Aldermanic District	April, 2025
Chris Guzikowski	6 th Aldermanic District	April, 2026

Source: The City.

Administration

		Years of
Name	Position	Service
Andrew J. Vickers	City Administrator	7
Maxwell C. Gagin*	Deputy City Administrator/Finance Officer	3
Catherine A. Roeske**	City Clerk	11
Sara Kawczynski**	City Treasurer	6
Melissa Karls	City Attorney	16

*Prior to joining the City, Mr. Gagin was the Finance Director at the City of Janesville. **Ms. Kawczynski became the City Treasurer effective October 27, 2021. Previously Ms. Kawczynski was the Deputy Treasurer for the City. As of May 1, 2021, the City Clerk and City Treasurer positions are appointed and are no longer elected.

Source: The City.

<u>Services</u>

The City provides for a full range of municipal services including police and fire protection, parks, public works operations, building inspection and zoning control, water and sewer utilities, and general administrative services.

Public Safety

The City's police department has 71 police officers. In addition, the police department has 28 full-time and 7 parttime employees. The fire department has 58 firefighters of which 42 are paramedics. All firefighters are required to be EMTs. In addition, the fire department has one full-time employee and six part-time employees.

Employment Relations

	Number of
Department	Employees*
General Government	71
Police Department	106
Fire Department	65
Public Works	60
Water Utility	35
Library & Recreation	25
TOTAL	362

*Full-time and part-time budgeted positions.

Source: The City.

Labor Contracts

Organization	Employee Group	Contract Expiration
Oak Creek Professional Police Officers' Association	Police Officers	December 31, 2024
International Association of Firefighters, Local 1848 AFL-CIO	Firefighters Laborers and Clerical	December 31, 2024
Labor Association of Wisconsin (LAW)	Workers	December 31, 2024*
*Contract may only cover total base wages.		

The City considers its relationship with the employee groups to be good.

Source: The City.

All eligible City personnel are covered by the Municipal Employment Relations Act ("MERA") of the Wisconsin Statutes. Pursuant to that law, employees have rights to organize and, after significant changes were made to the law in 2011, very limited rights to collectively bargain with municipal employers. MERA was amended by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10 (the "Act") and by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32.

As a result of the 2011 amendments to MERA, the City is prohibited from bargaining collectively with municipal employees, other than public safety employees and transit employees, with respect to any factor or condition of employment except total base wages. Even then, the City is limited to increasing total base wages beyond any increase in the consumer price index since 180 days before the expiration of the previous collective bargaining agreement (unless the City were to seek approval for a higher increase through a referendum). Ultimately, the City can unilaterally implement the wages for a collective bargaining unit.

Under the changes to MERA, impasse resolution procedures were removed from the law for municipal employees of the type employed by the City, other than public safety employees and transit employees, including binding interest arbitration. Strikes by any municipal employee or labor organization are expressly prohibited. Furthermore, if strikes do occur, they may be enjoined by the courts. Additionally, because the only legal subject of bargaining is total base wages, all bargaining over items such as just cause, benefits, and terms of conditions of employment are prohibited and cannot be included in a collective bargaining agreement. Impasse resolution for public safety employees and transit employees is subject to final and binding arbitration procedures, which do not include a right to strike. Interest arbitration is available for transit employees if certain conditions are met.

Pension Plan

All eligible employees in the City are covered under the Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") established under Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes ("Chapter 40").

The Department of Employee Trust Funds ("ETF") administers the WRS. Required contributions to the WRS are determined by the ETF Board pursuant to an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 and the ETF's funding policies. The ETF Board has stated that its funding policy is to (i) ensure funds are adequate to pay benefits; (ii) maintain stable and predictable contribution rates for employers and employees; and (iii) maintain intergenerational equity to ensure the cost of the benefits is paid for by the generation that receives the benefits.

City employees are generally required to contribute half of the actuarially determined contributions, and the City generally may not pay the employees' required contribution. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 ("Fiscal Year 2020"), December 31, 2021 ("Fiscal Year 2021") and December 31, 2022 ("Fiscal Year 2022"), the City's portion of the contributions to WRS (not including any employee contributions) totaled \$2,046,857, \$2,067,579 and \$2,079,067, respectively.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 ("GASB 68") requires calculation of a net pension liability for the pension plan. The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the pension plan's total pension liability and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's total pension liability is the present value of the amounts needed to pay pension benefits earned by each participant in the pension plan based on the service provided as of the date of the actuarial valuation. In other words, it is a measure of the present value of benefits earned after that date. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is the market value of plan assets formally set aside in a trust and restricted to paying pension plan benefits. If the pension plan's total pension plan's fiduciary net position, then a net pension liability results. If the pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds the pension plan's total pension liability, then a net pension asset results.

As of December 31, 2021, the total pension liability of the WRS was calculated as \$133.79 billion and the fiduciary net position of the WRS was calculated as \$141.85 billion, resulting in a net pension asset of \$8.06 billion. As of December 31, 2022, the total pension liability of the WRS was calculated as \$123.7 billion and the fiduciary net position of the WRS was calculated as \$118.4 billion, resulting in a net pension liability of \$5.3 billion. Accordingly, the City will report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the WRS in its audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Under GASB 68, each participating employer in a cost-sharing pension plan must report the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability or net pension asset of the pension plan. Accordingly, for Fiscal Year 2022, the City reported an asset of \$13,801,802 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset of the WRS. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. The City's proportion was 0.17123434% of the aggregate WRS net pension asset as of December 31, 2021.

The calculation of the total pension liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of the net pension liability of the WRS, which may also cause the ETF Board to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information regarding the WRS and such actuarial assumptions, see Note 4 in "Appendix A: Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the Year Ended December 31, 2022".

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The City provides "other post-employment benefits" ("OPEB") (i.e., post-employment benefits, other than pension benefits, owed to its employees and former employees) through a single-employer defined benefit plan to employees who have terminated their employment with the City and have satisfied specified eligibility standards. Membership in the plan consisted of 256 retirees receiving benefits and 148 active plan members as of January 1, 2023. The plan is closed to new members.

OPEB calculations are required to be updated every two years and be prepared in accordance with Statement Nos. 74 and 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB 74/75"). An actuarial study for the plan prepared in accordance with GASB 74/75 was most recently completed by Milliman, Inc. in March 2023 with an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022 (the "Actuarial Report").

For Fiscal Year 2022, benefit payments totaled \$2,244,403. The City's current funding practice is to make annual contributions to the plan in the amounts at least equal to the benefits paid to retirees in a particular year on a "pay-as-you-go" basis.

Under GASB 74/75, a net OPEB liability (or asset) is calculated as the difference between the plan's total OPEB liability and the plan's fiduciary net position, which terms have similar meanings as under GASB 68 and GASB 73 for pension plans.

As of December 31, 2022, the plan's total OPEB liability was \$44,592,628 and the plan fiduciary net position was \$0, resulting in a net OPEB liability of \$44,592,628.

The calculation of the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. For more detailed information regarding such actuarial assumptions, see Note 4 in "Appendix A - Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the year ended December 31, 2022" attached hereto. The Actuarial Report is available upon request from the City.

The City also participates in the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund ("LRLIF"), which is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan established by Chapter 40. The ETF and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight, including establishing contribution requirements for employers.

For Fiscal Year 2022, the City's portion of contributions to the LRLIF totaled \$7,976. For Fiscal Year 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,854,603 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on the City's share of contributions to the LRLIF relative to the contributions of all participating employers. The City's proportion was 0.313788% of the aggregate LRLIF net OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021.

The calculation of the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF, which may also cause ETF to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information, see Note 4 in the "Appendix A - Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the year Ended December 31, 2022" attached hereto.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Location

The City is located in Milwaukee County in southeastern Wisconsin. The City is adjacent to the City of Milwaukee and 85 miles north of Chicago. The City is located on Interstate Highway 94, U.S. Highway 41, and State Highways 32, 38 and 100. The City is also served by passenger and freight railroads and Milwaukee Mitchell International Airport in the City of Milwaukee.

Education

Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District (the "District") provides a comprehensive education for students in prekindergarten through the twelfth grade. District facilities include one high school, two middle schools and seven elementary schools. Enrollment for the 2023-24 school year is 6,500 students. The District's estimated 2022 population is 40,442* and the District has approximately 759 employees.

*Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Post-Secondary Education

Several colleges and universities serve the City:

Alverno College Carroll University Carthage College Concordia University Wisconsin Gateway Technical College Marquette University Milwaukee Area Technical College Milwaukee School of Engineering Mount Mary University University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee at Waukesha University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee Wisconsin Lutheran College

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Population

	Milwaukee	City of
	<u>County</u>	Oak Creek
Estimate, 2023	937,259	38,174
Estimate, 2022	939,487	37,374
Estimate, 2021	947,241	37,608
Census, 2020	939,489	36,497
Estimate, 2019	946,296	35,830

Source: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographics Services Center.

Per Return Adjusted Gross Income

	State of	Milwaukee	City of
Year	<u>Wisconsin</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Oak Čreek</u>
2022	\$70,548	\$63,901	\$73,147
2021	66,369	57,444	67,765
2020	61,518	52,751	64,267
2019	61,003	54,920	62,654
2018	59,423	53,380	62,515

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Division of Research and Policy.

Unemployment Rate

February, 2024 ⁽¹⁾ February, 2023	State of <u>Wisconsin</u> 3.3% 3.3	Milwaukee <u>County</u> 3.9% 3.1
Average, 2023	3.0%	(2)
Average, 2022	2.9	3.7%
Average, 2021	3.9	5.4
Average, 2020	6.4	8.4
Average, 2019	3.2	3.8

⁽¹⁾Preliminary.

⁽²⁾Not yet available.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development - WisConomy.

Building Permits

	Total New	Total New Construction		sidential ⁽¹⁾
	Number		Number	
Year	of Permits	Valuation	of Permits	Valuation
2024*	1	\$4,554,000	0	\$0
2023	76	78,121,254	39	16,070,891
2022	83	178,736,091	54	22,203,499
2021	34	62,939,301	26	10,975,266
2020	105	90,944,057	89	23,505,498
2019	78	242,270,920	49	16,135,766

⁽¹⁾Total building permits for single family and two-family residences. *As of March 26, 2024.

Source: The City.

Largest Employers

		Number of
Employer Name	Type of Business	Employees
Amazon Fulfillment Center	Distribution center	3,106
Milwaukee Area Technical College District	Higher education	1,353
UPS	Parcel delivery and distribution center	1,250
Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District	Education	759
PPG Industries, Inc.	Coating and resin products	700
Stella & Chewy's	Manufacturer of raw pet food	628
Reinhart Foodservice, LLC (formerly Performance Foodservice)	Wholesale food distributor	480
Furlani Foods LLC (formerly Joseph Campione Inc.)	Food products	400
Oak Creek Power Plant (WE Energies)	Electrical power generation	396
The City	Government	362

Source: Data Axle Genie (<u>www.dataaxlegenie.com</u>), IndustrySelect by MNI, Milwaukee Area Technical College District Official Statement dated April 10, 2024, the City and direct employer contacts.

Largest Taxpayers

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2023 Assessed Valuation	2023 Equalized Valuation
Commerce 94 Project LLC (Amazon)	Distribution center	\$163,908,300	\$165,949,400
Springbrook Circle Apartments	Apartments	74,137,900	75,061,200
HSI Drexel Ridge LLC	Apartments	73,461,700	74,376,400
Occidental Development LP	Apartments	69,402,600	70,267,000
Barrett Visionary Development LLC	Apartments	66,702,400	67,533,000
Centennial LLC	Apartments	54,377,800	55,054,900
HUB13 LA LLC	Apartments	48,406,200	49,009,000
Ikea US Retail LLC	Retail	40,895,200	41,404,500
Legacy/Timber Ridge LLC	Apartments	36,734,900	37,192,300
JES Oak Creek MOB LLC	Froedtert health clinic	32,812,400	33,221,000
TOTAL		\$660,839,400	\$669,068,700

The above taxpayers represent 12.10% of the City's 2023 Equalized Value (TID IN) (\$5,531,211,200).

Source: The City.

TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS

Personal property taxes, special assessments, special charges and special taxes must be paid to the town, city or village treasurer in full by January 31. Real property taxes may be paid in full by January 31 or in two equal installments payable by January 31 and July 31. Municipalities also have the option of adopting payment plans which allow taxpayers to pay their real property taxes and special assessments in three or more installments, provided that the first installment is paid by January 31, one-half of the taxes are paid by April 30 and the remainder is paid by July 31. Amounts paid on or before January 31 are paid to the town, city or village treasurer. Amounts paid after January 31 are paid to the county treasurer unless the municipality has authorized payment in three or more installments in which case payment is made to the town, city or village treasurer. Any amounts paid after July 31 are paid to the county treasurer. For municipalities which have not adopted an installment payment plan, the town, city or village treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for collections through the preceding month on January 15 and February 20. For municipalities which have adopted an installment payment plan, the town, city or village treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for collections through the preceding month on January 15, February 20 and the 15th day of each month following a month in which an installment payment is due. On or before August 20, the county treasurer must settle in full with the underlying taxing districts for all real property taxes and special taxes. The County Board may authorize its County Treasurer to also settle in full with the underlying taxing districts for all special assessments and special charges. The county may then recover any tax delinguencies

by enforcing the lien on the property and retain any penalties or interest on the delinquencies for which it has settled. Uncollected personal property taxes owed by an entity that has ceased operations or filed a petition for bankruptcy, or are due on personal property that has been removed from the next assessment roll are collected from each taxing entity in the year following the levy year. The personal property tax has been repealed, starting with the property tax assessments as of January 1, 2024. Beginning in 2025, the personal property tax has been replaced with a payment from the State intended to replace the amount of property taxes imposed on personal property for the property tax assessments as of January 1, 2023. Since, in practice, all delinquent real property taxes are withheld from the county's share of taxes, the City receives 100 percent of the real property taxes it levies for real property taxes. See "Levy Limits" herein for information on additional limitations on City tax levies.

Set forth below are tax levies for City purposes and the tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation on all taxable property in the City for collection years 2020 through 2024:

Levy/Collect Year	tion City Tax Rate	Total City Levy	Uncollected Taxes as of August 20th of each Year	Percent of Levy Collected
2023/2024	4 \$5.80	\$26,190,752	-In Process of Co	Ilection-
2022/2023	3 5.68	23,893,006	\$0	100%
2021/2022	2 6.12	23,309,433	0	100
2020/202	1 6.33	22,751,537	0	100
2019/2020	0 6.26	21,532,906	0	100

Source: The City.

REVENUE FROM THE STATE

In addition to local property taxes described above, a number of state programs exist which provide revenue to the City. One such program is commonly known as shared revenue which, pursuant to sec. 79.036, Wis. Stats., provides funding to the City that can be used for any public purpose. 2023 Wisconsin Act 12 ("Act 12") created a supplement to shared revenue, with payments to the City to begin in 2024. This supplemental shared revenue may be used only for the purposes specified in section 79.037, Wis. Stats. In 2024, the City is expected to receive approximately \$1,775,000 in shared revenue and supplemental shared revenue from the State, an increase from the approximately \$884,000 received in 2023. In future years, the amount of supplemental shared revenue could grow if State sales tax collections grow.

ASSESSED TAX RATES

	Levy/Collection				
	2023/2024	2022/2023	2021/2022	2020/2021	2019/2020
The City	\$5.80	\$5.68	\$6.12	\$6.33	\$6.26
Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District	8.16	8.53	9.25	9.17	9.03
Milwaukee Area Technical College District	0.85	0.95	1.05	1.18	1.20
County	4.51	5.23	5.63	5.82	6.09
Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District	1.30	1.44	1.55	1.63	1.68
Gross Tax Rate	20.62	21.83	23.60	24.13	24.26
State Tax Credit	(2.59)	(2.34)	(2.42)	(2.39)	(2.60)
Net Tax Rate	\$18.03	\$19.49	\$21.18	\$21.74	\$21.66

Source: The City.

LEVY LIMITS

Section 66.0602 of the Wisconsin Statutes, imposes a limit on property tax levies by cities, villages, towns and counties. No city, village, town or county is permitted to increase its tax levy by a percentage that exceeds its valuation factor (which is defined as a percentage equal to the greater of either the percentage change in the political subdivision's January 1 equalized value due to new construction less improvements removed between the previous year and the current or zero percent; for a tax incremental district created after December 31, 2024, the valuation factor includes 90% of the equalized value increase due to new construction that is located in a tax incremental

district, but does not include any improvements removed in a tax incremental district). The base amount in any year to which the levy limit applies is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year. In 2018, and in each year thereafter, the base amount is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year plus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes (an amount equal to the property taxes formerly levied on certain items of personal property), and the levy limit is the base amount multiplied by the valuation factor, minus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes. This levy limitation is an overall limit, applying to levies for operations as well as for other purposes.

A political subdivision that did not levy its full allowable levy in the prior year can carry forward the difference between the allowable levy and the actual levy, up to a maximum of 1.5% of the prior year's actual levy. The use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (except in the case of towns) if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% and by a super majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (three-quarters vote if the governing body is comprised of five or more members, two-thirds vote if the governing body is comprised of fewer than five members) (except in the case of towns) if the amount of the carry forward levy adjustment is greater than 0.5% up to the maximum increase of 1.5%. For towns, the use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the annual town meeting or special town meeting after the town board has adopted a resolution in favor of the adjustment by a majority vote if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% or by two-thirds vote or more if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is greater than 0.5% up to the maximum of 1.5%.

Beginning with levies imposed in 2015, if a political subdivision does not make an adjustment in its levy as described in the above paragraph in the current year, the political subdivision may increase its levy by the aggregate amount of the differences between the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year and the actual percent increase in a political subdivision's levy attributable to the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year, for the five years before the current year, less any amount of such aggregate amount already claimed as an adjustment in any of the previous five years. The calculation of the aggregate amount available for such adjustment may not include any year before 2014, and the maximum adjustment allowed may not exceed 5%. The use of the adjustment described in this paragraph requires approval by a two-thirds vote of the political subdivision's governing body, and the adjustment may only be used if the political subdivision's level of outstanding general obligation debt in the current year.

Special provisions are made with respect to property taxes levied to pay general obligation debt service. Those are described below. In addition, the statute provides for certain other adjustments to and exclusions from the tax levy limit. Among the exclusions, Section 66.0602(3)(e)5. Of the Wisconsin Statutes provides that the levy limit does not apply to "the amount that a political subdivision levies in that year to make up any revenue shortfall for the debt service on a revenue bond issued under Section 66.0621 by that political subdivision." Recent positions taken by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue ("DOR") call into question the availability of this exception if the revenue shortfall is planned or ongoing. To date, such DOR positions have not been expressed formally in a declaratory ruling under Section 227.41(5)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes, nor have they been the subject of any court challenge or resulting court ruling.

With respect to general obligation debt service, the following provisions are made:

(a) If a political subdivision's levy for the payment of general obligation debt service, including debt service on debt issued or reissued to fund or refund outstanding obligations of the political subdivision and interest on outstanding obligations of the political subdivision, on debt originally issued before July 1, 2005, is less in the current year than in the previous year, the political subdivision is required to reduce its levy limit in the current year by the amount of the difference between the previous year's levy and the current year's levy.

(b) For obligations authorized before July 1, 2005, if the amount of debt service in the preceding year is less than the amount of debt service needed in the current year, the levy limit is increased by the difference between the two amounts. This adjustment is based on scheduled debt service rather than the amount actually levied for debt service (after taking into account offsetting revenues such as sales tax revenues, special assessments, utility revenues, tax increment revenues or surplus funds). Therefore, the levy limit could negatively impact political subdivisions that experience a reduction in offsetting revenues.

(c) The levy limits do not apply to property taxes levied to pay debt service on general obligation debt authorized on or after July 1, 2005.

Taxes levied to pay debt service on the Notes will be subject to the levy limits.

ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS

All equalized valuations of property in the State of Wisconsin are determined by the State of Wisconsin, Department of Revenue, Supervisor of Assessments Office. Equalized valuations are the State's estimate of full market value. The State determines assessed valuations of all manufacturing property in the State. Assessed valuations of residential and commercial property are determined by local assessors.

Set forth in the table below are equalized valuations of property located within the City for the years 2019 through 2023. The City's equalized valuation (TID-IN) has increased by 44.38 percent since 2019, with an average annual growth of 9.62 percent.

	Equalized	Equalized
Assessed	Valuation	Valuation
Valuation	(TID-IN)	(TID-OUT)
\$5,460,246,700	\$5,531,211,200	\$4,577,605,700
4,952,166,200	5,226,696,500	4,436,802,000
4,444,689,200	4,618,317,600	3,957,952,800
4,102,096,300	4,215,753,700	3,691,190,400
3,760,176,500	3,831,003,800	3,501,006,200
	Valuation \$5,460,246,700 4,952,166,200 4,444,689,200 4,102,096,300	Assessed Valuation (TID-IN)\$5,460,246,700\$5,531,211,200\$5,526,696,500\$,226,696,5004,444,689,2004,618,317,6004,102,096,3004,215,753,700

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Equalized Value by Property Class

Equalized value by class of property in the City (TID-IN) for 2023 is as follows:

	2023 Equalized Value	Percent of Total
Real Estate		
Residential	\$3,146,095,000	56.88%
Commercial	2,035,158,200	36.79
Manufacturing	212,818,600	3.85
Agricultural, Undeveloped,		
Ag Forest, Other	12,681,300	0.23
Total Real Estate	\$5,406,753,100	97.75%
Total Personal Property	124,458,100	2.25
Total Equalized Value	\$5,531,211,200	100.00%

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Tax Increment Districts

The City has created Tax Increment Districts ("TIDs") under Wisconsin Statute 66.1105. TID valuations totaling \$953,605,500 have been excluded from the City's tax base for 2023.

TID	Base	Base	2023	
Number	Year	Value	Value	Increment
006	2001	\$1,377,200	\$19,263,200	\$17,886,000
007	2007	165,053,100	315,914,200	150,861,100
800	2009	23,056,600	176,028,100	152,971,500
010	2010	19,223,700	43,236,000	24,012,300
011	2012	12,861,900	251,480,700	238,618,800
012	2016	3,738,200	148,557,700	144,819,500
013	2017	4,703,500	20,672,400	15,968,900
014	2018	641,300	9,506,300	8,865,000
015	2018	1,899,900	8,214,200	6,314,300
016	2018	1,549,200	194,837,300	193,288,100
			TOTAL	\$953,605,500

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY

Direct Indebtedness

Set forth below is the general obligation direct indebtedness of the City. The Notes are not general obligations of the City and therefore are not included in the table below. However, the City shall covenant to maintain sufficient debt issuance capacity to permit general obligation refunding bonds or promissory notes to be issued in an amount sufficient to repay the Notes.

	Outstanding B	onds & Notes	Total Debt Service	Less: Projected Offsetting	Total Projected Net Debt Service
Year	Principal	Interest	Requirements	Revenues ⁽¹⁾	Requirements
2024	\$9,391,000	\$3,459,408	\$12,850,408	(\$12,223,508)	\$626,900
2025	7,940,000	3,069,796	11,009,796	(10,452,496)	557,300
2026	8,785,000	2,787,172	11,572,172	(11,072,472)	499,700
2027	9,270,000	2,475,355	11,745,355	(11,236,655)	508,700
2028	8,485,000	2,176,172	10,661,172	(10,144,472)	516,700
2029	8,795,000	1,885,616	10,680,616	(10,161,916)	518,700
2030	8,905,000	1,579,017	10,484,017	(9,944,417)	539,600
2031	9,185,000	1,269,217	10,454,217	(9,779,717)	674,500
2032	8,565,000	995,596	9,560,596	(8,974,096)	586,500
2033	3,300,000	748,473	4,048,473	(4,048,473)	0
2034	3,225,000	628,206	3,853,206	(3,853,206)	0
2035	1,720,000	531,378	2,251,378	(2,251,378)	0
2036	1,795,000	456,480	2,251,480	(2,251,480)	0
2037	1,300,000	392,154	1,692,154	(1,692,154)	0
2038	1,170,000	331,525	1,501,525	(1,501,525)	0
2039	1,230,000	271,525	1,501,525	(1,501,525)	0
2040	1,300,000	208,275	1,508,275	(1,508,275)	0
2041	1,365,000	148,475	1,513,475	(1,513,475)	0
2042	1,430,000	90,788	1,520,788	(1,520,788)	0
2043	1,510,000	30,200	1,540,200	(1,540,200)	0
	98,666,000	23,534,825	122,200,825	(117,172,225)	5,028,600
Less 2024 Sinking					
Funds	(9,391,000)	(3,459,408)	(12,850,408)	12,223,508	(626,900)
TOTAL	\$89,275,000	\$20,075,417	\$109,350,417	(\$104,948,717)	\$4,401,700

⁽¹⁾All outstanding debt was issued as general obligations of the City; however tax increment revenues, stormwater revenues and state utility aid are projected to offset the total debt service. The actual amount of these offsetting revenues is not guaranteed. Under State law, the City is required to levy an amount sufficient to meet the debt service on its outstanding general obligation debt, but such levy may be abated by the use of offsetting revenues, if and to the extent available.

Other Financings

The following issues are <u>not</u> general obligations of the City (as of May 20, 2024, not including the Notes to be issued):

- Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2023B, dated April 24, 2023 totaling \$11,205,000 in principal due April 1, 2026 (the 2023B NANs")
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, dated January 13, 2010 totaling \$248,145 in principal, due May 1, 2025 through 2029.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, dated November 23, 2011 totaling \$2,358,201 in principal due May 1, 2025 through 2031.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, dated May 8, 2013 totaling \$1,290,518 in principal due May 1, 2025 through 2033.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, dated May 28, 2014 totaling \$2,846,885 in principal due May 1, 2025 through 2034.
- Taxable Waterworks System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020F, dated November 18, 2020 totaling \$3,775,000 in principal due December 1, 2024 through 2031.

Future Financing

The City anticipates issuing approximately \$3,900,000 of additional general obligation debt for the acquisition of property in the fall of 2024. The City also anticipates issuing general obligation refunding bonds for approximately \$13,700,000 to refinance the 2023B NANs and Tax-Exempt Notes with an additional \$3,500,000 for capital improvement projects in spring 2025. In addition, the City anticipates issuing taxable general obligation refunding bonds in spring 2028 to refund the Taxable Notes. Other than the preceding, the City currently does not expect to issue any additional obligations over the next 12 months.

Default Record

The City has no record of default on any prior debt repayment obligations.

Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness

Set forth below is information relating to the outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness of the City.

	Amount of Debt (Less 2024	Percent Applicable to	Outstanding Debt Chargeable
Entity	Principal Amounts)	City	To City
Milwaukee Area Technical College District*	\$72,280,000	4.65%	\$3,361,020
Milwaukee County	313,650,000	5.76	18,066,240
Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District	113,095,000	84.01	95,011,110
Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District	686,683,842	5.87	40,308,342
TOTAL	\$1,185,708,842		\$156,746,711

*Milwaukee Area Technical College District ("MATC") is anticipating the issuance of approximately \$44,000,000 within the next year. This is a preliminary amount and is subject to change. MATC may approve financings subsequent to the date of this Official Statement.

NOTE: This summary may not reflect all of the City's outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Information provided by each municipal entity through publicly available disclosure documents available on EMMA.msrb.org and direct inquiries.

Statistical Summary*

The table below reflects direct, overlapping and underlying bonded indebtedness net of all 2024 principal payments.

2023 Equalized Valuation as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue	\$5,531,211,200
Direct Bonded Indebtedness	\$89,275,000
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness	\$246,021,711
Direct Bonded Indebtedness as a Percentage of Equalized Valuation**	1.61%
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Bonded Indebtedness as a Percentage of Equalized Valuation	4.45%
Population of City (2023 Estimate)**	38,174
Direct Bonded Indebtedness Per Capita	\$2,338.63
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Bonded Indebtedness Per Capita	\$6,444.75

*The 2023B NANs and the Notes are not general obligations of the City and therefore are not included in the table above.

**Source: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographic Services Center.

Debt Limit*

As described under the caption "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS CONCERNING THE CITY'S POWER TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS--Debt Limit," the total indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of property in the City. Set forth in the table below is a comparison of the outstanding indebtedness of the City, as of the closing date of the Notes, as a percentage of the applicable debt limit.

Equalized Valuation (2023) as certified by Wisconsin Department of Revenue	\$5,531,211,200
Legal Debt Percentage Allowed	5.00%
Legal Debt Limit	\$276,560,560
General Obligation Debt Outstanding	\$93,220,000
Unused Margin of Indebtedness	\$183,340,560
Percent of Legal Debt Incurred	33.71%
Percentage of Legal Debt Available	66.29%

*The 2023B NANs and the Notes are not general obligations of the City and therefore are not included in the table above. However, the City has covenanted with respect to the 2023B NANs and shall covenant with respect to the Notes to maintain sufficient debt issuance capacity to permit general obligation refunding bonds or promissory notes to be issued in an amount sufficient to repay the 2023B NANs and the Notes.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial operations of the City are conducted primarily through its general fund. Most taxes and non-tax revenues (such as license fees, fines and costs and user's fees) are paid into the general fund and current operating expenditures are made from the general fund pursuant to appropriations made by the Common Council. Taxes levied for debt service are paid directly into the debt service fund and debt service expenditures are made from that fund.

Budgeting Process

The City is required by State law to annually formulate a budget and to hold public hearings thereon prior to the determination of the amounts to be financed, in whole or in part, by general property taxes, funds on hand or estimated revenues from other sources. The budget must list all existing indebtedness of the City and all anticipated revenues from all sources during the ensuing year and must also list all proposed appropriations for each department, activity and reserve account of the City during the ensuing year. The budget must show actual revenues and expenditures for the preceding year, actual revenues and expenditures for not less than the first six months of the current year and estimated revenues and expenditures for the balance of the current year.

As part of the budgeting process, public hearings are held on the proposed budget, at which time any resident or taxpayer in the City may be heard. At a council meeting in November of each year, the Common Council adopts the final budget for the succeeding year and levies taxes based on assessed valuations of property less any increment attributable to Tax Increment Districts ("TIDs"). The amount of taxes so levied and the amounts of the various appropriations in the final budget (after any alterations made pursuant to public hearings) may not be changed unless authorized by a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the Common Council. Failure to publish notice of any such alteration within ten days thereafter shall preclude any change in the budget.

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GENERAL FUND SUMMARY FOR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31						
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	
	BUDGET	UNAUDITED	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$17,548,128	\$17,261,068	\$16,471,363	\$15,562,213	\$15,007,159	
Intergovernmental	10,059,669	5,477,962	5,782,539	6,040,101	6,732,913	
Regulation and compliance	1,752,425	1,908,176	2,285,401	2,113,242	1,824,059	
Public Charges for Services	314,680	421,352	387,403	301,434	235,970	
Investment Income (loss)	340,000	1,354,209	(199,906)	40,040	513,701	
Miscellaneous	112,740	105,505	1,228,341	146,120	137,244	
Interfund charges for services	449,858	636,791	438,622	377,206	371,538	
Total revenues	30,577,500	27,165,063	26,393,763	24,580,356	24,822,584	
Expenditures						
General Government	9,571,625	6,806,939	6,571,490	6,427,579	6,391,480	
Public Safety	15,483,731	12,388,081	12,180,722	11,780,761	11,481,686	
Health and Human Services	666,556	599,390	572,865	508,978	385,034	
Public Works	4,997,783	4,465,329	4,234,376	4,394,552	4,250,478	
Leisure Activities	2,280,305	2,093,830	1,998,470	1,975,320	1,967,992	
Total Expenditures	33,000,000	26,353,569	25,557,923	25,087,190	24,476,670	
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(2,422,500)	811,494	835,840	(506,834)	345,914	
Other Financing Sources (uses)						
Sale of property	20,000	34,274	58,743	3,782,172	27,087	
Operating Transfers In	2,402,500	1,667,845	1,639,622	1,750,033	1,807,444	
Operating Transfers Out	0	(25,677)	(2,299,679)	(3,570,517)	(1,564,931)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,422,500	1,676,442	(601,314)	1,961,688	269,600	
Revenue and other sources over						
(under) expenditures and other uses	0	2,487,936	234,526	1,454,854	615,514	
Fund balances - beginning of year	14,197,981	11,710,045	11,475,519	10,020,665	9,405,151	
Fund balances - end of year	\$14,197,981	\$14,197,981	\$11,710,045	\$11,475,519	\$10,020,665	

The amounts shown for the years ended December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2022 are excerpts from the audit reports which have been prepared by Baker Tilly US, LLP Milwaukee, Wisconsin (the "Auditor"). The amounts shown for the year ended December 31, 2023 are unaudited and the amounts shown for the year ending December 31, 2024 are shown on a budgetary basis, and such amounts have been provided by the City. The comparative statement of revenues and expenditures should be read in conjunction with the other financial statements and notes thereto appearing in Appendix A of this Official Statement.

Financial Information

A copy of the City's Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 including the accompanying independent auditor's report, is included as Appendix A to this Official Statement. Potential purchasers should read such financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The City has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessment, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof, or relating to this Official Statement, nor has the City requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Notes, the City represents that there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the City, nor has the City incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.

UNDERWRITING

Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, (the "Underwriter") has agreed to purchase the Tax-Exempt Notes from the City for a purchase price of \$2,461,243.20 plus accrued interest to the date of delivery of the Tax-Exempt Notes. In the note purchase agreement with the City, the Underwriter has agreed to pay certain costs of issuance of the Tax-Exempt Notes on behalf of the City.

The Underwriter has agreed to purchase the Taxable Notes from the City for a purchase price of \$6,424,755.00 plus accrued interest to the date of delivery of the Taxable Notes. In the note purchase agreement with the City, the Underwriter has agreed to pay certain costs of issuance of the Taxable Notes on behalf of the City.

The Underwriter will be obligated to purchase all of the Notes of an issue if any of such Notes are purchased. The Underwriter reserves the right to join with dealers and other underwriters in offering the Notes to the public. The Underwriter may offer and sell the Notes to certain dealers (including dealers depositing the Notes into investment trusts) at prices lower than the offering prices derived from the rates and yields for each maturity set forth on the inside cover of this Official Statement. Such initial public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

RATINGS

The Tax-Exempt Notes have been assigned a "MIG 1" rating by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). The Taxable Notes have been assigned a "Aa2" rating by Moody's. Such ratings reflect only the views of such organization and explanations of the significance of such rating may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance that such ratings will continue for any given period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency, if in the judgment of such rating agency circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes.

Such rating is not to be construed as a recommendation of the rating agency to buy, sell or hold the Notes, and the rating assigned by the rating agency should be evaluated independently. Except as may be required by the Undertakings described under the heading "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" neither the City nor the Underwriter undertakes responsibility to bring to the attention of the owners of the Notes any proposed change in or withdrawal of such rating or to oppose any such revision or withdrawal.

TAX EXEMPTION – TAX-EXEMPT NOTES

Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Bond Counsel, will deliver a legal opinion with respect to the federal income tax exemption applicable to the interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes under existing law substantially in the following form:

"The interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes is excludable for federal income tax purposes from the gross income of the owners of the Tax-Exempt Notes. The interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") on individuals; however, interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code). The Code contains requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Notes in order for interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes to be or continue to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of those requirements could cause the interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes. The City has agreed to comply with all of those requirements. The opinion set forth in the first sentence of this paragraph is subject to the condition that the City comply with those requirements. We express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Tax-Exempt Notes."

The interest on the Tax-Exempt Notes is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

Prospective purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Notes should be aware that ownership of the Tax-Exempt Notes may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers. Bond Counsel will not express any opinion as to such collateral tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Notes should consult their tax advisors as to collateral federal income tax consequences.

From time to time legislation is proposed, and there are or may be legislative proposals pending in the Congress of the United States that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Tax-Exempt Notes. It cannot be predicted whether, or in what form, any proposal that could alter one or more of the federal tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Tax-Exempt Notes may be enacted. Prospective purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Notes should consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Bond Premium – Tax-Exempt Notes

To the extent that the initial offering price of certain of the Tax-Exempt Notes is more than the principal amount payable at maturity, such Tax-Exempt Notes ("Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds") will be considered to have bond premium.

Any Premium Tax-Exempt Bond purchased in the initial offering at the issue price will have "amortizable bond premium" within the meaning of Section 171 of the Code. The amortizable bond premium of each Premium Tax-Exempt Bond is calculated on a daily basis from the issue date of such Premium Tax-Exempt Bond until its stated maturity date (or call date, if any) on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded at each accrual period (with straight line interpolation between the compounding dates). An owner of a Premium Tax-Exempt Bond that has amortizable bond premium is not allowed any deduction for the amortizable bond premium; rather the amortizable bond premium attributable to a taxable year is applied against (and operates to reduce) the amount of tax-exempt interest payments on the Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds. During each taxable year, such an owner must reduce his or her tax basis in such Premium Tax-Exempt Bond by the amount of the amortizable bond premium that is allocable to the portion of such taxable year during which the holder held such Premium Tax-Exempt Bond. The adjusted tax basis in a Premium Tax-Exempt Bond will be used to determine taxable gain or loss upon a disposition (including the sale, exchange, redemption, or payment at maturity) of such Premium Tax-Exempt Bond.

Owners of Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds who did not purchase such Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds in the initial offering at the issue price should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of owning such Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds. Owners of Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning the Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds.

NOT QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The Tax-Exempt Notes shall NOT be "qualified tax-exempt obligations' for purposes of Section 265 of the Code relating to the ability of financial institutions to deduct from income for federal income tax purposes, interest expense that is allocable to carrying and acquiring tax-exempt obligations.

TAXABILITY OF INTEREST – TAXABLE NOTES

The Taxable Notes

Interest on the Taxable Notes is included in gross income for present Federal income tax purposes.

Interest on the Taxable Notes is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule"), the City shall covenant pursuant to the Parameters Resolutions adopted by the Common Council to enter into undertakings (the "Undertakings") for the benefit of holders including beneficial holders of the Notes to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the City annually to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"), and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain events enumerated in the Rule electronically or in the manner otherwise prescribed by the MSRB to the MSRB. **The Undertakings provide that the annual report will be filed not later than 270 days after the end of each fiscal year. The City's fiscal year ends December 31st. The details and terms of the Undertakings, as well as the information to be contained in the annual report or the**

notices of material events, are set forth in the Continuing Disclosure Certificates to be executed and delivered by the City at the time the Notes are delivered. Such Certificates will be in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix B. A failure by the City to comply with the Undertakings will not constitute an event of default on the Notes (although holders will have the right to obtain specific performance of the obligations under the Undertakings). Nevertheless, such a failure must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Notes in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Notes and their market price.

The City is required to file its continuing disclosure information using the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system. Investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

In the previous five years the City has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertaking under the Rule.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Notes. The Notes will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Notes, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Notes under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Notes on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Notes deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Notes are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the Notes may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Notes, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Notes within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Notes unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Notes will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from City or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of City or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Notes at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that City believes to be reliable, but City takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or, to the knowledge of the City, threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Notes, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Notes or any proceedings of the Notes taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Notes are subject to the unqualified approving legal opinions of Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel. Such opinions will be issued on the basis of the law existing at the time of the issuance of the Notes. A copy of such opinions will be available at the time of the delivery of the Notes.

Quarles & Brady LLP has also been retained by the City to serve as Disclosure Counsel to the City with respect to the Notes. Although, as Disclosure Counsel to the City, Quarles & Brady LLP has assisted the City with certain disclosure matters, Quarles & Brady LLP has not undertaken to independently verify the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of this Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Notes and assumes no responsibility whatsoever nor shall have any liability to any other party for the statements or information contained or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement. Further, Quarles & Brady LLP makes no representation as to the suitability of the Notes for any investor.

Quarles & Brady LLP from time to time serves as counsel to the Underwriter with respect to issuers other than the City and transactions other than the issuance of the Notes.

MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Municipalities are prohibited from filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (reorganization) or Chapter 7 (liquidation) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532) (the "Bankruptcy Code"). Instead, the Bankruptcy Code permits municipalities to file a petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, but only if certain requirements are met. These requirements include that the municipality must be "specifically authorized" under State law to file for relief under Chapter 9. For these purposes, "State law" may include, without limitation, statutes of general applicability enacted by the State legislature, special legislation applicable to a particular municipality, and/or executive orders issued by an appropriate officer of the State's executive branch.

As of the date hereof, Wisconsin law contains no express authority for municipalities to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Nevertheless, there can be no assurance (a) that State law will not change in the future, while the Notes are outstanding, in a way that would allow the City to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) even absent such a change in State law, that an executive order or other executive action could not effectively authorize the City to file for relief under Chapter 9. If, in the future, the City were to file a bankruptcy case under Chapter 9, the relevant bankruptcy court would need to consider whether the City could properly do so, which would involve questions regarding State law authority as well as other questions such as whether the City is a municipality for bankruptcy purposes. If the relevant bankruptcy court concluded that the City could properly file a bankruptcy case, and that determination was not reversed, vacated, or otherwise substantially altered on appeal, then the rights of holders of the Notes, and there could ultimately be no assurance that holders of the Notes would be paid in full or in part on the Notes. Further, under such circumstances, there could be no assurance that the Notes of the Notes could be by a bankruptcy court, meaning that claims of holders of the Notes could be by a bankruptcy court, meaning that claims of holders of the Notes could be treated as general, unsecured debt by a bankruptcy court, meaning that claims of holders of the Notes could be by a bankruptcy court, meaning that claims of holders of the City, or (c) to revenues otherwise designated for payment to holders of the Notes.

Moreover, if the City were determined not to be a "municipality" for the purposes of the Bankruptcy Code, no representations can be made regarding whether it would still be eligible for voluntary or involuntary relief under Chapters of the Bankruptcy Code other than Chapter 9 or under similar federal or state law or equitable proceeding regarding insolvency or providing for protection from creditors. In any such case, there can be no assurance that the consequences described above for the holders of the Notes would not occur.

MISCELLANEOUS

Any statement made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or of estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized.

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement by the City Clerk has been duly authorized by the City.

AUTHORIZATION

This Official Statement has been approved for distribution to prospective purchasers and the Underwriter of the Notes. The City, acting through its Mayor and Clerk, will provide to the Underwriter of the Notes at the time of delivery, certificates confirming that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the Official Statement with respect to the Notes, together with any supplements thereto, at the time of the execution of the Approving Certificates and at the time of delivery of the Notes, was true and correct in all material respects and did not at any time contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated, where necessary to make the statements in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

CITY OF OAK CREEK

By <u>/s/ Catherine A. Roeske</u> City Clerk

APPENDIX A

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED NOTES

CITY OF OAK CREEK MILWAUKEE COUNTY, WISCONSIN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Baker Tilly US, LLP Milwaukee, Wisconsin

A copy of the City's Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 including the accompanying independent auditor's report, is included as Appendix A to this Official Statement. Potential purchasers should read such financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The City has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessment, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof, or relating to this Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the City since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Notes, the City represents that there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the City, nor has the City incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.



City of Oak Creek

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December 31, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the City Council of City of Oak Creek

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective January 1, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, water utility net position as of December 31, 2021 has been restated due to implementation of GASB 87 and to correct a material misstatement due to an error in recording special assessments. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin July 28, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

As management of the City of Oak Creek (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Oak Creek for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, identify material deviations from the approved budget, and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. You can think of this relationship between revenues and expenses as the City's operating results and the net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the City's goal is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, not to generate profits as companies do. For this reason, you will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the condition of our roads and infrastructure, in assessing the overall health of our City.

Combined governmental and business-type activities net position increased by 11.0% in 2022, to \$198.1 million. Of this amount, \$169.9 million represents the City's net investment in capital assets, while \$35.0 million was held for restricted purposes, and a balance of \$(6.8) million was unrestricted.

At the end of 2022, the City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$62.2 million, including a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$42.9 million and the City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$135.9 million, including a surplus balance in unrestricted net position of \$34.2 million.



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements are comprised of four components:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements
 - Government-Wide Financial Statements
 - Fund Financial Statements
 - Notes to the Financial Statements
- Required supplementary information
- Combining statements for non-major governmental funds

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements presenting different views of the City:

Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of city government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes explaining some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information further explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, this financial report includes a section with combining statements providing details about the City's non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Oak Creek's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and are presented in two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which can be found on pages 1 - 2 of this report.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Oak Creek include general government, public safety, health and human services, public works, leisure activities (recreation and library), and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the City of Oak Creek include the water and sewer utility. Fiduciary activities, such as tax collection, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.



The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of position presenting information including all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City should extend to other non-financial factors such as the diversification of the tax base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's significant *funds*. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- <u>Governmental funds</u> are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The focus, however, is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.
- **<u>Proprietary funds</u>** are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has two proprietary funds water and sewer utilities. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities the City operates like a business. A second type of proprietary fund, the internal service fund, reports activities providing services to other City programs.
- <u>Fiduciary funds</u> are reported in the fiduciary fund statements, but excluded from the government-wide reporting because these assets cannot be used to finance city operations. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing jurisdictions, including the Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District, Milwaukee County, State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, and Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

<u>Net position</u>. The City's combined net position increased by \$19.6 million from fiscal year 2021 to 2022, a change of 11.0%; this increase was comprised of a government-activities increase of \$15.2 million, and a business-type activities increase of \$4.4 million. The City's governmental activities and business-type activities have approximately 31% and 69%, respectively, of the combined net position.

The City's governmental activities total net position increased to \$62.1 million in 2022, an increase of 32.3% from 2021. The City's net investment in capital assets represents 116.1% of the total. Restricted net position of \$32.9 million represents 52.9% of the total. Unrestricted net position deficit of \$42.9 million represents -69.0% of the total.

The City's business-type activities total net position increased by 3.3% to \$135.9 million, including unrestricted net position of \$34.2 million, representing 25.1% of the total. All government and business-type activities are self-supporting entities; net position of one entity is not permanently used by other entities.

Table 1

City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin Summary Statement of Net Position								
	Government		Та	otal				
	2022	2021	2022	pe Activities 2021	2022	2021		
Current and other assets	\$106,774,599	\$100,753,718	\$53,145,566	\$36,676,441	\$159,920,165	\$137,430,159		
Capital assets (net)	<u>154,163,784</u>	<u>153,758,672</u>	<u>112,254,769</u>	<u>113,573,211</u>	<u>266,418,553</u>	<u>267,331,883</u>		
Total assets	<u>260,938,383</u>	<u>254,512,390</u>	<u>165,400,335</u>	<u>150,249,652</u>	<u>426,338,718</u>	<u>404,762,042</u>		
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	178,899	198,963	178,899	198,963		
Deferred amount related to pensions	24,920,014	16,317,936	2,065,784	1,399,327	26,985,798	17,717,263		
Deferred amount related to OPEB	<u>10,137,575</u>	<u>6,583,646</u>	<u>621,053</u>	<u>466,393</u>	<u>10,758,628</u>	7,050,039		
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>35,057,589</u>	<u>22,901,582</u>	<u>2,865,736</u>	<u>2,064,683</u>	<u>37,923,325</u>	<u>24,966,265</u>		
Current liabilities	9,953,886	7,470,780	1,752,799	1,180,386	11,706,685	8,651,166		
Long-term liabilities	<u>152,392,689</u>	<u>161,534,395</u>	<u>17,257,890</u>	<u>18,337,667</u>	<u>169,650,579</u>	<u>179,872,062</u>		
Total liabilities	<u>162 346 575</u>	<u>169,005,175</u>	<u>19.010.689</u>	<u>19518.053</u>	<u>181,357,264</u>	<u>188,523,228</u>		
Unearned revenue	40,491,506	38,691,235	-	-	40,491,506	38,691,235		
Deferred amount related to leases	-	-	10,860,619	-	10,860,619	-		
Deferred amount related to pensions	30,085,601	21,506,377	2,412,330	1,740,041	32,497,931	23,246,418		
Deferred amount related to OPEB	<u>910,028</u>	<u>1,223,786</u>	<u>79,967</u>	<u>96,168</u>	<u>989,995</u>	<u>1,319,954</u>		
Total deferred inflows of revenues	<u>71.487.135</u>	<u>61.421.398</u>	<u>13.352.916</u>	<u>1.836.209</u>	<u>84.840.051</u>	<u>63.257.607</u>		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	72,162,231	65,669,089	99,643,609	99,983,049	169,861,840	163,612,138		
Restricted	32,878,289	28,010,846	2,105,323	1,834,305	34,983,612	29,845,151		
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(42,878,258)</u>	<u>(46,692,536)</u>	<u>34,153,534</u>	<u>29,142,719</u>	<u>(6,780,724)</u>	<u>(15,509,817)</u>		
Total net position	<u>\$62,162,262</u>	<u>\$46,987,399</u>	<u>\$135,902,466</u>	<u>\$130,960,073</u>	<u>\$198,064,728</u>	<u>\$177,947,472</u>		
Net position - beginning of year	46,987,401	52,541,888	131,516,914	127,267,414	178,504,315	179,809,302		
Change in net position	<u>\$15,174,861</u>	<u>(\$5,554,489)</u>	<u>\$4,385,552</u>	<u>\$3,692,659</u>	<u>\$19,560,413</u>	<u>(\$1,861,830)</u>		
Percent change in net position	32.3%	-10.6%	3.3%	2.9%	11.0%	-1.0%		



Change in combined net position.

The City had combined total revenues of \$84.2 million and combined total expenses before transfers of \$64.7 million in 2022. After transfers, governmental activities had an increase in net position of \$15.2 million, while business-type activities had an increase in net position of \$4.4 million. Table 2 and the following narrative consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

Table 2

	(City of Oak Creek	, Wisconsin							
Changes in Net Position										
	Government	tal Ac tivitie s	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
REVENUES										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 7,407,861	\$ 6,728,335	\$ 16,799,128	\$ 16,660,203	\$ 24,206,989	\$ 23,388,538				
Operating grants & contributions	3,528,055	3,832,130	-	-	3,528,055	3,832,130				
Capital grants & contributions	4,399,425	1,753,088	317,903	112,325	4,717,328	1,865,413				
General revenues:										
Property taxes	37,860,346	34,849,875	-	-	37,860,346	34,849,875				
Other taxes	1,465,673	1,309,055	-	-	1,465,673	1,309,055				
Inter-governmental revenues not										
restricted to specific programs	6,839,141	6,770,056	-	-	6,839,141	6,770,056				
Investment income	208,416	62,167	581,761	27,870	790,177	90,037				
Miscellaneous	4,828,366	7,429,516			4,828,366	7,429,516				
Total revenues	66,537,283	62,734,222	17,698,792	16,800,398	84,236,075	79,534,620				
EXPENSES										
General government	9,218,923	8,963,650	-	-	9,218,923	8,963,650				
Public safety	20,519,815	19,554,000	-	-	20,519,815	19,554,000				
Health and social services	961,513	881,557	-	-	961,513	881,557				
Public works	11,225,076	18,124,254	-	-	11,225,076	18,124,254				
Leisure activities	3,100,998	2,616,597	-	-	3,100,998	2,616,597				
Conservation and development	4,897,593	16,831,808	-	-	4,897,593	16,831,808				
Interest and fiscal charges	3,066,042	3,055,792	-	-	3,066,042	3,055,792				
Water utility	-	-	6,925,957	6,822,538	6,925,957	6,822,538				
Sewer utility			4,759,745	4,546,254	4,759,745	4,546,254				
Total expenses	52,989,960	70,027,658	11,685,702	11,368,792	64,675,662	81,396,450				
Change in net postion before transfers	13,547,323	(7,293,436)	6,013,090	5,431,606	19,560,413	(1,861,830)				
Transfers	1,627,538	1,738,947	(1,627,538)	(1,738,947)	-	-				
		<u> </u>				(1.0(1.020)				
Change in net position	15,174,861	(5,554,489)	4,385,552	3,692,659	19,560,413	(1,861,830)				
Net position, beginning of year	46,987,401	52,541,888	131,516,914	127,267,414	178,504,315	179,809,302				
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 62,162,262</u>	<u>\$ 46,987,399</u>	<u>\$135,902,466</u>	<u>\$130,960,073</u>	<u>\$198,064,728</u>	<u>\$177,947,472</u>				



Governmental Activities

The City of Oak Creek received a total of \$66.5 million in governmental activities revenues excluding transfers in 2022, up \$3.8 million when compared to 2021 revenues. As Table 2 indicates, the largest revenue source is the property tax, which accounts for \$37.9 million, or 56.9% of all governmental revenues. Property tax revenue increased \$3.0 million in 2022 due to significant new commercial and multifamily development within the City, specifically occurring within the City's tax incremental districts. As of this writing, the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin has imposed a permanent operating levy freeze, with the exception of new growth.

The next largest category of revenues is charges for services with \$7.4 million (11.1%); followed by intergovernmental revenues of \$6.8 million (10.3%); miscellaneous of \$4.8 million (7.3%); capital grants and contributions account of \$4.4 million (6.6%); operating grants and contributions of \$3.5 million (5.3%); other taxes of \$1.5 million (2.2%), and investment income of \$0.2 million (0.3%).

The City's governmental activities expenses totaled \$53.0 million in 2022, which were \$13.5 million more than revenues excluding transfers. At \$20.5 million, Public Safety, including Police, Fire, EMS, and Inspection services, accounts for the largest share of City expenses at 38.7%. This is followed by Public Works with \$11.2 million (21.2%), General Government with \$9.2 million (17.4%), Conservation and Development with \$4.9 million (9.2%), Leisure Activities with \$3.1 million (5.9%), and Health and Social Services with \$1.0 million (1.8%). Payment of interest and fiscal charges in the amount of \$3.1 million, accounts for 5.8% of total governmental activities expenses.

Business-type Activities

The City of Oak Creek received \$17.7 million in business-type activities revenue during 2022 from its water and sewer utilities. Charges for services are by far the largest revenue sources for these operations, representing \$16.8 million (94.9%) of all revenues. Investment income are the next largest category of revenues at \$0.6 million in 2022, with capital grants and contributions accounting for the balance of revenues at \$0.3 million (1.8%).

Net position of the City of Oak Creek's water and sewer utilities increased by \$4.4 million in 2022, which represents a 3.3% increase over the prior year's net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the level of unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.



Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, EMS Fund, Debt Service Fund, Debt Amortization Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, TIF No. 8, and TIF No. 11, all of which are major funds. Data from the other twenty-three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* at the end of this report.

At the end of 2022, the combined fund balances for the City's governmental funds were \$40.1 million. Of this total, \$0.1 million is nonspendable, \$20.1 million is restricted, \$2.2 million is committed and \$7.7 million is assigned. The balance of unassigned governmental fund balances is \$9.9 million. These funds are allocated across the following areas (in millions of dollars):

Unassigned Fund Balances (deficit):	
General Fund	\$9.934
Future Improvements Fund	<u>(0.008)</u>
Total	<u>\$9.926</u>

General Fund: The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

- The General Fund balance as of December 31, 2022 was \$11.7 million, of which \$1.6 million was assigned. Included in the assigned amount are tax equivalent dollars to be paid by the utility in 2022, and \$0.1 million is nonspendable which includes minor amounts for delinquent personal property taxes, non-current receivables, and inventories.
- Unassigned fund balance is now \$9.9 million, an increase of \$0.4 million from 2021. The unassigned fund balance is approximately 30.7% of the General Fund's 2022 actual revenues and 2021 state shared revenues; this exceeds the City's policy target range of 15-25% for the purposes of cash flow, stabilization, and emergency reserves. Excess unassigned fund balance above the City's policy target can be utilized for non-reoccurring expenditures in the future such as capital projects.

Emergency Medical Services Fund: This special revenue fund is used to account for resources legally restricted to supporting the operations for the paramedic rescue program.

- The EMS Fund balance as of December 31, 2022 increased to \$1.6 million.
- Total revenues were \$6 million for 2022, which included \$3.9 million from taxes, \$1.9 million from public charges for services, and \$0.2 million of intergovernmental revenue.
- Total expenditures for the year were \$5.7 million.

Capital Improvement Fund: The general capital improvement fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects relating to City-owned capital assets and capital equipment.

• The Capital Improvement Fund balance at the end of the year was \$6.1 million, an increase of \$1.1 million from 2021. The increase is primarily due to the allocation of surplus dollars from the General Fund to capitalize the City's Strategic Action Plan (SAP), building reserve, and equipment replacement accounts.



- Revenue sources provided \$6.0 million consisting of \$5.7 million in interfund transfers, \$0.2 million in intergovernmental grants, interest income, and miscellaneous revenue, and \$0.1 million in sale of property.
- Expenditures in this fund totaled \$4.9 million in 2022. The largest expenses included the annual street rehabilitation program including Drexel Ave., providing clean soil on the lakefront bluff property, extending fiber to the City facilities on the east side, and completing repairs to infrastructure and the street lighting system throughout the City.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget is adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The City ended the year with a favorable variance in General Fund revenues and favorable variance in expenditures. Revenues including other sources were above budget projections by approximately \$1.5 million, while expenditures including other uses were under budget by \$1.2 million. The expenditure outcome relates mainly to allocate significant surplus fund to other funds.

On the revenue side, conservative budgeting kept all categories quite close to budget. Year-over-year revenues were mostly stagnant, but the City did see a significant increase in development-related revenues as construction activity remained strong. However, the City did realize much lower investment earnings than anticipated as interest rates declined significantly in late 2020 into 2021.

The short-term revenue outlook is stable with the exception of planned growth in the next few years. The State-approved legislation will continue to limit taxation to growth alone, however, short-term interest rates increased rapidly in 2022 and early 2023, which should materialize in increased interest earnings in future years.



CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u>

As of December 31, 2022, the City reported combined capital assets of \$266.4 million. Of this amount, \$154.2 million, or 57.9%, is attributable to governmental activities, with the assets related to the City's land, buildings, equipment, and street network.

In 2022, the net capital assets of governmental activities increased by \$0.4 million. Capital assets of business type activities decreased by \$1.3 million.

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation										
	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total					
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Land and improvements	\$31,924,177	\$29,166,698	\$308,195	\$255,895	\$32,232,372	\$29,422,593				
Intangible assets	-	-	51,225	61,657	51,225	61,657				
Construction in progress	317,010	134,495	1,239,083	2,189,146	1,556,093	2,323,641				
Buildings	32,626,145	33,370,038	-	-	32,626,145	33,370,038				
Machinary and equipment	6,722,188	6,314,938	110,656,266	111,066,513	117,378,454	117,381,451				
Infrastructure	82,574,264	84,772,503			82,574,264	84,772,503				
Capital Assets Net of										
Depreciation	<u>\$154 163 784</u>	\$153,758,672	\$112,254,769	\$113 573 211	\$266 418 553	\$267 331 883				

Table 3 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Long-term Debt

At year-end, the governmental activities had \$105.0 million in general obligation bonds, promissory notes, and note anticipation notes, an decrease of \$14.1 million from last year. At the end of 2022, the business-type activities had a total of \$12.4 million in outstanding revenue bonds. The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service. Revenue bonds of the water & sewer utilities are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investor Service as well.

State law limits the City to issuing general obligation bonds totaling no more than 5% of the City's equalized value. Based on the 2022 equalized value, this limit is \$261.3 million. The City currently has a combined total of \$92.7 million of general obligation bonds and notes outstanding, representing 40.2% of its legal debt capacity.

Table 4 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin Notes and Bonds Outstanding										
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business Typ	e-Activities	Total					
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
General Obligation Bonds and Notes Revenue Bonds	\$104,960,000 	\$119,100,000 	\$0 12,419,609	\$0 <u>13,555,164</u>	\$104,960,000 <u>12,419,609</u>	\$119,100,000 <u>13,555,164</u>				
Total	<u>\$104,960,000</u>	<u>\$119,100,000</u>	<u>\$12,419,609</u>	<u>\$13,555,164</u>	<u>\$117,379,609</u>	<u>\$132,655,164</u>				



ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Oak Creek is located in southeastern Milwaukee County, and is one of only two municipalities in Milwaukee County with numerous tracts of vacant land. This location and land availability has contributed to the City's rapid growth and strong economic position. The local economy has picked up over the last few years with growth expected to continue at Oak View Business Park and surrounding area, 13th Street and Drexel Avenue, Ryan Business Park, the land adjacent to IKEA as well as other locations throughout the City.

The City's population and building permit information is provided below:

	Estimated	Estimated	Census	Estimated	Census
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2010
City of Oak Creek	37,374	37,608	36,497	35,830	34,451
Milwaukee County	939,487	947,241	939,489	946,296	947,735
State of Wisconsin	5,949,155	5,901,473	5,893,718	5,843,443	5,686,986

Total New	Construction Bui	ilding Permits	Total Residential Building Permits			
Year	Number	Value	Number	Value		
2022	83	\$178,736,091	54	\$22,203,499		

The Oak Creek Common Council adopted the 2023 budget in November of 2022, which authorized General Fund expenditures of \$29.5 million, a 1.5% increase from 2022. The tax levy for the City of Oak Creek is \$23.9 million, an increase of \$0.6 million from 2022 due to new construction. The mill rate for City services decreased by \$0.44 to \$5.68 in 2023, due to an increase in the community's assessed value.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Oak Creek, 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin, 53154.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Oak Creek Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Unrestricted cash and investments Taxes receivable Delinquent personal property taxes receivable	\$ 40,436,990 40,986,188 1,380	\$ 37,202,763 -	\$ 77,639,753 40,986,188 1,380
Accounts receivable, net	1,679,779	- 3,466,054	5,145,833
Special assessments receivable	2,264,580	409,660	2,674,240
Loans receivable	6,503	-	6,503
Leases receivable	-	10,860,619	10,860,619
Other assets	-	5,000	5,000
Internal balances	1,048,352	(1,048,352)	-
Due from other governmental units	7,205	-	7,205
Prepaids and inventories	136,151	111,607	247,758
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments	7,408,619	1,135,265	8,543,884
Net pension asset Capital assets:	12,798,852	1,002,950	13,801,802
Land and land rights	27,779,402	308,195	28,087,597
Intangible assets	-	85,719	85,719
Construction in progress	317,010	1,239,083	1,556,093
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	126,067,372	110,621,772	236,689,144
Total assets	260,938,383		406 229 719
Total assets	200,930,303	165,400,335	426,338,718
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	178,899	178,899
Deferred amount related to pension	24,920,014	2,065,784	26,985,798
Deferred amount related to OPEB	10,137,575	621,053	10,758,628
Total deferred outflows of resources	35,057,589	2,865,736	37,923,325
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,632,383	1,752,799	7,385,182
Deposits	485,703	-	485,703
Accrued interest	721,657	-	721,657
Unearned revenue	3,114,143	-	3,114,143
Noncurrent liabilities:	0 5 4 5 0 4 0	4 400 007	0 705 000
Due within one year	8,545,019	1,160,367	9,705,386
Due in more than one year	143,847,670	16,097,523	159,945,193
Total liabilities	162,346,575	19,010,689	181,357,264
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unearned revenue	40,491,506	-	40,491,506
Deferred amount related to leases	-	10,860,619	10,860,619
Deferred amount related to pension	30,085,601	2,412,330	32,497,931
Deferred amount related to OPEB	910,028	79,967	989,995
Total deferred inflows of resources	71,487,135	13,352,916	84,840,051
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	72,162,231	99,643,609	169,981,840
Restricted for debt service	-	1,102,373	1,102,373
Restricted for TID activity	4,402,344	-	4,402,344
Restricted for impact fees	7,318,495	-	7,318,495
Restricted for pensions	12,798,852	1,002,950	13,801,802
Restricted for other purposes	8,358,598	-	8,358,598
Unrestricted (deficit)	(42,878,258)	34,153,534	(6,900,724)
Total net position	\$ 62,162,262	\$ 135,902,466	\$ 198,064,728

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Program Revenues					Net (Net (Expense) Revenue and			
		Operating Capital				Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions			rants and htributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
		Services	- 001	Infibutions			Activities	Activities	Total		
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 9,218,923	\$ 1,953,642	\$	38,470	\$	-	\$ (7,226,811)	\$-	\$ (7,226,811)		
Public safety	20,519,815	3,612,078		485,835		-	(16,421,902)	-	(16,421,902)		
Health and social services	961,513	30,105		618,404		-	(313,004)	-	(313,004)		
Public works	11,225,076	1,719,870		2,367,846		2,572,632	(4,564,728)	-	(4,564,728)		
Leisure activities	3,100,998	92,166		-		31,069	(2,977,763)	-	(2,977,763)		
Conservation and development	4,897,593	-		17,500		1,795,724	(3,084,369)	-	(3,084,369)		
Interest and fiscal charges	3,066,042			-		-	(3,066,042)		(3,066,042)		
Total governmental activities	52,989,960	7,407,861		3,528,055		4,399,425	(37,654,619)		(37,654,619)		
Business-Type Activities											
Water utility	6,925,957	11,950,221		-		172,104	-	5,196,368	5,196,368		
Sewer utility	4,759,745	4,848,907		-		145,799		234,961	234,961		
Total business-type activities	11,685,702	16,799,128				317,903		5,431,329	5,431,329		
Total	\$ 64,675,662	\$ 24,206,989	\$	3,528,055	\$	4,717,328	(37,654,619)	5,431,329	(32,223,290)		
		General Revenue	es								
		Taxes: Property taxes	s levie	d for general	nurno	565	28,012,175	_	28,012,175		
		Property taxes		-	• •		1,139,314	-	1,139,314		
		Property taxes				al districts	8,708,857	_	8,708,857		
		Other taxes	3, 10110		emente		1,465,673		1,465,673		
		Intergovernmen	tal rove	anues not res	stricted	to	1,403,073	-	1,403,073		
		specific progra			Sincleu	10	6,839,141		6,839,141		
		Investment inco					208,416	- 581,761	790,177		
		Gain on disposa		cote			193,123	501,701	193,123		
		Miscellaneous		3013			4,635,243	-	4,635,243		
		Transfers						-	4,035,245		
		ransiers					1,627,538	(1,627,538)	-		

Change in net position

Total general revenues and transfers

52,829,480

15,174,861

46,987,401

62,162,262

\$

51,783,703

19,560,413

178,504,315

\$ 198,064,728

(1,045,777)

4,385,552

131,516,914

\$ 135,902,466

Net Position, Beginning (as Restated)

Net Position, Ending

City of Oak Creek Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

		Special Revenue Fund	Debt Serv	vice Funds	c	Capital Projects Fund	ds		
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Assets									
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 12,463,940 -	\$ 1,306,273 -	\$ 4,773 -	\$ 5,739 -	\$ 6,769,512 -	\$ 90,945 -	\$ 2,314,871 -	\$ 15,417,478 7,408,619	\$ 38,373,531 7,408,619
Taxes Delinquent personal property taxes	16,969,582 1,380	3,813,957	435,789	-	-	2,524,747	4,313,284	12,928,829	40,986,188 1,380
Accounts, net	738,988	434,926	-	-	11,491	-	72,992	85,595	1,343,992
Due from other government Special assessments	7,205	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,264,580	7,205 2,264,580
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,503	6,503
Due from other funds Inventories	1,665,441 136,151	-	-	-	243,956	-	-	314,900	2,224,297 136,151
Total assets	\$ 31,982,687	\$ 5,555,156	\$ 440,562	\$ 5,739	\$ 7,024,959	\$ 2,615,692	\$ 6,701,147	\$ 38,426,504	\$ 92,752,446
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 637,058 2,500,145	\$ 17,525 68,956	\$ 475 -	\$-	\$ 698,383 -	\$ (234)	\$ (2,912)	\$ 1,234,054 62,279	\$ 2,584,349 2,631,380
Deposits	150,593	-	-	-	-	-	-	335,110	485,703
Due to other funds	415,923	-	-	-	267,464	-	-	669,458	1,352,845
Unearned revenues								3,104,153	3,104,153
Total liabilities	3,703,719	86,481	475		965,847	(234)	(2,912)	5,405,054	10,158,430
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unearned revenues	16,568,923	3,813,957	435,789	-	-	2,524,747	4,313,284	12,834,806	40,491,506
Unavailable revenues		7,085					72,992	1,955,446	2,035,523
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,568,923	3,821,042	435,789			2,524,747	4,386,276	14,790,252	42,527,029
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable	148,831	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	148,831
Restricted Committed	-	-	4,298	5,739	-	91,179	2,317,783	17,670,475	20,089,474
Assigned	- 1,627,538	1,647,633	-	-	- 6,059,112	-	-	568,973	2,216,606 7,686,650
Unassigned (deficit)	9,933,676				-			(8,250)	9,925,426
Total fund balances	11,710,045	1,647,633	4,298	5,739	6,059,112	91,179	2,317,783	18,231,198	40,066,987
Total liabilities, deferred									
inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 31,982,687	\$ 5,555,156	\$ 440,562	\$ 5,739	\$ 7,024,959	\$ 2,615,692	\$ 6,701,147	\$ 38,426,504	\$ 92,752,446
							· · · ·		

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2022

Fund Balance, Total Governmental Funds	\$	40,066,987
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land Construction in progress		27,779,402 317,010
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization		126,067,372
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.		
Special assessments		1,948,943
Loans Accounts		6,503 80,077
Accounts		00,077
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance coverage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in government activities in the statement of net position.		2,149,502
The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.		12,798,852
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		24,920,014
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		(30,085,601)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		10,137,575
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		(910,028)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable	((104,960,000)
Unamortized debt premium Other postemployment benefits		(2,255,553) (43,904,550)
Vested compensated absences		(1,272,586)
Accrued interest		(721,657)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	62,162,262

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Special Revenue Fund	Debt Serv	Debt Service Funds Capital Projects Funds					
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 16,471,363	\$ 3,908,890	\$ 744,932	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,240,698	\$ 4,278,844	\$ 11,681,293	\$ 39,326,020
Intergovernmental	5,782,539	218,109	-	3,171,703	50,178	12,155	670	1,782,603	11,017,957
Regulation and compliance	2,285,401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,285,401
Public charges for services	387,403	1,918,783	-	-	-	-	-	2,956,069	5,262,255
Special assessments/developer contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	169,527	169,527
Investment income (loss)	(199,906)	18,931	-	5,739	40,588	1,155	30,811	283,912	181,230
Miscellaneous	1,228,341	1,021	-	-	87,948	-	528,902	2,772,423	4,618,635
Interdepartmental charges for services	438,622								438,622
Total revenues	26,393,763	6,065,734	744,932	3,177,442	178,714	2,254,008	4,839,227	19,645,827	63,299,647
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	6,571,490	-	-	-	-	-	(59)	678,539	7,249,970
Public safety	12,180,722	5,687,491	-	-	-	-	-	1,270,498	19,138,711
Health and social services	572,865	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,400,623	2,973,488
Public works	4,234,376	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,188,526	6,422,902
Leisure activities	1,998,470	-	-	-	-	-	-	184,839	2,183,309
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	231,356	-	4,486,264	4,717,620
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	4,850,881	2,012,201	113,100	848,670	7,824,852
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	-	-	8,520,000	-	-	1,235,000	2,670,000	4,040,000	16,465,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-		886,343		-	320,998	1,399,060	869,964	3,476,365
Total expenditures	25,557,923	5,687,491	9,406,343		4,850,881	3,799,555	4,182,101	16,967,923	70,452,217
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	835,840	378,243	(8,661,411)	3,177,442	(4,672,167)	(1,545,547)	657,126	2,677,904	(7,152,570)
over expenditures	055,040	570,245	(0,001,411)	3,177,442	(4,072,107)	(1,545,547)	037,120	2,077,904	(7,152,570)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,325,000	2,325,000
Sale of property	58,743	-	-	-	134,377	-	-	69,004	262,124
Transfers in	1,639,622	-	2,253,248	-	5,667,634	-	-	1,967,597	11,528,101
Transfers out	(2,299,679)			(3,173,248)			(220,000)	(4,207,636)	(9,900,563)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(601,314)	-	2,253,248	(3,173,248)	5,802,011	-	(220,000)	153,965	4,214,662
c ()	<u> </u>		<u>.</u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	234,526	378,243	(6,408,163)	4,194	1,129,844	(1,545,547)	437,126	2,831,869	(2,937,908)
Fund Balances, Beginning	11,475,519	1,269,390	6,412,461	1,545	4,929,268	1,636,726	1,880,657	15,399,329	43,004,895
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 11,710,045	\$ 1,647,633	\$ 4,298	\$ 5,739	\$ 6,059,112	\$ 91,179	\$ 2,317,783	\$ 18,231,198	\$ 40,066,987

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$ (2,937,908)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Some amounts reported as capital outlay were not capitalized	7,824,852 (215,161)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Net book value of disposed assets	(3,934,089) (3,270,492)
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	
Special assessments	1,786,393
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal repaid Debt proceeds	16,465,000 (2,325,000)
Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Amortization of debt premium on debt issued	334,916
Net revenue of activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	(125,498)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Other postemployment benefits Deferred outflows related to OPEBs	(5,451,170) 3,553,929
Deferred inflows related to OPEBs Vest compensated absences Accrued interest on debt	313,758 117,960 75,408
Net pension asset Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,939,109 8,602,078
Deferred inflows related to pensions	 (8,579,224)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,174,861

City of Oak Creek Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Total	Internal Service Fund		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 28,722,216	\$ 8,480,547	\$ 37,202,763	\$ 2,063,459		
Customer accounts receivable	2,245,217	1,063,104	3,308,321	-		
Other accounts receivable	74,130	81,044	155,174	335,787		
Due from other funds	731,659	306,286	1,037,945	176,900		
Accrued interest	-	2,559	2,559	-		
Lease receivable	339,515	-	339,515	-		
Due from other funds, advance	-	219,667	219,667	-		
Prepaid and inventory	111,607	-	111,607	-		
Restricted assets:	FF0 700		FF0 7 00			
Revenue bond redemption account	552,720		552,720			
Total current assets	32,777,064	10,153,207	42,930,271	2,576,146		
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:						
Revenue bond reserve account	565,545	-	565,545	-		
Revenue bond depreciation account	17,000	-	17,000	-		
Net pension asset	802,363	200,587	1,002,950			
Total restricted assets	1,384,908	200,587	1,585,495	<u>-</u>		
Capital assets:						
Land and land rights	295,050	13,145	308,195	-		
Intangible assets	69,544	16,175	85,719	-		
Construction in progress	1,030,652	208,431	1,239,083	-		
Utility plant in service	125,724,661	49,398,041	175,122,702	-		
Accumulated amortization	(34,494)	-	(34,494)	-		
Accumulated depreciation	(50,529,140)	(13,937,296)	(64,466,436)			
Total capital assets	76,556,273	35,698,496	112,254,769	<u> </u>		
Other assets:						
Property held for future use	5,000	-	5,000	-		
Lease receivable	10,521,104	-	10,521,104	-		
Due from other funds, special assessments	394,430	15,230	409,660	-		
Due from other funds, advance		1,348,899	1,348,899			
Total other assets	10,920,534	1,364,129	12,284,663			
Total assets	121,638,779	47,416,419	169,055,198	2,576,146		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred charge on refunding	178,899	-	178,899	-		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	497,253	123,800	621,053	-		
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,652,624	413,160	2,065,784			
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,328,776	536,960	2,865,736			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	123,967,555	47,953,379	171,920.934	2,576,146		
	123,967,555	47,953,379	171,920,934	2,576,1		

Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Business-Ty	Governmental Activities -		
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Total	Internal Service Fund
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 898,342	\$ 720,428	\$ 1,618,770	\$ 416,654
Accrued payroll	44,322	1,675	45,997	-
Accrued interest payable	2,559	-	2,559	-
Due to other funds	2,043,925	42,372	2,086,297	-
Due to other funds, advance	219,667	-	219,667	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	9,990
Compensated absences	52,581	-	52,581	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	- ,		- ,	
Accrued interest	32,892	-	32,892	-
Current portion of revenue bonds	1,160,367	-	1,160,367	-
Total current liabilities	4,454,655	764,475	5,219,130	426,644
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Other postemployment benefits obligation	2,034,144	508,537	2,542,681	-
Due to other funds, advance	1,348,899	-	1,348,899	-
Pollution remediation obligation	2,295,600	-	2,295,600	-
Revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums	11,259,242		11,259,242	
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,937,885	508,537	17,446,422	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	21,392,540	1,273,012	22,665,552	426,644
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	63,961	16,006	79,967	-
Deferred inflows related to pension	1,929,865	482,465	2,412,330	-
Deferred inflows related to leases	10,860,619	-	10,860,619	-
Total deferred inflows	12,854,445	498,471	13,352,916	
	i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total liabilities and deferred				
inflows of resources	34,246,985	1,771,483	36,018,468	426,644
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	63,955,607	35,688,002	99,643,609	-
Restricted:	00,000,007	00,000,002	00,010,000	
Debt service	1,102,373	-	1,102,373	-
Pension	802,363	200,587	1,002,950	-
Unrestricted	23,860,227	10,293,307	34,153,534	- 2,149,502
Total net position	\$ 89,720,570	\$ 46,181,896	\$ 135,902,466	\$ 2,149,502

City of Oak Creek Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Ty	pe Activities - Ente	rprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Water	Sewer	Tatal	Internal
	Utility	Utility	Total	Service Fund
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 11,458,920	\$ 4,797,059	\$ 16,255,979	\$-
Other operating revenues	491,301	51,848	543,149	7,373,535
Total operating revenues	11,950,221	4,848,907	16,799,128	7,373,535
Operating Expenses				
Operation and maintenance	3,950,064	4,115,557	8,065,621	7,526,218
Depreciation/amortization	2,574,828	598,269	3,173,097	-
Taxes	125,425	45,919	171,344	
Total operating expenses	6,650,317	4,759,745	11,410,062	7,526,218
Operating income (loss)	5,299,904	89,162	5,389,066	(152,683)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	487,350	94,411	581,761	27,185
Income (loss) from merchandising and jobbing	(14,629)	-	(14,629)	-
Interest expense and debt issuance costs	(240,948)	-	(240,948)	-
Amortization of bond premiums	(20,063)		(20,063)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	211,710	94,411	306,121	27,185
Income (loss) before contributions				
and transfers	5,511,614	183,573	5,695,187	(125,498)
Capital Contributions	172,104	145,799	317,903	-
Transfers Out	(1,627,538)		(1,627,538)	
Change in net position	4,056,180	329,372	4,385,552	(125,498)
Net Position, Beginning (as restated)	85,664,390	45,852,524	131,516,914	2,275,000
Net Position, Ending	\$ 89,720,570	\$ 46,181,896	\$ 135,902,466	\$ 2,149,502

City of Oak Creek Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities -		
		Water Utility	Sewer Utility		Total		Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Received from customers	\$	11,519,760	\$	4,724,287	\$	16,244,047	\$	7,152,800
Received from rents of water property		350,318		-		350,318		-
Received for nonoperating activities		27,382		-		27,382		-
Received from miscellaneous sources		75,643		3,326		78,969		-
Paid for nonoperating activities		(42,011)		-		(42,011)		-
Paid to Milwaukee Metro Sewerage District for		,						
sewer user charges		-		(3,226,596)		(3,226,596)		-
Paid to Primary Government for tax equivalent		(1,892,737)		-		(1,892,737)		-
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(1,936,610)		(460,177)		(2,396,787)		(7,462,716)
Paid to employees for services		(1,775,951)		(404,942)		(2,180,893)		-
		(1,110,001)		(101,012)		(2,100,000)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		6,325,794		635,898		6,961,692		(309,916)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Principal received from Water Utility, advance		-		218,923		218,923		-
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Proceeds from sale of investments		372,280		8,734		381,014		-
Interest received from Water Utility, advance		-		5,542		5,542		-
Investment income		483,519		86,538		570,057		27,185
Net cash flows from investing activities		855,799		100,814		956,613		27,185
Cash Flows From Capital and Related								
Financing Activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds received for acquisition and construction		(1,714,632)		(361,732)		(2,076,364)		-
of capital assets		12,692		-		12,692		-
Special assessment proceeds		220,295		27,104		247,399		-
Principal payment to Sewer Utility, advance		(218,923)		-		(218,923)		-
Debt retired		(1,135,555)		-		(1,135,555)		-
Interest paid to Sewer Utility, advance		(5,542)		-		(5,542)		-
Interest paid		(235,739)		-		(235,739)		-
Net cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities		(3,077,404)		(334,628)		(3,412,032)		-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		4,104,189		621,007		4,725,196		(282,731)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		25,753,292		7,859,540		33,612,832		2,346,190
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	29,857,481	\$	8,480,547	\$	38,338,028	\$	2,063,459

City of Oak Creek Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities -		
		Water		Sewer				Internal
		Utility		Utility	<u> </u>	Total	Se	rvice Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash From Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,299,904	\$	89,162	\$	5,389,066	\$	(152,683)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(14,629)		-		(14,629)		-
Transfer out to general fund		(1,627,538)		-		(1,627,538)		-
Adjustments to reconcile operating income								
to net cash provided from operating activities								
Noncash items included in income:								
Amortization		10,432		-		10,432		
Depreciation		2,564,396		598,269		3,162,665		-
Depreciation charged to other accounts		86,537		(51,388)		35,149		-
Changes in assets and liabilities and								
deferred outflows and inflows:								
Customer accounts receivable		(77,676)		(31,479)		(109,155)		(173,423)
Other accounts receivable		2,034		2,188		4,222		-
Due from other funds		-		(38,095)		(38,095)		(47,312)
Inventories		(27,876)		-		(27,876)		-
Pension		(195,748)		(48,931)		(244,679)		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		654,755		135,869		790,624		63,502
Accrued expenses		(8,471)		352		(8,119)		-
Due to other funds		(251,967)		-		(251,967)		-
Net other post employment benefits obligation		(88,359)		(20,049)		(108,408)		-
Net cash flows from								
operating activities	\$	6,325,794	\$	635,898	\$	6,961,692	\$	(309,916)
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds								
Cash and investments	\$	28,722,216	\$	8,480,547	\$	37,202,763	\$	2,063,459
Restricted cash and investments, current		552,720		-		552,720		-
Restricted cash and investments, noncurrent		582,545		-		582,545		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	29,857,481	\$	8,480,547	\$	38,338,028	\$	2,063,459
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities								
Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by developers Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by	\$	71,525	\$	117,769	\$	189,294	\$	-
assessments of benefits to property owners	\$	100,579	\$	28,806	\$	129,385	\$	-

City of Oak Creek Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
Assets Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	\$ 48,785,190 14,179,846
Total assets	62,965,036
Liabilities Due to other taxing units	62,965,036
Net Position	<u> </u>

City of Oak Creek Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
	Tax Collection Fund
Additions Tax collections	\$ 44,347,299
Deductions Payments to overlying districts	44,347,299
Change in fiduciary net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ </u>

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1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Oak Creek. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The City has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation, blended or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under the Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, which enhances the relevance and consistency of information about the City's leasing activities. This standard was implemented January 1, 2022.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Emergency Medical Services Fund, Special Revenue

Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the paramedic rescue program.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for debt related public works projects.

Debt Service - Debt Amortization Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Projects - Capital Improvement Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets for the capital improvement program.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Enterprise Funds

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility - accounts for operations of the water system. Sewer Utility - accounts for operations of the sewer system.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Solid Waste Fund Donation and Activity Fund WE Energies Fund Low Income Loan Fund Special Assessment Fund Economic Development Fund Future Improvement Fund Impact Fee Escrow Fund Asset Forfeiture Fund Storm Water Fund Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund Tourism Commission Fund Park Escrow Fund ARPA Fund

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs

TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Developer Agreement Fund TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Services Fund

Internal Service Fund is used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund

Custodial Fund

Custodial Fund is used to account for and report assets controlled by the City and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines for allowable investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Funds placed in any one depository institution that exceeds the amount of deposit insurance provided by an agency of the United States including demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit must be 100% collateralized as to principal and accrued interest with securities that are obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies and instrumentalities that are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies/instrumentalities. Securities held as collateral shall be delivered for safekeeping to a custodial bank selected by the City of Oak Creek. Securities held as collateral at the custodial bank will be marked to market at least monthly with a minimum value of 102% of deposit, with a monthly statement sent to the City Treasurer detailing all holdings. The Depository must enter into a security agreement with the City of Oak Creek.

When investing in repurchase agreements, the City shall require that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreement the City has with such depository. The collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States or of its agencies/instrumentalities, if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or a commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government.

Credit Risk

Any security including commercial paper which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years on the date which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investor service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with, a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Consideration shall be given to the total amount of existing city funds which are already in such depository and or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment. A ceiling may be established for individual financial institutions at each annual evaluation.

Interest Rate Risk

Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.

Purchase obligations of the US Treasury and deposits into the Local Government Investment Pool and the BMO Investment Account shall not be subject to the bid process.

Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- a) A declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- b) A security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.
- c) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note 3. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2022, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 3 for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district, technical college district and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2022 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date	December 2022
Tax bills mailed	December 2022
Payment in full, or	January 31, 2023
First installment due (50%)	January 31, 2023
Second installment due (25%)	March 31, 2023
Third installment due (25%)	May 31, 2023
Personal property taxes in full	January 31, 2023
Tax sale, 2022 delinquent real estate taxes	October 2025

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

The City has received grant funds for CDBG housing loan programs to qualified individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The City is no longer disbursing these funds. This activity is accounted for in the Low Income Loan Fund.

It is the City's policy to record unearned revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Prepaids and Inventories

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost using the consumption method of accounting. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average and charged to construction and/or for operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

Capital Assets

Government -Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmentwide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
	00 50
Buildings	30-50
Land improvements	20-30
Machinery and equipment	3-15
Utility system	15-100
Infrastructure	20-50
Intangibles	2-15

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Leases

The City is a lessor because it leases capital assets to other entities. As a lessor, the City reports a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources in both the fund statements and government-wide financial statements. The City continues to report and depreciate the capital assets being leased as capital assets of the primary government.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted paid time off in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested paid time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for paid time off will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. The liabilities at December 31, 2022 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The City has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects and do not constitute indebtedness of the City. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is made up of the following issues:

Name	Date	 Original Principal Amount	Maturity		Principal Amount utstanding at 12/31/22
Marquette13 LLC and Tower13 LLC	12/29/17	\$ 6,300,000	12/01/37	\$	5,283,713

Pollution Remediation Obligations

As of December 31, 2022, the City was obligated to address the future pollution cleanup activities at its water treatment plant site due to federal and state laws and regulations. The City's obligation originated in 2016 to address the pollution remediation because the government unit has been determined to be the responsible party which compels the City to participate in remediation. Examples of expected future remediation activity costs include legal services, site investigation and required post-remediation monitoring costs. The amount reported as a pollution remediation obligation represents the current value of the expected cash flows to be paid for these activities. Any expected recoveries would be treated separately as a receivable when such reimbursements become measurable. As of December 31, 2022, the obligation was \$2,295,600 with no related receivable. The City will recognize these liabilities and related expenses as an operating expense in the water utility financial statements only when such costs become measurable. Because of this, the liability is subject to change as the City becomes aware of new information which may affect its estimate. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

> The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the businesstype activities column but financed by debt of the governmental activities column. The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column. A reconciliation of this adjustment is as follows:

	 Bovernmental Activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		djustment	Total	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 72,162,231	\$	99,643,609	\$	(1,824,000)	\$	169,981,840
Unrestricted (deficit)	(42,878,258)		34,153,534		1,824,000		(6,900,724)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. **Nonspendable** Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Committed** Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. **Assigned** Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the City Administrator or Finance Director to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. **Unassigned** Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 15% to 25% of total general fund annual revenues plus the amount of state shared revenue during the previous year. General fund annual revenues were \$26,452,506 and the state shared revenue in the previous year was \$5,843,748 for a total of \$32,296,254. At year end, amounts available for working capital and included in unassigned general fund balance totaled \$9,933,676 or 30.8%.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Health Insurance

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, the City OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Life Insurance

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

A budget has been adopted for the following funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 65.90.

Debt Service Fund Debt Amortization Fund TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund: Capital Improvement Fund Developer Agreement Fund TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

Excess Expenditures and Other Uses Over Appropriation

Fund	Budgeted Actual Expenditures Expenditures		Excess Expenditures Over Budget		
Debt Service Fund	\$	2,982,197	\$ 9,406,343	\$	6,424,146
Special Revenue Funds:					
Emergency Medical Services		5,598,633	5,687,491		88,858
Donation & Activity		523,179	979,869		456,690
Future Improvement		-	5,750		5,750
Impact Fee Escrow		-	356,869		356,869
Consolidated Dispatch Services		1,829,160	1,926,235		97,075
Tourism Commission		367,224	414,442		47,218
Capital Projects Funds:					
TIF #12		1,167,485	3,421,183		2,253,698
TIF #7		1,641,914	1,882,122		240,208
TIF #8		1,864,223	3,799,555		1,935,332
TIF #10		323,647	534,239		210,592
TIF #11		4,250,211	4,402,101		151,890
TIF #13		782,920	1,766,168		983,248
TIF #14		149,980	150,335		355

The City controls expenditures at the fund level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Deficit Balances

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2022, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	Am	nount	Reason
Special Revenue Funds: Future Improvement Fund	\$	8,250	Excess of expenditures over revenues

Limitations on the City's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

	Са	rrying Value	 Bank and Investment Balances	Associated Risk
Demand deposits Certificates of deposit (negotiable)	\$	34,277,829 1,554,928	\$ 34,277,831 1,554,928	Custodial credit Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
U.S. treasuries		3,308,807	3,308,807	Custodial credit, interest rate and highly sensitive to interest rate changes
U.S. agencies		6,562,245	6,562,245	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, highly sensitive to interest rate changes, concentration of credit
Municipal bonds		1,119,251	1,119,251	Custodial credit, credit, interest rate, concentration of credit, highly sensitive to interest rate changes
Corporate bonds		1,561,819	1,561,819	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Local Government Investment Pool Sweep accounts		86,280,283 298,609	86,280,283 298,609	Credit Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Petty cash		5,056	 	N/A
Total cash and investments	\$	134,968,827	\$ 134,963,773	
Per statement of net position: Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position: Custodial funds	\$	77,639,753 8,543,884 48,785,190		
Total cash and investments	\$	134,968,827		

The City's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The City has an agreement with Tri City National Bank, Oak Creek, where city deposits are collateralized by government securities owned by Tri City Capital Corp., a wholly owned investment subsidiary of Tri City National Bank. The investment portfolio is maintained with BMO Harris Bank, Milwaukee.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

The City does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. As of December 31, 2022 the City's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's
U.S. agencies	AA	AAA	AAA
Sweep accounts	AA	AAA	AAA
Municipal bonds	AAA	AAA	Aaa
Corporate bonds	A - AA	A - AA	BAA - AAA

The City also held investments in the following external pool which is not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2022, the investment portfolio did not contain any single issuer in excess of 5% of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

		Maturity (in Years)									
Investment Type	F	Less Than Fair Value 1 Year					10 Years				
Certificates of deposit											
(negotiable)	\$	1,554,928	\$	409,709	\$	1,145,219	\$	-			
U.S. treasuries		3,308,807		1,027,684		2,281,123		-			
U.S. agencies		6,562,245		1,005,489		2,760,989		2,795,767			
Sweep accounts		298,609		298,609		-		-			
Corporate bonds		1,561,819		296,758		908,246		356,815			
Municipal bonds		1,119,251		303,849		815,402		-			
Total	\$	14,405,659	\$	3,342,098	\$	7,910,979	\$	3,152,582			

As of December 31, 2022, the City's investments were as follows:

Fair Market Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The valuation method for recurring fair value measurements of investments is the quoted market prices approach.

The City's investments are categorized are as follows:

	December 31, 2022								
Investment Type	Level 1		Level 2		Leve	el 3		Total	
Certificates of deposit									
(negotiable)	\$	-	\$	1,554,928	\$	-	\$	1,554,928	
U.S. treasuries		-		3,308,807		-		3,308,807	
U.S. agencies		-		6,562,245		-		6,562,245	
Sweep accounts		-		298,609		-		298,609	
Corporate bonds		-		1,561,819		-		1,561,819	
Municipal bonds		-		1,119,251		-		1,119,251	
Total	\$		\$	14,405,659	\$	-	\$	14,405,659	

Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes Risk

At December 31, 2022, the City held \$3,308,807, \$6,562,245, \$298,609, \$1,561,819 and \$1,119,251 in U.S. treasuries, U.S. agencies, sweep accounts, corporate bonds and municipal bonds, respectively. With all fixed income securities, as interest rates rise, the values will fall. The longer the time to maturity, the more sensitive the values will be to a change in interest rates. The longest time to maturity on any holdings is 28 years, maturing October 1, 2050.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the governmental-type individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Total Net eceivables	Exp Colle	Amounts Not Expected to be Collected Within One Year		
General Fund	\$ 17,717,155	\$	11,300		
Special Revenue,					
Emergency Medical Services Fund	4,248,883		-		
Debt Service Fund	435,789		-		
Capital Project, Capital Improvement Fund	11,491		-		
Capital Projects Fund, TIF No. 8	2,524,747		-		
Capital Projects Fund, TIF No. 11	4,386,276		-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 15,285,507		2,271,083		
Total	\$ 44,609,848	\$	2,283,763		

Revenues of the City are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable in the Emergency Medical Services Fund have been adjusted by \$292,611 for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No other allowance is necessary at year-end.

Governmental funds report unavailable or unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 Unearned	Ur	navailable
Property taxes and special charges receivable for subsequent year ARPA grant funds Accounts receivable not collected Loans receivable not yet due Special assessments not yet due	\$ 40,491,506 3,104,153 - - -	\$	- 80,077 6,503 1,948,943
Total unavailable/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 43,595,659	\$	2,035,523
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$ 3,104,153 40,491,506		
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 43,595,659		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long-Term Debt Accounts

- **Redemption** Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.
- **Reserve** Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

Impact Fee Account

The City has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

Asset Forfeiture Account

The City has received asset forfeitures which must be used for specific purposes.

Net Pension Asset

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2022:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Redemption account	\$	-	\$	552,720	\$	552,720
Reserve account		-		565,545		565,545
Depreciation account		-		17,000		17,000
Impact fee account		7,318,495		-		7,318,495
Asset forfeiture account		90,124		-		90,124
Pension	1	2,798,852		1,002,950		13,801,802
Total	\$ 2	0,207,471	\$	2,138,215	\$	22,345,686

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land Construction in progress	\$ 24,803,754 134,495_	\$ 2,975,648 182,515	\$-	\$ 27,779,402 317,010		
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated	24,938,249	3,158,163		28,096,412		
Capital assets being						
depreciated/amortized:						
Land improvements	6,355,365	-	-	6,355,365		
Buildings	46,540,339	497,342	-	47,037,681		
Intangible asset, easements	5,400	-	(5,400)	-		
Machinery and equipment	23,147,585	1,594,750	(1,320,509)	23,421,826		
Bridges	286,370	-	-	286,370		
Roads	81,157,836	2,211,602	(3,892,742)	79,476,696		
Sidewalks	4,772,194	147,836	-	4,920,030		
Street lighting	7,628,155	-	-	7,628,155		
Storm sewers	26,630,318	<u> </u>		26,630,318		
Total capital assets being						
depreciated/amortized	196,523,562	4,451,530	(5,218,651)	195,756,441		
Less accumulated						
depreciation/amortization for:						
Land improvements	(1,992,421)	(218,169)	-	(2,210,590)		
Buildings	(13,170,301)	(1,241,235)	-	(14,411,536)		
Intangible asset, easements	(5,400)	-	5,400	-		
Machinery and equipment	(16,832,647)	(934,790)	1,067,799	(16,699,638)		
Bridges	(34,368)	-	-	(34,368)		
Roads	(14,526,455)	(725,937)	874,960	(14,377,432)		
Sidewalks	(2,676,982)	(75,907)	-	(2,752,889)		
Street lighting	(4,775,516)	(247,841)	-	(5,023,357)		
Storm sewers	(13,689,049)	(490,210)		(14,179,259)		
Total accumulated						
depreciation/amortization	(67,703,139)	(3,934,089)	1,948,159	(69,689,069)		
depreciation/amortization	(07,705,159)	(3,934,009)	1,940,139	(09,009,009)		
Net capital assets being						
depreciated/amortized	128,820,423	517,441	(3,270,492)	126,067,372		
Total governmental activities						
assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation/amortization	\$ 153,758,672	\$ 3,675,604	\$ (3,270,492)	\$ 154,163,784		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Depreciation / amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 752,463
Public safety	763,913
Health and social services	550
Public works	2,029,334
Leisure activities	 387,829
Total governmental activities depreciation/amortization expenses	\$ 3,934,089

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Water Capital assets not being				
depreciated:				
Land and land rights	\$ 242,750	\$ 52,300	\$-	\$ 295,050
Construction in progress	1,428,096	1,443,367	1,840,811	1,030,652
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	1,670,846	1,495,667	1,840,811	1,325,702
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Source of supply	7,056,575	-	-	7,056,575
Pumping	9,010,683	92,114	-	9,102,797
Treatment	25,524,041	362,934	-	25,886,975
Transmission and distribution	77,446,365	1,036,945	126,641	78,356,669
Intangible	69,544	-	-	69,544
General	4,981,752	413,777	73,884	5,321,645
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/ amortized	124,088,960	1,905,770	200,525	125,794,205
Total capital assets	125,759,806	3,401,437	2,041,336	127,119,907
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Source of supply	(2,862,749)	(121,346)	-	(2,984,095)
Pumping	(5,708,663)	(240,866)	-	(5,949,529)
Treatment	(14,196,719)	(841,885)	-	(15,038,604)
Transmission and distribution	(21,822,110)	(1,299,415)	(126,641)	(22,994,884)
Intangible	(24,063)	(10,431)	-	(34,494)
General	(3,488,800)	(147,112)	(73,884)	(3,562,028)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(48,103,104)	(2,661,055)	(200,525)	(50,563,634)
Net water plant	\$ 77,656,702	\$ 740,382	\$ 1,840,811	\$ 76,556,273

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance	
Sewer Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land and land rights Intangibles Construction in progress	\$ 13, ⁷ 16, ⁷ 761,0	175	- - 422,580	\$	- - 975,199	\$	13,145 16,175 208,431	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	790,3	370	422,580		975,199		237,751	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:	47 740 (20	000 007		0.005			
Collection system Collection system pumping General	47,710,6 216,7 595,7	164	838,027 - 43,460		6,035 - -		48,542,665 216,164 639,212	
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	48,522,5	589	881,487		6,035		49,398,041	
Total capital assets	49,312,9	959	1,304,067		981,234		49,635,792	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for: Collection system Collection system pumping General	(12,638,0 (216,1 (542,2	64)	(498,977) - (47,904)		(6,035) - -		(13,130,996) (216,164) (590,136)	
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(13,396,4	50)	(546,881)		(6,035)		<u>(13,937,296)</u>	
Net sewer plant	\$ 35,916,	509 <u>\$</u>	757,186	\$	975,199	\$	35,698,496	
Business-type capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization	<u>\$ 113,573,2</u>	211 _\$	1,497,568	\$	2,816,010	\$	112,254,769	

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$ 2,574,828
Sewer	 598,269
Total business-type activities depreciation/ amortization expense	\$ 3,173,097

Depreciation/amortization expense does not agree to the increase in accumulated depreciation due to joint metering, salvage and the cost of removal.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Interfund Receivables/Payables, Transfers and Advances

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables and advances including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year		
General fund	Water utility	\$ 1,623,069	\$	-	
General fund	Sewer utility	42,372	42,3	372	
Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	Water utility	243,956		-	
Special revenue fund, Economic development fund	Capital projects fund, TIF #7 Capital projects fund	314,900	314,9	900	
Internal service fund, Health insurance fund	Water utility	176,900		-	
Water utility	General fund	240,844	15,2	264	
Sewer utility	General fund	175,079		-	
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund, Storm water fund	2,605		-	
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund, Special assessment fund	5,429		-	
Sewer utility	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	123,173		-	
Water utility	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	144,291	70,9	929	
Water utility	Special revenue fund, Special assessment fund	 346,524	283,7	'11	
Total, fund financial statements		3,439,142			
Less fund eliminations		(314,900)			
Less government-wide eliminations		 (2,075,890)			
Total internal balances - government-wide statement of net position		\$ 1,048,352			

The principal purpose of these interfunds includes the tax equivalent payment from the utilities to general fund and special assessment collections by the special assessment fund for the utilities. Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To	Amount	Principal Purpose
Water utility	General fund	\$ 1,627,538	Tax equivalent
General fund	Special revenue fund, Donation and activity fund	135,287	Library supplies
General fund	Special revenue fund, Economic Development	1,000,000	Future development
Special revenue fund, WE Energies	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	1,000,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Storm water	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	230,000	Finance of capital projects
Debt service funds, Debt amortization fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	1,000,000	Street rehab
Debt service funds, Debt amortization fund	Debt service funds, Debt service	2,173,248	Finance debt
Capital projects fund, TID #7	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	900,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #11	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	220,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #12	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	220,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #16	Capital projects fund, TID #13	220,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Future improvement fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	5,750	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Impact fee fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	276,870	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Impact fee fund	Debt service funds, Debt service	80,000	Finance debt
Special revenue fund, Tourism Commission fund	General fund	12,084	Special event reimbursement
Special revenue fund, ARPA fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	650,622	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, ARPA fund	Special revenue fund, Donation and activity fund	47,310	Finance Case Manager position
General fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	1,164,392	Reimburse capital projects
Debt service funds, TID #6 debt service fund	Capital projects fund, TID #13	340,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #10 Subtotal, fund financials Less fund eliminations	Capital projects fund, TID #13	225,000 11,528,101 (9,900,563	Finance of capital projects
Total government-wide statement of activities		\$ 1,627,538	=

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Advances

The Sewer Utility advanced \$2,500,000 to the Water Utility, dated December 15, 2013, for various construction projects. This advance will be repaid through annual installment payments of principal and interest through December 15, 2028. The annual interest rate was initially set by the Commission at 0.34% and is variable thereafter based on the LGIP rate. Effective December 15, 2022, the Commission approved 3.97% as the interest rate on this advance.

The Utility's interfund loan repayment schedule to maturity is as follows:

	 Principal	I	nterest
Years ending December 31:			
2023	\$ 219,667	\$	62,272
2024	220,414		53,551
2025	271,163		44,801
2026	297,085		34,036
2027	298,095		22,241
2028	 262,142		10,407
Total	\$ 1,568,566	\$	227,308

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	. <u> </u>	Increases	s Decreases		Ending ecreases Balance		Amounts Du Within One Year	
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt:									
Notes and bonds Add unamortized debt	\$ 119,100,000	\$	2,325,000	\$	16,465,000	\$	104,960,000	\$	8,130,000
premium	2,590,469		-		334,916		2,255,553		-
Subtotal	121,690,469		2,325,000		14,549,916		107,215,553		8,310,000
Other liabilities: Vested compensated									
absences	1,390,546		745,376		863,336		1,272,586		235,019
Net OPEB liability, life	1,654,878		-		32,308		1,622,570		
Total OPEB liability, health	36,798,502		5,483,478		-		42,281,980		_
- 5,	00,700,002		0,400,470			-	42,201,000		
Total other liabilities	39,843,926		6,228,854		895,644		45,177,136		235,019
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 161,534,395</u>	\$	8,553,854	\$	17,695,560	\$	152,392,689	\$	8,545,019
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable:									
Revenue bonds	\$ 13,555,164	\$		\$	1,135,555	\$	12,419,609	\$	1,160,367
Subtotal	13,555,164		-		1,135,555		12,419,609		1,160,367
Other liabilities: Net OPEB liability, life Total OPEB liability, health	276,888 2,210,015		- 100,633		44,855 -		232,033 2,310,648		-
Pollution remediation obligation	2,295,600						2,295,600		
Total other liabilities	4,782,503		100,633		44,855		4,838,281		
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 18,337,667	\$	100,633	\$	1,180,410	\$	17,257,890	\$	1,160,367

General Obligation Debt

All governmental general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2022 was \$261,334,825. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$104,960,000.

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/22
Governmental Activities General obligation debt: G.O. notes and bonds:					
2013 GO refunding bonds	04/02/13	04/01/32	2.00-3.75%	\$ 5,825,000	\$ 3,625,000
2014B GO refunding bonds	12/16/14	05/01/32	2.00-3.37	2,725,000	1,675,000
2015A GO refunding bonds	01/20/15	06/01/34	2.00-4.00	19,650,000	14,425,000
2016C GO refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-4.00	17,125,000	13,875,000
2016D GO refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-3.15	5,925,000	4,775,000
2017B GO refunding bonds	08/01/17	03/01/37	3.85-4.00	2,900,000	2,735,000
2018A GO refunding bonds	04/03/18	04/01/32	3.57-4.00	8,900,000	7,600,000
2018B GO refunding bonds	08/30/18	04/01/27	2.00-4.00	5,175,000	3,525,000
2018C GO refunding bonds	08/30/18	04/01/27	3.00-4.00	5,140,000	3,690,000
2018D GO refunding bonds	11/27/18	10/01/32	3.95-4.25	5,100,000	4,630,000
2019B GO refunding bonds	08/01/19	10/01/24	2.10-2.25	1,030,000	350,000
2019C GO refunding bonds	08/01/19	10/01/36	3.00-4.00	3,925,000	3,925,000
2020 GO refunding bond	01/06/20	04/01/30	3.00-4.00	4,075,000	3,330,000
2020 GO promissory note	01/06/20	04/01/29	1.80-2.50	1,135,000	900,000
2020 GO refunding bond	04/01/20	10/01/29	1.90-2.40	835,000	665,000
2020C GO refunding bond	04/01/20	10/01/29	1.75-2.70	5,070,000	4,355,000
2020D GO refunding bond	04/01/20	10/01/23	1.75-1.95	5,160,000	995,000
2021A GO promissory notes	05/20/21	04/01/31	0.25-2.00	3,945,000	3,780,000
2021B note anticipation notes	07/28/21	04/01/24	2.00	16,220,000	16,220,000
2021C GO refunding bonds	12/29/21	12/01/32	2.00-4.00	6,030,000	5,070,000
2021D GO promissory notes	12/29/21	04/01/28	0.35-1.70	2,585,000	2,490,000
2022 GO refunding bonds	04/06/22	04/01/36	1.45-3.05	2,325,000	2,325,000

Total governmental activities, general obligation debt

\$ 104,960,000

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

	(Governmental Activities General Obligation Notes and Bonds				
		Principal		Interest		
Years ending December 31:						
2023	\$	8,130,000	\$	3,134,114		
2024		23,815,000		2,695,319		
2025		8,060,000		2,277,197		
2026		8,485,000		2,002,447		
2027		8,870,000		1,712,726		
2028-2032		41,415,000		4,521,019		
2033-2037		6,185,000		337,240		
Total	\$	104,960,000	\$	16,680,062		

Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes and bonds are as follows:

Revenue Debt

The City has pledged future water revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay outstanding revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through May 1, 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$13,668,061. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$1,371,294 and \$8,362,082 respectively. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 44% of net revenues.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2022 consists of the following:

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness		0		Balance 12/31/22	
Water utility revenue bonds	01/13/10	05/01/29	2.668%	\$	791,863	\$	338,610		
Water utility revenue bonds	11/23/11	05/01/31	2.20		5,889,583		2,968,578		
Water utility revenue bonds	05/22/13	05/01/33	1.925		2,594,795		1,548,447		
Water utility revenue bonds	05/28/14	05/01/34	1.925		4,850,988		3,353,974		
Water utility revenue bonds	11/12/20	12/01/31	1.67		4,705,000		4,210,000		
Total business-type									

activities revenue debt

\$ 12,419,609

	Business-Ty Reven		Rev	Business-Ty /enue Debt - D		
	Principal	nterest		Principal	I	nterest
Years ending December 31:						
2023	\$ 435,000	\$ 57,280	\$	725,367	\$	161,152
2024	450,000	54,235		740,493		145,868
2025	430,000	50,410		755,936		130,261
2026	440,000	46,110		771,705		114,327
2027	450,000	40,610		787,806		98,057
2028-2032	2,005,000	92,218		3,660,128		244,568
2033-2034	 	 		768,174		13,356
Total	\$ 4,210,000	\$ 340,863	\$	8,209,609	\$	907,589

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments for vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits liabilities attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Current Refunding

On April 6, 2022, the City issued \$2,325,000 of general obligation promissory notes with an average coupon rate of 2.51% to refund \$2,255,000 of outstanding notes with an average coupon rate of 1.95%. The net proceeds were used to prepay the outstanding debt. The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$2,298,973 from 2022 through 2023. The cash flow requirements on the refunded notes was a short-term obligation, there was no economic gain or loss reported.

Lease Disclosures

Lessor - Lease Receivables

Business-Type Activities

Lease Receivables Description	Date of Inception	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Receivable Balance 12/31/22
Cellular antennas on water towers	1995-2013	2032-2046	0.5%	\$ 10,860,619

The City recognized \$350,318 of lease revenue during the year.

The City recognized \$16,587 of interest revenue during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2022 includes the following:

Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets: Land Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less related long-term debt and premium outstanding (excluding noncapital debt) Add unspent proceeds of capital-related debt included above	\$ 27,779,402 317,010 126,067,372 (82,001,553)
Total net investment in capital assets	 72,162,231
Restricted: TID activity Storm Water Donation and activity Asset forfeiture WE Energies Special assessments Economic development Tourism commission Park escrow Low income loans ARPA Developer agreement Pension Impact fees	4,402,344 676,450 2,334,766 90,615 230,511 2,780,133 1,749,275 363,811 64,737 7,825 58,456 2,019 12,798,852 7,318,495
Total restricted	 32,878,289
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (42,878,258)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 62,162,262

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial si include the following:	tatem	ents at Decer	nber 31, 2022
Nonspendable Fund Balance Major fund: General fund:			
Inventories Delinquent personal property taxes Noncurrent receivables from other funds	\$	136,151 1,380 11,300	
Total nonspendable fund balance	\$	148,831	
Restricted Fund Balance Major funds:			
Debt service, debt service fund Debt service, debt amortization fund Capital projects, TIF No. 8 capital projects fund Capital projects, TIF No. 11 capital projects fund	\$	4,298 5,739 91,179 2,317,783	
Total major funds		2,418,999	
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue funds: Donation and activity We Energies fund Low income loan		2,334,766 230,511 7,825	
Special assessments Economic development Impact fee escrow Asset forfeiture		2,780,133 1,749,275 7,318,495 90,615	
Storm water Tourism commission Park escrow ARPA Debt service funds:		676,450 363,811 64,737 58,456	
TIF No. 6 debt service Capital projects funds: Developer Agreement		41,390 2,019	
TIF No. 7 capital projects TIF No. 10 capital projects TIF No. 12 capital projects TIF No. 13 capital projects		163,676 11,902 782,001 326,737	
TIF No. 14 capital projects TIF No. 15 capital projects TIF No. 16 capital projects		124,466 3,735 539,475	
Total nonmajor funds		17,670,475	
Total restricted fund balance	\$	20,089,474	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Committed Fund Balance

Major funds: Emergency Medical Services	\$ 1,647,633
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue funds: Solid waste Consolidated dispatch services	 315,147 253,826
Total nonmajor funds	 568,973
Total committed fund balance	\$ 2,216,606
Assigned Fund Balance Major funds: General fund: Tax equivalent for subsequent year Capital improvement fund	\$ 1,627,538 6,059,112
Total assigned fund balance	\$ 7,686,650
Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit) Major funds: General fund	\$ 9,933,676
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue fund: Future improvement fund (deficit)	 (8,250)
Total unassigned fund balance (deficit)	\$ 9,925,426
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets: Land and land rights Intangible assets, net of amortization Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less payables and accruals for capital assets Less related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt proceeds, net of unamortized loss on debt refunding)	\$ 308,195 51,225 1,239,083 110,656,266 (370,450) (12,240,710)
Total net investment in capital assets	 99,643,609
Restricted: Debt service Pension	 1,102,373 1,002,950
Total restricted	 2,105,323
Unrestricted	 34,153,534
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 135,902,466

Restatement of Net Position

Net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 and to correct an error in recording special assessment as follows:

	Business-type Activities	Water Utility	
Net position, December 31, 2021 (as reported)	\$ 130,960,073	\$ 85,107,549	
Add lease receivable Add special assessments Less deferred inflows related to leases	11,210,937 556,841 (11,210,937)	11,210,937 556,841 (11,210,937)	
Net position, December 31, 2021 (as restated)	\$ 131,516,914	\$ 85,664,390	

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2012	(7.0)%	(7.0)%
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$2,002,972 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (executives & elected officials) Protective with Social Security	6.75% 6.75%	6.75% 12.35%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.95%

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$13,801,802 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.17123434%, which was an increase of 0.00125282% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$(1,139,063).

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	22,296,114	\$	1,607,790
Changes in assumption		2,574,944		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		30,875,780
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		35,673		14,361
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,079,067		
Total	\$	26,985,798	\$	32,497,931

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

\$2,079,067 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	of an I	Deferred Inflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)	
Years ending December 31:			
2023	\$	(638,668)	
2024		(3,732,344)	
2025		(1,639,878)	
2026		(1,580,310)	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-Retirement Adjustments*:	1.7%

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0
Total Core Fund	115	6.6	4.0
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	6.3	3.7
International Equities	30	7.2	4.6
Total Variable Fund	100	6.8	4.2

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the Total Pension Liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixedincome municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using optionadjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	Dis	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.80%)Current Discount Rate (6.80%)		-	1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.80%)	
City of Oak Creek's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	9,793,357	\$	(13,801,802)	\$	(30,785,928)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reportsand-statements.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a payable to the pension plan, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omission and workers compensation. Employee health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the City in the health insurance internal service fund, which includes commercial insurance and self-funding. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Self-Insurance

For health claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$100,000 deductible per individual and \$6,608,970 in the aggregate for a policy year. Claims in excess of those amounts are covered by specific reinsurance with an unlimited lifetime maximum reimbursement. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

All funds in the City participate in the health and dental insurance internal service fund. Amounts payable to the health insurance fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. At December 31, 2022, no amounts were designated for that reserve.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Claims Liability

	Prior Year			Current Year	
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	394,972 6,761,571 (6,809,241)	\$	347,302 6,016,079 (5,994,397)	
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	347,302	\$	368,984	

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC) Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from the WMIC / CVMIC administrative office.

The City pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$75,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$250,000.

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2022. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

Tax Incremental Financing

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 7 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a property taxable value of \$10,200,000. The developers also pay property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreements, are entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of taxes paid less the base value \$3,000,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2024. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$325,210.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$650,000 upon confirmation of job creation and City being awarded a grant. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid for eight years. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$227,976.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, are entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back equal to 85% of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$1,512,450 or as much as can be received by TID 8's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 10 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a 15-year lease of space and job retainment. The developers are entitled to a future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid, up to \$1,800,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2023. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$281,046.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$5,300,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2016-2032 and thereafter. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0, (\$5,300,000 was paid in 2015).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers received \$2,750,000 loan upon ownership of said property which will be paid back to the City beginning in 2021 (annually for 20 years). Additionally, the developer will receive a \$4,500,000 grant from the City for project costs once the construction process has begun and construction contracts are executed. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$26,200,000 effective 2020 with a moderate increase each year the TID is open ending with a minimum assessed value of \$35,800,900 in 2032. Additionally in 2024 the developer will add another \$9 million in minimum assessed value for phase 3 of the development. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0. (\$2,750,000 was paid in 2017).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$2,500,000 upon beginning construction of a parking garage with 425 parking stalls. Once building permits are pulled for additional square footage of the medical facility (targeting 130,000 square foot) the developer will be paid \$65.80 per square foot up to an additional \$2,500,000. The City will in good faith effort work with the WEDC for a \$1,000,000 grant for the developer based on jobs, 425 parking stalls and a 130,000 square foot facility. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2017-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,450,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and a hotel franchise agreement and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,680,051 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,319,949 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a grant agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The grant was authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers will receive not to exceed \$900,000 upon ownership, build out of project and having reached the minimum assessed value: \$5 million in 2019 and \$8 million in 2020 and for the remaining life of the project. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developers agree to invest roughly \$50,000,000 in economic development building a 300,000 square foot retail facility. The City and developer agree to City financing not to exceed \$5,225,000 for infrastructure leading up to the developer's property. In each year, beginning 2017 and ending the last year of the district 2036, the City will receive a check from the developer for taxes on the property. The developer will receive the tax amount back less the annual bond payment for infrastructure and less \$25,000 for administrative costs each year up to \$13,000,000. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$445,857.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value on Phase I of \$14,900,000 effective 2022. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes for Phase I of the project been determined using the Phase I minimum assessed value, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 90% of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$6,900,000 or as much as can be received by TID 12's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 95% of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$5,300,000 or as much as can be received by TID 12's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 13 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$27,375,000 effective 2024, with a 1.5% increase each year during the terms of development agreement. In 2027, the minimum assessed value will be \$81,190,000 with a 1.5% increase each year for the duration of Phase 1. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes for Phase 1 of the project been determined using the Phase 1 minimum assessed value and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 14 has entered into an agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The grant is authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developer could receive a grant of up to \$1,081,250, providing a project cost statement that confirms costs incurred by the developer. If developer costs were less than \$1,961,250, the City grant payable should be reduced by the amount of savings. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value commencing in 2020 of \$10,639,600 for the duration of the Agreement. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed value and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 15 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$550,000 or as much as can be received by TID 15's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$71,844.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 16 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. Per agreement, taxes paid over annual debt payments, \$350,000 for neighborhood park, and \$25,000 for administrative costs, will be returned up to \$20,779,090. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$2,581,042.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City administers a single-employer defined contribution healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The plan provides health insurance benefits for eligible retirees through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees pay at established rates.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the City and the union.

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit OPEB, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the City. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 Statement 75.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Benefits Provided

The City of Oak Creek provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents based on the following:

Utility

Employees hired prior to 01/01/83 and retired prior to 12/31/06 pay the same as active and get benefits for life after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 -12/31/05 and retire prior to 12/31/05 pay 40% of the pre and post 65 premium after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 - 12/31/05 and retire after 12/31/08 pay 20% of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired after 12/31/05 pay 20% of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 15 years of service. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Local 133, General/Labor

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 20% of the premium to participate in the plan. No Post 65 insurance employee's active January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Local 1848, Firefighters

Employees who attain 10 years of service who retired prior to May 4, 2010 shall be eligible for retiree level health insurance as of the prior bargaining agreement (5%). After May 4, 2010 retirees pay same as current employees (10%). No post 65 insurance available for employees hired after May 4, 2010. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Police Supervisors

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10% of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Police Officers

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10% of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Dispatchers

Employees hired after 02/01/95 need 15 years of service. Employees who retired prior to 12/31/05 have post 65 Medicare supplemental insurance. Future retirees are required to pay 40% of the premium. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Non Represented

Employees hired prior to 01/01/06 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired before 07/01/83 who retired before 12/31/05 receive post 65 benefits and contribute 0%; those who retiree before 12/31/11 pay 20%. Future retirees are required to pay 20% of the premium to participate in the plan.

* General and Police hired after 01/01/2015 and firefighters hired after 01/01/2016 are not eligible for retiree medical coverage under this plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2022 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members and spouses currently receiving benefit	
payments	256
Active plan members	148
	404

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$44,592,628 was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher 3.06%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.06%)		Dis	scount Rate (2.06%)	1'	% Increase (3.06%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	49,099,987	\$	44,592,628	\$	40,684,292

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate Salary increases	2.06% Merit increases of 0.4 %to 3.50% for general employees and 0.50% to 4.80% for protective employees depending upon length of service plus 3.00% for inflation.
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.60% increasing 0.4% for two years then decreasing to 3.70% in 2073 and level thereafter
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	See benefits table above

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Tax Exempt Municipal Bond Yield.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 WRS Experience Table as the base table and projected with mortality improvements using 100% of the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2018-2020.

Healthcare cost trend rates were based on the "Getzen" model published by the Society of Actuaries for purposes of evaluating long term medical trend.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2021 Charges for the year:	\$ 39,008,517	
Service cost Interest	698,873 818,131	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Changes in assumptions or other inputs	3,182,329 3,129,181	
Benefit payments	(2,244,403)	
Net changes	5,584,111	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 44,592,628	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.60% decreasing to 2.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.60% increasing to 4.70%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (4.60% Decreasing to 2.70%)		R	arrent Trend ate (5.60% ecreasing to 3.70%)	% Increase (6.60% ecreasing to 4.70%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	40,328,687	\$	44,592,628	\$ 49,562,824

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,393,847. At December 31, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	C	Deferred outflows of Resources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Employer contributions, subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,716,492 4,489,032 2,923,024	\$	- 677,182 -
Total	\$	10,128,548	\$	677,182

\$2,923,024 reported as deferred outflows to OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resource related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	O Res Defe	Deferred outflow of ources and rred Inflows Resources (Net)
Years ending December 31		
2023	\$	1,933,031
2024		1,951,193
2025		1,856,108
2026		798,010

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-eft/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can be found at the link above.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contribution made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reports as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage 25% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution 20% of employee contribution

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participation employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates for the Plan Year			
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental	
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05	
30-34	0.06	0.06	
34-39	0.07	0.07	
40-44	0.08	0.08	
45-49	0.12	0.12	
50-54	0.22	0.22	
55-59	0.39	0.39	
60-64	0.49	0.49	
65-69	0.57	0.57	

Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$6,422 in contribution from the employer.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,854,603 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.3173880%, which was a decrease of 0.0373960% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$209,590.

At December 31, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	94,343
Changes in assumptions		560,339		89,893
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		24,130		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		37,635		138,577
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,976		
Total	\$	630,080	\$	322,813

\$7,976 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employers contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Out Reso Defer of R	eferred tflows of urces and red Inflows esources (Net)
Years ending December 31:		
2023	\$	76,531
2024		73,731
2025		63,394
2026		80,302
2027		25,317
Thereafter		(19,984)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The net OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2021
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield	2.06%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	2.17%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB Liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

State OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interm Credit	45%	1.68%
US Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Long Credit	5.0	1.82
US Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50	1.94
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17%) than the current rate:

	 Decrease to count Rate (1.17%)	Current count Rate (2.17%)	 Increase to count Rate (3.17%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,516,028	\$ 1,854,603	\$ 1,356,908

Power Generating Facility Mitigation Revenue

The City entered into an agreement with Wisconsin Energy Corporation (WEC). WEC is expanding its electric generating facilities within the City of Oak Creek by creating three new units. WEC is expected to pay the following annual mitigation payments to the City 30 days after the commencement of construction:

Elm Road Unit 1	\$ 1,500,000
Elm Road Unit 2	750,000
Elm Road Unit 3	250,000

The payments are required annually unless the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin determines that these payments may not be included in the rent payments of the facilities lease or a new unit ceases operation after start-up and is decommissioned.

In 2022, the City received \$2,250,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Relationships and Availability Payment Arrangements*
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022
- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Oak Creek Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues				
Taxes:				
General property taxes	\$ 15,957,295	\$ 15,952,892	\$ (4,403)	
Motel room tax	457,000	457,000	• (1,100)	
Mobile home taxes	64,000	55,174	(8,826)	
Motor vehicle taxes	4,300	4,005	(295)	
Other taxes	20,000	2,292	(17,708)	
Total	16,502,595	16,471,363	(31,232)	
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Shared taxes from state	2,998,566	2,999,712	1,146	
State transportation aids	2,273,114	2,273,114	-	
State computer aids	133,593	133,593	-	
Other state aids	6,000	4,159	(1,841)	
Health department block grant	4,500	17,166	12,666	
Video service aid	87,070	87,070	-	
Police grants	228,983	267,725	38,742	
Total	5,731,826	5,782,539	50,713	
Regulation and compliance: Licenses:				
Liquor and beer	63,200	61,472	(1,728)	
Publishing fees	900	840	(1,728)	
Operators	28,000	28,130	130	
Amusement devices	8,500	6,030	(2,470)	
Amusement operators	1,200	1,350	(2,470)	
Miscellaneous, business	9,750	9,210	(540)	
Miscellaneous, nonbusiness	75	25	(50)	
DATCP	88,850	104,060	15,210	
Late sanitarian license renewal	500	990	490	
Sanitarian plan review	3,000	1,390	(1,610)	
Permits:	0,000	1,000	(1,010)	
Building	452,000	933,977	481,977	
Electrical	110,000	181,221	71,221	
Plumbing	90,000	147,550	57,550	
Street opening	7,500	19,417	11,917	
Erosion control	12,500	10,156	(2,344)	
Temp food	2,000	645	(1,355)	
Sundry	500	60	(440)	
Landscape, lighting & sign review	4,000	8,750	4,750	
Cable TV	240,000	261,260	21,260	
AT&T video service	80,000	68,036	(11,964)	
Court fines	425,000	440,832	15,832	
Bail service fee	800		(800)	
Total	1,628,275	2,285,401	657,126	

City of Oak Creek Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Public charges for services:				
General government				
Property status letter fees	\$ 8,000	\$ 14,790	\$ 6,790	
Administrative fees	28,000	39,984	11,984	
Photo copies sold	1,500	800	(700)	
Zoning/housing appeal fees Rezoning petitions and filing fees	800	500 4,650	(300)	
Text amendment fees	3,000 500	4,050	1,650 500	
Right of way vacation fees	575	1,000	(575)	
Special use request fees	12,000	- 29,375	17,375	
Filing fee, certified survey maps	7,000	5,775	(1,225)	
Expedited review fees	-	1,838	1,838	
Plan commission agenda fees	14,000	32,150	18,150	
Map amendments	1,200	2,000	800	
Subdivision plat fees	1,000	3,875	2,875	
Maps sold	25	18	(7)	
Temporary use permit		300	300	
Zoning code letter of interpretation	-	1,050	1,050	
Certificate of zoning compliance	-	500	500	
Home occupation permit	-	150	150	
Condominium plats	-	3,500	3,500	
Sidewalk/outdoor dining permit	-	25	25	
Temporary sign	-	770	770	
Public safety:				
State DWI seizures	1,500	-	(1,500)	
Police special event service fees	4,000	17,638	13,638	
Police patrol service fees	1,000	1,395	395	
Miscellaneous fees	2,000	615	(1,385)	
Copies of police and fire reports	3,000	1,866	(1,134)	
False alarm penalties	7,500	17,850	10,350	
Health and sanitation:				
Health department:	0.000	00.400	44.400	
Clinic fees	9,000	20,166	11,166	
Pet license fees/humane society	12,500	10,436	(2,064)	
Public works:	8 000	E 200	(2,620)	
Weed cutting Sale of culvert pipe	8,000 10,000	5,380 18,089	(2,620) 8,089	
Culvert installation	2,000	4,787	2,787	
Facilities maintenance, school district	2,000	46,405	46,405	
Library:	-	40,403	40,403	
Other income	20,000	10,284	(9,716)	
Photocopies	7,000	7,305	305	
Recreation	83,905	73,498	(10,407)	
Sanitarian:	00,000	10,100	(10,101)	
Pre-inspection	5,000	6,784	1,784	
Regular service fee	2,000	775	(1,225)	
Miscellaneous charges for services	2,000	1,080	(920)	
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Total	258,005	387,403	129,398	
Investment income:				
Investment loss	50,000	(321,143)	(371,143)	
Taxes	70,000	121,237	51,237	
Total	120,000	(199,906)	(319,906)	
Miscellaneous income:				
AT&T American tower lease	31,740	31,740	-	
South Suburban Chamber Lease	12,000	-	(12,000)	
Insurance incentives	25,000	97,381	72,381	
Insurance recoveries	9,000	1,078,296	1,069,296	
P-card rebates	15,000	17,565	2,565	
Scrap poles	-	650	650	
Miscellaneous revenues	10,000	2,709	(7,291)	
Total	102,740	1,228,341	1,125,601	

See notes to required supplementary information

City of Oak Creek Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Interfund charges for services:			
Engineering and administration charged to capital projects	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Engineering and administration charged to TID projects	300,000	325,000	25,000
Highway equipment service fee	44,000	27,417	(16,583)
Administrative services charged to enterprise funds	45,000	45,000	-
Engineering fees, developer	-	5	5
Miscellaneous charges for services	41,200	41,200	
Total	430,200	438,622	8,422
Total revenues	24,773,641	26,393,763	1,620,122
Expenditures			
General government:			
General government	5,506,142	2,855,055	2,651,087
Building maintenance	729,437	676,040	53,397
City administrator	312,029	367,744	(55,715)
Data processing	1,200,391	1,160,739	39,652
City clerk	242,100	242,527	(427)
Treasurer	236,775	140,678	96,097
Finance	418,073	370,086	47,987
Assessor	220,198	215,898	4,300
Attorney and legal Community development	262,065 406,286	192,290 350,433	69,775 55,853
Total	9,533,496	6,571,490	2,962,006
Public safety:			
Police department	9,489,195	9,396,724	92,471
Emergency operations	18,649	11,894	6,755
Fire department	2,217,492	2,198,061	19,431
Inspection Other	496,185 105,566	468,651 105,392	27,534 174
Total	12,327,087	12,180,722	146,365
Health and social services: Health department	616,430	572,865	43,565
Total	616,430	572,865	43,565
Public works:			
Engineering	701,574	626,937	74,637
Streets	3,826,565	3,607,439	219,126
Total	4,528,139	4,234,376	293,763
Leisure activities: Conservation and recreation	200 000	070 004	40.040
	390,200	376,284	13,916
Library Parks	1,099,695 556,372	1,064,439 557,747	35,256 (1,375)
Total	2,046,267	1,998,470	47,797
Total expenditures	29,051,419	25,557,923	3,493,496
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of property	20,000	58,743	38,743
Transfer in	25,000	12,084	(12,916)
Transfer in, tax equivalent	1,800,000	1,627,538	(172,462)
Transfer out	<u> </u>	(2,299,679)	(2,299,679)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,845,000	(601,314)	(2,446,314)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,432,778)	234,526	\$ 2,667,304
Fund Balance, Beginning		11,475,519	
Fund Balance, Ending		\$ 11,710,045	
Can notes to required over	. I	÷,/10,010	

See notes to required supplementary information 71

City of Oak Creek Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	riginal and nal Budget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 3,908,890	\$ 3,908,890	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	170,822	218,109		47,287	
Public charges for services	1,518,181	1,918,783		400,602	
Investment income	500	18,931		18,431	
Misc revenue	240	1,021		781	
Total revenues	 5,598,633	 6,065,734		467,101	
Expenditures Current:					
Public safety	 5,598,633	 5,687,491		(88,858)	
Total expenditures	 5,598,633	 5,687,491		(88,858)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	378,243	\$	378,243	
Fund Balance, Beginning		 1,269,390			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,647,633				

City of Oak Creek Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -City Retiree Benefits Plan Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	649,113	\$	717,788	\$	660,328	\$	611,097	\$	698,873
Interest		1,366,954		1,288,751		1,436,753		1,010,643		818,131
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-		-		570,464		-		3,182,329
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		1,253,995		(2,314,550)		1,364,493		2,227,535		3,129,181
Benefit payments		(2,022,000)		(2,052,298)		(2,061,974)		(2,213,889)		(2,244,403)
Net change in total OPEB Liability		1,248,062		(2,360,309)		1,970,064		1,635,386		5,584,111
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		36,515,314		37,763,376		35,403,067		37,373,131	:	39,008,517
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$	37,763,376	\$	35,403,067	\$	37,373,131	\$	39,008,517	\$ -	44,592,628
Covered-employee payroll	\$	19,862,279	\$	20,287,297	\$	21,579,696	\$	21,697,445	\$ 3	22,158,783
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		190.13%		174.51%		173.19%		179.78%		201.24%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability -Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

Plan Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Sł	oportionate hare of the Net OPEB Liability		Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	
12/31/17	0.34563500%	\$	1,039,871	\$	14,534,940	7.15%	44.81%	
12/31/18 12/31/19	0.34855800% 0.34093800%		899,397 1.451.780		18,848,000 19.090.000	4.77% 7.60%	48.69% 37.58%	
12/31/20 12/31/21	0.35118400% 0.31378800%		1,931,766 1,854,603		19,064,000 20,720,000	10.13% 8.95%	31.36% 29.57%	

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

City Fiscal Year Ending	Re	tractually quired tributions	Relat Cont Re	ibutions in tion to the tractually equired tributions	Contributi Deficienc (Excess)	y	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/18	\$	7,611	\$	7,611	\$	-	\$ 15,601,884	0.05%
12/31/19		7,463		7,463		-	17,915,500	0.04%
12/31/20		6,687		6,687		-	19,083,901	0.04%
12/31/21		7,833		7,833		-	19,210,779	0.04%
12/31/22		7,976		7,976		-	19,808,210	0.04%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) -Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2022

WRS Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	S	roportionate hare of the let Pension ability (Asset)	 Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.16047000%	\$	(3,941,582)	\$ 17,775,702	22.17%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.15775509%		2,563,490	18,256,231	14.04%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.15582489%		1,284,369	18,758,850	6.85%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.15904145%		(4,722,129)	19,181,462	24.62%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.16307730%		5,831,323	19,887,692	29.32%	96.45%
12/31/19	0.16607948%		(5,355,160)	20,287,752	26.40%	102.96%
12/31/20	0.16998152%		(10,612,182)	21,581,421	49.17%	105.26%
12/31/21	0.17123434%		(13,801,802)	21,697,445	63.61%	106.02%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2022

City Fiscal Year Ending	I	ontractually Required ontributions	Rel Co	tributions in lation to the ontractually Required ntributions	Defic	ibution iency cess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	1,495,972	\$	1,495,972	\$	-	\$ 18,256,231	8.19%
12/31/16		1,495,955		1,495,955		-	18,758,850	7.97%
12/31/17		1,663,744		1,663,744		-	19,136,951	8.69%
12/31/18		1,729,528		1,729,528		-	19,862,279	8.71%
12/31/19		1,850,459		1,850,459		-	20,287,297	9.12%
12/31/20		2,046,857		2,046,857		-	21,579,696	9.47%
12/31/21		2,067,579		2,067,579		-	21,697,445	9.53%
12/31/22		2,079,067		2,079,067		-	22,158,783	9.38%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 2.

A budget has been adopted for all governmental fund types. The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city administrator may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$0. Budgets are adopted at the function level of expenditure.

Wisconsin Retirement System

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes in assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Other Postemployment Benefits, Health Insurance

The data presented in the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for the City.

Changes in assumptions. Changes in assumptions from the previous study are as follows:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.12% to 2.06%
- Expected claims and medical trend rates were changed to reflect the anticipated experience under the most recent Getzen model application
- The participation rate for employees currently participating in the group health plan was changed from 99% to 90% based on recent experience

Other Postemployment Benefits, Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund.

Changes in assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.0% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Oak Creek Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds													
	Solid Waste Fund	Donation and Activity Fund	WE Energies Fund	Low Income Loan Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Economic Development Fund	Future Improvement Fund	Impact Fee Escrow Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Storm Water Fund	Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund	Tourism Commission Fund	Park Escrow Fund	ARPA Fund
Assets														
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$ 429,542 - 1,369,553 - - - -	\$ 2,340,912 - - 33,188 - - -	\$ 255,606 - - - - - -	\$ 7,825 - - 6,503	\$ 2,722,426 94,023 2,264,580	\$ 1,435,405 - - - - - 314,900	\$ 326,860 - - - - - -	\$ - 7,318,495 - - - - -	\$ 491 90,124 - - - -	\$ 702,356 - 1,131,878 - - - -	\$ 252,229 - 1,707,861 31,033 - -	\$ 379,693 - 220 - -	\$ 64,737 - - - - - -	\$ 3,162,609 - - - - - - - - -
Total assets	\$ 1,799,170	\$ 2,374,100	\$ 255,606	\$ 14,328	\$ 5,081,029	\$ 1,750,305	\$ 326,860	\$ 7,318,495	\$ 90,615	\$ 1,834,234	\$ 1,991,123	\$ 379,913	\$ 64,737	\$ 3,162,609
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)														
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$ 111,492 2,978 - -	\$ 38,979 355 - - -	\$ 6,769 18,326 - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - 351,953 -	\$ (9) 1,039 - -	\$ 335,110 	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 13,731 9,570 - 2,605 -	\$	\$ 14,756 1,346 - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - 3,104,153
Total liabilities	114,470	39,334	25,095		351,953	1,030	335,110			25,906	29,436	16,102		3,104,153
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues	1,369,553	-		6,503	- 1,948,943	-	-	-	-	1,131,878	1,707,861		-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,369,553			6,503	1,948,943					1,131,878	1,707,861			
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)	315,147	2,334,766	230,511 - -	7,825	2,780,133	1,749,275 - -	(8,250)	7,318,495 - -	90,615 - -	676,450 - -	253,826	363,811 - -	64,737 - -	58,456 - -
Total fund balances (deficit)	315,147	2,334,766	230,511	7,825	2,780,133	1,749,275	(8,250)	7,318,495	90,615	676,450	253,826	363,811	64,737	58,456
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 1,799,170	\$ 2,374,100	\$ 255,606	\$ 14,328	\$ 5,081,029	\$ 1,750,305	\$ 326,860	\$ 7,318,495	\$ 90,615	\$ 1,834,234	\$ 1,991,123	\$ 379,913	\$ 64,737	\$ 3,162,609

City of Oak Creek Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	Debt	Service Fund																
		IF No. 6	Ag	veloper reement Fund	C Pr	F No. 7 Capital rojects Fund		IF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	TI	F No. 13 Capital Projects Fund		IF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund		IF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	IF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets																		
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$	41,512 - 322,378 - - -	\$	(28,901) - 21,079 - -		1,480,913 - 2,286,514 - - - -	\$	12,024 - 425,804 - - -	\$	782,124 - 1,650,061 - - -	\$	379,495 - 97,482 - - -	\$	124,589 - 158,620 - - -	\$	3,857 - 108,334 - - -	\$ 541,174 - 3,576,321 - - -	\$ 15,417,478 7,408,619 12,928,829 85,595 2,264,580 6,503 314,900
Total assets	\$	363,890	\$	(7,822)	\$	3,767,427	\$	437,828	\$	2,432,185	\$	476,977	\$	283,209	\$	112,191	\$ 4,117,495	\$ 38,426,504
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)																		
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$	122 - - -	\$	(9,841) - - -	\$	1,002,337 - - 314,900 -	\$	122 - - -	\$	123 - - -	\$	52,758 - - -	\$	123 - - -	\$	122 - - -	\$ 1,699 - - -	\$ 1,234,054 62,279 335,110 669,458 3,104,153
Total liabilities		122		(9,841)		1,317,237		122		123		52,758		123		122	 1,699	5,405,054
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues		322,378		-	:	2,286,514 -		425,804		1,650,061		97,482 -		158,620 -		108,334 -	 3,576,321	12,834,806 1,955,446
Total deferred inflows of resources		322,378			;	2,286,514		425,804		1,650,061		97,482		158,620		108,334	 3,576,321	14,790,252
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)		41,390 - -		2,019 - -		163,676 - -		11,902 - -		782,001 - -		326,737 - -		124,466 - -		3,735 - -	539,475 - -	17,670,475 568,973 (8,250)
Total fund balances (deficit)		41,390		2,019		163,676		11,902		782,001		326,737		124,466		3,735	 539,475	18,231,198
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	363,890	\$	(7,822)	\$	3,767,427	\$	437,828	\$	2,432,185	\$	476,977	\$	283,209	\$	112,191	\$ 4,117,495	\$ 38,426,504

City of Oak Creek Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds													
	Waste Activity Er		WE Energies Fund	Low Income Loan Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Economic Development Fund	Future Improvement Fund	Impact Fee Escrow Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Storm Water Fund	Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund	Tourism Commission Fund	Park Escrow Fund	ARPA Fund
Revenues														
Taxes	\$ 1,360,483	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 81,392	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,521,979	\$ 436,668	\$-	\$-
Intergovernmental	94,732	601,238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,969	-	-	697,933
Public charges for service	5,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,795,724	-	1,123,636	-	-	31,069	-
Special assessments / developer														
contributions	-	-	-	-	152,027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	7,041	23,195	13,759	-	37,985	4,064	-	75,914	46	10,826	6,012	976	-	57,917
Miscellaneous		366,725	2,250,000						29,135			99,462		
Total revenues	1,467,896	991,158	2,263,759		190,012	85,456		1,871,638	29,181	1,134,462	1,828,960	537,106	31,069	755,850
Expenditures Current:														
General government	-	275.803	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	402,358	-	-
Public safety	-	44,839	1,217,278	-	_	-	-	-	8,381	-	-		-	-
Public works	1,467,215		.,2.17,2.10	-	_	-	-	-	-	721,311	-		-	-
Health and social services	1,107,210	474,388			_	_	_		_	.2.,0	1,926,235			
Leisure activities		184,839								_	1,020,200		_	
Conservation and development		104,000				83,757								
Capital outlay	-	-				6,000				-				
Debt service:		_				0,000				_	_		_	
Principal														
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,467,215	979,869	1,217,656			89,757			8,381	721,311	1,926,235	402,358		<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over expenditures	681	11,289	1,046,103		190,012	(4,301)		1,871,638	20,800	413,151	(97,275)	134,748	31,069	755,850
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of property	69,004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	182,597	-	-	-	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		<u> </u>	(1,000,000)				(5,750)	(356,869)	<u> </u>	(230,000)		(12,084)		(697,933)
Total other financing sources (uses)	69,004	182,597	(1,000,000)	-	-	1,000,000	(5,750)	(356,869)	-	(230,000)	-	(12,084)	-	(697,933)
Net change in fund balances	69,685	193,886	46,103		190,012	995,699	(5,750)	1,514,769	20,800	183,151	(97,275)	122,664	31,069	57,917
-														
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	245,462	2,140,880	184,408	7,825	2,590,121	753,576	(2,500)	5,803,726	69,815	493,299	351,101	241,147	33,668	539
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 315,147	\$ 2,334,766	\$ 230,511	\$ 7,825	\$ 2,780,133	\$ 1,749,275	\$ (8,250)	\$ 7,318,495	\$ 90,615	\$ 676,450	\$ 253,826	\$ 363,811	\$ 64,737	\$ 58,456

City of Oak Creek Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Funds TIF No. 7 TIF No. 10 TIF No. 12 TIF No. 13 TIF No. 14	TIF No. 15		
Developer Capital Capi	Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 16 Total Capital Nonmajor Projects Governmenta Fund Funds	
Revenues			
Taxes \$ 395,536 \$ - \$ 1,946,061 \$ 494,448 \$ 1,317,522 \$ 16,528 \$ 192,470	\$ 96,579	\$ 3,821,627 \$ 11,681,29	
Intergovernmental 1,061 - 17,764 18,906 - 50,000 -	-	- 1,782,60	
Public charges for service	-	- 2,956,06	69
contributions - 17,500	-	- 169,52	527
Investment income 3,138 - 12,130 2,763 10,217 1,068 1,313	355	15,193 283,91	
Miscellaneous 75 27,026		- 2,772,42	23
Total revenues 399,735 17,500 1,975,955 516,117 1,327,739 67,671 220,809	96,934	3,836,820 19,645,82	327
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	-	- 678,53	
Public safety	-	- 1,270,49 - 2,188,52	
Health and social services	-	- 2,400,62	
	-	- 184,83	
Conservation and development 25,000 8,785 337,523 307,859 470,857 555,473 7,500	79,344	2,610,166 4,486,26	
Capital outlay 827,670 -	-	15,000 848,67	;70
Debt service:	-	-	
Principal 450,000 - 2,495,000 - 120,000 Interest 1,380 - 194,599 1,380 235,326 383,025 22,835		975,000 4,040,00 30,039 869,96	
indeest - 1,300 - 194,399 1,300 233,320 303,020 22,533	1,360		04
Total expenditures 26,380 8,785 982,122 309,239 3,201,183 1,766,168 150,335	80,724	3,630,205 16,967,92	23
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures 373,355 8,715 993,833 206,878 (1,873,444) (1,698,497) 70,474	16,210	206,615 2,677,90	104
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Debt proceeds	-	- 2,325,00	
Sale of property	-	- 69,00	
Transfers in - - - 785,000 - Transfers out (340,000) - (900,000) (225,000) - - - - - - - 785,000 - - - - - - 785,000 - - - - - 785,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - 785,000 -	-	- 1,967,59	
Transfers out (340,000) - (900,000) (225,000) (220,000)		(220,000) (4,207,63	.30)
Total other financing sources			
(uses) <u>(340,000)</u> - <u>(900,000)</u> (225,000) 2,105,000 -		(220,000) 153,96	65
Net change in fund balances 33,355 8,715 93,833 (18,122) 231,556 (913,497) 70,474	16,210	(13,385) 2,831,86	169
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning 8,035 (6,696) 69,843 30,024 550,445 1,240,234 53,992	(12,475)	552,860 15,399,32	329
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 3,735	\$ 539,475 \$ 18,231,19	98

APPENDIX B

FORMS OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATES

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the "Disclosure Certificate") is executed and delivered by the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of \$2,505,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024A, dated May 20, 2024 (the "Securities"). The Securities are being issued pursuant to a resolution adopted on April 16, 2024, as supplemented by an Approving Certificate, dated April 24, 2024 (collectively, the "Resolution") and delivered to Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Purchaser") on the date hereof. Pursuant to the Resolution, the Issuer has covenanted and agreed to provide continuing disclosure of certain financial information and operating data and timely notices of the occurrence of certain events. In addition, the Issuer hereby specifically covenants and agrees as follows:

Section 1(a). Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the holders of the Securities in order to assist the Participating Underwriters within the meaning of the Rule (defined herein) in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). References in this Disclosure Certificate to holders of the Securities shall include the beneficial owners of the Securities. This Disclosure Certificate constitutes the written Undertaking required by the Rule.

<u>Section 1(b). Filing Requirements</u>. Any filing under this Disclosure Certificate must be made solely by transmitting such filing to the MSRB (defined herein) through the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System at <u>www.emma.msrb.org</u> in the format prescribed by the MSRB. All documents provided to the MSRB shall be accompanied by the identifying information prescribed by the MSRB.

<u>Section 2. Definitions</u>. In addition to the defined terms set forth in the Resolution, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" means any annual report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the Issuer's annual financial statements, which are currently prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and which the Issuer intends to continue to prepare in substantially the same form.

"Final Official Statement" means the Final Official Statement dated April 24, 2024 delivered in connection with the Securities, which is available from the MSRB.

"Financial Obligation" means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term Financial Obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule. "Fiscal Year" means the fiscal year of the Issuer.

"Governing Body" means the Common Council of the Issuer or such other body as may hereafter be the chief legislative body of the Issuer.

"Issuer" means the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, which is the obligated person with respect to the Securities.

"Issuer Contact" means the City Clerk of the Issuer who can be contacted at 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin 53154, phone (414) 766-7000, fax (414) 766-7976.

"Listed Event" means any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Certificate.

"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Participating Underwriter" means any of the original underwriter(s) of the Securities (including the Purchaser) required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Securities.

"Rule" means SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time, and official interpretations thereof.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Section 3. Provision of Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements.

(a) The Issuer shall, not later than 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, commencing with the year ending December 31, 2023, provide the MSRB with an Annual Report filed in accordance with Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate and which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided that the Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and that, if Audited Financial Statements are not available within 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, unaudited financial information will be provided, and Audited Financial Statements will be submitted to the MSRB when and if available.

(b) If the Issuer is unable or fails to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the Issuer shall send in a timely manner a notice of that fact to the MSRB in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

Section 4. Content of Annual Report. The Issuer's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the Audited Financial Statements, adopted annual budget and/or current general fund budget summary and updates of the following sections of the Final Official Statement to the extent such financial information and operating data are not included in the Audited Financial Statements:

- 1. TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS
- 2. ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS
- 3. INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY Direct Indebtedness

Any or all of the items listed above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's Internet website or filed with the SEC. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such other document so incorporated by reference.

Section 5. Reporting of Listed Events.

(a) This Section 5 shall govern the giving of notices of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Securities:

- 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- 2. Non-payment related defaults, if material;
- 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Securities;
- 7. Modification to rights of holders of the Securities, if material;
- 8. Securities calls, if material, and tender offers;
- 9. Defeasances;
- 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Securities, if material;
- 11. Rating changes;

- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;
- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- 15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which affect holders of the Securities, if material; and
- 16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For the purposes of the event identified in subsection (a)12. above, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Issuer in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer.

(b) When a Listed Event occurs, the Issuer shall, in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the Listed Event, file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsections (a) (8) and (9) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to holders of affected Securities pursuant to the Resolution.

(c) Unless otherwise required by law, the Issuer shall submit the information in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

<u>Section 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The Issuer's obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all the Securities.

Section 7. Issuer Contact; Agent. Information may be obtained from the Issuer Contact. Additionally, the Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a dissemination agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor dissemination agent.

<u>Section 8. Amendment; Waiver</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution or this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Certificate, and any provision of this Disclosure Certificate may be waived, if the following conditions are met:

(a)(i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature, or status of the Issuer, or the type of business conducted; or

(ii) This Disclosure Certificate, as amended or waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(b) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of beneficial owners of the Securities, as determined and certified to the Issuer by an underwriter, financial advisor, bond counsel or trustee.

In the event this Disclosure Certificate is amended for any reason other than to cure any ambiguities, inconsistencies, or typographical errors that may be contained herein, the Issuer agrees the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment shall include an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change, if any, on the type of financial statements or operating data being provided.

If the amendment concerns the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, then the Issuer agrees that it will give an event notice and that the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment will include a comparison between financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

<u>Section 9. Additional Information</u>. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of a Listed Event.

<u>Section 10. Default</u>. (a) Except as described in the Final Official Statement, in the previous five years, the Issuer has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings under the Rule to provide annual reports or notices of events.

(b) In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate any holder of the Securities may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an event of default with respect to the Securities and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

<u>Section 11. Beneficiaries</u>. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Participating Underwriters and holders from time to time of the Securities, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have executed this Certificate in our official capacities effective the 20th day of May, 2024.

Daniel Bukiewicz Mayor

(SEAL)

Catherine A. Roeske City Clerk

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the "Disclosure Certificate") is executed and delivered by the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of \$6,530,000 Taxable Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024B, dated May 20, 2024 (the "Securities"). The Securities are being issued pursuant to a resolution adopted on April 16, 2024, as supplemented by an Approving Certificate, dated April 24, 2024 (collectively, the "Resolution") and delivered to Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Purchaser") on the date hereof. Pursuant to the Resolution, the Issuer has covenanted and agreed to provide continuing disclosure of certain financial information and operating data and timely notices of the occurrence of certain events. In addition, the Issuer hereby specifically covenants and agrees as follows:

Section 1(a). Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the holders of the Securities in order to assist the Participating Underwriters within the meaning of the Rule (defined herein) in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). References in this Disclosure Certificate to holders of the Securities shall include the beneficial owners of the Securities. This Disclosure Certificate constitutes the written Undertaking required by the Rule.

Section 1(b). Filing Requirements. Any filing under this Disclosure Certificate must be made solely by transmitting such filing to the MSRB (defined herein) through the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System at <u>www.emma.msrb.org</u> in the format prescribed by the MSRB. All documents provided to the MSRB shall be accompanied by the identifying information prescribed by the MSRB.

<u>Section 2. Definitions</u>. In addition to the defined terms set forth in the Resolution, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" means any annual report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the Issuer's annual financial statements, which are currently prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and which the Issuer intends to continue to prepare in substantially the same form.

"Final Official Statement" means the Final Official Statement dated April 24, 2024 delivered in connection with the Securities, which is available from the MSRB.

"Financial Obligation" means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term Financial Obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule. "Fiscal Year" means the fiscal year of the Issuer.

"Governing Body" means the Common Council of the Issuer or such other body as may hereafter be the chief legislative body of the Issuer.

"Issuer" means the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, which is the obligated person with respect to the Securities.

"Issuer Contact" means the City Clerk of the Issuer who can be contacted at 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin 53154, phone (414) 766-7000, fax (414) 766-7976.

"Listed Event" means any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Certificate.

"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Participating Underwriter" means any of the original underwriter(s) of the Securities (including the Purchaser) required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Securities.

"Rule" means SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time, and official interpretations thereof.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Section 3. Provision of Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements.

(a) The Issuer shall, not later than 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, commencing with the year ending December 31, 2023, provide the MSRB with an Annual Report filed in accordance with Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate and which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided that the Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and that, if Audited Financial Statements are not available within 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, unaudited financial information will be provided, and Audited Financial Statements will be submitted to the MSRB when and if available.

(b) If the Issuer is unable or fails to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the Issuer shall send in a timely manner a notice of that fact to the MSRB in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

Section 4. Content of Annual Report. The Issuer's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the Audited Financial Statements, adopted annual budget and/or current general fund budget summary and updates of the following sections of the Final Official Statement to the extent such financial information and operating data are not included in the Audited Financial Statements:

- 1. TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS
- 2. ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS
- 3. INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY Direct Indebtedness

Any or all of the items listed above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's Internet website or filed with the SEC. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such other document so incorporated by reference.

Section 5. Reporting of Listed Events.

(a) This Section 5 shall govern the giving of notices of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Securities:

- 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- 2. Non-payment related defaults, if material;
- 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Securities;
- 7. Modification to rights of holders of the Securities, if material;
- 8. Securities calls, if material, and tender offers;
- 9. Defeasances;
- 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Securities, if material;
- 11. Rating changes;

- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;
- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- 15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which affect holders of the Securities, if material; and
- 16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For the purposes of the event identified in subsection (a)12. above, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Issuer in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer.

(b) When a Listed Event occurs, the Issuer shall, in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the Listed Event, file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsections (a) (8) and (9) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to holders of affected Securities pursuant to the Resolution.

(c) Unless otherwise required by law, the Issuer shall submit the information in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

<u>Section 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The Issuer's obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all the Securities.

Section 7. Issuer Contact; Agent. Information may be obtained from the Issuer Contact. Additionally, the Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a dissemination agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor dissemination agent.

<u>Section 8. Amendment; Waiver</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution or this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Certificate, and any provision of this Disclosure Certificate may be waived, if the following conditions are met:

(a)(i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature, or status of the Issuer, or the type of business conducted; or

(ii) This Disclosure Certificate, as amended or waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(b) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of beneficial owners of the Securities, as determined and certified to the Issuer by an underwriter, financial advisor, bond counsel or trustee.

In the event this Disclosure Certificate is amended for any reason other than to cure any ambiguities, inconsistencies, or typographical errors that may be contained herein, the Issuer agrees the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment shall include an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change, if any, on the type of financial statements or operating data being provided.

If the amendment concerns the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, then the Issuer agrees that it will give an event notice and that the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment will include a comparison between financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

<u>Section 9. Additional Information</u>. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of a Listed Event.

<u>Section 10. Default</u>. (a) Except as described in the Final Official Statement, in the previous five years, the Issuer has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings under the Rule to provide annual reports or notices of events.

(b) In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate any holder of the Securities may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an event of default with respect to the Securities and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

<u>Section 11. Beneficiaries</u>. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Participating Underwriters and holders from time to time of the Securities, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have executed this Certificate in our official capacities effective the 20th day of May, 2024.

Daniel Bukiewicz Mayor

(SEAL)

Catherine A. Roeske City Clerk **APPENDIX C**

FORMS OF LEGAL OPINIONS

Quarles & Brady LLP 411 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202

May 20, 2024

Re: City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin ("Issuer") \$2,505,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024A, dated May 20, 2024 ("Notes")

We have acted as bond counsel to the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Notes. In such capacity, we have examined such law and such certified proceedings, certifications, and other documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied on the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted on April 16, 2024, as supplemented by the Approving Certificate, the Issuer authorized the issuance of and covenanted to issue general obligation promissory notes of the Issuer (the "Securities") and authorized the issuance of the Notes to provide interim financing for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of bluff stabilization and revetment (the "Project"). The Notes are issued in anticipation of the sale of the Securities.

The Notes are numbered R-1; bear interest at the rate of 4.00% per annum; and mature on April 1, 2026. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year commencing on October 1, 2024.

The Notes are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, on April 1, 2025 or on any date thereafter. Said Notes are redeemable as a whole or in part, and if in part by lot, at the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

We further certify that we have examined a sample of the Notes and find the same to be in proper form.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion under existing law that:

1. The Notes have been lawfully authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of the State of Wisconsin now in force and are valid and binding special obligations of the Issuer in accordance with their terms.

2. The Notes are payable only from any proceeds of the Notes set aside for payment of interest on the Notes as it becomes due and proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of the Securities, which have been declared by the Issuer to constitute a special trust fund to be expended solely for the payment of principal of and interest on the Notes until paid.

3. The Notes do not constitute a general obligation of the Issuer, and no lien is created upon the Project or any other property of the Issuer as a result of the issuance of the Notes.

4. The interest on the Notes is excludable for federal income tax purposes from the gross income of the owners of the Notes. The interest on the Notes is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") on individuals; however, interest on the Notes is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code). The Code contains requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Notes in order for interest on the Notes to be or continue to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of those requirements could cause the interest on the Notes to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Notes. The Issuer has agreed to comply with all of those requirements. The opinion set forth in the first sentence of this paragraph is subject to the condition that the Issuer comply with those requirements. We express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Notes.

We express no opinion regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Official Statement or any other offering material relating to the Notes. Further, we express no opinion regarding tax consequences arising with respect to the Notes other than as expressly set forth herein.

The rights of the owners of the Notes and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws affecting creditors' rights and may be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

QUARLES & BRADY LLP

Quarles & Brady LLP 411 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202

May 20, 2024

Re: City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin ("Issuer") \$6,530,000 Taxable Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2024B, dated May 20, 2024 ("Notes")

We have acted as bond counsel to the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Notes. In such capacity, we have examined such law and such certified proceedings, certifications, and other documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied on the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted on April 16, 2024, as supplemented by the Approving Certificate, the Issuer authorized the issuance of and covenanted to issue general obligation promissory notes of the Issuer (the "Securities") and authorized the issuance of the Notes to provide interim financing for public purposes, including tax incremental project costs consisting of property acquisition (the "Project"). The Notes are issued in anticipation of the sale of the Securities.

The Notes are numbered R-1; bear interest at the rate of 5.10% per annum; and mature on April 1, 2028. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year commencing on October 1, 2024.

The Notes are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, on April 1, 2027 or on any date thereafter. Said Notes are redeemable as a whole or in part, and if in part by lot, at the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

We further certify that we have examined a sample of the Notes and find the same to be in proper form.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion under existing law that:

1. The Notes have been lawfully authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of the State of Wisconsin now in force and are valid and binding special obligations of the Issuer in accordance with their terms.

2. The Notes are payable only from any proceeds of the Notes set aside for payment of interest on the Notes as it becomes due and proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of the Securities, which have been declared by the Issuer to constitute a special trust fund to be expended solely for the payment of principal of and interest on the Notes until paid.

3. The Notes do not constitute a general obligation of the Issuer, and no lien is created upon the Project or any other property of the Issuer as a result of the issuance of the Notes.

4. The interest on the Notes is included for federal income tax purposes in the gross income of the owners of the Notes.

We express no opinion regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Official Statement or any other offering material relating to the Notes. Further, we express no opinion regarding tax consequences arising with respect to the Notes other than as expressly set forth herein.

The rights of the owners of the Notes and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws affecting creditors' rights and may be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

QUARLES & BRADY LLP