#### FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED AUGUST 14, 2023

NEW ISSUE Not Bank Qualified Moody's Rated "Aa2" (See "RATING" herein)

In the opinion of Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel, assuming continued compliance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, under existing law interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income and is not an item of tax preference for federal income tax purposes; however, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022. The Bonds shall NOT be "qualified tax-exempt obligations". See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein for a more detailed discussion of some of the federal income tax consequences of owning the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

# \$15,870,000 CITY OF OAK CREEK Milwaukee County, Wisconsin General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2023D

Dated: September 20, 2023 Due: April 1, 2025 - 2043

The \$15,870,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2023D (the "Bonds") will be dated September 20, 2023, and will be in the denomination of \$5,000 each or any multiple thereof. The Bonds will mature serially on April 1 of the years 2025 through 2043. Interest on the Bonds shall be payable commencing on April 1, 2024 and semi-annually thereafter on October 1 and April 1. Associated Trust Company, National Association, Green Bay, Wisconsin, will serve as paying agent for the Bonds.

#### **MATURITY SCHEDULE**

				CUSIP (1)					CUSIP (1)
				Base					Base
(April 1)	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>671137</u>	(April 1)	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>671137</u>
2025	\$105,000	5.00%	3.55%	L70	2035	\$1,000,000	5.00%	3.32%	M95
2026	545,000	5.00	3.30	L88	2036	1,050,000	4.00	3.80	N29
2027	350,000	5.00	3.20	L96	2037	1,105,000	5.00	3.67	N37
2028	380,000	5.00	3.16	M20	2038	1,170,000	5.00	3.78	N45
2029	425,000	5.00	3.12	M38	2039	1,230,000	5.00	3.82	N52
2030	450,000	5.00	3.11	M46	2040	1,300,000	5.00	3.86	N60
2031	465,000	5.00	3.12	M53	2041	1,365,000	4.00	4.18	N78
2032	500,000	5.00	3.13	M61	2042	1,430,000	4.25	4.25	N86
2033	540,000	5.00	3.19	M79	2043	1,510,000	4.00	4.30	N94
2034	950,000	5.00	3.25	M87					

The Bonds will be issued pursuant to Chapter 67 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Bonds will be general obligations of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City"), for which its full faith and credit and taxing powers are pledged which taxes may, under current law, be levied without limitation as to rate or amount. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the public purpose of current refunding certain outstanding obligations of the City. (See "THE FINANCING PLAN" herein.)

The Bonds maturing on and after April 1, 2031 are subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2030 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, from maturities selected by the City and within any maturity by lot at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. (See "REDEMPTION PROVISIONS" herein.)

The Bonds will be issued only as fully registered Bonds and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as the securities depository of the Bonds. Individual purchases will be made in book-entry form only in denominations of \$5,000 principal amount or any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their interest in the Bonds purchased. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.)

The City's Bonds are offered when, as and if issued subject to the approval of legality by Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Bond Counsel. Quarles & Brady LLP will also act as Disclosure Counsel for the City. The anticipated settlement date for the Bonds is on or about September 20, 2023.



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## CITY OF OAK CREEK (Milwaukee County, Wisconsin)

#### **COMMON COUNCIL**

Daniel Bukiewicz, Mayor

Kenneth Gehl, President Chris Guzikowski, Alderperson Steven Kurkowski, Alderperson Gregory Loreck, Alderperson Lisa Marshall, Alderperson James Ruetz, Alderperson

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

Andrew J. Vickers, City Administrator

Maxwell C. Gagin, Assistant City Administrator/Comptroller
Catherine A. Roeske, City Clerk
Sara Kawczynski, City Treasurer
Melissa Karls, City Attorney

#### **PROFESSIONAL SERVICES**

**Underwriter:** Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

**Bond Counsel:** Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

**Disclosure Counsel:** Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Paying Agent: Associated Trust Company, National Association, Green Bay, Wisconsin

#### REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement is being distributed in connection with the sale of the Bonds referred to in this Official Statement and may not be used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person is authorized to make any representations concerning the Bonds other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations may not be relied upon as statements of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City"). This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such an offer, solicitation or sale.

Unless otherwise indicated, the City is the source of the information contained in this Official Statement. Certain information in this Official Statement has been obtained by the City or on its behalf from The Depository Trust Company and other non-City sources that the City believes to be reliable. No representation or warranty is made, however, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information. Nothing contained in this Official Statement is a promise of or representation by Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Underwriter"). The Underwriter has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. The information and opinions expressed in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made under this Official Statement shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the financial condition or operations of the City or other information in this Official Statement, since the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement contains statements that are "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. When used in this Official Statement, the words "estimate," "intend," "project" or "projection," "expect" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which are discussed herein, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Investors and prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety. No one factor should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its position in this Official Statement. Where statutes, ordinances, reports or other documents are referred to in this Official Statement, reference should be made to those documents for more complete information regarding their subject matter.

The Bonds will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the securities laws of any state of the United States, and will not be listed on any stock or other securities exchange. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state, municipal or other governmental entity shall have passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS, THE UNDERWRITER MAY OR MAY NOT OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRICES AND OTHER TERMS RESPECTING THE OFFERING AND SALE OF THE BONDS MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITER AFTER THE BONDS ARE RELEASED FOR SALE AND THE BONDS MAY BE OFFERED AND SOLD AT PRICES OTHER THAN THE INITIAL OFFERING PRICES, INCLUDING SALES TO DEALERS WHO MAY SELL THE BONDS INTO INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS.

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
COMMON COUNCIL	
ADMINISTRATION	
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	
REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT	3
SUMMARY	5
INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT	
THE FINANCING PLAN	6
ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES	
REDEMPTION PROVISIONS	
CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS CONCERNING THE CITY	
POWER TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS	
THE RESOLUTION	
THE CITY	
GENERAL INFORMATION	
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION	
TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS	
ASSESSED TAX RATES	_
LEVY LIMITS	
REVENUE FROM THE STATE	
ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS	
INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY	
FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
GENERAL FUND SUMMARY FOR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
UNDERWRITING	
RATING	
TAX EXEMPTION	
NOT QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS	
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE	
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM	
LITIGATION	
GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK	
LEGAL MATTERS	
MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY	
MISCELLANEOUS	
AUTHORIZATION	28

Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Form of Continuing Disclosure Certificate Form of Legal Opinion

Appendix A: Appendix B: Appendix C:

**SUMMARY** 

City: City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin (the "City").

Issue: \$15,870,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2023D (the "Bonds").

Dated Date: September 20, 2023.

Interest Due: Interest on the Bonds shall be payable commencing on April 1, 2024 and

semiannually thereafter on October 1 and April 1 of each year. Interest is calculated

on the basis of a 30-day month and a 360-day year.

**Principal Due:** April 1 of the years 2025 through 2043.

Redemption Provision: The Bonds maturing on and after April 1, 2031 shall be subject to call and prior

payment, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2030 or on any date thereafter at par plus accrued interest. The amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the City. If less than the entire principal amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, the Bonds of that maturity which are to be redeemed shall be selected by lot. Notice of such call shall be given by sending a notice thereof by registered or certified mail, facsimile or electronic transmission, overnight express delivery, or in any other manner required by DTC not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books.

(See "REDEMPTION PROVISIONS" herein.)

Security: The full faith, credit and resources of the City are pledged to the payment of the

principal of and the interest on the Bonds as the same become due and, for said purposes, there are levied on all the taxable property in the City, direct, annual irrepealable taxes in each year and in such amounts which will be sufficient to meet such principal and interest payments when due. Under current law, such taxes may

be levied without limitation as to rate or amount.

Purpose: The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the public purpose of

current refunding certain outstanding obligations of the City. (See "THE FINANCING

PLAN" herein.)

Tax Status: Interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax

purposes. (See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein.)

**No Bank Qualification:** The Bonds shall NOT be "qualified tax-exempt obligations".

Credit Rating: The Bonds have been assigned a "Aa2" rating by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

(See "RATING" herein.)

**Record Date:** The 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each interest payment date.

Information set forth on this page is qualified by the entire Official Statement. A full review of the entire Official Statement should be made by potential investors.

#### INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Official Statement presents certain information relating to the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City" and the "State", respectively) in connection with the sale of the City's \$15,870,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2023D (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are issued pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State and the parameters resolution (the "Parameters Resolution") adopted by the Common Council and other proceedings and determinations related thereto.

All summaries of statutes, documents and the Parameters Resolution contained in this Official Statement are subject to all the provisions of, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such statutes, documents and the Parameters Resolution, and references herein to the Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the forms thereof included in the Parameters Resolution. A copy of the Parameters Resolution may be obtained from the Underwriter (defined herein) upon request.

#### THE FINANCING PLAN

The City issued \$16,220,000 Note Anticipation Notes, Series 2021B, dated July 28, 2021 (the "Notes"), to provide interim financing for public purposes, including financing tax incremental district projects. The Notes mature on April 1, 2024 and are callable at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption on April 1, 2023 or on any date thereafter.

The proceeds of the Bonds will be used for the purpose of current refunding the Notes on or about September 21, 2023.

#### **ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES**

Sources of Funds	
Par Amount of Bonds	\$15,870,000.00
Net Reoffering Premium	779,938.60
TOTAL SOURCES	\$16,649,938.60
<u>Uses of Funds</u>	
Deposit to Debt Service Fund (for Current Refunding)	\$16,373,188.89
Underwriter's Discount	198,375.00
Cost of Issuance	74,275.00
Deposit to Debt Service Fund (Rounding)	4,099.71
TOTAL USES	\$16,649,938.60

#### **REDEMPTION PROVISIONS**

The Bonds maturing on April 1, 2031 and thereafter are subject to call and prior redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2030 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, from maturities selected by the City and if in part, by lot within each maturity at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

### CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS CONCERNING THE CITY'S POWER TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS

The Constitution and laws of the State limit the power of the City (and other municipalities of the State) to issue obligations and to contract indebtedness. Such constitutional and legislative limitations include the following, in summary form and as generally applicable to the City.

#### **Purpose**

The City may not borrow money or issue notes or bonds therefore for any purpose except those specified by statute, which include among others the purposes for which the Bonds are being issued.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The principal amount of every sum borrowed by the City and secured by an issue of bonds may be payable at one time in a single payment or at several times in two or more installments; however, no installment may be made payable later than the termination of twenty years immediately following the date of the bonds. The Common Council of the City is required to levy a direct, annual, irrepealable tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on such bonds as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof at maturity. Bonds issued by the City to refinance or refund outstanding notes or bonds issued by the City may be payable no later than twenty years following the original date of such notes or bonds.

#### **Refunding Bonds**

In addition to being authorized to issue bonds, the City is authorized to borrow money using refunding bonds for refunding existing debt. To evidence such indebtedness, the City must issue to the lender its refunding bonds (with interest) payable within a period not exceeding twenty years following the initial date of the debt to be refunded. Such refunding bonds constitute a general obligation of the City. Refunding bonds are not subject to referendum.

#### **Bond or Note Anticipation Notes**

In anticipation of issuing general obligation bonds or notes, the City is authorized to borrow money using bond or note anticipation notes. The bond or note anticipation notes shall in no event be a general obligation of the City, and do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, nor a charge against its general credit or taxing power. The bond or note anticipation notes are payable only from (a) proceeds of the bond or note anticipation notes set aside for payment of interest on the bond or note anticipation notes as they become due, and, (b) proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds or promissory notes which proceeds constitute a special trust fund to be held and expended solely for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bond or note anticipation notes. The maximum term of any bond or note anticipation notes (including any refunding) is five years.

#### **Promissory Notes**

In addition to being authorized to issue bonds, the City is authorized to borrow money using notes for any public purpose. To evidence such indebtedness, the City must issue to the lender its promissory notes (with interest) payable within a period not exceeding ten years following the date of said notes. Such notes constitute a general obligation of the City. Notes may be issued to refinance or refund outstanding notes. However, such notes may be payable not later than twenty years following the original date of such notes.

#### **Debt Limit**

The City has the power to contract indebtedness for purposes specified by statute so long as the principal amount thereof does not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City. For information with respect to the City's percent of legal debt incurred, see the caption "Debt Limit", herein.

#### THE RESOLUTION

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Parameters Resolution adopted by the Common Council pursuant to the procedures prescribed by Wisconsin Statutes. Reference is made to the Parameters Resolution for a complete recital of its terms.

#### The Parameters Resolution

By way of the Parameters Resolution adopted on July 18, 2023, the Common Council delegated authority to its City Administrator or Assistant City Administrator/Comptroller (each, an "Authorized Officer") to accept the proposal of the Underwriter (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") for the purchase of the Bonds, provided the Bond Purchase Agreement met the parameters set forth in the Parameters Resolution, by executing an Approving Certificate (the "Approving Certificate"). The Common Council pledged the full faith, credit and resources of the City to the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds pursuant to the Parameters Resolution. Pursuant to the Parameters Resolution, a direct annual irrepealable tax has been levied for collection in the years 2024 through 2043 in the amounts which will be sufficient to meet the principal and interest payments on the Bonds when due (or monies to pay such debt service will otherwise be appropriated). The Parameters Resolution establishes a separate debt service fund with respect to payment of principal and interest on the Bonds which is separate and distinct from all other funds of the City.

#### **Approving Certificate**

On August 14, 2023, an Authorized Officer executed the Approving Certificate, approving the Preliminary Official Statement, accepting the Bond Purchase Agreement, setting forth the details of the Bonds, and specifying the amount of the direct annual irrepealable tax levied to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds.

#### THE CITY

The City operates under the mayor-council form of government. The common council members are elected to twoyear staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a three-year term. The common council meets in regular session twice monthly and performs the legislative and policymaking functions of city government. By statute, the mayor presides at common council meetings and serves as the chief executive officer. The administrative functions of the city government have been delegated to a city administrator, who is hired by and reports to the mayor and common council.

> Daniel Bukiewicz, Mayor Term Expires: April, 2024

#### **Common Council**

Name	Aldama ania Diatriat	Expiration
Name	Aldermanic District	of Term
Steven Kurkowski	1 <sup>st</sup> Aldermanic District	April, 2025
Gregory Loreck	2 <sup>nd</sup> Aldermanic District	April, 2024
James Ruetz	3 <sup>rd</sup> Aldermanic District	April, 2025
Lisa Marshall	4 <sup>th</sup> Aldermanic District	April, 2024
Kenneth Gehl (President)	5 <sup>th</sup> Aldermanic District	April, 2025
Chris Guzikowski	6 <sup>th</sup> Aldermanic District	April, 2024

Source: The City.

#### Administration

		Years of
Name	Position	Service
Andrew J. Vickers	City Administrator	6
Maxwell C. Gagin*	Assistant City Administrator/Comptroller	2
Catherine A. Roeske**	City Clerk	10
Sara Kawczynski**	City Treasurer	5
Melissa Karls	City Attorney	15

<sup>\*</sup>Prior to joining the City, Mr. Gagin was the Finance Director at the City of Janesville.

Source: The City.

#### <u>Services</u>

The City provides for a full range of municipal services including police and fire protection, parks, public works operations, building inspection and zoning control, water and sewer utilities, and general administrative services.

#### **Public Safety**

The City's police department has 64 police officers. In addition, the police department has 26 full-time and 7 part-time employees. The fire department has 54 firefighters of which 39 are paramedics. All firefighters are required to be EMTs. In addition, the fire department has one full-time employee and two part-time employees.

#### **Employment Relations**

	Number of
Department	Employees*
General Government	69
Police Department	98
Fire Department	55
Public Works	59
Water Utility	35
Library & Recreation	25
TOTAL	341

<sup>\*</sup>Full-time and part-time budgeted positions.

Source: The City.

#### **Labor Contracts**

Organization	Employee Group	Contract Expiration
Oak Creek Professional Police Officers' Association	Police Officers	December 31, 2024
International Association of Firefighters, Local 1848 AFL-CIO	Firefighters	December 31, 2024
Labor Association of Wisconsin (LAW)	Laborers and Clerical Workers	December 31, 2023*

<sup>\*</sup>Contract may only cover total base wages.

The City considers its relationship with the employee groups to be good.

Source: The City.

All eligible City personnel are covered by the Municipal Employment Relations Act ("MERA") of the Wisconsin Statutes. Pursuant to that law, employees have rights to organize and, after significant changes were made to the law in 2011, very limited rights to collectively bargain with municipal employers. MERA was amended by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10 (the "Act") and by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ms. Kawczynski became the City Treasurer effective October 27, 2021. Previously Ms. Kawczynski was the Deputy Treasurer for the City. As of May 1, 2021, the City Clerk and City Treasurer positions are appointed and are no longer elected.

As a result of the 2011 amendments to MERA, the City is prohibited from bargaining collectively with municipal employees, other than public safety or transit employees, with respect to any factor or condition of employment except total base wages. Even then, the City is limited to increasing total base wages beyond any increase in the consumer price index since 180 days before the expiration of the previous collective bargaining agreement (unless the City were to seek approval for a higher increase through a referendum). Ultimately, the City can unilaterally implement the wages for a collective bargaining unit.

Under the changes to MERA, impasse resolution procedures were removed from the law for municipal employees of the type employed by the City, including binding interest arbitration. Strikes by any municipal employee or labor organization are expressly prohibited. As a practical matter, it is anticipated that strikes will be rare. Furthermore, if strikes do occur, they may be enjoined by the courts. Additionally, because the only legal subject of bargaining is the base wage rates, all bargaining over items such as just cause, benefits, and terms of conditions of employment are prohibited and cannot be included in a collective bargaining agreement. Impasse resolution for public safety employees and transit employees is subject to final and binding arbitration procedures, which do not include a right to strike. Interest arbitration is available for transit employees if certain conditions are met.

#### Pension Plan

All eligible employees in the City are covered under the Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") established under Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes ("Chapter 40"). The Department of Employee Trust Funds ("ETF") administers the WRS. Required contributions to the WRS are determined by the ETF Board pursuant to an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 and the ETF's funding policies. The ETF Board has stated that its funding policy is to (i) ensure funds are adequate to pay benefits; (ii) maintain stable and predictable contribution rates for employers and employees; and (iii) maintain intergenerational equity to ensure the cost of the benefits is paid for by the generation that receives the benefits.

City employees are generally required to contribute half of the actuarially determined contributions, and the City generally may not pay the employees' required contribution. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 ("Fiscal Year 2020"), December 31, 2021 ("Fiscal Year 2021") and December 31, 2022 ("Fiscal Year 2022"), the City's portion of the contributions to WRS (not including any employee contributions) totaled \$2,046,857, \$2,067,579, and \$2,079,067, respectively.

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 ("GASB 68") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

GASB 68 requires calculation of a net pension liability for the pension plan. The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the pension plan's total pension liability and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's total pension liability is the present value of the amounts needed to pay pension benefits earned by each participant in the pension plan based on the service provided as of the date of the actuarial valuation. In other words, it is a measure of the present value of benefits owed as of a particular date based on what has been earned only up to that date, without taking into account any benefits earned after that date. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is the market value of plan assets formally set aside in a trust and restricted to paying pension plan benefits. If the pension plan's total pension liability exceeds the pension plan's fiduciary net position, then a net pension liability results. If the pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds the pension plan's total pension liability, then a net pension asset results.

As of December 31, 2021, the total pension liability of the WRS was calculated as \$133.79 billion and the fiduciary net position of the WRS was calculated as \$141.85 billion, resulting in a net pension asset of \$8.06 billion.

Under GASB 68, each participating employer in a cost-sharing pension plan must report the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability or net pension asset of the pension plan. Accordingly, for Fiscal Year 2022, the City reported an asset of \$13,801,802 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset of the WRS. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. The City's proportion was 0.17123434% of the aggregate WRS net pension asset as of December 31, 2021.

The calculation of the total pension liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of the net pension liability of the WRS, which may also cause the ETF Board to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information regarding the WRS and such actuarial assumptions, see Note 4 in "Appendix A: Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the Year Ended December 31, 2022".

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits

The City provides "other post-employment benefits" ("OPEB") (i.e., post-employment benefits, other than pension benefits, owed to its employees and former employees) through a single-employer defined benefit plan to employees who have terminated their employment with the City and have satisfied specified eligibility standards. Membership in the plan consisted of 256 retirees receiving benefits and 148 active plan members as of January 1, 2023. The plan is closed to new members.

OPEB calculations are required to be updated every two years and be prepared in accordance with Statement Nos. 74 and 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB 74/75"). An actuarial study for the plan prepared in accordance with GASB 74/75 was most recently completed by Milliman, Inc. in March 2023 with an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022 (the "Actuarial Report").

For Fiscal Year 2022, benefit payments totaled \$2,244,403. The City's current funding practice is to make annual contributions to the plan in the amounts at least equal to the benefits paid to retirees in a particular year on a "payas-you-go" basis.

Under GASB 74/75, a net OPEB liability (or asset) is calculated as the difference between the plan's total OPEB liability and the plan's fiduciary net position, which terms have similar meanings as under GASB 68 and GASB 73 for pension plans.

As of December 31, 2022, the plan's total OPEB liability was \$44,592,628 and the plan fiduciary net position was \$0, resulting in a net OPEB liability of \$44,592,628.

The calculation of the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. For more detailed information regarding such actuarial assumptions, see Note 4 in "Appendix A - Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the year ended December 31, 2022" attached hereto. The Actuarial Report is available upon request from the City.

The City also participates in the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund ("LRLIF"), which is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan established by Chapter 40. The ETF and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight, including establishing contribution requirements for employers.

For Fiscal Year 2022, the City's portion of contributions to the LRLIF totaled \$7,976. For Fiscal Year 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,854,603 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on the City's share of contributions to the LRLIF relative to the contributions of all participating employers. The City's proportion was 0.313788% of the aggregate LRLIF net OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021.

The calculation of the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF, which may also cause ETF to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information, see Note 4 in the "Appendix A - Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the year Ended December 31, 2022" attached hereto.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **Location**

The City is located in Milwaukee County in southeastern Wisconsin. The City is adjacent to the City of Milwaukee and 85 miles north of Chicago. The City is located on Interstate Highway 94, U.S. Highway 41, and State Highways 32, 38 and 100. The City is also served by passenger and freight railroads and Milwaukee Mitchell International Airport in the City of Milwaukee.

#### Education

Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District (the "District") provides a comprehensive education for students in prekindergarten through the twelfth grade. District facilities include one high school, two middle schools and seven elementary schools. Enrollment for the 2022-23 school year is 6,500 students. The District's estimated 2021 population is 40,856\* and the District has approximately 738 employees.

\*Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

#### **Post-Secondary Education**

Several colleges and universities serve the City:

Alverno College
Carroll University
Carthage College
Concordia University Wisconsin
Gateway Technical College
Marquette University
Milwaukee Area Technical College
Milwaukee School of Engineering
Mount Mary University
University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee at Waukesha
University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee
Wisconsin Lutheran College

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION**

#### **Population**

	Milwaukee	City of
	<u>County</u>	Oak Creek
Preliminary Estimate, 2023	937,259	38,174
Estimate, 2022	939,487	37,374
Estimate, 2021	947,241	37,608
Census, 2020	939,489	36,497
Estimate, 2019	946,296	35,830

Source: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographics Services Center.

#### Per Return Adjusted Gross Income

	State of	Milwaukee	City of
<u>Year</u>	Wisconsin	<u>County</u>	Oak Creek
2021	\$66,369	\$57,444	\$67,765
2020	61,518	52,751	64,267
2019	61,003	54,920	62,654
2018	59,423	53,380	62,515
2017	56,698	50,516	59,174

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Division of Research and Policy.

#### **Unemployment Rate**

	State of	Milwaukee
	Wisconsin	<u>County</u>
June, 2023 <sup>(1)</sup>	3.4%	4.3%
June, 2022	3.5	4.4
Average, 2022	2.9%(1)	3.7%
Average, 2021 <sup>(2)</sup>	3.8	5.4
Average, 2020 <sup>(2)</sup>	6.4	8.4
Average, 2019	3.2	3.8
Average, 2018	3.0	3.6

Source: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development - WisConomy.

#### **Building Permits**

	Total New	Total New Construction		esidential <sup>(1)</sup>
Number		_	Number	_
Year	of Permits	Valuation	of Permits	Valuation
2023*	21	\$ 18,084,367	18	\$ 8,001,616
2022	83	178,736,091	54	22,203,499
2021	34	62,939,301	26	10,975,266
2020	105	90,944,057	89	23,505,498
2019	78	242,270,920	49	16.135.766

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Total building permits for single family and two-family residences.

Source: The City.

#### **Largest Employers**

		Number of
Employer Name	Type of Business	Employees
Amazon Fulfillment Center	Distribution center	3,216
Milwaukee Area Technical College District	Higher education	1,353
Oak Creek-Franklin School District	Education	738
UPS	Parcel delivery and distribution center	730*
PPG Industries, Inc.	Coating and resin products	700
Reinhart FoodService, LLC	Wholesale food distributor	480
Oak Creek Power Plant (WE Energies)	Electrical power generation	399
The City	Government	341**
Joseph Campione Inc.	Food products	298
Arena Americas	Event equipment rental	250

<sup>\*</sup>Full-time equivalent.

Source: Data Axle Genie (<u>www.dataaxlegenie.com</u>), Milwaukee Area Technical College District Official Statement dated June 27, 2023, the City and direct employer contacts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Preliminary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup>Figures reflect employment impact as a result of COVID-19 (see "GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK" herein).

<sup>\*</sup>As of June 28, 2023.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Full-time and part-time budgeted positions.

#### Largest Taxpayers

		2022	2022
		Assessed	Equalized
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Valuation
Commerce 94 Project LLC (Amazon)	Distribution center	\$154,061,300	\$162,615,900
Springbrook Circle Apartments	Apartments	68,712,600	72,527,900
HSI Drexel Ridge LLC	Apartments	67,312,800	71,050,500
Barrett Visionary Development LLC	Apartments	64,864,400	68,466,100
Occidental Development LP	Apartments	64,337,400	67,909,900
Centennial LLC	Apartments	50,247,600	53,037,800
Ikea US Retail LLC	Retail	40,158,900	42,388,800
Legacy/Timber Ridge LLC	Apartments	34,087,100	35,979,900
JES Oak Creek MOB LLC	Froedtert health clinic	32,044,900	33,824,300
Aldi Inc.	Grocery warehouse, distribution center	29,297,700	30,924,500
TOTAL		\$605,124,700	\$638,725,600

The above taxpayers represent 12.22% of the City's 2022 Equalized Value (TID IN) (\$5,226,696,500). The City's 2023 Equalized Value (TID IN) is \$5,531,211,200.

Source: The City.

#### TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS

Personal property taxes, special assessments, special charges and special taxes must be paid to the town, city or village treasurer in full by January 31. Real property taxes may be paid in full by January 31 or in two equal installments payable by January 31 and July 31. Municipalities also have the option of adopting payment plans which allow taxpayers to pay their real property taxes and special assessments in three or more installments, provided that the first installment is paid by January 31, one-half of the taxes are paid by April 30 and the remainder is paid by July 31. Amounts paid on or before January 31 are paid to the town, city or village treasurer. Amounts paid after January 31 are paid to the county treasurer unless the municipality has authorized payment in three or more installments in which case payment is made to the town, city or village treasurer. Any amounts paid after July 31 are paid to the county treasurer. For municipalities which have not adopted an installment payment plan, the town, city or village treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for collections through the preceding month on January 15 and February 20. For municipalities which have adopted an installment payment plan, the town, city or village treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for collections through the preceding month on January 15, February 20 and the 15th day of each month following a month in which an installment payment is due. On or before August 20, the county treasurer must settle in full with the underlying taxing districts for all real property taxes and special taxes. The County Board may authorize its County Treasurer to also settle in full with the underlying taxing districts for all special assessments and special charges. The county may then recover any tax delinquencies by enforcing the lien on the property and retain any penalties or interest on the delinquencies for which it has settled. Uncollected personal property taxes owed by an entity that has ceased operations or filed a petition for bankruptcy, or are due on personal property that has been removed from the next assessment roll are collected from each taxing entity in the year following the levy year. The personal property tax has been repealed, starting with the property tax assessments as of January 1, 2024. Beginning in 2025, the personal property tax has been replaced with a payment from the State intended to replace the amount of property taxes imposed on personal property for the property tax assessments as of January 1, 2023. Since, in practice, all delinquent real property taxes are withheld from the county's share of taxes, the City receives 100 percent of the real property taxes it levies for real property taxes. See "Levy Limits" herein for information on additional limitations on City tax levies.

Set forth below are tax levies for City purposes and the tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation on all taxable property in the City for collection years 2019-2023:

Levy/Collection	City	Total City	Uncollected Taxes as of August 20th	Percent of Levy
Year	Tax Rate	Levy	of each Year	Collected
2022/2023	\$5.68	\$23,893,006	-In Process of Co	llection-
2021/2022	6.12	23,309,433	\$0	100%
2020/2021	6.33	22,751,537	0	100
2019/2020	6.26	21,532,906	0	100
2018/2019	6.30	20,697,879	0	100

Source: The City.

#### ASSESSED TAX RATES

			Levy/Collection		
	2022/2023	2021/2022	2020/2021	2019/2020	2018/2019
The City	\$5.68	\$6.12	\$6.33	\$6.26	\$6.30
Oak Creek-Franklin School District	8.53	9.25	9.17	9.03	8.51
Milwaukee Area Technical College District	0.95	1.05	1.18	1.20	1.23
Milwaukee County	5.23	5.63	5.82	6.09	6.04
Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District	1.44	1.55	1.63	1.68	1.70
Gross Tax Rate	21.83	23.60	24.13	24.26	23.78
State Tax Credit	(2.34)	(2.42)	(2.39)	(2.60)	(2.66)
Net Tax Rate	\$19.49	\$21.18	\$21.74	\$21.66	\$21.12

Source: The City.

#### **LEVY LIMITS**

Section 66.0602 of the Wisconsin Statutes, imposes a limit on property tax levies by cities, villages, towns and counties. No city, village, town or county is permitted to increase its tax levy by a percentage that exceeds its valuation factor (which is defined as a percentage equal to the greater of either the percentage change in the political subdivision's January 1 equalized value due to new construction less improvements removed between the previous year and the current or zero percent; for a tax incremental district created after December 31, 2024, the valuation factor includes 90% of the equalized value increase due to new construction that is located in a tax incremental district, but does not include any improvements removed in a tax incremental district). The base amount in any year to which the levy limit applies is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year. In 2018, and in each year thereafter, the base amount is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year plus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes (an amount equal to the property taxes formerly levied on certain items of personal property), and the levy limit is the base amount multiplied by the valuation factor, minus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes. This levy limitation is an overall limit, applying to levies for operations as well as for other purposes.

A political subdivision that did not levy its full allowable levy in the prior year can carry forward the difference between the allowable levy and the actual levy, up to a maximum of 1.5% of the prior year's actual levy. The use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (except in the case of towns) if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% and by a super majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (three-quarters vote if the governing body is comprised of five or more members, two-thirds vote if the governing body is comprised of fewer than five members) (except in the case of towns) if the amount of the carry forward levy adjustment is greater than 0.5% up to the maximum increase of 1.5%. For towns, the use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the annual town meeting or special town meeting after the town board has adopted a resolution in favor of the adjustment by a majority vote if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% or by two-thirds vote or more if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is greater than 0.5% up to the maximum of 1.5%.

Beginning with levies imposed in 2015, if a political subdivision does not make an adjustment in its levy as described in the above paragraph in the current year, the political subdivision may increase its levy by the aggregate amount of the differences between the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year and the actual percent increase in a political subdivision's levy attributable to the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year, for the five years before the current year, less any amount of such aggregate amount already claimed as an adjustment in any of the previous five years. The calculation of the aggregate amount available for such adjustment may not include any year before 2014, and the maximum adjustment allowed may not exceed 5%. The use of the adjustment described in this paragraph requires approval by a two-thirds vote of the political subdivision's governing body, and the adjustment may only be used if the political subdivision's level of outstanding general obligation debt in the current year is less than or equal to the political subdivision's level of outstanding general obligation debt in the previous year.

Special provisions are made with respect to property taxes levied to pay general obligation debt service. Those are described below. In addition, the statute provides for certain other adjustments to and exclusions from the tax levy limit. Among the exclusions, Section 66.0602(3)(e)5. of the Wisconsin Statutes provides that the levy limit does not

apply to "the amount that a political subdivision levies in that year to make up any revenue shortfall for the debt service on a revenue bond issued under Section 66.0621 by that political subdivision." Recent positions taken by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue ("DOR") call into question the availability of this exception if the revenue shortfall is planned or ongoing. To date, such DOR positions have not been expressed formally in a declaratory ruling under Section 227.41(5)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes, nor have they been the subject of any court challenge or resulting court ruling.

With respect to general obligation debt service, the following provisions are made:

- (a) If a political subdivision's levy for the payment of general obligation debt service, including debt service on debt issued or reissued to fund or refund outstanding obligations of the political subdivision and interest on outstanding obligations of the political subdivision, on debt originally issued before July 1, 2005, is less in the current year than in the previous year, the political subdivision is required to reduce its levy limit in the current year by the amount of the difference between the previous year's levy and the current year's levy.
- (b) For obligations authorized before July 1, 2005, if the amount of debt service in the preceding year is less than the amount of debt service needed in the current year, the levy limit is increased by the difference between the two amounts. This adjustment is based on scheduled debt service rather than the amount actually levied for debt service (after taking into account offsetting revenues such as sales tax revenues, special assessments, utility revenues, tax increment revenues or surplus funds). Therefore, the levy limit could negatively impact political subdivisions that experience a reduction in offsetting revenues.
- (c) The levy limits do not apply to property taxes levied to pay debt service on general obligation debt authorized on or after July 1, 2005.

The Bonds will be authorized after July 1, 2005 and therefore the levy limits do not apply to taxes levied to pay debt service on the Bonds.

#### **REVENUE FROM THE STATE**

In addition to local property taxes described above, a number of state programs exist which provide revenue to the City. One such program is commonly known as shared revenue which, pursuant to sec. 79.036, Wis. Stats., provides funding to the City that can be used for any public purpose. 2023 Wisconsin Act 12 ("Act 12") created a supplement to shared revenue, with payments to the City to begin in 2024. This supplemental shared revenue may be used only for the purposes specified in section 79.037, Wis. Stats. In 2024, the City is expected to receive approximately \$1,775,526 in shared revenue and supplemental shared revenue from the State, an increase from the approximately \$883,749 received in 2023. In future years, the amount of supplemental shared revenue could grow if state sales tax collections grow.

#### **ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS**

All equalized valuations of property in the State of Wisconsin are determined by the State of Wisconsin, Department of Revenue, Supervisor of Assessments Office. Equalized valuations are the State's estimate of full market value. The State determines assessed valuations of all manufacturing property in the State. Assessed valuations of residential and commercial property are determined by local assessors.

Set forth in the table below are equalized valuations of property located within the City for the years 2019 through 2023. The City's equalized valuation (TID-IN) has increased by 44.38 percent since 2019, with an average annual growth of 9.62 percent.

Year	Assessed Valuation	Equalized Valuation (TID-IN)	Equalized Valuation (TID-OUT)
2023	Not Available	\$5,531,211,200	\$4,577,605,700
2022	\$4,952,166,200	5,226,696,500	4,436,802,000
2021	4,444,689,200	4,618,317,600	3,957,952,800
2020	4,102,096,300	4,215,753,700	3,691,190,400
2019	3,760,176,500	3,831,003,800	3,501,006,200

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

#### **Equalized Value by Property Class**

Equalized value by class of property in the City (TID-IN) for 2023 is as follows:

	2023	Percent of
	Equalized Value	Total
Real Estate		
Residential	\$3,146,095,000	56.88%
Commercial	2,035,158,200	36.79
Manufacturing	212,818,600	3.85
Agriculture, Forest, Other	12,681,300	0.23
Total Real Estate	\$5,406,753,100	97.75%
Total Personal Property	124,458,100	2.25
Total Equalized Value	\$5,531,211,200	100.00%

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

#### **Tax Increment Districts**

The City has created Tax Increment Districts ("TIDs") under Wisconsin Statute 66.1105. TIDs valuations totaling \$953,605,500 have been excluded from the City's tax base for 2023.

TID	Base	Base	2023	
Number	Year	Value	Value	Increment
006	2001	\$1,377,200	\$19,263,200	\$17,886,000
007	2007	165,053,100	315,914,200	150,861,100
800	2009	23,056,600	176,028,100	152,971,500
010	2010	19,223,700	43,236,000	24,012,300
011	2012	12,861,900	251,480,700	238,618,800
012	2016	3,738,200	148,557,700	144,819,500
013	2017	4,703,500	20,672,400	15,968,900
014	2018	641,300	9,506,300	8,865,000
015	2018	1,899,900	8,214,200	6,314,300
016	2018	1,549,200	194,837,300	193,288,100
			TOTAL	\$953,605,500

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

#### INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY

#### **Direct Indebtedness**

Set forth below is the general obligation direct indebtedness of the City, including principal and interest payments due on existing debt, as well as debt service on the Bonds. Interest on the Bonds has been calculated using an average rate of 4.59 percent.

Total

					Total Debt	Less: Projected	Projected Net
	Outstanding B	onds & Notes	The B	onds	Service	Offsetting	Debt Service
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Requirements	Revenues (1)	Requirements
2023	\$9,489,000	\$2,831,096			\$12,320,096	(\$11,491,596)	\$828,500
2024	9,391,000	2,693,164		\$766,244	12,850,408	(12,223,508)	626,900
2025	7,835,000	2,328,896	\$105,000	740,900	11,009,796	(10,452,496)	557,300
2026	8,240,000	2,062,522	545,000	724,650	11,572,172	(11,072,472)	499,700
2027	8,920,000	1,773,080	350,000	702,275	11,745,355	(11,236,655)	508,700
2028	8,105,000	1,492,147	380,000	684,025	10,661,172	(10,144,472)	516,700
2029	8,370,000	1,221,716	425,000	663,900	10,680,616	(10,161,916)	518,700
2030	8,455,000	936,992	450,000	642,025	10,484,017	(9,944,417)	539,600
2031	8,720,000	650,067	465,000	619,150	10,454,217	(9,779,717)	674,500
2032	8,065,000	400,571	500,000	595,025	9,560,596	(8,974,096)	586,500
2033	2,760,000	179,448	540,000	569,025	4,048,473	(4,048,473)	0
2034	2,275,000	96,431	950,000	531,775	3,853,206	(3,853,206)	0
2035	720,000	48,353	1,000,000	483,025	2,251,378	(2,251,378)	0
2036	745,000	19,455	1,050,000	437,025	2,251,480	(2,251,480)	0
2037	195,000	3,754	1,105,000	388,400	1,692,154	(1,692,154)	0
2038			1,170,000	331,525	1,501,525	(1,501,525)	0
2039			1,230,000	271,525	1,501,525	(1,501,525)	0
2040			1,300,000	208,275	1,508,275	(1,508,275)	0
2041			1,365,000	148,475	1,513,475	(1,513,475)	0
2042			1,430,000	90,788	1,520,788	(1,520,788)	0
2043			1,510,000	30,200	1,540,200	(1,540,200)	0
	92,285,000	16,737,690	15,870,000	9,628,231	134,520,921	(128,663,821)	5,857,100
Less 2023	(0.400.000)	(0.004.000)			(40,000,000)	44 404 500	(222 522)
Sinking Funds	(9,489,000)	(2,831,096)	0	0	(12,320,096)	11,491,596	(828,500)
TOTAL	\$82,796,000	\$13,906,594	\$15,870,000	\$9,628,231	\$122,200,825	(\$117,172,225)	\$5,028,600

<sup>(1)</sup>All outstanding debt was issued as general obligations of the City; however tax increment revenues and state utility aid are projected to offset the total debt service. The actual amount of these offsetting revenues is not guaranteed. Under State law, the City is required to levy an amount sufficient to meet the debt service on its outstanding general obligation debt, but such levy may be abated by the use of offsetting revenues, if and to the extent available.

#### **Other Financings**

The following issues are <u>not</u> general obligations of the City (as of closing of the Bonds):

- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, dated January 13, 2010 totaling \$293,974 in principal, due May 1, 2024 through 2029.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, dated November 23, 2011 totaling \$2,666,711 in principal due May 1, 2024 through 2031.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, dated May 8, 2013 totaling \$1,420,712 in principal due May 1, 2024 through 2033.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, dated May 28, 2014 totaling \$3,102,846 in principal due May 1, 2024 through 2034.
- Taxable Waterworks System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020F, dated November 18, 2020 totaling \$4,210,000 in principal due December 1, 2023 through 2031.

#### **Future Financing**

The City anticipates issuing \$2,600,000 of additional general obligation debt or note anticipation notes in fall 2023. The City anticipates an additional general obligation debt issuance of approximately \$6,000,000 in spring 2024 for the acquisition of land. The City may also issue additional general obligation debt or note anticipation notes for additional tax incremental district projects, if necessary. Other than the preceding, the City currently does not expect to issue any additional obligations over the next 12 months.

#### **Default Record**

The City has no record of default on any prior debt repayment obligations.

#### Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness

Set forth below is information relating to the outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness of the City.

Entity	Amount of Debt (Less 2023 Principal Amounts)	Percent Applicable to Citv	Outstanding Debt Chargeable To City
Milwaukee Area Technical College District*	\$ 77,450,000	4.85%	\$ 3,756,325
Milwaukee County	362,149,377	6.01	21,765,178
Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District	119,890,000	84.57	101,390,973
Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District	761,044,407	6.12	46,575,918
TOTAL	\$1,320,533,784		\$173,488,393

<sup>\*</sup>Milwaukee Area Technical College District ("MATC") is anticipating the issuance of approximately \$39,000,000 within the next year. This is a preliminary amount and is subject to change. MATC may approve financings subsequent to the date of this Official Statement.

NOTE: This summary may not reflect all of the City's outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Information provided by each municipal entity through publicly available disclosure documents available on EMMA.msrb.org and direct inquiries.

#### **Statistical Summary**

The table below reflects direct, overlapping and underlying bonded indebtedness net of all 2023 principal payments.

2023 Equalized Valuation as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue	\$5,531,211,200
Direct Bonded Indebtedness (Including the Bonds)	\$98,666,000
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness (Including the Bonds)	\$272,154,393
Direct Bonded Indebtedness as a Percentage of Equalized Valuation	1.78%
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Bonded Indebtedness as a Percentage of Equalized Valuation	4.92%
Population of City (2023 Preliminary Estimate)*	38,174
Direct Bonded Indebtedness Per Capita	\$2,584.64
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Bonded Indebtedness Per Capita	\$7,129.31

<sup>\*</sup>Source: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographic Services Center.

#### **Debt Limit**

As described under the caption "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS CONCERNING THE CITY'S POWER TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS--Debt Limit," the total indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of property in the City. Set forth in the table below is a comparison of the outstanding indebtedness of the City, as of the closing date of the Bonds, as a percentage of the applicable debt limit.

Equalized Valuation (2023) as certified by Wisconsin Department of Revenue	\$5,531,211,200
Legal Debt Percentage Allowed	5.00%
Legal Debt Limit	\$276,560,560
General Obligation Debt Outstanding (Including the Bonds)	\$101,641,000
Unused Margin of Indebtedness	\$174,919,560
Percent of Legal Debt Incurred	36.75%
Percentage of Legal Debt Available	63.25%

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial operations of the City are conducted primarily through its general fund. Most taxes and non-tax revenues (such as license fees, fines and costs and user's fees) are paid into the general fund and current operating expenditures are made from the general fund pursuant to appropriations made by the Common Council. Taxes levied for debt service are paid directly into the debt service fund and debt service expenditures are made from that fund.

#### **Budgeting Process**

The City is required by State law to annually formulate a budget and to hold public hearings thereon prior to the determination of the amounts to be financed, in whole or in part, by general property taxes, funds on hand or estimated revenues from other sources. The budget must list all existing indebtedness of the City and all anticipated revenues from all sources during the ensuing year and must also list all proposed appropriations for each department, activity and reserve account of the City during the ensuing year. The budget must show actual revenues and expenditures for the preceding year, actual revenues and expenditures for not less than the first six months of the current year and estimated revenues and expenditures for the balance of the current year.

As part of the budgeting process, public hearings are held on the proposed budget, at which time any resident or taxpayer in the City may be heard. At a council meeting in November of each year, the Common Council adopts the final budget for the succeeding year and levies taxes based on assessed valuations of property less any increment attributable to Tax Increment Districts ("TIDs"). The amount of taxes so levied and the amounts of the various appropriations in the final budget (after any alterations made pursuant to public hearings) may not be changed unless authorized by a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the Common Council. Failure to publish notice of any such alteration within ten days thereafter shall preclude any change in the budget.

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#### GENERAL FUND SUMMARY FOR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	2023 BUDGET	2022 ACTUAL	2021 ACTUAL	2020 ACTUAL	2019 ACTUAL
Revenues		TIOTORE	TOTOTE	7 TO TOTIL	NOTONE
Taxes	\$17,287,292	\$16,471,363	\$15,562,213	\$15,007,159	\$14,591,049
Intergovernmental	7,562,864	5,782,539	6,040,101	6,732,913	6,179,617
Regulation and compliance	1,709,925	2,285,401	2,113,242	1,824,059	2,982,083
Public Charges for Services	311,743	387,403	301,434	235,970	324,191
Investment Income	255,000	(199,906)	40,040	513,701	715,917
Miscellaneous	96,740	1,228,341	146,120	137,244	98,775
Interfund charges for services	431,436	438,622	377,206	371,538	360,104
Total revenues	27,655,000	26,393,763	24,580,356	24,822,584	25,251,736
Expenditures					
General Government	9,199,162	6,571,490	6,427,579	6,391,480	6,583,217
Public Safety	12,688,462	12,180,722	11,780,761	11,481,686	11,141,719
Health and Human Services	631,356	572,865	508,978	385,034	365,789
Public Works	4,813,000	4,234,376	4,394,552	4,250,478	4,223,646
Leisure Activities	2,168,020	1,998,470	1,975,320	1,967,992	2,113,004
Total Expenditures	29,500,000	25,557,923	25,087,190	24,476,670	24,427,375
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(1,845,000)	835,840	(506,834)	345,914	824,361
Other Financing Sources (uses)					
Sale of property	20,000	58,743	3,782,172	27,087	10,993
Operating Transfers In	1,825,000	1,639,622	1,750,033	1,807,444	1,748,903
Operating Transfers Out	0	(2,299,679)	(3,570,517)	(1,564,931)	(1,612,239)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,845,000	(601,314)	1,961,688	269,600	147,657
Revenue and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses	0	234,526	1,454,854	615,514	972,018
Fund balances - beginning of year	11,710,045	11,475,519	10,020,665	9,405,151	8,433,133
Fund balances - end of year	\$11,710,045	\$11,710,045	\$11,475,519	\$10,020,665	\$9,405,151

The amounts shown for the years ended December 31, 2019 through December 31, 2022 are excerpts from the audit reports which have been prepared by Baker Tilly US, LLP (formerly, Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP) Milwaukee, Wisconsin (the "Auditor"). The amounts shown for the year ending December 31, 2023 are shown on a budgetary basis, and such amounts have been provided by the City. The comparative statement of revenues and expenditures should be read in conjunction with the other financial statements and notes thereto appearing in Appendix A of this Official Statement.

#### Financial Information

A copy of the City's Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 including the accompanying independent auditor's report, is included as Appendix A to this Official Statement. Potential purchasers should read such financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The City has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessment, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof, or relating to this Official Statement, nor has the City requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the City since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the City represents that there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the City, nor has the City incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.

#### **UNDERWRITING**

Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Underwriter") has agreed to purchase the Bonds from the City for a purchase price of \$16,451,563.60 plus accrued interest to the delivery of the Bonds. The Underwriter will be obligated to purchase all of the Bonds if any of such Bonds are purchased. The Underwriter reserves the right to join with dealers and other underwriters in offering the Bonds to the public. The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing the Bonds into investment trusts) at prices lower than the offering prices set forth on the cover of this Official Statement. Such initial public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

#### **RATING**

The Bonds have been assigned a "Aa2" rating by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. Such rating reflects only the views of such organization and explanations of the significance of such rating may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency, if in the judgment of such rating agency circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

Such rating is not to be construed as a recommendation of the rating agency to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and the rating assigned by the rating agency should be evaluated independently. Except as may be required by the Undertaking described under the heading "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" neither the City nor the Underwriter undertakes responsibility to bring to the attention of the owners of the Bonds any proposed change in or withdrawal of such rating or to oppose any such revision or withdrawal.

#### TAX EXEMPTION

Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Bond Counsel, will deliver a legal opinion with respect to the federal income tax exemption applicable to the interest on the Bonds under existing law substantially in the following form:

"The interest on the Bonds is excludable for federal income tax purposes from the gross income of the owners of the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") on individuals; however, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022. The Code contains requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for interest on the Bonds to be or continue to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of those requirements could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The City has agreed to comply with all of those requirements. The opinion set forth in the first sentence of this paragraph is subject to the condition that the City comply with those requirements. We express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds."

The interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers. Bond Counsel will not express any opinion as to such collateral tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to collateral federal income tax consequences.

From time to time legislation is proposed, and there are or may be legislative proposals pending in the Congress of the United States that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether, or in what form, any proposal that could alter one or more of the federal tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Bonds may be enacted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

#### Original Issue Discount

To the extent that the initial public offering price of certain of the Bonds is less than the principal amount payable at maturity, such Bonds ("Discounted Bonds") will be considered to be issued with original issue discount. The original issue discount is the excess of the stated redemption price at maturity of a Discounted Bond over the initial offering price to the public, excluding underwriters or other intermediaries, at which price a substantial amount of such Discounted Bonds were sold (issue price). With respect to a taxpayer who purchases a Discounted Bond in the initial public offering at the issue price and who holds such Discounted Bond to maturity, the full amount of original issue discount will constitute interest that is not includible in the gross income of the owner of such Discounted Bond for federal income tax purposes and such owner will not, subject to the caveats and provisions herein described, realize taxable capital gain upon payment of such Discounted Bond upon maturity.

Original issue discount is treated as compounding semiannually, at a rate determined by reference to the yield to maturity of each individual Discounted Bond, on days that are determined by reference to the maturity date of such Discounted Bond. The amount treated as original issue discount on a Discounted Bond for a particular semiannual accrual period is generally equal to (a) the product of (i) the yield to maturity for such Discounted Bond (determined by compounding at the close of each accrual period) and (ii) the amount that would have been the tax basis of such Discounted Bond at the beginning of the particular accrual period if held by the original purchaser; and less (b) the amount of any interest payable for such Discounted Bond during the accrual period. The tax basis is determined by adding to the initial public offering price on such Discounted Bond the sum of the amounts that have been treated as original issue discount for such purposes during all prior periods. If a Discounted Bond is sold or exchanged between semiannual compounding dates, original issue discount that would have been accrued for that semiannual compounding period for federal income tax purposes is to be apportioned in equal amounts among the days in such compounding period.

For federal income tax purposes, the amount of original issue discount that is treated as having accrued with respect to such Discounted Bond is added to the cost basis of the owner in determining gain or loss upon disposition of a Discounted Bond (including its sale, exchange, redemption, or payment at maturity). Amounts received upon disposition of a Discounted Bond that are attributable to accrued original issue discount will be treated as tax-exempt interest, rather than as taxable gain.

The accrual or receipt of original issue discount on the Discounted Bonds may result in certain collateral federal income tax consequences for the owners of such Discounted Bonds. The extent of these collateral tax consequences will depend upon the owner's particular tax status and other items of income or deduction.

The Code contains additional provisions relating to the accrual of original issue discount. Owners who purchase Discounted Bonds at a price other than the issue price or who purchase such Discounted Bonds in the secondary market should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of owning the Discounted Bonds. Under the applicable provisions governing the determination of state and local taxes, accrued interest on the Discounted Bonds may be deemed to be received in the year of accrual even though there will not be a corresponding cash payment until a later year. Owners of Discounted Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning the Discounted Bonds.

#### **Bond Premium**

To the extent that the initial offering price of certain of the Bonds is more than the principal amount payable at maturity, such Bonds ("Premium Bonds") will be considered to have bond premium.

Any Premium Bond purchased in the initial offering at the issue price will have "amortizable bond premium" within the meaning of Section 171 of the Code. The amortizable bond premium of each Premium Bond is calculated on a daily basis from the issue date of such Premium Bond until its stated maturity date (or call date, if any) on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded at each accrual period (with straight line interpolation between the compounding dates). An owner of a Premium Bond that has amortizable bond premium is not allowed any deduction for the amortizable bond premium; rather the amortizable bond premium attributable to a taxable year is applied against (and operates to reduce) the amount of tax-exempt interest payments on the Premium Bonds. During each taxable year, such an owner must reduce his or her tax basis in such Premium Bond by the amount of the amortizable bond premium that is allocable to the portion of such taxable year during which the holder held such Premium Bond. The adjusted tax basis in a Premium Bond will be used to determine taxable gain or loss upon a disposition (including the sale, exchange, redemption, or payment at maturity) of such Premium Bond.

Owners of Premium Bonds who did not purchase such Premium Bonds in the initial offering at the issue price should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of owning such Premium Bonds. Owners of Premium Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning the Premium Bonds.

#### NOT QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The Bonds shall NOT be "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265 of the Code relating to the ability of financial institutions to deduct from income for federal income tax purposes, interest expense that is allocable to carrying and acquiring tax-exempt obligations.

#### **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE**

In order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule"), the City shall covenant pursuant to the Parameters Resolution adopted by the Common Council to enter into an undertaking (the "Undertaking") for the benefit of holders including beneficial holders of the Bonds to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the City annually to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"), and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain events enumerated in the Rule electronically or in the manner otherwise prescribed by the MSRB to the MSRB. The Undertaking provides that the annual report will be filed not later than 270 days after the end of each fiscal year. The City's fiscal year ends December 31st. The details and terms of the Undertaking, as well as the information to be contained in the annual report or the notices of material events, are set forth in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be executed and delivered by the City at the time the Bonds are delivered. Such Certificate will be in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix B. A failure by the City to comply with the Undertaking will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds (although holders will have the right to obtain specific performance of the obligations under the Undertaking). Nevertheless, such a failure must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

The City is required to file its continuing disclosure information using the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system. Investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

In the previous five years the City has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertaking under the Rule.

#### **BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM**

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has an S&P Global rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or the Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Agent, or the City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or the Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of DTC participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or the Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the City believes to be reliable, but the City takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

#### LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or, to the knowledge of the City, threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the City taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof.

#### **GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK**

#### Impact of the Spread of COVID-19

In response to the spread of COVID-19, the United States government, state governments, local governments and private industries have taken measures to limit social interactions in an effort to limit the spread of COVID-19 affecting business activities and impacting global, state and local commerce and financial markets.

The effects of the spread of COVID-19 and the government and private responses to the spread continue to evolve. The extent to which the coronavirus impacts the City and its financial condition will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted by the City, including the duration of the outbreak and measures taken to address the outbreak.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act") provides for federal payments from the Coronavirus Relief Fund to the State for the discrete purpose of covering expenses directly incurred as a result of COVID-19 between March 1 and December 30, 2020. On May 27, 2020, Governor Tony Evers announced a program titled, "Routes to Recovery: Local Government Aid Grants," which distributed \$190 million of the State's Coronavirus Relief Fund monies to all counties, cities, villages and towns across Wisconsin for unbudgeted eligible expenditures incurred due to COVID-19 between March 1 and October 31, 2020. The State allocated funds based on population with a guaranteed minimum allocation of \$5,000. The City's allocation was \$582,508. These funds were disbursed up to the amount of the allocation after eligible expenditures were reported through the State's cost tracker application. On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, which provides local governments an additional \$130.2 billion, including \$45.6 billion for cities, through the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. These funds can be used to mitigate increased expenditures, lost revenue, and economic hardship related to the COVID-19 pandemic, with half received in 2021 and half received in 2022. The City's allocation is \$3,802,085.

#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the unqualified approving legal opinion of Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel. Such opinion will be issued on the basis of the law existing at the time of the issuance of the Bonds. A copy of such opinion will be available at the time of the delivery of the Bonds.

Quarles & Brady LLP has also been retained by the City to serve as Disclosure Counsel to the City with respect to the Bonds. Although, as Disclosure Counsel to the City, Quarles & Brady LLP has assisted the City with certain disclosure matters, Quarles & Brady LLP has not undertaken to independently verify the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of this Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Bonds and assumes no responsibility whatsoever nor shall have any liability to any other party for the statements or information contained or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement. Further, Quarles & Brady LLP makes no representation as to the suitability of the Bonds for any investor.

Quarles & Brady LLP from time to time serves as counsel to the Underwriter with respect to issuers other than the City and transactions other than the issuance of the Bonds.

#### MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Municipalities are prohibited from filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (reorganization) or Chapter 7 (liquidation) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532) (the "Bankruptcy Code"). Instead, the Bankruptcy Code permits municipalities to file a petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, but only if certain requirements are met. These requirements include that the municipality must be "specifically authorized" under State law to file for relief under Chapter 9. For these purposes, "State law" may include, without limitation, statutes of general applicability enacted by the State legislature, special legislation applicable to a particular municipality, and/or executive orders issued by an appropriate officer of the State's executive branch.

As of the date hereof, Wisconsin law contains no express authority for municipalities to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Nevertheless, there can be no assurance (a) that State law will not change in the future, while the Bonds are outstanding, in a way that would allow the City to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) even absent such a change in State law, that an executive order or other executive action could not effectively authorize the City to file for relief under Chapter 9. If, in the future, the City were to file a bankruptcy case under Chapter 9, the relevant bankruptcy court would need to consider whether the City could properly do so, which would involve questions regarding State law authority as well as other questions such as whether the City is a municipality for bankruptcy purposes. If the relevant bankruptcy court concluded that the City could properly file a bankruptcy case, and that determination was not reversed, vacated, or otherwise substantially altered on appeal, then the rights of holders of the Bonds could be modified in bankruptcy proceedings. Such modifications could be adverse to holders of the Bonds, and there could ultimately be no assurance that holders of the Bonds would be paid in full or in part on the Bonds. Further, under such circumstances, there could be no assurance that the Bonds would not be treated as general, unsecured debt by a bankruptcy court, meaning that claims of holders of the Bonds could be viewed as having no priority (a) over claims of other creditors of the City; (b) to any particular assets of the City, or (c) to revenues otherwise designated for payment to holders of the Bonds.

Moreover, if the City were determined not to be a "municipality" for the purposes of the Bankruptcy Code, no representations can be made regarding whether it would still be eligible for voluntary or involuntary relief under Chapters of the Bankruptcy Code other than Chapter 9 or under similar federal or state law or equitable proceeding regarding insolvency or providing for protection from creditors. In any such case, there can be no assurance that the consequences described above for the holders of the Bonds would not occur.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

Any statement made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or of estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized.

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement by the City Clerk has been duly authorized by the City.

#### **AUTHORIZATION**

This Official Statement has been approved for distribution to prospective purchasers and the Underwriter of the Bonds. The City, acting through its Mayor and Clerk, will provide to the Underwriter of the Bonds at the time of delivery, a certificate confirming that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the Official Statement with respect to the Bonds, together with any supplements thereto, at the time of the execution of the Approving Certificate and at the time of delivery of the Bonds, was true and correct in all material respects and did not at any time contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated, where necessary to make the statements in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

CITY OF OAK CREEK

By /s/ Catherine A. Roeske
City Clerk

#### **APPENDIX A**

#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED NOTES

# CITY OF OAK CREEK MILWAUKEE COUNTY, WISCONSIN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Baker Tilly US, LLP Milwaukee, Wisconsin

A copy of the City's Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 including the accompanying independent auditor's report, is included as Appendix A to this Official Statement. Potential purchasers should read such financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The City has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessment, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof, or relating to this Official Statement, nor has the City requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the City since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the City represents that there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the City, nor has the City incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.



# **City of Oak Creek**

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2022

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	i
Required Supplementary Information	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	iv
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	9
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	12
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	13
Notes to Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	69
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Emergency Medical Services - Special Revenue Fund	72
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - City Retiree Benefit Plan	73
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund	74
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund	74
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Wisconsin Retirement System	75
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System	75
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	76

### City of Oak Creek

Table of Contents December 31, 2022

	_ Page
Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	78
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	80



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the City Council of City of Oak Creek

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective January 1, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, water utility net position as of December 31, 2021 has been restated due to implementation of GASB 87 and to correct a material misstatement due to an error in recording special assessments. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Baker Tilly US, LLP

July 28, 2023



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

As management of the City of Oak Creek (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Oak Creek for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, identify material deviations from the approved budget, and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. You can think of this relationship between revenues and expenses as the City's operating results and the net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the City's goal is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, not to generate profits as companies do. For this reason, you will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the condition of our roads and infrastructure, in assessing the overall health of our City.

Combined governmental and business-type activities net position increased by 11.0% in 2022, to \$198.1 million. Of this amount, \$169.9 million represents the City's net investment in capital assets, while \$35.0 million was held for restricted purposes, and a balance of \$(6.8) million was unrestricted.

At the end of 2022, the City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$62.2 million, including a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$42.9 million and the City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$135.9 million, including a surplus balance in unrestricted net position of \$34.2 million.



# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements are comprised of four components:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements
  - o Government-Wide Financial Statements
  - o Fund Financial Statements
  - Notes to the Financial Statements
- Required supplementary information
- Combining statements for non-major governmental funds

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements presenting different views of the City:

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> focus on individual parts of city government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes explaining some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information further explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, this financial report includes a section with combining statements providing details about the City's non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

# **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Oak Creek's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and are presented in two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which can be found on pages 1 - 2 of this report.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Oak Creek include general government, public safety, health and human services, public works, leisure activities (recreation and library), and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the City of Oak Creek include the water and sewer utility. Fiduciary activities, such as tax collection, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.



The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of position presenting information including all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City should extend to other non-financial factors such as the diversification of the tax base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's significant *funds*. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- **Governmental funds** are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The focus, however, is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.
- <u>Proprietary funds</u> are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has two proprietary funds – water and sewer utilities. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities the City operates like a business. A second type of proprietary fund, the internal service fund, reports activities providing services to other City programs.
- <u>Fiduciary funds</u> are reported in the fiduciary fund statements, but excluded from the government-wide reporting because these assets cannot be used to finance city operations. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing jurisdictions, including the Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District, Milwaukee County, State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, and Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District.



# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

**Net position.** The City's combined net position increased by \$19.6 million from fiscal year 2021 to 2022, a change of 11.0%; this increase was comprised of a government-activities increase of \$15.2 million, and a business-type activities increase of \$4.4 million. The City's governmental activities and business-type activities have approximately 31% and 69%, respectively, of the combined net position.

The City's governmental activities total net position increased to \$62.1 million in 2022, an increase of 32.3% from 2021. The City's net investment in capital assets represents 116.1% of the total. Restricted net position of \$32.9 million represents 52.9% of the total. Unrestricted net position deficit of \$42.9 million represents -69.0% of the total.

The City's business-type activities total net position increased by 3.3% to \$135.9 million, including unrestricted net position of \$34.2 million, representing 25.1% of the total. All government and business-type activities are self-supporting entities; net position of one entity is not permanently used by other entities.

Table 1
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Summary Statement of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$106,774,599	\$100,753,718	\$53,145,566	\$36,676,441	\$159,920,165	\$137,430,159	
Capital assets (net)	154,163,784	153,758,672	112,254,769	113,573,211	266,418,553	267,331,883	
Total assets	260,938,383	254,512,390	165,400,335	150,249,652	426,338,718	404,762,042	
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	178,899	198,963	178,899	198,963	
Deferred amount related to pensions	24,920,014	16,317,936	2,065,784	1,399,327	26,985,798	17,717,263	
Deferred amount related to OPEB	<u>10,137,575</u>	<u>6,583,646</u>	<u>621,053</u>	466,393	10,758,628	7,050,039	
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>35,057,589</u>	<u>22,901,582</u>	<u>2,865,736</u>	2,064,683	<u>37,923,325</u>	<u>24,966,265</u>	
Current liabilities	9,953,886	7,470,780	1,752,799	1,180,386	11,706,685	8,651,166	
Long-term liabilities	<u>152,392,689</u>	<u>161,534,395</u>	<u>17,257,890</u>	<u>18,337,667</u>	<u>169,650,579</u>	<u>179,872,062</u>	
Total liabilities	<u>162 346 575</u>	<u>169,005,175</u>	<u>19,010,689</u>	<u> 19.518.053</u>	<u>181,357,264</u>	<u> 188 523 228</u>	
Unearned revenue	40,491,506	38,691,235	-	-	40,491,506	38,691,235	
Deferred amount related to leases	-	-	10,860,619	-	10,860,619	-	
Deferred amount related to pensions	30,085,601	21,506,377	2,412,330	1,740,041	32,497,931	23,246,418	
Deferred amount related to OPEB	<u>910,028</u>	<u>1,223,786</u>	<u>79,967</u>	<u>96,168</u>	<u>989,995</u>	<u>1,319,954</u>	
Total deferred inflows of revenues	<u>71.487.135</u>	61.421.398	13.352.916	1.836.209	84.840.051	63.257.607	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	72,162,231	65,669,089	99,643,609	99,983,049	169,861,840	163,612,138	
Restricted	32,878,289	28,010,846	2,105,323	1,834,305	34,983,612	29,845,151	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(42,878,258)	(46,692,536)	34,153,534	29,142,719	(6,780,724)	(15,509,817)	
Total net position	<u>\$62,162,262</u>	\$46,987,399	<u>\$135,902,466</u>	<u>\$130,960,073</u>	<u>\$198,064,728</u>	<u>\$177,947,472</u>	
Net position - beginning of year	46,987,401	52,541,888	131,516,914	127,267,414	178,504,315	179,809,302	
Change in net position	<u>\$15,174,861</u>	(\$5,554,489)	\$4,385,552	<u>\$3,692,659</u>	<u>\$19.560.413</u>	(\$1,861,830)	
Percent change in net position	32.3%	-10.6%	3.3%	2.9%	11.0%	-1.0%	



# Change in combined net position.

The City had combined total revenues of \$84.2 million and combined total expenses before transfers of \$64.7 million in 2022. After transfers, governmental activities had an increase in net position of \$15.2 million, while business-type activities had an increase in net position of \$4.4 million. Table 2 and the following narrative consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

Table 2
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Changes in Net Position

	Government	tal Ac tivitie s	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
REVENUES		_		_		_	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 7,407,861	\$ 6,728,335	\$ 16,799,128	\$ 16,660,203	\$ 24,206,989	\$ 23,388,538	
Operating grants & contributions	3,528,055	3,832,130	-	-	3,528,055	3,832,130	
Capital grants & contributions	4,399,425	1,753,088	317,903	112,325	4,717,328	1,865,413	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	37,860,346	34,849,875	-	-	37,860,346	34,849,875	
Other taxes	1,465,673	1,309,055	-	-	1,465,673	1,309,055	
Inter-governmental revenues not							
restricted to specific programs	6,839,141	6,770,056	-	-	6,839,141	6,770,056	
Investment income	208,416	62,167	581,761	27,870	790,177	90,037	
Miscellaneous	4,828,366	7,429,516			4,828,366	7,429,516	
Total revenues	66,537,283	62,734,222	17,698,792	16,800,398	84,236,075	79,534,620	
EXPENSES							
General government	9,218,923	8,963,650			9,218,923	8,963,650	
Public safety	20,519,815	19,554,000			20,519,815	19,554,000	
Health and social services	961,513	881,557	-	-	961,513	881,557	
Public works	11,225,076	18,124,254	-	-	11,225,076	18,124,254	
Leisure activities	3,100,998	2,616,597			3,100,998	2,616,597	
Conservation and development	4,897,593	16,831,808		_	4,897,593	16,831,808	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,066,042	3,055,792	_	_	3,066,042	3,055,792	
Water utility	5,000,042	3,033,772	6,925,957	6,822,538	6,925,957	6,822,538	
Sewer utility	_	-	4,759,745	4,546,254	4,759,745	4,546,254	
Total expenses	52,989,960	70,027,658	11,685,702	11,368,792	64,675,662	81,396,450	
Change in net postion before transfers	13,547,323	(7,293,436)	6,013,090	5,431,606	19,560,413	(1,861,830)	
Transfers	1,627,538	1,738,947	(1,627,538)	(1,738,947)			
Change in net position	15,174,861	(5,554,489)	4,385,552	3,692,659	19,560,413	(1,861,830)	
Net position, beginning of year	46,987,401	<u>52.541.888</u>	131,516,914	127,267,414	<u>178,504,315</u>	179,809,302	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 62,162,262</u>	<u>\$ 46,987,399</u>	<u>\$135,902,466</u>	<u>\$130,960,073</u>	<u>\$198,064,728</u>	<u>\$177,947,472</u>	



#### **Governmental Activities**

The City of Oak Creek received a total of \$66.5 million in governmental activities revenues excluding transfers in 2022, up \$3.8 million when compared to 2021 revenues. As Table 2 indicates, the largest revenue source is the property tax, which accounts for \$37.9 million, or 56.9% of all governmental revenues. Property tax revenue increased \$3.0 million in 2022 due to significant new commercial and multifamily development within the City, specifically occurring within the City's tax incremental districts. As of this writing, the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin has imposed a permanent operating levy freeze, with the exception of new growth.

The next largest category of revenues is charges for services with \$7.4 million (11.1%); followed by intergovernmental revenues of \$6.8 million (10.3%); miscellaneous of \$4.8 million (7.3%); capital grants and contributions account of \$4.4 million (6.6%); operating grants and contributions of \$3.5 million (5.3%); other taxes of \$1.5 million (2.2%), and investment income of \$0.2 million (0.3%).

The City's governmental activities expenses totaled \$53.0 million in 2022, which were \$13.5 million more than revenues excluding transfers. At \$20.5 million, Public Safety, including Police, Fire, EMS, and Inspection services, accounts for the largest share of City expenses at 38.7%. This is followed by Public Works with \$11.2 million (21.2%), General Government with \$9.2 million (17.4%), Conservation and Development with \$4.9 million (9.2%), Leisure Activities with \$3.1 million (5.9%), and Health and Social Services with \$1.0 million (1.8%). Payment of interest and fiscal charges in the amount of \$3.1 million, accounts for 5.8% of total governmental activities expenses.

# **Business-type Activities**

The City of Oak Creek received \$17.7 million in business-type activities revenue during 2022 from its water and sewer utilities. Charges for services are by far the largest revenue sources for these operations, representing \$16.8 million (94.9%) of all revenues. Investment income are the next largest category of revenues at \$0.6 million in 2022, with capital grants and contributions accounting for the balance of revenues at \$0.3 million (1.8%).

Net position of the City of Oak Creek's water and sewer utilities increased by \$4.4 million in 2022, which represents a 3.3% increase over the prior year's net position.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

# **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the level of unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.



Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, EMS Fund, Debt Service Fund, Debt Amortization Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, TIF No. 8, and TIF No. 11, all of which are major funds. Data from the other twenty-three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* at the end of this report.

At the end of 2022, the combined fund balances for the City's governmental funds were \$40.1 million. Of this total, \$0.1 million is nonspendable, \$20.1 million is restricted, \$2.2 million is committed and \$7.7 million is assigned. The balance of unassigned governmental fund balances is \$9.9 million. These funds are allocated across the following areas (in millions of dollars):

Unassigned Fund Balances (deficit):

General Fund \$9.934
Future Improvements Fund (0.008)
Total \$9.926

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

- The General Fund balance as of December 31, 2022 was \$11.7 million, of which \$1.6 million was assigned. Included in the assigned amount are tax equivalent dollars to be paid by the utility in 2022, and \$0.1 million is nonspendable which includes minor amounts for delinquent personal property taxes, non-current receivables, and inventories.
- Unassigned fund balance is now \$9.9 million, an increase of \$0.4 million from 2021. The unassigned fund balance is approximately 30.7% of the General Fund's 2022 actual revenues and 2021 state shared revenues; this exceeds the City's policy target range of 15-25% for the purposes of cash flow, stabilization, and emergency reserves. Excess unassigned fund balance above the City's policy target can be utilized for non-reoccurring expenditures in the future such as capital projects.

**Emergency Medical Services Fund:** This special revenue fund is used to account for resources legally restricted to supporting the operations for the paramedic rescue program.

- The EMS Fund balance as of December 31, 2022 increased to \$1.6 million.
- Total revenues were \$6 million for 2022, which included \$3.9 million from taxes, \$1.9 million from public charges for services, and \$0.2 million of intergovernmental revenue.
- Total expenditures for the year were \$5.7 million.

**Capital Improvement Fund:** The general capital improvement fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects relating to City-owned capital assets and capital equipment.

• The Capital Improvement Fund balance at the end of the year was \$6.1 million, an increase of \$1.1 million from 2021. The increase is primarily due to the allocation of surplus dollars from the General Fund to capitalize the City's Strategic Action Plan (SAP), building reserve, and equipment replacement accounts.



- Revenue sources provided \$6.0 million consisting of \$5.7 million in interfund transfers, \$0.2 million in intergovernmental grants, interest income, and miscellaneous revenue, and \$0.1 million in sale of property.
- Expenditures in this fund totaled \$4.9 million in 2022. The largest expenses included the annual street rehabilitation program including Drexel Ave., providing clean soil on the lakefront bluff property, extending fiber to the City facilities on the east side, and completing repairs to infrastructure and the street lighting system throughout the City.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The General Fund budget is adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The City ended the year with a favorable variance in General Fund revenues and favorable variance in expenditures. Revenues including other sources were above budget projections by approximately \$1.5 million, while expenditures including other uses were under budget by \$1.2 million. The expenditure outcome relates mainly to allocate significant surplus fund to other funds.

On the revenue side, conservative budgeting kept all categories quite close to budget. Year-over-year revenues were mostly stagnant, but the City did see a significant increase in development-related revenues as construction activity remained strong. However, the City did realize much lower investment earnings than anticipated as interest rates declined significantly in late 2020 into 2021.

The short-term revenue outlook is stable with the exception of planned growth in the next few years. The State-approved legislation will continue to limit taxation to growth alone, however, short-term interest rates increased rapidly in 2022 and early 2023, which should materialize in increased interest earnings in future years.



# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# **Capital Assets**

As of December 31, 2022, the City reported combined capital assets of \$266.4 million. Of this amount, \$154.2 million, or 57.9%, is attributable to governmental activities, with the assets related to the City's land, buildings, equipment, and street network.

In 2022, the net capital assets of governmental activities increased by \$0.4 million. Capital assets of business type activities decreased by \$1.3 million.

Table 3
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Land and improvements	\$31,924,177	\$29,166,698	\$308,195	\$255,895	\$32,232,372	\$29,422,593		
Intangible assets	-	-	51,225	61,657	51,225	61,657		
Construction in progress	317,010	134,495	1,239,083	2,189,146	1,556,093	2,323,641		
Buildings	32,626,145	33,370,038	-	-	32,626,145	33,370,038		
Machinary and equipment	6,722,188	6,314,938	110,656,266	111,066,513	117,378,454	117,381,451		
Infrastructure	82,574,264	84,772,503			82,574,264	84,772,503		
Capital Assets Net of								
Depreciation	\$154.163.784	\$153,758,672	\$112 254 769	\$113 573 211	\$266,418,553	\$267 331 883		

#### Long-term Debt

At year-end, the governmental activities had \$105.0 million in general obligation bonds, promissory notes, and note anticipation notes, an decrease of \$14.1 million from last year. At the end of 2022, the business-type activities had a total of \$12.4 million in outstanding revenue bonds. The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service. Revenue bonds of the water & sewer utilities are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investor Service as well.

State law limits the City to issuing general obligation bonds totaling no more than 5% of the City's equalized value. Based on the 2022 equalized value, this limit is \$261.3 million. The City currently has a combined total of \$92.7 million of general obligation bonds and notes outstanding, representing 40.2% of its legal debt capacity.

Table 4
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Notes and Bonds Outstanding

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business Typ	e-Activities	<u>Total</u>		
	2022 2021		2022	2021	2022	2021	
General Obligation Bonds and Notes Revenue Bonds	\$104,960,000	\$119,100,000 	\$0 12,419,609	\$0 13,555,164	\$104,960,000 <u>12,419,609</u>	\$119,100,000 	
Total	<u>\$104,960,000</u>	<u>\$119,100,000</u>	<u>\$12,419,609</u>	<u>\$13,555,164</u>	<u>\$117,379,609</u>	<u>\$132,655,164</u>	



### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Oak Creek is located in southeastern Milwaukee County, and is one of only two municipalities in Milwaukee County with numerous tracts of vacant land. This location and land availability has contributed to the City's rapid growth and strong economic position. The local economy has picked up over the last few years with growth expected to continue at Oak View Business Park and surrounding area, 13th Street and Drexel Avenue, Ryan Business Park, the land adjacent to IKEA as well as other locations throughout the City.

The City's population and building permit information is provided below:

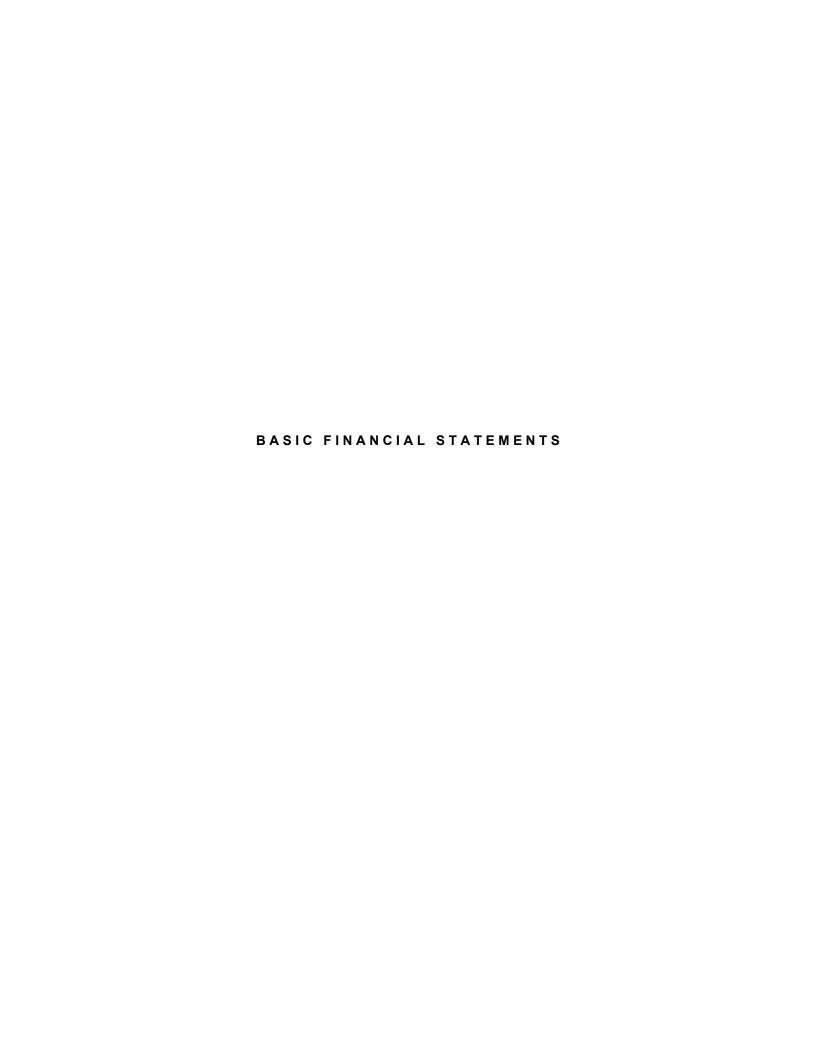
	Estimated	Estimated	Census	Estimated	Census
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2010
City of Oak Creek	37,374	37,608	36,497	35,830	34,451
Milwaukee County	939,487	947,241	939,489	946,296	947,735
State of Wisconsin	5,949,155	5,901,473	5,893,718	5,843,443	5,686,986

Total New	Construction Bui	ilding Permits	Total Residential Building Permits				
Year	Number	Value	Number	Value			
2022	83	\$178,736,091	54	\$22,203,499			

The Oak Creek Common Council adopted the 2023 budget in November of 2022, which authorized General Fund expenditures of \$29.5 million, a 1.5% increase from 2022. The tax levy for the City of Oak Creek is \$23.9 million, an increase of \$0.6 million from 2022 due to new construction. The mill rate for City services decreased by \$0.44 to \$5.68 in 2023, due to an increase in the community's assessed value.

# CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Oak Creek, 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin, 53154.



	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 40,436,990	\$ 37,202,763	\$ 77,639,753
Taxes receivable	40,986,188	-	40,986,188
Delinquent personal property taxes receivable	1,380	_	1,380
Accounts receivable, net	1,679,779	3,466,054	5,145,833
Special assessments receivable	2,264,580	409,660	2,674,240
Loans receivable	6,503	-	6,503
Leases receivable	· -	10,860,619	10,860,619
Other assets	-	5,000	5,000
Internal balances	1,048,352	(1,048,352)	-
Due from other governmental units	7,205	-	7,205
Prepaids and inventories	136,151	111,607	247,758
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments	7,408,619	1,135,265	8,543,884
Net pension asset	12,798,852	1,002,950	13,801,802
Capital assets:			
Land and land rights	27,779,402	308,195	28,087,597
Intangible assets	-	85,719	85,719
Construction in progress	317,010	1,239,083	1,556,093
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	126,067,372	110,621,772	236,689,144
Total assets	260,938,383	165,400,335	426,338,718
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	178,899	178,899
Deferred amount related to pension	24,920,014	2,065,784	26,985,798
Deferred amount related to OPEB	10,137,575	621,053	10,758,628
Total deferred outflows of resources	35,057,589	2,865,736	37,923,325
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,632,383	1,752,799	7,385,182
Deposits	485,703	· · ·	485,703
Accrued interest	721,657	-	721,657
Unearned revenue	3,114,143	-	3,114,143
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	8,545,019	1,160,367	9,705,386
Due in more than one year	143,847,670	16,097,523	159,945,193
Total liabilities	162,346,575	19,010,689	181,357,264
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unearned revenue	40,491,506	_	40,491,506
Deferred amount related to leases	-	10,860,619	10,860,619
Deferred amount related to pension	30,085,601	2,412,330	32,497,931
Deferred amount related to OPEB	910,028	79,967	989,995
Total deferred inflows of resources	71,487,135	13,352,916	84,840,051
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	72,162,231	99,643,609	169,981,840
Restricted for debt service		1,102,373	1,102,373
Restricted for TID activity	4,402,344	-, 102,010	4,402,344
Restricted for impact fees	7,318,495	-	7,318,495
Restricted for pensions	12,798,852	1,002,950	13,801,802
Restricted for other purposes	8,358,598	-,002,000	8,358,598
Unrestricted (deficit)	(42,878,258)	34,153,534	(6,900,724)
Total net position	\$ 62,162,262	\$ 135,902,466	\$ 198,064,728

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Program Revenues	S	Net (Expense) Revenue and				
			Operating	Capital	Changes in Net Position				
		Charges for	<b>Grants and</b>	<b>Grants and</b>	Governmental	Business-Type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 9,218,923	\$ 1,953,642	\$ 38,470	\$ -	\$ (7,226,811)	\$ -	\$ (7,226,811)		
Public safety	20,519,815	3,612,078	485,835	-	(16,421,902)	-	(16,421,902)		
Health and social services	961,513	30,105	618,404	-	(313,004)	-	(313,004)		
Public works	11,225,076	1,719,870	2,367,846	2,572,632	(4,564,728)	-	(4,564,728)		
Leisure activities	3,100,998	92,166	-	31,069	(2,977,763)	-	(2,977,763)		
Conservation and development	4,897,593	-	17,500	1,795,724	(3,084,369)	-	(3,084,369)		
Interest and fiscal charges	3,066,042				(3,066,042)		(3,066,042)		
Total governmental activities	52,989,960	7,407,861	3,528,055	4,399,425	(37,654,619)		(37,654,619)		
Business-Type Activities									
Water utility	6,925,957	11,950,221	-	172,104	-	5,196,368	5,196,368		
Sewer utility	4,759,745	4,848,907		145,799		234,961	234,961		
Total business-type activities	11,685,702	16,799,128		317,903		5,431,329	5,431,329		
Total	\$ 64,675,662	\$ 24,206,989	\$ 3,528,055	\$ 4,717,328	(37,654,619)	5,431,329	(32,223,290)		
		General Revenue	es						
			s, levied for general	nurnoses	28,012,175	_	28,012,175		
			s, levied for debt se		1,139,314	_	1,139,314		
			s, levied for tax incr		8,708,857	_	8,708,857		
		Other taxes	s, levica for tax inor	ciricital districts	1,465,673	_	1,465,673		
			tal revenues not re	stricted to	1,400,070		1,400,070		
		specific progra			6,839,141	_	6,839,141		
		Investment inco			208,416	581,761	790,177		
		Gain on disposa			193,123	-	193,123		
		Miscellaneous	a. 0. 00000		4,635,243	_	4,635,243		
		Transfers			1,627,538	(1,627,538)	-		
		Total ge	neral revenues and	transfers	52,829,480	(1,045,777)	51,783,703		
		Change	in net position		15,174,861	4,385,552	19,560,413		
		Net Position, Be	ginning (as Restat	ed)	46,987,401	131,516,914	178,504,315		
		Net Position, En	ding		\$ 62,162,262	\$ 135,902,466	\$ 198,064,728		

See notes to financial statements

City of Oak Creek
Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
December 31, 2022

		Special Reve Fund	nue	Debt Serv	vice Funds		с	apital Projects Fun				
	General Fund	Emergenc Medical Servi Fund		Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortiza Fund	ition	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Gover	major nmental ınds	 Total
Assets												
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 12,463,940 -	\$ 1,306,2	73 \$	4,773	\$ 5	5,739	\$ 6,769,512 -	\$ 90,945	\$ 2,314,871		5,417,478 7,408,619	\$ 38,373,531 7,408,619
Taxes	16,969,582	3,813,9	57	435,789		-	-	2,524,747	4,313,284	12	2,928,829	40,986,188
Delinquent personal property taxes	1,380		-	-		-	-	-	-		-	1,380
Accounts, net	738,988	434,9	26	-		-	11,491	-	72,992		85,595	1,343,992
Due from other government	7,205		-	-		-	-	-	-		-	7,205
Special assessments	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	2	2,264,580	2,264,580
Loans Due from other funds	1,665,441		-	-		-	243,956	-	-		6,503 314,900	6,503 2,224,297
Inventories	136,151		_	_			243,930	-	_		314,900	136,151
inventories	130,131	-			-				 	-		 130,131
Total assets	\$ 31,982,687	\$ 5,555,1	56 \$	440,562	\$ !	5,739	\$ 7,024,959	\$ 2,615,692	\$ 6,701,147	\$ 38	3,426,504	\$ 92,752,446
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$ 637,058	\$ 17,5	25 \$	475	\$	_	\$ 698,383	\$ (234)	\$ (2,912)	\$ 1	,234,054	\$ 2,584,349
Accrued liabilities	2,500,145	68,9		_		-	-	-	-		62,279	2,631,380
Deposits	150,593		-	-		-	-	-	_		335,110	485,703
Due to other funds	415,923		-	-		-	267,464	-	-		669,458	1,352,845
Unearned revenues			<u> </u>						 <u>-</u>	3	3,104,153	 3,104,153
Total liabilities	3,703,719	86,4	81	475			965,847	(234)	 (2,912)	5	,405,054	 10,158,430
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unearned revenues	16,568,923	3,813,9	57	435,789		_	-	2,524,747	4,313,284	12	2,834,806	40,491,506
Unavailable revenues		7,0		<u> </u>					 72,992		,955,446	 2,035,523
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,568,923	3,821,0	42	435,789				2,524,747	 4,386,276	14	,790,252	 42,527,029
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable	148,831											148,831
Restricted	140,031		-	4,298		5,739	-	91,179	2,317,783	17	- 7,670,475	20,089,474
Committed	-	1,647,6	33	-,230	`	-	-	51,175	2,517,705	.,,	568,973	2,216,606
Assigned	1,627,538	.,0,0	-	_		_	6,059,112	_	_		-	7,686,650
Unassigned (deficit)	9,933,676		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>					 -		(8,250)	 9,925,426
Total fund balances	11,710,045	1,647,6	33	4,298		5,739	6,059,112	91,179	 2,317,783	18	3,231,198	 40,066,987
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources												
and fund balances	\$ 31,982,687	\$ 5,555,1	56 \$	440,562	\$ !	5,739	\$ 7,024,959	\$ 2,615,692	\$ 6,701,147	\$ 38	3,426,504	\$ 92,752,446

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2022

**Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

Fund Balance, Total Governmental Funds	\$ 40,066,987
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land  Construction in progress  Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	27,779,402 317,010 126,067,372
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.  Special assessments Loans Accounts	1,948,943 6,503 80,077
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance coverage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in government activities in the statement of net position.	2,149,502
The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.	12,798,852
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	24,920,014
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(30,085,601)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	10,137,575
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(910,028)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.  Bonds and notes payable Unamortized debt premium Other postemployment benefits Vested compensated absences Accrued interest	(104,960,000) (2,255,553) (43,904,550) (1,272,586) (721,657)

\$ 62,162,262

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Special Revenue Fund Debt Service Funds Capital Projects Funds							
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 16,471,363	\$ 3,908,890	\$ 744,932	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,240,698	\$ 4,278,844	\$ 11,681,293	\$ 39,326,020
Intergovernmental	5,782,539	218,109	-	3,171,703	50,178	12,155	670	1,782,603	11,017,957
Regulation and compliance	2,285,401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,285,401
Public charges for services	387,403	1,918,783	-	-	-	-	-	2,956,069	5,262,255
Special assessments/developer contributions	-		-				·	169,527	169,527
Investment income (loss)	(199,906)	18,931	-	5,739	40,588	1,155	30,811	283,912	181,230
Miscellaneous	1,228,341	1,021	-	-	87,948	-	528,902	2,772,423	4,618,635
Interdepartmental charges for services	438,622								438,622
Total revenues	26,393,763	6,065,734	744,932	3,177,442	178,714	2,254,008	4,839,227	19,645,827	63,299,647
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	6,571,490	-	-	-	-	-	(59)	678,539	7,249,970
Public safety	12,180,722	5,687,491	-	-	-	-	-	1,270,498	19,138,711
Health and social services	572,865	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,400,623	2,973,488
Public works	4,234,376	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,188,526	6,422,902
Leisure activities	1,998,470	-	-	-	-	-	-	184,839	2,183,309
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	231,356	-	4,486,264	4,717,620
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	4,850,881	2,012,201	113,100	848,670	7,824,852
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	-	-	8,520,000	-	-	1,235,000	2,670,000	4,040,000	16,465,000
Interest and fiscal charges			886,343			320,998	1,399,060	869,964	3,476,365
Total expenditures	25,557,923	5,687,491	9,406,343		4,850,881	3,799,555	4,182,101	16,967,923	70,452,217
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	835,840	378,243	(8,661,411)	3,177,442	(4,672,167)	(1,545,547)	657,126	2,677,904	(7,152,570)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Long-term debt issued								2,325,000	2,325,000
Sale of property	58,743	-	-	-	134,377	-	-	69,004	262,124
Transfers in	1,639,622		2,253,248	_	5,667,634	_		1,967,597	11,528,101
Transfers out	(2,299,679)	_	2,200,240	(3,173,248)	0,007,004	_	(220,000)	(4,207,636)	(9,900,563)
Hanslers out	(2,233,013)			(0,170,240)			(220,000)	(4,207,000)	(0,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(601,314)		2,253,248	(3,173,248)	5,802,011		(220,000)	153,965	4,214,662
Net change in fund balance	234,526	378,243	(6,408,163)	4,194	1,129,844	(1,545,547)	437,126	2,831,869	(2,937,908)
Fund Balances, Beginning	11,475,519	1,269,390	6,412,461	1,545	4,929,268	1,636,726	1,880,657	15,399,329	43,004,895
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 11,710,045	\$ 1,647,633	\$ 4,298	\$ 5,739	\$ 6,059,112	\$ 91,179	\$ 2,317,783	\$ 18,231,198	\$ 40,066,987

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$ (2,937,908)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities.

Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements
but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements

Some amounts reported as capital outlay were not capitalized

Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements

(3,934,089)

Net book value of disposed assets

(3,270,492)

Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.

Special assessments 1,786,393

Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal repaid 16,465,000 Debt proceeds (2,325,000)

Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.

Amortization of debt premium on debt issued 334,916

Net revenue of activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

(125,498)

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Deferred outflows related to OPEBs  Deferred inflows related to OPEBs  3,55	
Deferred inflows related to OPEBs 31	51,170)
	53,929
Vest compensated absences	13,758
V Cot compensated absorbes	17,960
Accrued interest on debt	75,408
Net pension asset 2,93	39,109
Deferred outflows related to pensions 8,60	02,078
Deferred inflows related to pensions (8,57	79,224)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 15,174,861

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2022

	Business-T	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer		Internal	
	Utility	Utility	Total	Service Fund	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 28,722,216	\$ 8,480,547	\$ 37,202,763	\$ 2,063,459	
Customer accounts receivable	2,245,217	1,063,104	3,308,321	Ψ 2,000,100	
Other accounts receivable	74,130	81,044	155,174	335,787	
Due from other funds	731,659	306,286	1,037,945	176,900	
Accrued interest	731,039	2,559	2,559	170,300	
Lease receivable	339,515	2,339	339,515	-	
Due from other funds, advance	333,313	219,667	219,667	_	
Prepaid and inventory	111,607	219,007	111,607	-	
Restricted assets:	111,007	-	111,007	=	
	EE0 700		EE0 700		
Revenue bond redemption account	552,720	<u> </u>	552,720	<u> </u>	
Total current assets	32,777,064	10,153,207	42,930,271	2,576,146	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Revenue bond reserve account	565,545	-	565,545	-	
Revenue bond depreciation account	17,000	-	17,000	-	
Net pension asset	802,363	200,587	1,002,950		
Total restricted assets	1,384,908	200,587	1,585,495		
Capital assets:					
Land and land rights	295,050	13,145	308,195	-	
Intangible assets	69,544	16,175	85,719	_	
Construction in progress	1,030,652	208,431	1,239,083	_	
Utility plant in service	125,724,661	49,398,041	175,122,702	_	
Accumulated amortization	(34,494)		(34,494)	_	
Accumulated depreciation	(50,529,140)		(64,466,436)		
Total capital assets	76,556,273	35,698,496	112,254,769		
Other assets:					
Property held for future use	5,000	_	5,000	_	
Lease receivable	10,521,104	_	10,521,104	-	
Due from other funds, special assessments	394,430	15,230	409,660	-	
Due from other funds, advance		1,348,899	1,348,899		
Total other assets	10,920,534	1,364,129	12,284,663		
Total assets	121,638,779	47,416,419	169,055,198	2,576,146	
Deferred Outflows of Beautypes					
Deferred outflows of Resources	178,899		470.000		
Deferred charge on refunding Deferred outflows related to OPEB	,	400.000	178,899	-	
	497,253	123,800	621,053	-	
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,652,624	413,160	2,065,784	<del>-</del>	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,328,776	536,960	2,865,736	<u> </u>	
Total assets and deferred outflows					
of resources	123,967,555	47,953,379	171,920,934	2,576,146	

Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities -	
		Water Utility	Sewer Utility		Total		Internal Service Fund	
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	898,342	\$	720,428	\$	1,618,770	\$	416,654
Accrued payroll		44,322		1,675		45,997		-
Accrued interest payable		2,559		-		2,559		-
Due to other funds		2,043,925		42,372		2,086,297		-
Due to other funds, advance		219,667		-		219,667		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		9,990
Compensated absences		52,581		-		52,581		-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accrued interest		32,892		-		32,892		-
Current portion of revenue bonds		1,160,367				1,160,367		
Total current liabilities		4,454,655		764,475		5,219,130		426,644
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Other postemployment benefits obligation		2,034,144		508,537		2,542,681		-
Due to other funds, advance		1,348,899		_		1,348,899		_
Pollution remediation obligation		2,295,600		_		2,295,600		-
Revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums		11,259,242				11,259,242		
Total noncurrent liabilities		16,937,885		508,537		17,446,422		
Total liabilities		21,392,540		1,273,012		22,665,552		426,644
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		63,961		16,006		79,967		-
Deferred inflows related to pension		1,929,865		482,465		2,412,330		-
Deferred inflows related to leases		10,860,619		-		10,860,619		
Total deferred inflows		12,854,445		498,471		13,352,916		
Total liabilities and deferred								
inflows of resources		34,246,985		1,771,483		36,018,468		426,644
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:		63,955,607		35,688,002		99,643,609		-
Debt service		1,102,373		-		1,102,373		-
Pension		802,363		200,587		1,002,950		-
Unrestricted		23,860,227		10,293,307		34,153,534		2,149,502
Total net position	\$	89,720,570	\$	46,181,896	\$	135,902,466	\$	2,149,502

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Pusiness Tv	Governmental Activities -		
	Water	pe Activities - Ente Sewer	iprise rulius	Internal
	Utility	Utility	Total	Service Fund
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 11,458,920	\$ 4,797,059	\$ 16,255,979	\$ -
Other operating revenues	491,301	51,848	543,149	7,373,535
Total operating revenues	11,950,221	4,848,907	16,799,128	7,373,535
Operating Expenses				
Operation and maintenance	3,950,064	4,115,557	8,065,621	7,526,218
Depreciation/amortization	2,574,828	598,269	3,173,097	-
Taxes	125,425	45,919	171,344	
Total operating expenses	6,650,317	4,759,745	11,410,062	7,526,218
Operating income (loss)	5,299,904	89,162	5,389,066	(152,683)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	487,350	94,411	581,761	27,185
Income (loss) from merchandising and jobbing	(14,629)	-	(14,629)	-
Interest expense and debt issuance costs	(240,948)	-	(240,948)	-
Amortization of bond premiums	(20,063)		(20,063)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	211,710	94,411	306,121	27,185
Income (loss) before contributions				
and transfers	5,511,614	183,573	5,695,187	(125,498)
Capital Contributions	172,104	145,799	317,903	-
Transfers Out	(1,627,538)		(1,627,538)	
Change in net position	4,056,180	329,372	4,385,552	(125,498)
Net Position, Beginning (as restated)	85,664,390	45,852,524	131,516,914	2,275,000
Net Position, Ending	\$ 89,720,570	\$ 46,181,896	\$ 135,902,466	\$ 2,149,502

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities -			
		Water Utility	Sewer Utility				Internal Service Fund	
Onch Flavor France On another Anticipie								
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Received from customers	¢	11 510 760	\$	4 704 007	¢	16 044 047	\$	7 150 000
Received from rents of water property	\$	11,519,760 350,318	Ф	4,724,287	\$	16,244,047 350,318	Ф	7,152,800
Received from rems of water property  Received for nonoperating activities		27,382		-		27,382		-
Received from miscellaneous sources		75,643		3.326		78,969		-
Paid for nonoperating activities		(42,011)		3,320		(42,011)		-
Paid to Milwaukee Metro Sewerage District for		(42,011)		-		(42,011)		-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				(2.226 E06)		(2.226.506)		
sewer user charges Paid to Primary Government for tax equivalent		(1,892,737)		(3,226,596)		(3,226,596)		-
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		. , ,		(460,177)		(1,892,737)		(7.460.716)
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(1,936,610)		, ,		(2,396,787)		(7,462,716)
Paid to employees for services		(1,775,951)		(404,942)		(2,180,893)	_	
Net cash flows from operating activities		6,325,794		635,898		6,961,692		(309,916)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Principal received from Water Utility, advance				218,923		218,923		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Proceeds from sale of investments		372,280		8.734		381,014		_
Interest received from Water Utility, advance		572,200		5,542		5,542		_
Investment income		483,519		86,538		570,057		27,185
invocation income	-	100,010		00,000		010,001		27,100
Net cash flows from investing activities		855,799		100,814		956,613		27,185
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,714,632)		(361,732)		(2,076,364)		_
Proceeds received for acquisition and construction		( , , , , , , , ,		( , - ,		( , , ,		
of capital assets		12,692		_		12,692		_
Special assessment proceeds		220,295		27,104		247,399		-
Principal payment to Sewer Utility, advance		(218,923)		· -		(218,923)		-
Debt retired		(1,135,555)		-		(1,135,555)		_
Interest paid to Sewer Utility, advance		(5,542)		-		(5,542)		-
Interest paid		(235,739)				(235,739)		
Not each flavor from conital and valeted								
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities		(3,077,404)		(334,628)		(3,412,032)		_
interioring doublines	-	(0,011,101)		(661,626)		(0,112,002)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		4,104,189		621,007		4,725,196		(282,731)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		25,753,292		7,859,540		33,612,832		2,346,190
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	29,857,481	\$	8,480,547	\$	38,338,028	\$	2,063,459

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					e Funds	Governmental Activities -	
	Water Sewer Utility Utility			Total		Internal Service Fund		
	_	Othity		Othicy		TOTAL	36	ivice runu
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)								
to Net Cash From Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,299,904	\$	89,162	\$	5,389,066	\$	(152,683)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(14,629)		-		(14,629)		-
Transfer out to general fund		(1,627,538)		-		(1,627,538)		-
Adjustments to reconcile operating income								
to net cash provided from operating activities								
Noncash items included in income:								
Amortization		10,432		-		10,432		
Depreciation		2,564,396		598,269		3,162,665		-
Depreciation charged to other accounts		86,537		(51,388)		35,149		-
Changes in assets and liabilities and								
deferred outflows and inflows:								
Customer accounts receivable		(77,676)		(31,479)		(109,155)		(173,423)
Other accounts receivable		2,034		2,188		4,222		-
Due from other funds		-		(38,095)		(38,095)		(47,312)
Inventories		(27,876)		-		(27,876)		-
Pension		(195,748)		(48,931)		(244,679)		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		654,755		135,869		790,624		63,502
Accrued expenses		(8,471)		352		(8,119)		-
Due to other funds		(251,967)		-		(251,967)		-
Net other post employment benefits obligation		(88,359)		(20,049)		(108,408)		
Net cash flows from								
operating activities	\$	6,325,794	\$	635,898	\$	6,961,692	\$	(309,916)
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds								
Cash and investments	\$	28,722,216	\$	8,480,547	\$	37,202,763	\$	2,063,459
Restricted cash and investments, current		552,720		-		552,720		-
Restricted cash and investments, noncurrent		582,545	_			582,545		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	29,857,481	\$	8,480,547	\$	38,338,028	\$	2,063,459
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities								
Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by developers	\$	71,525	\$	117,769	\$	189,294	\$	
Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by	•	400.570	•	20,000	Φ.	400.005	•	
assessments of benefits to property owners	\$	100,579	\$	28,806	\$	129,385	\$	

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
	Tax Collection
	Fund
Assets Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	\$ 48,785,190 14,179,846
Total assets	62,965,036
Liabilities  Due to other taxing units	62,965,036
Net Position	\$ -

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
	Tax Collection Fund
Additions Tax collections	\$ 44,347,299
<b>Deductions</b> Payments to overlying districts	44,347,299
Change in fiduciary net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	\$ -

		<u>Page</u>
1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	15
	Reporting Entity Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and	15 15 18
	Net Position or Equity Deposits and Investments Receivables Prepaids and Inventories Restricted Assets Capital Assets Leases Deferred Outflows of Resources Compensated Absences Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt Pollution Remediation Obligations Deferred Inflows of Resources Equity Classifications Pension Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)	20 20 22 22 23 23 24 24 24 24 25 25 25 27 27
2.	Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	28
	Budgetary Information Excess Expenditures Over Appropriation Deficit Balances Limitation on the City's Tax Levy	28 28 29 29
3.	Detailed Notes on All Funds	29
	Deposits and Investments Receivables Restricted Assets Capital Assets Interfund Receivables/Payables, Advances and Transfers Long-Term Obligations Lease Disclosures Net Position/Fund Balances Restatement of Net Position	29 33 34 35 38 41 44 45
4.	Other Information	48
	Employees' Retirement System Risk Management Commitments and Contingencies Other Postemployment Benefits Power Generating Facility Mitigation Revenue Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements	48 53 54 59 67 68

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

# **Reporting Entity**

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Oak Creek. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The City has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation, blended or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under the Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, which enhances the relevance and consistency of information about the City's leasing activities. This standard was implemented January 1, 2022.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

### **General Fund**

General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# **Emergency Medical Services Fund, Special Revenue**

Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the paramedic rescue program.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for debt related public works projects.

Debt Service - Debt Amortization Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

# **Capital Project Funds**

Capital Projects - Capital Improvement Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets for the capital improvement program.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

# **Enterprise Funds**

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility - accounts for operations of the water system. Sewer Utility - accounts for operations of the sewer system.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Solid Waste Fund
Donation and Activity Fund
WE Energies Fund
Low Income Loan Fund
Special Assessment Fund
Economic Development Fund
Future Improvement Fund

Impact Fee Escrow Fund
Asset Forfeiture Fund
Storm Water Fund
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund
Tourism Commission Fund
Park Escrow Fund
ARPA Fund

#### **Debt Service Fund**

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs

TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

# **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Developer Agreement Fund

TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

#### **Internal Services Fund**

Internal Service Fund is used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund

### **Custodial Fund**

Custodial Fund is used to account for and report assets controlled by the City and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **All Financial Statements**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

# **Deposits and Investments**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines for allowable investments.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Funds placed in any one depository institution that exceeds the amount of deposit insurance provided by an agency of the United States including demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit must be 100% collateralized as to principal and accrued interest with securities that are obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies and instrumentalities that are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies/instrumentalities. Securities held as collateral shall be delivered for safekeeping to a custodial bank selected by the City of Oak Creek. Securities held as collateral at the custodial bank will be marked to market at least monthly with a minimum value of 102% of deposit, with a monthly statement sent to the City Treasurer detailing all holdings. The Depository must enter into a security agreement with the City of Oak Creek.

When investing in repurchase agreements, the City shall require that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreement the City has with such depository. The collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States or of its agencies/instrumentalities, if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or a commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government.

#### **Credit Risk**

Any security including commercial paper which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years on the date which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investor service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with, a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Consideration shall be given to the total amount of existing city funds which are already in such depository and or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment. A ceiling may be established for individual financial institutions at each annual evaluation.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.

Purchase obligations of the US Treasury and deposits into the Local Government Investment Pool and the BMO Investment Account shall not be subject to the bid process.

Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- a) A declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- b) A security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.
- c) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note 3. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2022, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 3 for further information.

#### Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district, technical college district and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2022 tax roll:

December 2022 Lien date and levy date Tax bills mailed December 2022 Payment in full, or January 31, 2023 First installment due (50%) January 31, 2023 Second installment due (25%) March 31, 2023 Third installment due (25%) May 31, 2023 Personal property taxes in full January 31, 2023 Tax sale, 2022 delinquent real estate taxes October 2025

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

The City has received grant funds for CDBG housing loan programs to qualified individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The City is no longer disbursing these funds. This activity is accounted for in the Low Income Loan Fund.

It is the City's policy to record unearned revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

#### **Prepaids and Inventories**

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost using the consumption method of accounting. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average and charged to construction and/or for operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

### **Capital Assets**

#### **Government -Wide Statements**

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Buildings	30-50
Land improvements	20-30
Machinery and equipment	3-15
Utility system	15-100
Infrastructure	20-50
Intangibles	2-15

# **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

#### Leases

The City is a lessor because it leases capital assets to other entities. As a lessor, the City reports a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources in both the fund statements and government-wide financial statements. The City continues to report and depreciate the capital assets being leased as capital assets of the primary government.

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the proprietary fund financial statements.

### **Compensated Absences**

Under terms of employment, employees are granted paid time off in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested paid time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for paid time off will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. The liabilities at December 31, 2022 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

# **Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt**

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The City has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects and do not constitute indebtedness of the City. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is made up of the following issues:

Name	Date	Original Principal Amount	Maturity	0	Principal Amount utstanding at 12/31/22
Marguette13 LLC and Tower13 LLC	12/29/17	\$ 6,300,000	12/01/37	\$	5.283.713

### **Pollution Remediation Obligations**

As of December 31, 2022, the City was obligated to address the future pollution cleanup activities at its water treatment plant site due to federal and state laws and regulations. The City's obligation originated in 2016 to address the pollution remediation because the government unit has been determined to be the responsible party which compels the City to participate in remediation. Examples of expected future remediation activity costs include legal services, site investigation and required post-remediation monitoring costs. The amount reported as a pollution remediation obligation represents the current value of the expected cash flows to be paid for these activities. Any expected recoveries would be treated separately as a receivable when such reimbursements become measurable. As of December 31, 2022, the obligation was \$2,295,600 with no related receivable. The City will recognize these liabilities and related expenses as an operating expense in the water utility financial statements only when such costs become measurable. Because of this, the liability is subject to change as the City becomes aware of new information which may affect its estimate. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

### **Equity Classifications**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities column but financed by debt of the governmental activities column. The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column. A reconciliation of this adjustment is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Adjustment	Total
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 72,162,231	\$ 99,643,609	\$ (1,824,000)	\$ 169,981,840
Unrestricted (deficit)	(42,878,258)	34,153,534	1,824,000	(6,900,724)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Statements**

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. **Restricted** Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the City Administrator or Finance Director to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. **Unassigned** Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

# City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 15% to 25% of total general fund annual revenues plus the amount of state shared revenue during the previous year. General fund annual revenues were \$26,452,506 and the state shared revenue in the previous year was \$5,843,748 for a total of \$32,296,254. At year end, amounts available for working capital and included in unassigned general fund balance totaled \$9,933,676 or 30.8%.

#### Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, investments are reported at fair value.

# **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

#### **Health Insurance**

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, the City OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### Life Insurance

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

# **Budgetary Information**

A budget has been adopted for the following funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 65.90.

General Fund	Debt Service Funds:
Special Revenue Funds:	Debt Service Fund
Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Amortization Fund
Solid Waste Fund	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund
Donation and Activity Fund	Capital Projects Fund:
WE Energies Fund	Capital Improvement Fund
Low Income Loan Fund	Developer Agreement Fund
Special Assessment Fund	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund
Economic Development Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund
Future Improvement Fund	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund
Impact Fee Escrow Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund
Asset Forfeiture Fund	TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund
Storm Water Fund	TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund	TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund
Tourism Commission Fund	TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund
ARPA Fund	TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

# **Excess Expenditures and Other Uses Over Appropriation**

Budgeted Expenditures		Ex	Actual Expenditures		Excess Expenditures Over Budget		
\$	2,982,197	\$	9,406,343	\$	6,424,146		
	5,598,633		5,687,491		88,858		
	523,179		979,869		456,690		
	-		5,750		5,750		
	-		356,869		356,869		
	1,829,160		1,926,235		97,075		
	367,224		414,442		47,218		
	1,167,485		3,421,183		2,253,698		
	1,641,914		1,882,122		240,208		
	1,864,223		3,799,555		1,935,332		
	323,647		534,239		210,592		
	4,250,211		4,402,101		151,890		
	782,920		1,766,168		983,248		
	149,980		150,335		355		
	Ex	\$ 2,982,197 5,598,633 523,179 - 1,829,160 367,224 1,167,485 1,641,914 1,864,223 323,647 4,250,211 782,920	\$ 2,982,197 \$ \$ 5,598,633	Expenditures         Expenditures           \$ 2,982,197         \$ 9,406,343           5,598,633         5,687,491           523,179         979,869           5,750         356,869           1,829,160         1,926,235           367,224         414,442           1,167,485         3,421,183           1,641,914         1,882,122           1,864,223         3,799,555           323,647         534,239           4,250,211         4,402,101           782,920         1,766,168	Expenditures         Expenditures         Or           \$ 2,982,197         \$ 9,406,343         \$           5,598,633         5,687,491         979,869           5,750         5,750         356,869           1,829,160         1,926,235         414,442           1,167,485         3,421,183         1,641,914           1,864,223         3,799,555         323,647           4,250,211         4,402,101           782,920         1,766,168		

The City controls expenditures at the fund level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

# City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### **Deficit Balances**

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2022, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	Aı	mount	Reason
Special Revenue Funds: Future Improvement Fund	\$	8,250	Excess of expenditures over revenues

# **Limitations on the City's Tax Levy**

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

# 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

# **Deposits and Investments**

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments.

The City's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

		Bank and Investment	
	Carrying Value	Balances	Associated Risk
Demand deposits Certificates of deposit (negotiable)	\$ 34,277,829 1,554,928	\$ 34,277,831 1,554,928	Custodial credit Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
U.S. treasuries	3,308,807	3,308,807	Custodial credit, interest rate and highly sensitive to interest rate changes
U.S. agencies	6,562,245	6,562,245	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, highly sensitive to interest rate changes, concentration of credit
Municipal bonds	1,119,251	1,119,251	Custodial credit, credit, interest rate, concentration of credit, highly sensitive to interest rate changes
Corporate bonds	1,561,819	1,561,819	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Local Government Investment Pool Sweep accounts	86,280,283 298,609	86,280,283 298,609	Credit Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Petty cash	5,056		N/A
Total cash and investments	\$ 134,968,827	\$ 134,963,773	
Per statement of net position: Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position: Custodial funds	\$ 77,639,753 8,543,884 48,785,190		
Total cash and investments	\$ 134,968,827		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The City has an agreement with Tri City National Bank, Oak Creek, where city deposits are collateralized by government securities owned by Tri City Capital Corp., a wholly owned investment subsidiary of Tri City National Bank. The investment portfolio is maintained with BMO Harris Bank, Milwaukee.

# **Custodial Credit Risk**

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

The City does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. As of December 31, 2022 the City's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's
U.S. agencies	AA	AAA	AAA
Sweep accounts	AA	AAA	AAA
Municipal bonds	AAA	AAA	Aaa
Corporate bonds	A - AA	A - AA	BAA - AAA

The City also held investments in the following external pool which is not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2022, the investment portfolio did not contain any single issuer in excess of 5% of total investments.

# Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2022, the City's investments were as follows:

	Maturity (in Years)							
Investment Type	 air Value		ess Than 1 Year		1 - 10	>	10 Years	
Certificates of deposit								
(negotiable)	\$ 1,554,928	\$	409,709	\$	1,145,219	\$	-	
U.S. treasuries	3,308,807		1,027,684		2,281,123		-	
U.S. agencies	6,562,245		1,005,489		2,760,989		2,795,767	
Sweep accounts	298,609		298,609		-		-	
Corporate bonds	1,561,819		296,758		908,246		356,815	
Municipal bonds	 1,119,251	-	303,849		815,402	-	<u> </u>	
Total	\$ 14.405.659	\$	3.342.098	\$	7.910.979	\$	3.152.582	

#### **Fair Market Value**

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The valuation method for recurring fair value measurements of investments is the quoted market prices approach.

The City's investments are categorized are as follows:

	December 31, 2022							
Investment Type	Lev	el 1		Level 2	Lev	el 3		Total
Certificates of deposit								
(negotiable)	\$	-	\$	1,554,928	\$	-	\$	1,554,928
U.S. treasuries		-		3,308,807		-		3,308,807
U.S. agencies		-		6,562,245		-		6,562,245
Sweep accounts		-		298,609		-		298,609
Corporate bonds		-		1,561,819		-		1,561,819
Municipal bonds				1,119,251				1,119,251
Total	\$		\$	14,405,659	\$		\$	14,405,659

#### **Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes Risk**

At December 31, 2022, the City held \$3,308,807, \$6,562,245, \$298,609, \$1,561,819 and \$1,119,251 in U.S. treasuries, U.S. agencies, sweep accounts, corporate bonds and municipal bonds, respectively. With all fixed income securities, as interest rates rise, the values will fall. The longer the time to maturity, the more sensitive the values will be to a change in interest rates. The longest time to maturity on any holdings is 28 years, maturing October 1, 2050.

#### Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the governmental-type individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Total Net Receivables		Amounts Not Expected to be Collected Within One Year		
General Fund	\$	17,717,155	\$	11,300	
Special Revenue,					
Emergency Medical Services Fund		4,248,883		-	
Debt Service Fund		435,789		-	
Capital Project, Capital Improvement Fund		11,491		-	
Capital Projects Fund, TIF No. 8		2,524,747		-	
Capital Projects Fund, TIF No. 11		4,386,276		-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		15,285,507		2,271,083	
Total	\$	44,609,848	\$	2,283,763	

Revenues of the City are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable in the Emergency Medical Services Fund have been adjusted by \$292,611 for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No other allowance is necessary at year-end.

Governmental funds report unavailable or unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 Unearned	Uı	navailable
Property taxes and special charges receivable for subsequent year ARPA grant funds Accounts receivable not collected Loans receivable not yet due	\$ 40,491,506 3,104,153 - -	\$	- - 80,077 6,503
Special assessments not yet due	-		1,948,943
Total unavailable/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 43,595,659	\$	2,035,523
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$ 3,104,153 40,491,506		
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 43,595,659		

# **Restricted Assets**

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

# **Long-Term Debt Accounts**

**Redemption** - Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.

**Reserve** - Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

# **Impact Fee Account**

The City has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

#### **Asset Forfeiture Account**

The City has received asset forfeitures which must be used for specific purposes.

#### **Net Pension Asset**

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2022:

	Governmental Activities		iness-Type Activities	Total		
Redemption account	\$	-	\$ 552,720	\$	552,720	
Reserve account		-	565,545		565,545	
Depreciation account		-	17,000		17,000	
Impact fee account		7,318,495	-		7,318,495	
Asset forfeiture account		90,124	-		90,124	
Pension		12,798,852	1,002,950		13,801,802	
Total	\$ 2	20,207,471	\$ 2,138,215	\$	22,345,686	

# **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 24,803,754	\$ 2,975,648	\$ -	\$ 27,779,402
Construction in progress	134,495	182,515		317,010
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	24,938,249	3,158,163		28,096,412
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	6,355,365	_	_	6,355,365
Buildings	46,540,339	497,342	_	47,037,681
Intangible asset, easements	5,400	-	(5,400)	
Machinery and equipment	23,147,585	1,594,750	(1,320,509)	23,421,826
Bridges	286,370	-	( ',,,	286,370
Roads	81,157,836	2,211,602	(3,892,742)	79,476,696
Sidewalks	4,772,194	147,836	-	4,920,030
Street lighting	7,628,155	-	-	7,628,155
Storm sewers	26,630,318			26,630,318
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	196,523,562	4,451,530	(5,218,651)	195,756,441
Less accumulated				
depreciation/amortization for:				
Land improvements	(1,992,421)	(218,169)	-	(2,210,590)
Buildings	(13,170,301)	(1,241,235)	-	(14,411,536)
Intangible asset, easements	(5,400)		5,400	-
Machinery and equipment	(16,832,647)	(934,790)	1,067,799	(16,699,638)
Bridges	(34,368)	(=======	-	(34,368)
Roads	(14,526,455)	(725,937)	874,960	(14,377,432)
Sidewalks	(2,676,982)	(75,907)	-	(2,752,889)
Street lighting	(4,775,516)	(247,841)	-	(5,023,357)
Storm sewers	(13,689,049)	(490,210)		(14,179,259)
Total accumulated				
depreciation/amortization	(67,703,139)	(3,934,089)	1,948,159	(69,689,069)
Net capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	128,820,423	517,441	(3,270,492)	126,067,372
Total governmental activities				
assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation/amortization	\$ 153,758,672	\$ 3,675,604	\$ (3,270,492)	\$ 154,163,784

Depreciation / amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Govern	mental	<b>Activities</b>	
GUVEII	ııııcıılaı	ACHVILLES	

General government	\$ 752,463
Public safety	763,913
Health and social services	550
Public works	2,029,334
Leisure activities	 387,829
Total governmental activities depreciation/amortization expenses	\$ 3,934,089

# **Business-Type Activities**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Water					
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:					
Land and land rights	\$ 242,750	\$ 52,300	\$ -	\$ 295,050	
Construction in progress	1,428,096	1,443,367	1,840,811	1,030,652	
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	1,670,846	1,495,667	1,840,811	1,325,702	
Capital assets being					
depreciated/amortized:					
Source of supply	7,056,575	-	-	7,056,575	
Pumping	9,010,683	92,114	-	9,102,797	
Treatment	25,524,041	362,934	-	25,886,975	
Transmission and distribution	77,446,365	1,036,945	126,641	78,356,669	
Intangible	69,544	-	-	69,544	
General	4,981,752	413,777	73,884	5,321,645	
Total capital assets being					
depreciated/ amortized	124,088,960	1,905,770	200,525	125,794,205	
·					
Total capital assets	125,759,806	3,401,437	2,041,336	127,119,907	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Source of supply	(2,862,749)	(121,346)	-	(2,984,095)	
Pumping	(5,708,663)	(240,866)	-	(5,949,529)	
Treatment	(14,196,719)	(841,885)	-	(15,038,604)	
Transmission and distribution	(21,822,110)	(1,299,415)	(126,641)	(22,994,884)	
Intangible	(24,063)	(10,431)	-	(34,494)	
General	(3,488,800)	(147,112)	(73,884)	(3,562,028)	
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(48,103,104)	(2,661,055)	(200,525)	(50,563,634)	
Net water plant	\$ 77,656,702	\$ 740,382	\$ 1,840,811	\$ 76,556,273	

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Sewer				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and land rights	\$ 13,145	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,145
Intangibles	16,175	400.500	075 400	16,175
Construction in progress	761,050	422,580	975,199	208,431
Total capital assets not being depreciated	790,370	422,580	975,199	237,751
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Collection system	47,710,673	838,027	6,035	48,542,665
Collection system pumping General	216,164 595,752	- 42.460	-	216,164
General	393,732	43,460		639,212
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	48,522,589	881,487	6,035	49,398,041
Total capital assets	49,312,959	1,304,067	981,234	49,635,792
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:	(40,000,054)	(400.077)	(0.005)	(40, 400, 000)
Collection system Collection system pumping	(12,638,054) (216,164)	(498,977)	(6,035)	(13,130,996) (216,164)
General	(542,232)	(47,904)	-	(590,136)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(13,396,450)	(546,881)	(6,035)	(13,937,296)
Net sewer plant	\$ 35,916,509	\$ 757,186	\$ 975,199	\$ 35,698,496
Business-type capital assets, net of				
depreciation/amortization	\$ 113,573,211	\$ 1,497,568	\$ 2,816,010	\$ 112,254,769
Depreciation/amortization ex	pense was charge	d to functions as fol	lows:	
Business-Type Activities Water				\$ 2,574,828
Sewer				598,269
Total business-type	activities deprecia	tion/ amortization ex	rpense	\$ 3,173,097

Depreciation/amortization expense does not agree to the increase in accumulated depreciation due to joint metering, salvage and the cost of removal.

# Interfund Receivables/Payables, Transfers and Advances

# Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables and advances including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund Amou			Amount Not Due Within One Year	
General fund	Water utility	\$	1,623,069	\$ -	
General fund	Sewer utility		42,372	42,372	
Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	Water utility		243,956	-	
Special revenue fund, Economic development fund	Capital projects fund, TIF #7 Capital projects fund		314,900	314,900	
Internal service fund, Health insurance fund	Water utility		176,900	-	
Water utility	General fund		240,844	15,264	
Sewer utility	General fund		175,079	-	
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund, Storm water fund	Special revenue fund, Storm water fund 2,605			
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund, Special assessment fund		5,429	-	
Sewer utility	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund		123,173	-	
Water utility	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund		144,291	70,929	
Water utility	Special revenue fund, Special assessment fund		346,524	283,711	
Total, fund financial statements			3,439,142		
Less fund eliminations			(314,900)		
Less government-wide eliminations			(2,075,890)		
Total internal balances - government-wide statement of net position		\$	1,048,352		

The principal purpose of these interfunds includes the tax equivalent payment from the utilities to general fund and special assessment collections by the special assessment fund for the utilities. Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

**Transfers**The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To	Amount	Principal Purpose
Water utility	General fund	\$ 1,627,538	Tax equivalent
General fund	Special revenue fund, Donation and activity fund	135,287	Library supplies
General fund	Special revenue fund, Economic Development	1,000,000	Future development
Special revenue fund, WE Energies	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	1,000,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Storm water	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	230,000	Finance of capital projects
Debt service funds, Debt amortization fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	1,000,000	Street rehab
Debt service funds, Debt amortization fund	Debt service funds, Debt service	2,173,248	Finance debt
Capital projects fund, TID #7	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	900,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #11	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	220,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #12	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	220,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #16	Capital projects fund, TID #13	220,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Future improvement fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	5,750	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Impact fee fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	276,870	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, Impact fee fund	Debt service funds, Debt service	80,000	Finance debt
Special revenue fund, Tourism Commission fund	General fund	12,084	Special event reimbursement
Special revenue fund, ARPA fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	650,622	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund, ARPA fund	Special revenue fund, Donation and activity fund	47,310	Finance Case Manager position
General fund	Capital projects fund, Capital improvement fund	1,164,392	Reimburse capital projects
Debt service funds, TID #6 debt service fund	Capital projects fund, TID #13	340,000	Finance of capital projects
Capital projects fund, TID #10 Subtotal, fund financials Less fund eliminations	Capital projects fund, TID #13	225,000 11,528,101 (9,900,563)	Finance of capital projects
Total government-wide statement of activities		\$ 1,627,538	- -

# City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### **Advances**

The Sewer Utility advanced \$2,500,000 to the Water Utility, dated December 15, 2013, for various construction projects. This advance will be repaid through annual installment payments of principal and interest through December 15, 2028. The annual interest rate was initially set by the Commission at 0.34% and is variable thereafter based on the LGIP rate. Effective December 15, 2022, the Commission approved 3.97% as the interest rate on this advance.

The Utility's interfund loan repayment schedule to maturity is as follows:

	 Principal	Interest		
Years ending December 31:				
2023	\$ 219,667	\$	62,272	
2024	220,414		53,551	
2025	271,163		44,801	
2026	297,085		34,036	
2027	298,095		22,241	
2028	 262,142		10,407	
Total	\$ 1,568,566	\$	227,308	

# **Long-Term Obligations**

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Increases	reases Decreases		Ending Decreases Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities  Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt:								
Notes and bonds	\$ 119,100,000	\$ 2,325,000	\$	16,465,000	\$	104,960,000	\$	8,130,000
Add unamortized debt premium	2,590,469	 	_	334,916		2,255,553		
Subtotal	121,690,469	 2,325,000		14,549,916		107,215,553		8,310,000
Other liabilities:								
Vested compensated absences	1,390,546	745,376		863,336		1,272,586		235,019
Net OPEB liability, life	1,654,878	-		32,308		1,622,570		200,010
Total OPEB liability, health	36,798,502	 5,483,478				42,281,980		
Total other liabilities	39,843,926	 6,228,854		895,644		45,177,136		235,019
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 161,534,395	\$ 8,553,854	\$	17,695,560	\$	152,392,689	\$	8,545,019
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable:								
Revenue bonds	\$ 13,555,164	\$ 	\$	1,135,555	\$	12,419,609	\$	1,160,367
Subtotal	13,555,164	 		1,135,555		12,419,609		1,160,367
Other liabilities: Net OPEB liability, life	276,888			44 055		232,033		
Total OPEB liability, health	2,210,015	100,633		44,855 -		2,310,648		-
Pollution remediation obligation	2,295,600					2,295,600		
Total other liabilities	4,782,503	 100,633		44,855		4,838,281		
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 18,337,667	\$ 100,633	\$	1,180,410	\$	17,257,890	\$	1,160,367

# **General Obligation Debt**

All governmental general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2022 was \$261,334,825. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$104,960,000.

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/22
Governmental Activities					
General obligation debt:					
G.O. notes and bonds:					
2013 GO refunding bonds	04/02/13	04/01/32	2.00-3.75%	\$ 5,825,000	\$ 3,625,000
2014B GO refunding bonds	12/16/14	05/01/32	2.00-3.37	2,725,000	1,675,000
2015A GO refunding bonds	01/20/15	06/01/34	2.00-4.00	19,650,000	14,425,000
2016C GO refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-4.00	17,125,000	13,875,000
2016D GO refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-3.15	5,925,000	4,775,000
2017B GO refunding bonds	08/01/17	03/01/37	3.85-4.00	2,900,000	2,735,000
2018A GO refunding bonds	04/03/18	04/01/32	3.57-4.00	8,900,000	7,600,000
2018B GO refunding bonds	08/30/18	04/01/27	2.00-4.00	5,175,000	3,525,000
2018C GO refunding bonds	08/30/18	04/01/27	3.00-4.00	5,140,000	3,690,000
2018D GO refunding bonds	11/27/18	10/01/32	3.95-4.25	5,100,000	4,630,000
2019B GO refunding bonds	08/01/19	10/01/24	2.10-2.25	1,030,000	350,000
2019C GO refunding bonds	08/01/19	10/01/36	3.00-4.00	3,925,000	3,925,000
2020 GO refunding bond	01/06/20	04/01/30	3.00-4.00	4,075,000	3,330,000
2020 GO promissory note	01/06/20	04/01/29	1.80-2.50	1,135,000	900,000
2020 GO refunding bond	04/01/20	10/01/29	1.90-2.40	835,000	665,000
2020C GO refunding bond	04/01/20	10/01/29	1.75-2.70	5,070,000	4,355,000
2020D GO refunding bond	04/01/20	10/01/23	1.75-1.95	5,160,000	995,000
2021A GO promissory notes	05/20/21	04/01/31	0.25-2.00	3,945,000	3,780,000
2021B note anticipation notes	07/28/21	04/01/24	2.00	16,220,000	16,220,000
2021C GO refunding bonds	12/29/21	12/01/32	2.00-4.00	6,030,000	5,070,000
2021D GO promissory notes	12/29/21	04/01/28	0.35-1.70	2,585,000	2,490,000
2022 GO refunding bonds	04/06/22	04/01/36	1.45-3.05	2,325,000	2,325,000
Total governmental activities, general obligation debt					\$ 104,960,000

Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes and bonds are as follows:

# Governmental Activities General Obligation Notes and Bonds

	Principal	Inte	erest		
Years ending December 31:					
2023	\$ 8,130,000	\$ 3	,134,114		
2024	23,815,000	2	,695,319		
2025	8,060,000	2	,277,197		
2026	8,485,000	2	,002,447		
2027	8,870,000	1	,712,726		
2028-2032	41,415,000	4	,521,019		
2033-2037	6,185,000		337,240		
Total	\$ 104,960,000	\$ 16	,680,062		

#### **Revenue Debt**

The City has pledged future water revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay outstanding revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through May 1, 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$13,668,061. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$1,371,294 and \$8,362,082 respectively. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 44% of net revenues.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2022 consists of the following:

# **Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt**

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	In	Original debtedness	 Balance 12/31/22
Water utility revenue bonds	01/13/10	05/01/29	2.668%	\$	791,863	\$ 338,610
Water utility revenue bonds	11/23/11	05/01/31	2.20		5,889,583	2,968,578
Water utility revenue bonds	05/22/13	05/01/33	1.925		2,594,795	1,548,447
Water utility revenue bonds	05/28/14	05/01/34	1.925		4,850,988	3,353,974
Water utility revenue bonds	11/12/20	12/01/31	1.67		4,705,000	 4,210,000
Total business-type						
activities revenue debt	t					\$ 12,419,609

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt			Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt - Direct Placement				
		Principal Interest		nterest	Principal		Interest	
Years ending December 31:								
2023	\$	435,000	\$	57,280	\$	725,367	\$	161,152
2024		450,000		54,235		740,493		145,868
2025		430,000		50,410		755,936		130,261
2026		440,000		46,110		771,705		114,327
2027		450,000		40,610		787,806		98,057
2028-2032		2,005,000		92,218		3,660,128		244,568
2033-2034		<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _		768,174		13,356
Total	\$	4,210,000	\$	340,863	\$	8,209,609	\$	907,589

#### Other Debt Information

Estimated payments for vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits liabilities attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

# **Current Refunding**

On April 6, 2022, the City issued \$2,325,000 of general obligation promissory notes with an average coupon rate of 2.51% to refund \$2,255,000 of outstanding notes with an average coupon rate of 1.95%. The net proceeds were used to prepay the outstanding debt. The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$2,298,973 from 2022 through 2023. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$2,832,694 from 2023 through 2036. Because the refunded notes was a short-term obligation, there was no economic gain or loss reported.

#### Lease Disclosures

#### **Lessor - Lease Receivables**

Business-Type Activities

Lease Receivables Description	Date of Inception	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Receivable Balance 12/31/22
Cellular antennas on water towers	1995-2013	2032-2046	0.5%	5 10,860,619

The City recognized \$350,318 of lease revenue during the year.

The City recognized \$16,587 of interest revenue during the year.

# **Net Position/Fund Balances**

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2022 includes the following:

# **Governmental Activities**

Net investment in capital assets:	
Land	\$ 27,779,402
Construction in progress	317,010
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	126,067,372
Less related long-term debt and premium outstanding (excluding	
noncapital debt)	(82,001,553)
Add unspent proceeds of capital-related debt included above	 
Total net investment in capital assets	72,162,231
· ·	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Restricted:	
TID activity	4,402,344
Storm Water	676,450
Donation and activity	2,334,766
Asset forfeiture	90,615
WE Energies	230,511
Special assessments	2,780,133
Economic development	1,749,275
Tourism commission	363,811
Park escrow	64,737
Low income loans	7,825
ARPA	58,456
Developer agreement	2,019
Pension	12,798,852
Impact fees	 7,318,495
Total restricted	 32,878,289
Unrestricted (deficit)	(42,878,258)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 62,162,262

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2022 include the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance Major fund: General fund: Inventories Delinquent personal property taxes Noncurrent receivables from other funds	\$ 136,151 1,380 11,300
Total nonspendable fund balance	\$ 148,831
Restricted Fund Balance Major funds: Debt service, debt service fund Debt service, debt amortization fund Capital projects, TIF No. 8 capital projects fund Capital projects, TIF No. 11 capital projects fund	\$ 4,298 5,739 91,179 2,317,783
Total major funds	2,418,999
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue funds: Donation and activity We Energies fund Low income loan Special assessments Economic development Impact fee escrow Asset forfeiture Storm water Tourism commission Park escrow ARPA Debt service funds: TIF No. 6 debt service Capital projects funds: Developer Agreement TIF No. 7 capital projects TIF No. 10 capital projects TIF No. 12 capital projects TIF No. 13 capital projects TIF No. 14 capital projects TIF No. 15 capital projects TIF No. 15 capital projects	2,334,766 230,511 7,825 2,780,133 1,749,275 7,318,495 90,615 676,450 363,811 64,737 58,456 41,390 2,019 163,676 11,902 782,001 326,737 124,466 3,735 539,475
Total nonmajor funds	 17,670,475
Total restricted fund balance	\$ 20,089,474

Committed Fund Balance Major funds: Emergency Medical Services	\$ 1,647,633
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue funds: Solid waste Consolidated dispatch services	315,147 253,826
Total nonmajor funds	 568,973
Total committed fund balance	\$ 2,216,606
Assigned Fund Balance Major funds: General fund: Tax equivalent for subsequent year Capital improvement fund	\$ 1,627,538 6,059,112
Total assigned fund balance	\$ 7,686,650
Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit) Major funds: General fund	\$ 9,933,676
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue fund: Future improvement fund (deficit)	(8,250)
Total unassigned fund balance (deficit)	\$ 9,925,426
Business-Type Activities  Net investment in capital assets: Land and land rights Intangible assets, net of amortization Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less payables and accruals for capital assets Less related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt proceeds, net of unamortized loss on debt refunding)	\$ 308,195 51,225 1,239,083 110,656,266 (370,450)
Total net investment in capital assets	 99,643,609
Restricted: Debt service Pension	 1,102,373 1,002,950
Total restricted	 2,105,323
Unrestricted	 34,153,534
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 135,902,466

#### **Restatement of Net Position**

Net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 and to correct an error in recording special assessment as follows:

	Business-type Activities	Water Utility		
Net position, December 31, 2021 (as reported)	\$ 130,960,073	\$ 85,107,549		
Add lease receivable Add special assessments Less deferred inflows related to leases	11,210,937 556,841 (11,210,937)	11,210,937 556,841 (11,210,937)		
Net position, December 31, 2021 (as restated)	\$ 131,516,914	\$ 85,664,390		

#### 4. Other Information

# **Employees' Retirement System**

# **Plan Description**

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

# Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

# **Benefits Provided**

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

# **Post-Retirement Adjustments**

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2012	(7.0)%	(7.0)%
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0

#### **Contributions**

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$2,002,972 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (executives & elected officials)	6.75%	6.75%
Protective with Social Security	6.75%	12.35%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.95%

# Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$13,801,802 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.17123434%, which was an increase of 0.00125282% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$(1,139,063).

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	22,296,114	\$	1,607,790
Changes in assumption		2,574,944		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		30,875,780
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		35,673		14,361
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,079,067		_
Total	\$	26,985,798	\$	32,497,931

# City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

\$2,079,067 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Inflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)

Years ending December 31:

\$ (638,668)
(3,732,344)
(1,639,878)
(1,580,310)
\$

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Actuarial Cost Method:

Asset Valuation Method:

December 31, 2020

December 31, 2021

Entry Age Normal

Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%
Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-Retirement Adjustments\*: 1.7%

\* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

# **Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %		
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%		
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8		
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2		
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0		
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0		
Total Core Fund	115	6.6	4.0		
Variable Fund Asset Class					
U.S. Equities	70	6.3	3.7		
International Equities	30	7.2	4.6		
Total Variable Fund	100	6.8	4.2		

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

#### **Single Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the Total Pension Liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixedincome municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using optionadjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.80%)		Di	Current scount Rate (6.80%)	 Increase to scount Rate (7.80%)
City of Oak Creek's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	9,793,357	\$	(13,801,802)	\$ (30,785,928)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reportsand-statements.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a payable to the pension plan, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

# **Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omission and workers compensation. Employee health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the City in the health insurance internal service fund, which includes commercial insurance and self-funding. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

#### Self-Insurance

For health claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$100,000 deductible per individual and \$6,608,970 in the aggregate for a policy year. Claims in excess of those amounts are covered by specific reinsurance with an unlimited lifetime maximum reimbursement. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

All funds in the City participate in the health and dental insurance internal service fund. Amounts payable to the health insurance fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. At December 31, 2022, no amounts were designated for that reserve.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability.

#### **Claims Liability**

	Prior Year		Current Year	
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	394,972 6,761,571 (6,809,241)	\$	347,302 6,016,079 (5,994,397)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	347,302	\$	368,984

# Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC) Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from the WMIC / CVMIC administrative office.

The City pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$75,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$250,000.

#### **Commitments and Contingencies**

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

# City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2022. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

#### **Tax Incremental Financing**

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 7 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a property taxable value of \$10,200,000. The developers also pay property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreements, are entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of taxes paid less the base value \$3,000,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2024. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$325,210.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$650,000 upon confirmation of job creation and City being awarded a grant. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid for eight years. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$227,976.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, are entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back equal to 85% of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$1,512,450 or as much as can be received by TID 8's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 10 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a 15-year lease of space and job retainment. The developers are entitled to a future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid, up to \$1,800,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2023. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$281,046.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$5,300,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2016-2032 and thereafter. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0, (\$5,300,000 was paid in 2015).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers received \$2,750,000 loan upon ownership of said property which will be paid back to the City beginning in 2021 (annually for 20 years). Additionally, the developer will receive a \$4,500,000 grant from the City for project costs once the construction process has begun and construction contracts are executed. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$26,200,000 effective 2020 with a moderate increase each year the TID is open ending with a minimum assessed value of \$35,800,900 in 2032. Additionally in 2024 the developer will add another \$9 million in minimum assessed value for phase 3 of the development. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0. (\$2,750,000 was paid in 2017).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$2,500,000 upon beginning construction of a parking garage with 425 parking stalls. Once building permits are pulled for additional square footage of the medical facility (targeting 130,000 square foot) the developer will be paid \$65.80 per square foot up to an additional \$2,500,000. The City will in good faith effort work with the WEDC for a \$1,000,000 grant for the developer based on jobs, 425 parking stalls and a 130,000 square foot facility. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2017-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,450,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and a hotel franchise agreement and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

# City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,680,051 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,319,949 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 11 has entered into a grant agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The grant was authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers will receive not to exceed \$900,000 upon ownership, build out of project and having reached the minimum assessed value: \$5 million in 2019 and \$8 million in 2020 and for the remaining life of the project. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developers agree to invest roughly \$50,000,000 in economic development building a 300,000 square foot retail facility. The City and developer agree to City financing not to exceed \$5,225,000 for infrastructure leading up to the developer's property. In each year, beginning 2017 and ending the last year of the district 2036, the City will receive a check from the developer for taxes on the property. The developer will receive the tax amount back less the annual bond payment for infrastructure and less \$25,000 for administrative costs each year up to \$13,000,000. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$445,857.

# City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value on Phase I of \$14,900,000 effective 2022. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes for Phase I of the project been determined using the Phase I minimum assessed value, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 90% of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$6,900,000 or as much as can be received by TID 12's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 95% of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$5,300,000 or as much as can be received by TID 12's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 13 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$27,375,000 effective 2024, with a 1.5% increase each year during the terms of development agreement. In 2027, the minimum assessed value will be \$81,190,000 with a 1.5% increase each year for the duration of Phase 1. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes for Phase 1 of the project been determined using the Phase 1 minimum assessed value and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 14 has entered into an agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The grant is authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developer could receive a grant of up to \$1,081,250, providing a project cost statement that confirms costs incurred by the developer. If developer costs were less than \$1,961,250, the City grant payable should be reduced by the amount of savings. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value commencing in 2020 of \$10,639,600 for the duration of the Agreement. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed value and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 15 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of the taxes paid less the base value up to \$550,000 or as much as can be received by TID 15's mandatory termination date. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$71,844.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) 16 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer is entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. Per agreement, taxes paid over annual debt payments, \$350,000 for neighborhood park, and \$25,000 for administrative costs, will be returned up to \$20,779,090. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$2,581,042.

# Other Postemployment Benefits

The City administers a single-employer defined contribution healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The plan provides health insurance benefits for eligible retirees through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees pay at established rates.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the City and the union.

#### **General Information About the OPEB Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

The City's defined benefit OPEB, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the City. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 Statement 75.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The City of Oak Creek provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents based on the following:

# Utility

Employees hired prior to 01/01/83 and retired prior to 12/31/06 pay the same as active and get benefits for life after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 - 12/31/05 and retire prior to 12/31/05 pay 40% of the pre and post 65 premium after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 - 12/31/05 and retire after 12/31/08 pay 20% of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired after 12/31/05 pay 20% of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 15 years of service. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

# Local 133, General/Labor

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 20% of the premium to participate in the plan. No Post 65 insurance employee's active January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

# Local 1848, Firefighters

Employees who attain 10 years of service who retired prior to May 4, 2010 shall be eligible for retiree level health insurance as of the prior bargaining agreement (5%). After May 4, 2010 retirees pay same as current employees (10%). No post 65 insurance available for employees hired after May 4, 2010. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

# **Police Supervisors**

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10% of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

#### **Police Officers**

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10% of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

#### **Dispatchers**

Employees hired after 02/01/95 need 15 years of service. Employees who retired prior to 12/31/05 have post 65 Medicare supplemental insurance. Future retirees are required to pay 40% of the premium. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

#### Non Represented

Employees hired prior to 01/01/06 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired before 07/01/83 who retired before 12/31/05 receive post 65 benefits and contribute 0%; those who retiree before 12/31/11 pay 20%. Future retirees are required to pay 20% of the premium to participate in the plan.

\* General and Police hired after 01/01/2015 and firefighters hired after 01/01/2016 are not eligible for retiree medical coverage under this plan.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At December 31, 2022 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members and spouses currently receiving benefit	
payments	256
Active plan members	148
	404

# **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$44,592,628 was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher 3.06%) than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease (1.06%)	Discount Rate (2.06%)		1% Increase (3.06%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	49,099,987	\$	44,592,628	\$	40,684,292

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate Salary increases	2.06%  Merit increases of 0.4 %to 3.50% for general employees and 0.50% to 4.80% for protective employees depending upon length of service plus 3.00% for inflation.
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.60% increasing 0.4% for two years then decreasing to 3.70% in 2073 and level thereafter
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	See benefits table above

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Tax Exempt Municipal Bond Yield.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 WRS Experience Table as the base table and projected with mortality improvements using 100% of the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2018-2020.

Healthcare cost trend rates were based on the "Getzen" model published by the Society of Actuaries for purposes of evaluating long term medical trend.

# **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	T	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at December 31, 2021 Charges for the year:	\$_	39,008,517
Service cost Interest		698,873 818.131
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Changes in assumptions or other inputs		3,182,329 3,129,181
Benefit payments		(2,244,403)
Net changes		5,584,111
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	44,592,628

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.60% decreasing to 2.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.60% increasing to 4.70%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend	1% Increase
	(4.60%	Rate (5.60%	(6.60%
	Decreasing to	Decreasing to	Decreasing to
	2.70%)	3.70%)	4.70%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 40,328,687	\$ 44,592,628	\$ 49,562,824

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,393,847. At December 31, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred outflows of Resources	of Inflows of	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Employer contributions, subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,716,492 4,489,032 2,923,024	\$	677,182 -
Total	\$	10,128,548	\$	677,182

\$2,923,024 reported as deferred outflows to OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resource related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	C Res Defe	Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)	
Years ending December 31			
2023	\$	1,933,031	
2024		1,951,193	
2025		1,856,108	
2026		798,010	

#### Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

#### **Plan Description**

The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="http://etf.wi.gov/about-eft/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">http://etf.wi.gov/about-eft/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can be found at the link above.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

#### **Contributions**

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contribution made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reports as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage 25% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution 20% of employee contribution

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participation employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates for the Plan Year

Life insurance Employee Contribution Nates for the Fight Teal					
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental			
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05			
30-34	0.06	0.06			
34-39	0.07	0.07			
40-44	0.08	0.08			
45-49	0.12	0.12			
50-54	0.22	0.22			
55-59	0.39	0.39			
60-64	0.49	0.49			
65-69	0.57	0.57			

Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$6,422 in contribution from the employer.

# OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,854,603 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.3173880%, which was a decrease of 0.0373960% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$209,590.

At December 31, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	94,343
Changes in assumptions		560,339		89,893
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	24,130			-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		37,635		138,577
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,976			
Total	\$	630,080	\$	322,813

\$7,976 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employers contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Ou Reso Defer of R	eferred tflows of curces and red Inflows esources (Net)
Years ending December 31:		
2023	\$	76,531
2024		73,731
2025		63,394
2026		80,302
2027		25,317
Thereafter		(19,984)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The net OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

**Actuarial Valuation Date:** January 1, 2021 Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability December 31, 2021 **Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal** 20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield 2.06% Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 4.25% 2.17% Discount Rate: Salary Increases: Inflation 3.0% 0.1% - 5.6% Seniority/Merit Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB Liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

#### **Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets**

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

# State OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interm Credit	45%	1.68%
US Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Long Credit	5.0	1.82
US Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50	1.94
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

#### Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

# Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17%) than the current rate:

	 Decrease to count Rate (1.17%)	Current count Rate (2.17%)	 Increase to count Rate (3.17%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,516,028	\$ 1,854,603	\$ 1,356,908

#### **Power Generating Facility Mitigation Revenue**

The City entered into an agreement with Wisconsin Energy Corporation (WEC). WEC is expanding its electric generating facilities within the City of Oak Creek by creating three new units. WEC is expected to pay the following annual mitigation payments to the City 30 days after the commencement of construction:

Elm Road Unit 1	\$ 1,500,000
Elm Road Unit 2	750,000
Elm Road Unit 3	250,000

The payments are required annually unless the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin determines that these payments may not be included in the rent payments of the facilities lease or a new unit ceases operation after start-up and is decommissioned.

In 2022, the City received \$2,250,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### **Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Relationships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022
- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Oak Creek

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues				
Taxes:				
General property taxes	\$ 15,957,295	\$ 15,952,892	\$ (4,403)	
Motel room tax	457,000	457,000		
Mobile home taxes	64,000	55,174	(8,826)	
Motor vehicle taxes	4,300	4,005	(295)	
Other taxes	20,000	2,292	(17,708)	
Total	16,502,595	16,471,363	(31,232)	
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Shared taxes from state	2,998,566	2,999,712	1,146	
State transportation aids	2,273,114	2,273,114	-	
State computer aids	133,593	133,593	-	
Other state aids	6,000	4,159	(1,841)	
Health department block grant	4,500	17,166	12,666	
Video service aid	87,070	87,070	-	
Police grants	228,983	267,725	38,742	
Total	5,731,826	5,782,539	50,713	
Regulation and compliance:				
Licenses:				
Liquor and beer	63,200	61,472	(1,728)	
Publishing fees	900	840	(60)	
Operators	28,000	28,130	130	
Amusement devices	8,500	6,030	(2,470)	
Amusement operators	1,200	1,350	150	
Miscellaneous, business	9,750	9,210	(540)	
Miscellaneous, nonbusiness	75	25	(50)	
DATCP	88,850	104,060	15,210	
Late sanitarian license renewal	500	990	490	
Sanitarian plan review	3,000	1,390	(1,610)	
Permits:				
Building	452,000	933,977	481,977	
Electrical	110,000	181,221	71,221	
Plumbing	90,000	147,550	57,550	
Street opening	7,500	19,417	11,917	
Erosion control	12,500	10,156	(2,344)	
Temp food	2,000	645	(1,355)	
Sundry	500	60	(440)	
Landscape, lighting & sign review	4,000	8,750	4,750	
Cable TV	240,000	261,260	21,260	
AT&T video service	80,000	68,036	(11,964)	
Court fines Bail service fee	425,000 800	440,832	15,832 (800)	
Total	1,628,275	2,285,401	657,126	

City of Oak Creek

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With ual Final Budget		
Public charges for services:					
General government					
Property status letter fees	\$ 8,000	\$ 14,790	\$ 6,790		
Administrative fees	28,000	39,984	11,984		
Photo copies sold	1,500	800	(700)		
Zoning/housing appeal fees	800	500	(300)		
Rezoning petitions and filing fees	3,000	4,650	1,650		
Text amendment fees	500	1,000	500		
Right of way vacation fees	575	-	(575)		
Special use request fees	12,000	29,375	17,375		
Filing fee, certified survey maps	7,000	5,775	(1,225)		
Expedited review fees	- 44.000	1,838	1,838		
Plan commission agenda fees	14,000	32,150	18,150		
Map amendments	1,200	2,000	800		
Subdivision plat fees	1,000	3,875	2,875		
Maps sold	25	18 300	(7) 300		
Temporary use permit Zoning code letter of interpretation	-	1,050	1,050		
Certificate of zoning compliance	-	500	500		
Home occupation permit	-	150	150		
Condominium plats		3,500	3,500		
Sidewalk/outdoor dining permit	_	25	25		
Temporary sign	_	770	770		
Public safety:		770	770		
State DWI seizures	1,500	_	(1,500)		
Police special event service fees	4,000	17,638	13,638		
Police patrol service fees	1,000	1,395	395		
Miscellaneous fees	2,000	615	(1,385)		
Copies of police and fire reports	3,000	1,866	(1,134)		
False alarm penalties	7,500	17,850	10,350		
Health and sanitation:					
Health department:					
Clinic fees	9,000	20,166	11,166		
Pet license fees/humane society	12,500	10,436	(2,064)		
Public works:					
Weed cutting	8,000	5,380	(2,620)		
Sale of culvert pipe	10,000	18,089	8,089		
Culvert installation	2,000	4,787	2,787		
Facilities maintenance, school district	-	46,405	46,405		
Library:					
Other income	20,000	10,284	(9,716)		
Photocopies	7,000	7,305	305		
Recreation	83,905	73,498	(10,407)		
Sanitarian:					
Pre-inspection	5,000	6,784	1,784		
Regular service fee	2,000	775	(1,225)		
Miscellaneous charges for services	2,000	1,080	(920)		
Total	258,005	387,403	129,398		
Investment income:					
Investment loss	50,000	(321,143)	(371,143)		
Taxes	70,000	121,237	51,237		
Total	120,000	(199,906)	(319,906)		
Miscellaneous income:					
AT&T American tower lease	31,740	31,740	_		
South Suburban Chamber Lease	12,000	-	(12,000)		
Insurance incentives	25,000	97,381	72,381		
Insurance recoveries	9,000	1,078,296	1,069,296		
P-card rebates	15,000	17,565	2,565		
Scrap poles		650	650		
Miscellaneous revenues	10,000	2,709	(7,291)		
		·			
Total	102,740	1,228,341	1,125,601		

City of Oak Creek

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Interfund charges for services:			
Engineering and administration charged to capital projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Engineering and administration charged to TID projects	300,000	325,000	25,000
Highway equipment service fee Administrative services charged to enterprise funds	44,000 45,000	27,417 45,000	(16,583)
Engineering fees, developer	45,000	45,000	5
Miscellaneous charges for services	41,200	41,200	
Total	430,200	438,622	8,422
Total revenues	24,773,641	26,393,763	1,620,122
Expenditures			
General government:			
General government	5,506,142	2,855,055	2,651,087
Building maintenance	729,437	676,040	53,397
City administrator	312,029	367,744	(55,715)
Data processing	1,200,391	1,160,739	39,652
City clerk	242,100	242,527	(427)
Treasurer	236,775	140,678	96,097
Finance	418,073	370,086	47,987
Assessor	220,198	215,898	4,300
Attorney and legal	262,065	192,290	69,775
Community development	406,286	350,433	55,853
Total	9,533,496	6,571,490	2,962,006
Public safety:			
Police department	9,489,195	9,396,724	92,471
Emergency operations	18,649	11,894	6,755
Fire department	2,217,492	2,198,061	19,431
Inspection	496,185	468,651	27,534
Other	105,566	105,392	174
Total	12,327,087	12,180,722	146,365
Health and social services:			
Health department	616,430	572,865	43,565
Total	616,430	572,865	43,565
Public works:			
Engineering	701,574	626,937	74,637
Streets	3,826,565	3,607,439	219,126
Total	4,528,139	4,234,376	293,763
Leisure activities:			
Conservation and recreation	390,200	376,284	13,916
Library	1,099,695	1,064,439	35,256
Parks	556,372	557,747	(1,375)
Total	2,046,267	1,998,470	47,797
Total expenditures	29,051,419	25,557,923	3,493,496
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of property	20,000	58,743	38,743
Transfer in	25,000	12,084	(12,916)
Transfer in, tax equivalent	1,800,000	1,627,538	(172,462)
Transfer out	-	(2,299,679)	(2,299,679)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,845,000	(601,314)	(2,446,314)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,432,778)	234,526	\$ 2,667,304
Fund Balance, Beginning	<u></u>	11,475,519	<u></u>
Fund Balance, Ending		\$ 11,710,045	

City of Oak Creek

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	iance With al Budget
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	3,908,890	\$	3,908,890	\$ -
Intergovernmental		170,822		218,109	47,287
Public charges for services		1,518,181		1,918,783	400,602
Investment income		500		18,931	18,431
Misc revenue		240		1,021	 781
Total revenues		5,598,633		6,065,734	 467,101
Expenditures Current:					
Public safety		5,598,633		5,687,491	(88,858)
Total expenditures		5,598,633		5,687,491	 (88,858)
Net change in fund balance	\$			378,243	\$ 378,243
Fund Balance, Beginning				1,269,390	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$	1,647,633	

City of Oak Creek
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios City Retiree Benefits Plan Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2018		2019		 2020	2021			2022	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	649,113	\$	717,788	\$ 660,328	\$	611,097	\$	698,873	
Interest		1,366,954		1,288,751	1,436,753		1,010,643		818,131	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-		-	570,464		-		3,182,329	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		1,253,995		(2,314,550)	1,364,493		2,227,535		3,129,181	
Benefit payments		(2,022,000)		(2,052,298)	 (2,061,974)		(2,213,889)		(2,244,403)	
Net change in total OPEB Liability		1,248,062		(2,360,309)	1,970,064		1,635,386		5,584,111	
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		36,515,314		37,763,376	 35,403,067		37,373,131		39,008,517	
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$	37,763,376	\$	35,403,067	\$ 37,373,131	\$	39,008,517	\$	44,592,628	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	19,862,279	\$	20,287,297	\$ 21,579,696	\$	21,697,445	\$	22,158,783	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		190.13%		174.51%	173.19%		179.78%		201.24%	

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability -Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

Plan Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	SI	oportionate nare of the Net OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/17	0.34563500%	\$	1,039,871	\$ 14,534,940	7.15%	44.81%
12/31/18	0.34855800%		899,397	18,848,000	4.77%	48.69%
12/31/19	0.34093800%		1,451,780	19,090,000	7.60%	37.58%
12/31/20	0.35118400%		1,931,766	19,064,000	10.13%	31.36%
12/31/21	0.31378800%		1,854,603	20,720,000	8.95%	29.57%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

City Fiscal Year Ending	Re	tractually quired ributions	Relat Cont Re	ibutions in tion to the tractually equired tributions	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/18	\$	7,611	\$	7,611	\$	_	\$ 15,601,884	0.05%
12/31/19		7,463		7,463		-	17,915,500	0.04%
12/31/20		6,687		6,687		-	19,083,901	0.04%
12/31/21		7,833		7,833		-	19,210,779	0.04%
12/31/22		7,976		7,976		-	19,808,210	0.04%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2022

WRS Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	S	roportionate hare of the let Pension bility (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.16047000%	\$	(3,941,582)	\$ 17,775,702	22.17%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.15775509%		2,563,490	18,256,231	14.04%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.15582489%		1,284,369	18,758,850	6.85%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.15904145%		(4,722,129)	19,181,462	24.62%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.16307730%		5,831,323	19,887,692	29.32%	96.45%
12/31/19	0.16607948%		(5,355,160)	20,287,752	26.40%	102.96%
12/31/20	0.16998152%		(10,612,182)	21,581,421	49.17%	105.26%
12/31/21	0.17123434%		(13,801,802)	21,697,445	63.61%	106.02%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2022

City Fiscal Year Ending	ı	ontractually Required ontributions	Rel Co	ntributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	1,495,972	\$	1,495,972	\$	_	\$ 18,256,231	8.19%
12/31/16		1,495,955		1,495,955		-	18,758,850	7.97%
12/31/17		1,663,744		1,663,744		-	19,136,951	8.69%
12/31/18		1,729,528		1,729,528		-	19,862,279	8.71%
12/31/19		1,850,459		1,850,459		-	20,287,297	9.12%
12/31/20		2,046,857		2,046,857		-	21,579,696	9.47%
12/31/21		2,067,579		2,067,579		-	21,697,445	9.53%
12/31/22		2.079.067		2.079.067		_	22.158.783	9.38%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

#### **Budgetary Information**

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 2.

A budget has been adopted for all governmental fund types. The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city administrator may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$0. Budgets are adopted at the function level of expenditure.

#### Wisconsin Retirement System

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes in assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

#### Other Postemployment Benefits, Health Insurance

The data presented in the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for the City.

Changes in assumptions. Changes in assumptions from the previous study are as follows:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.12% to 2.06%
- Expected claims and medical trend rates were changed to reflect the anticipated experience under the most recent Getzen model application
- The participation rate for employees currently participating in the group health plan was changed from 99% to 90% based on recent experience

#### Other Postemployment Benefits, Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund.

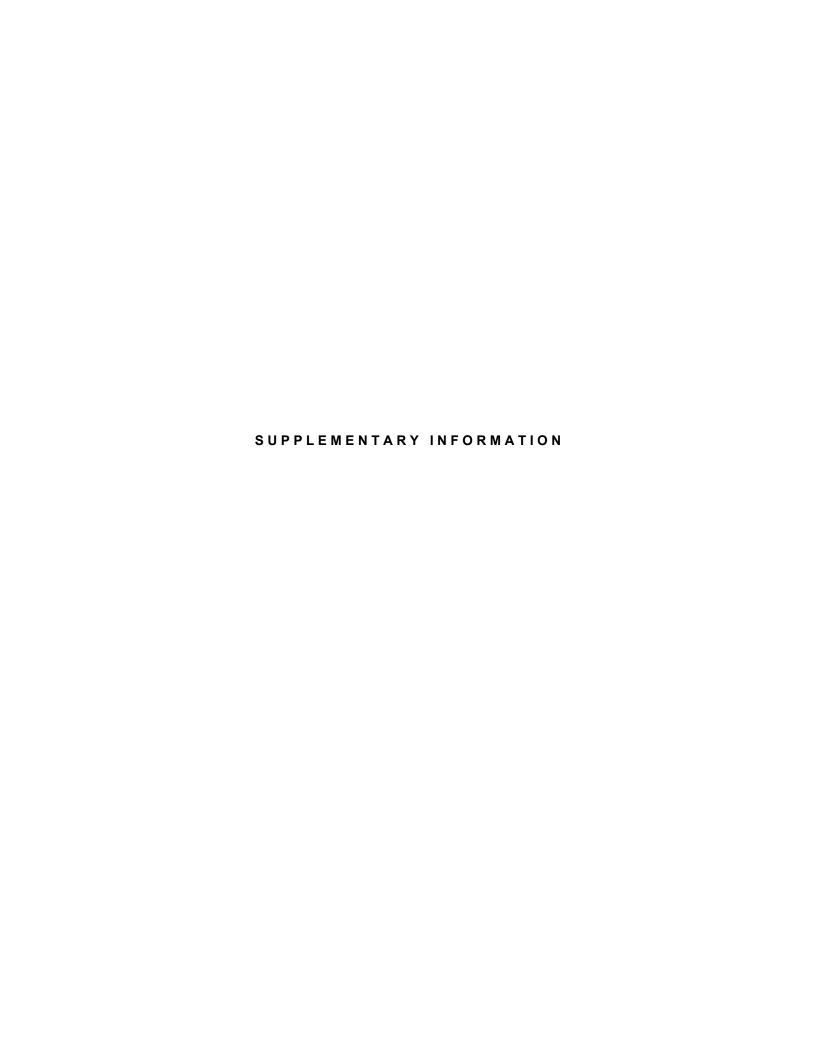
Changes in assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.0% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table



City of Oak Creek
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds													
	Solid Waste Fund	Donation and Activity Fund	WE Energies Fund	Low Income Loan Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Economic Development Fund	Future Improvement Fund	Impact Fee Escrow Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Storm Water Fund	Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund	Tourism Commission Fund	Park Escrow Fund	ARPA Fund
Assets														
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$ 429,542 - 1,369,553 75 - -	\$ 2,340,912 - - 33,188 - -	\$ 255,606 - - - - - -	\$ 7,825 - - - - 6,503	\$ 2,722,426 - 94,023 - 2,264,580 -	\$ 1,435,405 - - - - - - 314,900	\$ 326,860 - - - - - -	\$ - 7,318,495 - - - -	\$ 491 90,124 - - - -	\$ 702,356 - 1,131,878 - - - -	\$ 252,229 - 1,707,861 31,033 - -	\$ 379,693 - - 220 - - -	\$ 64,737 - - - - - -	\$ 3,162,609 - - - - - - -
Total assets	\$ 1,799,170	\$ 2,374,100	\$ 255,606	\$ 14,328	\$ 5,081,029	\$ 1,750,305	\$ 326,860	\$ 7,318,495	\$ 90,615	\$ 1,834,234	\$ 1,991,123	\$ 379,913	\$ 64,737	\$ 3,162,609
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)														
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$ 111,492 2,978 - -	\$ 38,979 355 - -	\$ 6,769 18,326 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - 351,953	\$ (9) 1,039 - -	\$ - 335,110 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 13,731 9,570 - 2,605	\$ 771 28,665 - -	\$ 14,756 1,346 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - - 3,104,153
Total liabilities	114,470	39,334	25,095		351,953	1,030	335,110			25,906	29,436	16,102		3,104,153
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues	1,369,553	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	6,503	- 1,948,943	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,131,878	1,707,861	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,369,553			6,503	1,948,943					1,131,878	1,707,861			<u> </u>
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)	315,147 	2,334,766	230,511 - -	7,825 - -	2,780,133	1,749,275 - -	(8,250)	7,318,495 - -	90,615	676,450 - -	253,826 -	363,811 - -	64,737 - -	58,456 - -
Total fund balances (deficit)	315,147	2,334,766	230,511	7,825	2,780,133	1,749,275	(8,250)	7,318,495	90,615	676,450	253,826	363,811	64,737	58,456
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 1,799,170	\$ 2,374,100	\$ 255,606	\$ 14,328	\$ 5,081,029	\$ 1,750,305	\$ 326,860	\$ 7,318,495	\$ 90,615	\$ 1,834,234	\$ 1,991,123	\$ 379,913	\$ 64,737	\$ 3,162,609

City of Oak Creek
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2022

	Debt S	ot Service Fund					Capital Projects Funds											
	TIF No. 6		Devel Agree Fu	ement	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets																		
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$	41,512 - 322,378 - - -		(28,901) - - 21,079 - -	\$ 1,480,913 - 2,286,514 - - -		12,024 - 425,804 - - -	\$	782,124 - 1,650,061 - -	\$	379,495 - 97,482 - - -	\$	124,589 - 158,620 - - -	\$	3,857 - 108,334 - - -	\$	541,174 - 3,576,321 - - -	\$ 15,417,478 7,408,619 12,928,829 85,595 2,264,580 6,503 314,900
Total assets	\$	363,890	\$	(7,822)	\$ 3,767,427	\$	437,828	\$	2,432,185	\$	476,977	\$	283,209	\$	112,191	\$	4,117,495	\$ 38,426,504
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)																		
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$	122 - - - -	\$	(9,841) - - - -	\$ 1,002,337 - - 314,900		122 - - -	\$	123 - - -	\$	52,758 - - - -	\$	123 - - - -	\$	122 - - -	\$	1,699 - - - -	\$ 1,234,054 62,279 335,110 669,458 3,104,153
Total liabilities		122		(9,841)	1,317,237		122		123		52,758		123		122		1,699	5,405,054
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues		322,378		<u>-</u>	2,286,514		425,804		1,650,061		97,482 -		158,620		108,334		3,576,321	12,834,806 1,955,446
Total deferred inflows of resources		322,378			2,286,514		425,804		1,650,061		97,482		158,620		108,334		3,576,321	14,790,252
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)		41,390 - -		2,019 - -	163,676 - -		11,902 - -		782,001 - -		326,737 - -		124,466 - -		3,735 - -		539,475 - -	17,670,475 568,973 (8,250)
Total fund balances (deficit)		41,390		2,019	163,676	_	11,902		782,001		326,737		124,466		3,735		539,475	18,231,198
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	363,890	\$	(7,822)	\$ 3,767,427	\$	437,828	\$	2,432,185	\$	476,977	\$	283,209	\$	112,191	\$	4,117,495	\$ 38,426,504

City of Oak Creek

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds													
	Solid Waste Fund	Donation and Activity Fund	WE Energies Fund	Low Income Loan Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Economic Development Fund	Future Improvement Fund	Impact Fee Escrow Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Storm Water Fund	Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund	Tourism Commission Fund	Park Escrow Fund	ARPA Fund
Revenues														
Taxes	\$ 1,360,483	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,392	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,521,979	\$ 436,668	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	94,732	601,238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,969	-	-	697,933
Public charges for service	5,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,795,724	-	1,123,636	-	-	31,069	-
Special assessments / developer														
contributions				-	152,027		-						-	
Investment income	7,041	23,195	13,759	-	37,985	4,064	-	75,914	46	10,826	6,012	976	-	57,917
Miscellaneous		366,725	2,250,000						29,135			99,462		
Total revenues	1,467,896	991,158	2,263,759		190,012	85,456		1,871,638	29,181	1,134,462	1,828,960	537,106	31,069	755,850
Expenditures Current:														
General government	-	275,803	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	402,358	-	-
Public safety	-	44,839	1,217,278	-	-	-	-	-	8,381	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	1,467,215	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	721,311	-	-	-	-
Health and social services	-	474,388	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,926,235	-	-	-
Leisure activities	-	184,839	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	83,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest														
Total expenditures	1,467,215	979,869	1,217,656			89,757			8,381	721,311	1,926,235	402,358		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over expenditures	681	11,289	1,046,103		190,012	(4,301)		1,871,638	20,800	413,151	(97,275)	134,748	31,069	755,850
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt issued	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sale of property	69,004	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Transfers in	-	182,597	_	_	_	1,000,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers out			(1,000,000)				(5,750)	(356,869)		(230,000)		(12,084)		(697,933)
Total other financing sources														
(uses)	69,004	182,597	(1,000,000)			1,000,000	(5,750)	(356,869)		(230,000)		(12,084)		(697,933)
Net change in fund balances	69,685	193,886	46,103	-	190,012	995,699	(5,750)	1,514,769	20,800	183,151	(97,275)	122,664	31,069	57,917
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	245,462	2,140,880	184,408	7,825	2,590,121	753,576	(2,500)	5,803,726	69,815	493,299	351,101	241,147	33,668	539
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 315,147	\$ 2,334,766	\$ 230,511	\$ 7,825	\$ 2,780,133	\$ 1,749,275	\$ (8,250)	\$ 7,318,495	\$ 90,615	\$ 676,450	\$ 253,826	\$ 363,811	\$ 64,737	\$ 58,456

City of Oak Creek

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Debt	Service Fund						С	apital Projects F	unds	5			
		TIF No. 6	Developer Agreements Fund	TIF No Capita Projec Fund	al :ts	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues														
Taxes	\$	395,536	\$ -	\$ 1,94	6,061	\$ 494,448		1,317,522	\$ 16,52		\$ 192,470	\$ 96,579	\$ 3,821,627	\$ 11,681,293
Intergovernmental		1,061	-	1	7,764	18,906		-	50,00	0	-	-	-	1,782,603
Public charges for service		-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	2,956,069
Special assessments / developer														
contributions		-	17,500		-			-		-	-	-	-	169,527
Investment income Miscellaneous		3,138	-	1	2,130	2,763		10,217	1,06	5	1,313 27,026	355	15,193	283,912 2,772,423
Miscellaneous										<u> </u>	27,026		<del></del>	2,112,423
Total revenues		399,735	17,500	1,97	5,955	516,117		1,327,739	67,67	1	220,809	96,934	3,836,820	19,645,827
Expenditures														
Current:														
General government		-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	678,539
Public safety		-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	1,270,498
Public works Health and social services		-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	2,188,526
Leisure activities		-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	2,400,623 184,839
Conservation and development		25,000	8,785	22	7,523	307,859		470,857	555,47	-	7,500	79,344	2,610,166	4,486,264
Conservation and development		25,000	0,703	33	7,525	307,039		470,037	827,67		7,500	79,344	15,000	848,670
Debt service:		_	_		_	_		_	021,01	-	_	_	10,000	040,070
Principal		_	-	45	0,000	_		2,495,000		_	120,000	_	975,000	4,040,000
Interest		1,380	-		4,599	1,380		235,326	383,02	5	22,835	1,380	30,039	869,964
Total expenditures		26,380	8,785	98	2,122	309,239	_	3,201,183	1,766,16	8	150,335	80,724	3,630,205	16,967,923
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over expenditures		373,355	8,715	99	3,833	206,878		(1,873,444)	(1,698,49	7)	70,474	16,210	206,615	2,677,904
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Debt proceeds		-	-		-	-		2,325,000		-	-	-	-	2,325,000
Sale of property		-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	69,004
Transfers in		-	-		-	-		-	785,00	0	-	-	-	1,967,597
Transfers out		(340,000)		(90	0,000)	(225,000	)	(220,000)		<u>-</u> .	<u> </u>		(220,000)	(4,207,636)
Total other financing sources														
(uses)		(340,000)		(90	0,000)	(225,000	)	2,105,000	785,00	0			(220,000)	153,965
Net change in fund balances		33,355	8,715	9	3,833	(18,122	)	231,556	(913,49	7)	70,474	16,210	(13,385)	2,831,869
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning		8,035	(6,696)	6	9,843	30,024		550,445	1,240,23	4_	53,992	(12,475)	552,860	15,399,329
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$	41,390	\$ 2,019	\$ 16	3,676	\$ 11,902	\$	782,001	\$ 326,73	7	\$ 124,466	\$ 3,735	\$ 539,475	\$ 18,231,198

## **APPENDIX B**

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the "Disclosure Certificate") is executed and delivered by the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of \$15,870,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2023D, dated September 20, 2023 (the "Securities"). The Securities are being issued pursuant to a resolution adopted on July 18, 2023, as supplemented by an Approving Certificate, dated August 14, 2023 (collectively, the "Resolution") and delivered to Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Purchaser") on the date hereof. Pursuant to the Resolution, the Issuer has covenanted and agreed to provide continuing disclosure of certain financial information and operating data and timely notices of the occurrence of certain events. In addition, the Issuer hereby specifically covenants and agrees as follows:

Section 1(a). Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the holders of the Securities in order to assist the Participating Underwriters within the meaning of the Rule (defined herein) in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). References in this Disclosure Certificate to holders of the Securities shall include the beneficial owners of the Securities. This Disclosure Certificate constitutes the written Undertaking required by the Rule.

Section 1(b). Filing Requirements. Any filing under this Disclosure Certificate must be made solely by transmitting such filing to the MSRB (defined herein) through the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System at <a href="www.emma.msrb.org">www.emma.msrb.org</a> in the format prescribed by the MSRB. All documents provided to the MSRB shall be accompanied by the identifying information prescribed by the MSRB.

Section 2. Definitions. In addition to the defined terms set forth in the Resolution, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" means any annual report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the Issuer's annual financial statements, which are currently prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and which the Issuer intends to continue to prepare in substantially the same form.

"Final Official Statement" means the Final Official Statement dated August 14, 2023 delivered in connection with the Securities, which is available from the MSRB.

"Financial Obligation" means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term Financial Obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

"Fiscal Year" means the fiscal year of the Issuer.

"Governing Body" means the Common Council of the Issuer or such other body as may hereafter be the chief legislative body of the Issuer.

"Issuer" means the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, which is the obligated person with respect to the Securities.

"Issuer Contact" means the City Clerk of the Issuer who can be contacted at 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin 53154, phone (414) 766-7000, fax (414) 766-7976.

"Listed Event" means any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Certificate.

"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Participating Underwriter" means any of the original underwriter(s) of the Securities (including the Purchaser) required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Securities.

"Rule" means SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time, and official interpretations thereof.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### Section 3. Provision of Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements.

- (a) The Issuer shall, not later than 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, commencing with the year ending December 31, 2023, provide the MSRB with an Annual Report filed in accordance with Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate and which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided that the Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and that, if Audited Financial Statements are not available within 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, unaudited financial information will be provided, and Audited Financial Statements will be submitted to the MSRB when and if available.
- (b) If the Issuer is unable or fails to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the Issuer shall send in a timely manner a notice of that fact to the MSRB in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

Section 4. Content of Annual Report. The Issuer's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the Audited Financial Statements, adopted annual budget and/or current general fund budget summary and updates of the following sections of the Final Official Statement to the extent such financial information and operating data are not included in the Audited Financial Statements:

- 1. TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS
- 2. ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS
- 3. INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY Direct Indebtedness

Any or all of the items listed above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's Internet website or filed with the SEC. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such other document so incorporated by reference.

#### Section 5. Reporting of Listed Events.

- (a) This Section 5 shall govern the giving of notices of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Securities:
  - 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
  - 2. Non-payment related defaults, if material;
  - 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
  - 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
  - 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
  - 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Securities;
  - 7. Modification to rights of holders of the Securities, if material;
  - 8. Securities calls, if material, and tender offers;
  - 9. Defeasances;
  - 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Securities, if material;
  - 11. Rating changes;

- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;
- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- 15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which affect holders of the Securities, if material; and
- 16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For the purposes of the event identified in subsection (a)12. above, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Issuer in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer.

- (b) When a Listed Event occurs, the Issuer shall, in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the Listed Event, file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsections (a) (8) and (9) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to holders of affected Securities pursuant to the Resolution.
- (c) Unless otherwise required by law, the Issuer shall submit the information in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

<u>Section 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The Issuer's obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all the Securities.

Section 7. Issuer Contact; Agent. Information may be obtained from the Issuer Contact. Additionally, the Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a dissemination agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor dissemination agent.

Section 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution or this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Certificate, and any provision of this Disclosure Certificate may be waived, if the following conditions are met:

- (a)(i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature, or status of the Issuer, or the type of business conducted; or
- (ii) This Disclosure Certificate, as amended or waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and
- (b) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of beneficial owners of the Securities, as determined and certified to the Issuer by an underwriter, financial advisor, bond counsel or trustee.

In the event this Disclosure Certificate is amended for any reason other than to cure any ambiguities, inconsistencies, or typographical errors that may be contained herein, the Issuer agrees the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment shall include an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change, if any, on the type of financial statements or operating data being provided.

If the amendment concerns the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, then the Issuer agrees that it will give an event notice and that the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment will include a comparison between financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

Section 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

Section 10. Default. (a) Except as described in the Final Official Statement, in the previous five years, the Issuer has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings under the Rule to provide annual reports or notices of events.

(b) In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate any holder of the Securities may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an event of default with respect to the Securities and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

<u>Section 11. Beneficiaries</u>. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Participating Underwriters and holders from time to time of the Securities, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have executed this Certificate in our official capacities effective the 20th day of September, 2023.

(SEAL)	Daniel Bukiewicz Mayor
	Catherine A. Roeske City Clerk

### **APPENDIX C**

**FORM OF LEGAL OPINION** 

### Quarles & Brady LLP 411 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202

September 20, 2023

Re: City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin ("Issuer") \$15,870,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2023D, dated September 20, 2023 ("Bonds")

We have acted as bond counsel to the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. In such capacity, we have examined such law and such certified proceedings, certifications, and other documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied on the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

The Bonds are numbered from R-1 and upward; bear interest at the rates set forth below; and mature on April 1 of each year, in the years and principal amounts as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2025	\$ 105,000	5.00%
2026	545,000	5.00
2027	350,000	5.00
2028	380,000	5.00
2029	425,000	5.00
2030	450,000	5.00
2031	465,000	5.00
2032	500,000	5.00
2033	540,000	5.00
2034	950,000	5.00
2035	1,000,000	5.00
2036	1,050,000	4.00
2037	1,105,000	5.00
2038	1,170,000	5.00
2039	1,230,000	5.00
2040	1,300,000	5.00
2041	1,365,000	4.00
2042	1,430,000	4.25
2043	1,510,000	4.00

Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year commencing on April 1, 2024.

The Bonds maturing on April 1, 2031 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, on April 1, 2030 or on any date thereafter. Said Bonds are redeemable as a whole or in part, and if in part, from maturities selected by the Issuer, and within

each maturity by lot, at the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

We further certify that we have examined a sample of the Bonds and find the same to be in proper form.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion under existing law that:

- 1. The Bonds have been duly authorized and executed by the Issuer and are valid and binding general obligations of the Issuer.
- 2. All the taxable property in the territory of the Issuer is subject to the levy of <u>ad valorem</u> taxes to pay principal of, and interest on, the Bonds, without limitation as to rate or amount. The Issuer is required by law to include in its annual tax levy the principal and interest coming due on the Bonds except to the extent that necessary funds have been irrevocably deposited into the debt service fund account established for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds.
- 3. The interest on the Bonds is excludable for federal income tax purposes from the gross income of the owners of the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") on individuals; however, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022. The Code contains requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for interest on the Bonds to be or continue to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of those requirements could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The Issuer has agreed to comply with all of those requirements. The opinion set forth in the first sentence of this paragraph is subject to the condition that the Issuer comply with those requirements. We express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

We express no opinion regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Official Statement or any other offering material relating to the Bonds. Further, we express no opinion regarding tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds other than as expressly set forth herein.

The rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws affecting creditors' rights and may be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.