NEW ISSUE

Moody's Rated "Aa2" (See "RATING" herein)

In the opinion of Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing law interest on the Bonds is included in gross income for federal income tax purposes. See "TAXABILITY OF INTEREST" herein. The interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

\$2,325,000 CITY OF OAK CREEK Milwaukee County, Wisconsin Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds

Dated: April 6, 2022 Due: April 1, as shown below

The \$2,325,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds (the "Bonds") will be dated April 6, 2022, and will be in the denomination of \$5,000 each or any multiple thereof. The Bonds will mature serially on April 1 of the years 2023 through 2030 and term bonds will mature on April 1, 2032, April 1, 2034 and April 1, 2036 (collectively, the "Term Bonds"). Interest on the Bonds shall be payable commencing on April 1, 2023 and semi-annually thereafter on October 1 and April 1. Associated Trust Company, National Association, Green Bay, Wisconsin, will serve as paying agent for the Bonds.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

(April 1) 2023 2024 2025 2026	Amount \$115,000 145,000 150,000 155,000	Rate 1.45% 1.75 2.00 2.15	<u>Yield</u> 1.45% 1.75 2.00 2.15	CUSIP ⁽¹⁾ Base 671137 H75 H83 H91 J24	(April 1) 2027 2028 2029 2030	Amount \$155,000 160,000 165,000 170,000	Rate 2.25% 2.35 2.45 2.55	<u>Yield</u> 2.25% 2.35 2.45 2.55	CUSIP ⁽¹⁾ Base 671137 J32 J40 J57 J65
\$345,00 \$370,00 \$395,00	00 Term	Bonds due Bonds due Bonds due	e April 1,	2034	Rate: 2.75% Rate: 2.90% Rate: 3.05%	% Yield: 2.9	90%	CUSIP ⁽¹ Base 671137 J73 J81 J99	

The Bonds will be issued pursuant to Chapter 67 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Bonds will be general obligations of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City"), for which its full faith and credit and taxing powers are pledged which taxes may, under current law, be levied without limitation as to rate or amount. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the public purpose of current refunding certain outstanding obligations of the City, including interest on them. (See "THE FINANCING PLAN" herein.)

The Bonds maturing on April 1, 2030 and thereafter are subject to redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2029 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part, from maturities selected by the City and by lot within each maturity at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The Term Bonds are also subject to mandatory redemption as described herein. (See "REDEMPTION PROVISIONS" herein.)

The Bonds will be issued only as fully registered Bonds and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as the securities depository of the Bonds. Individual purchases will be made in book-entry form only in denominations of \$5,000 principal amount or any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their interest in the Bonds purchased. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.)

The City's Bonds are offered when, as and if issued subject to the approval of legality by Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Bond Counsel. Quarles & Brady LLP will also as act as Disclosure Counsel for the City. The anticipated settlement date for the Bonds is on or about April 6, 2022.



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CITY OF OAK CREEK (Milwaukee County, Wisconsin)

COMMON COUNCIL

Daniel Bukiewicz, Mayor

Kenneth Gehl, President Chris Guzikowski, Alderperson Steven Kurkowski, Alderperson Gregory Loreck, Alderperson Richard Duchniak, Alderperson Michael E. Toman, Alderperson

ADMINISTRATION

Andrew J. Vickers, City Administrator

Maxwell C. Gagin, Assistant City Administrator/Comptroller
Catherine A. Roeske, City Clerk
Sara Kawczynski, City Treasurer
Melissa Karls, City Attorney

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Underwriter: Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Bond Counsel: Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Disclosure Counsel: Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Paying Agent: Associated Trust Company, National Association, Green Bay, Wisconsin

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement is being distributed in connection with the sale of the Bonds referred to in this Official Statement and may not be used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person is authorized to make any representations concerning the Bonds other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations may not be relied upon as statements of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City"). This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such an offer, solicitation or sale.

Unless otherwise indicated, the City is the source of the information contained in this Official Statement. Certain information in this Official Statement has been obtained by the City or on its behalf from The Depository Trust Company and other non-City sources that the City believes to be reliable. No representation or warranty is made, however, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information. Nothing contained in this Official Statement is a promise of or representation by Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Underwriter"). The Underwriter has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. The information and opinions expressed in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made under this Official Statement shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the financial condition or operations of the City or other information in this Official Statement, since the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement contains statements that are "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. When used in this Official Statement, the words "estimate," "intend," "project" or "projection," "expect" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which are discussed herein, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Investors and prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety. No one factor should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its position in this Official Statement. Where statutes, ordinances, reports or other documents are referred to in this Official Statement, reference should be made to those documents for more complete information regarding their subject matter.

The Bonds will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the securities laws of any state of the United States, and will not be listed on any stock or other securities exchange. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state, municipal or other governmental entity shall have passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS, THE UNDERWRITER MAY OR MAY NOT OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRICES AND OTHER TERMS RESPECTING THE OFFERING AND SALE OF THE BONDS MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITER AFTER THE BONDS ARE RELEASED FOR SALE AND THE BONDS MAY BE OFFERED AND SOLD AT PRICES OTHER THAN THE INITIAL OFFERING PRICES, INCLUDING SALES TO DEALERS WHO MAY SELL THE BONDS INTO INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS.

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SUMMARY

City: City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.

Issue: \$2,325,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds (the "Bonds").

Dated Date: April 6, 2022.

Interest Due: Interest on the Bonds shall be payable commencing on April 1, 2023 and

semiannually thereafter on October 1 and April 1 of each year. Interest is calculated

on the basis of a 30-day month and a 360-day year.

Principal Due: April 1 of the years 2023 through 2030. Term Bonds due April 1, 2032, April 1, 2034

and April 1, 2036.

Redemption Provision: The Bonds maturing on and after April 1, 2030 shall be subject to call and prior

payment, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2029 or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest. The amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the City. If less than the entire principal amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, the Bonds of that maturity which are to be redeemed shall be selected by lot. Notice of such call shall be given by sending a notice thereof by registered or certified mail, facsimile or electronic transmission, overnight express delivery, or in any other manner required by DTC not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books. The Term Bonds maturing April 1, 2032, April 1, 2034 and April 1, 2036 are also subject to mandatory redemption as described herein. (See "REDEMPTION"

PROVISIONS" herein.).

Security: The full faith, credit and resources of the City are pledged to the payment of the

principal of and the interest on the Bonds as the same become due and, for said purposes, there are levied without limitation on all the taxable property in the City, direct, annual irrepealable taxes in each year and in such amounts as will be sufficient to meet such principal and interest payments when due. Under current

law, such taxes may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount.

Purpose: The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the public purpose of

current refunding certain outstanding obligations of the City. (See "THE FINANCING

PLAN" herein.)

Tax Status: Interest on the Bonds is included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

(See "TAXABILITY OF INTEREST" herein.)

Credit Rating: The Bonds have been assigned a "Aa2" rating by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

(See "RATING" herein.)

Record Date: The 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each interest payment date.

Information set forth on this page is qualified by the entire Official Statement. A full review of the entire Official Statement should be made by potential investors.

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Official Statement presents certain information relating to the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City" and the "State", respectively) in connection with the sale of the City's \$2,325,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are issued pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State and the parameters resolution (the "Parameters Resolution") adopted by the Common Council and other proceedings and determinations related thereto.

All summaries of statutes, documents and the Parameters Resolution contained in this Official Statement are subject to all the provisions of, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such statutes, documents and the Parameters Resolution, and references herein to the Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the forms thereof included in the Parameters Resolution. Copies of the Parameters Resolution may be obtained from the Underwriter (defined herein) upon request.

THE FINANCING PLAN

The Bonds will be issued for the public purpose of current refunding a portion of the following issue (the "Prior Issue"):

Issue: Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2020D

Original Amount: \$5,160,000 Dated Date: April 1, 2020 Redemption Date: April 7, 2022

(April 1)	Principal Amount/Bonds To Be Refunded	Principal Amount/Bonds <u>Not Refunded</u>	Interest Rate
2022	\$0	\$975,000	1.85%
2023	2,255,000	995,000	1.95
TOTAL	\$2,255,000	\$1,970,000	

The Bonds will be deposited in a segregated account and used to current refund a portion of the 2023 maturity of the Prior Issue.

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES

<u>Sources of Funds</u>	
Par Amount of Bonds	\$2,325,000.00
Total Sources of Funds	\$2,325,000.00
<u>Uses of Funds</u>	
Deposit to Debt Service Fund (for Current Refunding)	\$2,255,732.88
Cost of Issuance	39,439.58
Underwriter's Discount	29,062.50
Deposit to Debt Service Fund for Rounding	765.04
Total Uses of Funds	\$2,325,000.00

REDEMPTION PROVISIONS

Optional Redemption

The Bonds maturing on April 1, 2030 and thereafter are subject to redemption, at the option of the City, on April 1, 2029 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, and if in part, from maturities selected by the City and by lot within each maturity at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Mandatory Redemption

The Bonds maturing April 1, 2032, April 1, 2034 and April 1, 2036 (collectively, the "Term Bonds") are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on April 1 of each of the years and in the amounts set forth below at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date. As and for a sinking fund for the redemption of the Term Bonds, the City shall cause to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund Account a sum which is sufficient to redeem the following principal amounts of such Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the redemption date:

2032 Term Bonds		<u>2034 Term Bonds</u>		<u>2036 Term Bonds</u>	
2031	\$170,000	2033	\$180,000	2035	\$195,000
2032 (maturity)	175,000	2034 (maturity)	190,000	2036 (maturity)	200,000

The City will call the Term Bonds for redemption on the dates and in the amounts set forth above and direct its officers and agents to take the necessary steps to select the Term Bonds to be redeemed on the dates and amounts set forth above and give appropriate notice of said redemption to the registered holders of the Term Bonds so redeemed.

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS CONCERNING THE CITY'S POWER TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS

The Constitution and laws of the State limit the power of the City (and other municipalities of the State) to issue obligations and to contract indebtedness. Such constitutional and legislative limitations include the following, in summary form and as generally applicable to the City.

Purpose

The City may not borrow money or issue notes or bonds therefore for any purpose except those specified by statute, which include among others the purposes for which the Bonds are being issued.

General Obligation Bonds

The principal amount of every sum borrowed by the City and secured by an issue of bonds may be payable at one time in a single payment or at several times in two or more installments; however, no installment may be made payable later than the termination of twenty years immediately following the date of the bonds. The Common Council of the City is required to levy a direct, annual, irrepealable tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on such bonds as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof at maturity. Bonds issued by the City to refinance or refund outstanding notes or bonds issued by the City may be payable no later than twenty years following the original date of such notes or bonds.

Refunding Bonds

In addition to being authorized to issue bonds, the City is authorized to borrow money using refunding bonds for refunding existing debt. To evidence such indebtedness, the City must issue to the lender its refunding bonds (with interest) payable within a period not exceeding twenty years following the initial date of the debt to be refunded. Such refunding bonds constitute a general obligation of the City. Refunding bonds are not subject to referendum.

Bond or Note Anticipation Notes

In anticipation of issuing general obligation bonds or notes, the City is authorized to borrow money using bond or note anticipation notes. The bond or note anticipation notes shall in no event be a general obligation of the City, and do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, nor a charge against its general credit or taxing power. The bond or note anticipation notes are payable only from (a) proceeds of the bond or note anticipation notes set aside for

payment of interest on the bond or note anticipation notes as they become due, and, (b) proceeds to be derived from the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds or promissory notes which proceeds constitute a special trust fund to be held and expended solely for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bond or note anticipation notes. The maximum term of any bond or note anticipation notes (including any refunding) is five years.

Promissory Notes

In addition to being authorized to issue bonds, the City is authorized to borrow money using notes for any public purpose. To evidence such indebtedness, the City must issue to the lender its promissory notes (with interest) payable within a period not exceeding ten years following the date of said notes. Such notes constitute a general obligation of the City. Notes may be issued to refinance or refund outstanding notes. However, such notes may be payable not later than twenty years following the original date of such notes.

Debt Limit

The City has the power to contract indebtedness for purposes specified by statute so long as the principal amount thereof does not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City. For information with respect to the City's percent of legal debt incurred, see the caption "Debt Limit", herein.

THE RESOLUTION

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Parameters Resolution adopted by the Common Council pursuant to the procedures prescribed by Wisconsin Statutes. Reference is made to the Parameters Resolution for a complete recital of its terms.

The Parameters Resolution

By way of the Parameters Resolution to be adopted on March 1, 2022 (the "Parameters Resolution"), the Common Council will delegate authority to its City Administrator or Assistant City Administrator/Comptroller (each an "Authorized Officer") to accept the proposal of the Underwriter (the "Purchase Agreement) for the purchase of the Bonds, provided the Bonds Purchase Agreement met the parameters set forth in the Parameters Resolution, by executing a Certificate Approving the Preliminary Official Statement and Details of Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds (the "Approving Certificate"). The Common Council will pledge the full faith, credit and resources of the City to the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds pursuant to the Parameters Resolution. Pursuant to the Parameters Resolution, a direct annual irrepealable tax will be levied for collection in the years 2023 through 2036 in the amounts which will be sufficient to meet the principal and interest payments on the Bonds when due (or monies to pay such debt service will otherwise be appropriated). The Parameters Resolution will establish a separate debt service fund with respect to payment of principal and interest on the Bonds which is separate and distinct from all other funds of the City.

Approving Certificate

On March 7, 2022 an Authorized Officer executed the Approving Certificate for the Bonds, approving the Preliminary Official Statement, accepting the Bond Purchase Agreement, setting forth the details of the Bonds, and specifying the amount of the direct annual irrepealable tax levied to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds.

THE CITY

The City operates under the mayor-council form of government. The common council members are elected to twoyear staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a three-year term. The common council meets in regular session twice monthly and performs the legislative and policymaking functions of city government. By statute, the mayor presides at common council meetings and serves as the chief executive officer. The administrative functions of the city government have been delegated to a city administrator, who is hired by and reports to the mayor and common council. Daniel Bukiewicz, Mayor Term Expires: April, 2024

Common Council

		Expiration
Name	_ Aldermanic District	of Term
Steven Kurkowski	1st Aldermanic District	April, 2023
Gregory Loreck	2 nd Aldermanic District	April, 2022*
Richard Duchniak	3 rd Aldermanic District	April, 2023
Michael E. Toman	4 th Aldermanic District	April, 2022**
Kenneth Gehl (President)	5 th Aldermanic District	April, 2023
Chris Guzikowski	6 th Aldermanic District	April, 2022*

^{*}Seeking re-election. Running unopposed.

Source: The City.

Administration

		Years of
Name	Position	Service
Andrew J. Vickers	City Administrator	5
Maxwell C. Gagin*	Assistant City Administrator/Comptroller	1
Catherine A. Roeske**	City Clerk	9
Sara Kawczynski**	City Treasurer	4
Melissa Karls	City Attorney	14

^{*}Prior to joining the City, Mr. Gagin was the Finance Director at the City of Janesville.

Source: The City.

Services

The City provides for a full range of municipal services including police and fire protection, parks, public works operations, building inspection and zoning control, water and sewer utilities, and general administrative services.

Public Safety

The City's police department has 64 police officers, 26 full-time and 7 part-time employees. The fire department has 54 firefighters of which 39 are paramedics. All firefighters are required to be EMTs. In addition, the department has one full-time employee and two part-time employees.

Employment Relations

	Number of
Department	Employees*
General Government	70
Police Department	97
Fire Department	56
Public Works	59
Water Utility	35
Library & Recreation	25
TOTAL	342

^{*}Full-time and part-time budgeted positions.

Source: The City.

^{**}Seeking re-election. Running opposed.

^{**}Ms. Kawczynski became the City Treasurer effective October 27, 2021. Previously Ms. Kawczynski was the Deputy Treasurer for the City. As of May 1, 2021, the City Clerk and City Treasurer positions are appointed and are no longer elected.

Labor Contracts

Organization	Employee Group	Contract Expiration
Oak Creek Professional Police Officers' Association	Police Officers	December 31, 2024
International Association of Firefighters, Local 1848 AFL-CIO	Firefighters	December 31, 2024
	Laborers and Clerical	
Labor Association of Wisconsin (LAW)	Workers	December 31, 2022*

^{*}Contract may only cover total base wages.

The City considers its relationship with the employee group to be good.

Source: The City.

All eligible City personnel are covered by the Municipal Employment Relations Act ("MERA") of the Wisconsin Statutes. Pursuant to that law, employees have rights to organize and, after significant changes were made to the law in 2011, very limited rights to collectively bargain with municipal employers. MERA was amended by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10 (the "Act") and by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32.

As a result of the 2011 amendments to MERA, the City is prohibited from bargaining collectively with municipal employees, other than public safety or transit employees, with respect to any factor or condition of employment except total base wages. Even then, the City is limited to increasing total base wages beyond any increase in the consumer price index since 180 days before the expiration of the previous collective bargaining agreement (unless the City were to seek approval for a higher increase through a referendum). Ultimately, the City can unilaterally implement the wages for a collective bargaining unit.

Under the changes to MERA, impasse resolution procedures were removed from the law for municipal employees of the type employed by the City, including binding interest arbitration. Strikes by any municipal employee or labor organization are expressly prohibited. As a practical matter, it is anticipated that strikes will be rare. Furthermore, if strikes do occur, they may be enjoined by the courts. Additionally, because the only legal subject of bargaining is the base wage rates, all bargaining over items such as just cause, benefits, and terms of conditions of employment are prohibited and cannot be included in a collective bargaining agreement. Impasse resolution for public safety employees and transit employees is subject to final and binding arbitration procedures, which do not include a right to strike. Interest arbitration is available for transit employees if certain conditions are met.

Pension Plan

All eligible employees in the City are covered under the Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") established under Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes ("Chapter 40"). The Department of Employee Trust Funds ("ETF") administers the WRS. Required contributions to the WRS are determined by the ETF Board pursuant to an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 and the ETF's funding policies. The ETF Board has stated that its funding policy is to (i) ensure funds are adequate to pay benefits; (ii) maintain stable and predictable contribution rates for employers and employees; and (iii) maintain intergenerational equity to ensure the cost of the benefits is paid for by the generation that receives the benefits.

City employees are generally required to contribute half of the actuarially determined contributions, and the City generally may not pay the employees' required contribution. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 ("Fiscal Year 2018"), December 31, 2019 ("Fiscal Year 2019") and December 31, 2020 ("Fiscal Year 2020"), the City's portion of the contributions to WRS (not including any employee contributions) totaled \$1,729,528, \$1,850,459 and \$2,046,857, respectively.

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 ("GASB 68") for Fiscal Year 2015.

GASB 68 requires calculation of a net pension liability for the pension plan. The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the pension plan's total pension liability and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's total pension liability is the present value of the amounts needed to pay pension benefits earned by each participant in the pension plan based on the service provided as of the date of the actuarial valuation. In other words, it is a measure of the present value of benefits owed as of a particular date based on what has been earned only up to that date, without taking into account any benefits earned after that date. The pension plan's fiduciary

net position is the market value of plan assets formally set aside in a trust and restricted to paying pension plan benefits. If the pension plan's total pension liability exceeds the pension plan's fiduciary net position, then a net pension plan's total pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds the pension plan's total pension liability, then a net pension asset results.

As of December 31, 2019, the total pension liability of the WRS was calculated as \$108.87 billion and the fiduciary net position of the WRS was calculated as \$112.09 billion, resulting in a net pension asset of \$3.22 billion. The spread of COVID-19 has previously impacted investment markets and may do so again in the future, which may impact the funded status of the WRS and future contribution requirements as a result (see "GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK" herein).

Under GASB 68, each participating employer in a cost-sharing pension plan must report the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability or net pension asset of the pension plan. Accordingly, for Fiscal Year 2020, the City reported an asset of \$5,355,160 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset of the WRS. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. The City's proportion was 0.16607948% of the aggregate WRS net pension asset as of December 31, 2019.

The calculation of the total pension liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of the net pension liability of the WRS, which may also cause the ETF Board to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information regarding the WRS and such actuarial assumptions, see Note 4 in "Appendix A: Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the Year Ended December 31, 2020".

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The City provides "other post-employment benefits" ("OPEB") (i.e., post-employment benefits, other than pension benefits, owed to its employees and former employees) through a single-employer defined benefit plan to employees who have terminated their employment with the City and have satisfied specified eligibility standards. Membership in the plan consisted of 258 retirees receiving benefits and 172 active plan members as of October 13, 2020. The plan is closed to new members.

OPEB calculations are required to be updated every two years and be prepared in accordance with Statement Nos. 74 and 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB 74/75"). An actuarial study for the plan prepared in accordance with GASB 74/75 was most recently completed by Milliman, Inc. in February 2021 with an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020 (the "Actuarial Report").

For Fiscal Year 2020, the City's contributions totaled \$2,479,754. The City's current funding practice is to make annual contributions to the plan in the amounts at least equal to the benefits paid to retirees in a particular year on a "pay-as-you-go" basis.

Under GASB 74/75, a net OPEB liability (or asset) is calculated as the difference between the plan's total OPEB liability and the plan's fiduciary net position, which terms have similar meanings as under GASB 68 and GASB 73 for pension plans.

As of December 31, 2020, the plan's total OPEB liability was \$37,373,131 and the plan fiduciary net position was \$0, resulting in a net OPEB liability of \$37,373,131.

The calculation of the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. For more detailed information regarding such actuarial assumptions, see Note 4 in "Appendix A - Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the year ended December 31, 2020" attached hereto. The Actuarial Report is available upon request from the City.

The City also provides OPEB through the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund ("LRLIF"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by Chapter 40. The ETF and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight, including establishing contribution requirements for employers.

For Fiscal Year 2020, the City's portion of contributions to the LRLIF totaled \$6,687. For Fiscal Year 2020, the City reported a liability of \$1,451,780 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on the City's share of contributions to the LRLIF relative to

the contributions of all participating employers. The City's proportion was 0.34093800% of the aggregate LRLIF net OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019.

The calculation of the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF, which may also cause ETF to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information, see Note 4 in the "Appendix A - Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the year Ended December 31, 2020" attached hereto.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Location

The City is located in Milwaukee County in southeastern Wisconsin. The City is adjacent to the City of Milwaukee and 85 miles north of Chicago. The City is located on Interstate Highway 94, U.S. Highway 41, and State Highways 32, 38 and 100. The City is also served by passenger and freight railroads and Milwaukee Mitchell International Airport in the City of Milwaukee.

Education

Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District (the "District") provides a comprehensive education for students in prekindergarten through the twelfth grade. District facilities include one high school, two middle schools and seven elementary schools. Enrollment for the 2021-22 school year is 6,109 students. The District's estimated 2020 population is 38,621* and the District has approximately 722 employees.

Post-Secondary Education

Several colleges and universities serve the City:

Alverno College
Cardinal Stritch University
Carroll University
Carthage College
Concordia University Wisconsin
Gateway Technical College
Marquette University
Milwaukee Area Technical College
Milwaukee School of Engineering
Mount Mary University
University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee at Waukesha
University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee
Wisconsin Lutheran College

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Population

	Milwaukee	City of
	<u>County</u>	Oak Creek
Estimate, 2021	947,241	37,608
Estimate, 2020	944,099	36,529
Estimate, 2019	946,296	35,830
Estimate, 2018	950,381	35,739
Census, 2010	947,735	34,451

Source: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographics Services Center.

^{*}Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Per Return Adjusted Gross Income

	State of	Milwaukee	City of
<u>Year</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>	<u>County</u>	Oak Creek
2020	\$61,518	\$52,751	\$64,267
2019	61,003	54,920	62,654
2018	59,423	53,380	62,515
2017	56,698	50,516	59,174
2016	55,267	49.692	58.196

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Division of Research and Policy.

Unemployment Rate

	State of	Milwaukee
	<u>Wisconsin</u>	<u>County</u>
December, 2021	2.0%**	2.8%**
December, 2020*	4.0	5.6
Average, 2020	6.3%**	8.2%
Average, 2019	3.3	3.9
Average, 2018	3.0	3.7
Average, 2017	3.3	4.0
Average, 2016	3.9	4.9

^{*}Figures reflect employment impact as a result of COVID-19 (see "GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK" herein).
**Preliminary.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Workplace Development WisConomy.

Building Permits

	Total New	Total New Construction		esidential ⁽¹⁾
	Number		Number	
Year	of Permits	Valuation	of Permits	Valuation
2022*	3	\$26,404,529	2	\$904,529
2021	34	62,939,301	26	10,975,266
2020	105	90,944,057	89	23,505,498
2019	78	242,270,920	49	16,135,766
2018	23	61,161,214	20	5,924,455

^{*}As of January 31, 2022.

Source: The City.

⁽¹⁾Total building permits for single family and two-family residences.

Largest Employers

		Number of
Employer Name	Type of Business	Employees
Amazon Fulfillment Center	Distribution center	2,286*
Milwaukee Area Technical College District	Higher education	1,341
UPS	Parcel delivery and distribution center	730*
Oak Creek-Franklin School District	Education	722
PPG Industries, Inc.	Coating and resin products	700
Reinhart FoodService, LLC	Wholesale food distributor	480
Oak Creek Power Plant (WE Energies)	Electrical power generation	400
The City	Government	342
Joseph Campione Inc.	Food products	298
YRC Freight	Trucking	250

^{*}Full-time equivalent.

Source: Data Axle Genie (<u>www.dataaxlegenie.com</u>), Milwaukee Area Technical College District Official Statement dated February 10, 2022, the City and direct employer contacts. Numbers may not reflect any impact from COVID-19. See "GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK" herein.

Largest Taxpayers

T	Two of Burbana	2021 Assessed	2021 Equalized
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Valuation
Commerce 94 Project LLC (Amazon)	Distribution center	\$149,884,900	\$155,759,700
HSI Drexel Ridge LLC	Apartments	62,310,000	64,752,300
Springbrook Circle Apartments	Apartments	61,116,300	63,511,800
Occidental Development LP	Apartments	58,699,900	61,000,800
Centennial LLC	Apartments	44,465,600	46,208,300
Ikea US Retail LLC	Retail	40,270,400	41,848,800
Barrett Visionary Development LLC	Apartments	39,511,600	41,060,300
Legacy/Timber Ridge LLC	Apartments	29,948,900	31,122,900
JES Oak Creek MOB LLC	Froedtert health clinic	29,048,700	30,187,300
Aldi Inc.	Grocery warehouse, distribution center	25,141,300	26,126,900
TOTAL		\$540,397,600	\$561,579,100

The above taxpayers represent 12.16% of the City's 2021 Equalized Value (TID IN) (\$4,618,317,600).

Source: The City.

TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS

Personal property taxes, special assessments, special charges and special taxes must be paid to the town, city or village treasurer in full by January 31. Real property taxes may be paid in full by January 31 or in two equal installments payable by January 31 and July 31. Municipalities also have the option of adopting payment plans which allow taxpayers to pay their real property taxes and special assessments in three or more installments, provided that the first installment is paid by January 31, one-half of the taxes are paid by April 30 and the remainder is paid by July 31. Amounts paid on or before January 31 are paid to the town, city or village treasurer. Amounts paid after January 31 are paid to the county treasurer unless the municipality has authorized payment in three or more installments in which case payment is made to the town, city or village treasurer. Any amounts paid after July 31 are paid to the county treasurer. For municipalities which have not adopted an installment payment plan, the town, city or village treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for collections through the preceding month on January 15 and February 20. For municipalities which have adopted an installment payment plan, the town, city or village treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for collections through the preceding month on January 15, February 15 and the 15th day of each month following a month in which an installment payment is due. On or before August 20, the county treasurer must settle in full with the underlying taxing districts for all real property taxes and special taxes. The County Board may authorize its County Treasurer to also settle in full with the underlying

taxing districts for all special assessments and special charges. The county may then recover any tax delinguencies by enforcing the lien on the property and retain any penalties or interest on the delinquencies for which it has settled. Uncollected personal property taxes owed by an entity that has ceased operations or filed a petition for bankruptcy, or are due on personal property that has been removed from the next assessment roll are collected from each taxing entity in the year following the levy year. Since, in practice, all delinquent real property taxes are withheld from the county's share of taxes, the City receives 100 percent of the real property taxes it levies for real property taxes. See "LEVY LIMITS" herein for information on additional limitations on City tax levies. The spread of COVID-19 and responses taken by the United States government, state governments, local governments and private industries have caused significant disruptions to the national and State economy. See "GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK" herein. On April 15, 2020, Governor Tony Evers signed into law 2019 Wisconsin Act 185, which provides that for property taxes payable in 2020, a taxation district could, after making a general or case-bycase finding of hardship, choose to waive interest or penalties on property tax installment payments paid after April 1, 2020 but on or before October 1, 2020. In order to take such action, the county board of supervisors was required to first adopt a resolution authorizing such waiver and determining criteria for determining hardship and then the taxation district was required to subsequently adopt a similar resolution. In the case of a county adopting such a resolution, the county proportionally settled with the taxation districts any taxes, interest and penalties collected on or before July 31, 2020 on August 20, 2020, and settled the remaining unpaid taxes, interest, and penalties on September 20, 2020. Milwaukee County and the City adopted such resolutions. The City cannot predict whether any similar legislation may be adopted in the future or whether and how much payment of property taxes will be impacted by COVID-19 this year or in future years. Any delays or reduction in the receipt of property taxes may materially adversely impact the City's finances and payment of debt obligations, including the Bonds.

Set forth below are tax levies for City purposes and the tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation on all taxable property in the City for collection years 2018-2022:

Levy/Collection	City	Total City	Uncollected Taxes as of August 20th	Percent of Levy
Year	Tax Rate	Levy	of each Year	Collected
2021/2022	\$6.12	\$23,309,433	-In Process of Co	llection-
2020/2021	6.33	22,751,537	\$0	100%
2019/2020	6.26	21,532,906	0	100
2018/2019	6.30	20,697,879	0	100
2017/2018	6.41	20,261,131	0	100

Source: The City.

ASSESSED TAX RATES

	2021/2022	2020/2021	2019/2020	2018/2019	2017/2018
The City	\$6.12	\$6.33	\$6.26	\$6.30	\$6.41
Oak Creek-Franklin School District	9.25	9.17	9.03	8.51	8.70
Milwaukee Area Technical College District	1.05	1.18	1.20	1.23	1.26
County & State ⁽¹⁾	5.63	5.82	6.09	6.04	6.30
Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District	1.55	1.63	1.68	1.70	1.73
Gross Tax Rate	23.60	24.13	24.26	23.78	24.40
State Tax Credit	(2.42)	(2.39)	(2.60)	(2.66)	(2.83)
Net Tax Rate	\$21.18	\$21.74	\$21.66	\$21.12	\$21.57

⁽¹⁾ State property taxes were eliminated in the State's 2017-19 budget act.

Source: The City.

LEVY LIMITS

Section 66.0602 of the Wisconsin Statutes, imposes a limit on property tax levies by cities, villages, towns and counties. No city, village, town or county is permitted to increase its tax levy by a percentage that exceeds its valuation factor (which is defined as a percentage equal to the greater of either the percentage change in the political subdivision's January 1 equalized value due to new construction less improvements removed between the previous year and the current or zero percent). The base amount in any year to which the levy limit applies is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year. In 2018, and in each year thereafter, the base amount is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year plus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes (an amount equal to the property taxes formerly levied on certain items of personal property), and the levy limit is the base amount multiplied by the valuation factor, minus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes. This levy limitation is an overall limit, applying to levies for operations as well as for other purposes.

A political subdivision that did not levy its full allowable levy in the prior year can carry forward the difference between the allowable levy and the actual levy, up to a maximum of 1.5% of the prior year's actual levy. The use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (except in the case of towns) if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% and by a super majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (three-quarters vote if the governing body is comprised of five or more members, two-thirds vote if the governing body is comprised of fewer than five members) (except in the case of towns) if the amount of the carry forward levy adjustment is greater than 0.5% up to the maximum increase of 1.5%. For towns, the use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the annual town meeting or special town meeting after the town board has adopted a resolution in favor of the adjustment by a majority vote if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% or by two-thirds vote or more if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is greater than 0.5% up to the maximum of 1.5%.

Beginning with levies imposed in 2015, if a political subdivision does not make an adjustment in its levy as described in the above paragraph in the current year, the political subdivision may increase its levy by the aggregate amount of the differences between the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year and the actual percent increase in a political subdivision's levy attributable to the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year, for the five years before the current year, less any amount of such aggregate amount already claimed as an adjustment in any of the previous five years. The calculation of the aggregate amount available for such adjustment may not include any year before 2014, and the maximum adjustment allowed may not exceed 5%. The use of the adjustment described in this paragraph requires approval by a two-thirds vote of the political subdivision's governing body, and the adjustment may only be used if the political subdivision's level of outstanding general obligation debt in the current year is less than or equal to the political subdivision's level of outstanding general obligation debt in the previous year.

Special provisions are made with respect to property taxes levied to pay general obligation debt service. Those are described below. In addition, the statute provides for certain other adjustments to and exclusions from the tax levy limit. Among the exclusions, Section 66.0602(3)(e)5. of the Wisconsin Statutes provides that the levy limit does not apply to "the amount that a political subdivision levies in that year to make up any revenue shortfall for the debt service on a revenue bond issued under Section 66.0621 by that political subdivision." Recent positions taken by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue ("DOR") staff call into question the availability of this exception, including by limiting its availability depending on the circumstances surrounding the pertinent revenue shortfall. To date, such DOR positions have not been expressed formally in a declaratory ruling under Section 227.41(5)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes, nor have they been the subject of any court challenge or resulting court ruling.

With respect to general obligation debt service, the following provisions are made:

- (a) If a political subdivision's levy for the payment of general obligation debt service, including debt service on debt issued or reissued to fund or refund outstanding obligations of the political subdivision and interest on outstanding obligations of the political subdivision, on debt originally issued before July 1, 2005, is less in the current year than in the previous year, the political subdivision is required to reduce its levy limit in the current year by the amount of the difference between the previous year's levy and the current year's levy.
- (b) For obligations authorized before July 1, 2005, if the amount of debt service in the preceding year is less than the amount of debt service needed in the current year, the levy limit is increased by the difference between the two amounts. This adjustment is based on scheduled debt service rather than the amount actually levied for debt service (after taking into account offsetting revenues such as sales tax revenues, special assessments, utility

revenues, tax increment revenues or surplus funds). Therefore, the levy limit could negatively impact political subdivisions that experience a reduction in offsetting revenues.

(c) The levy limits do not apply to property taxes levied to pay debt service on general obligation debt authorized on or after July 1, 2005.

The Bonds will be authorized after July 1, 2005 and therefore the levy limits do not apply to taxes levied to pay debt service on the Bonds.

ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS

All equalized valuations of property in the State of Wisconsin are determined by the State of Wisconsin, Department of Revenue, Supervisor of Assessments Office. Equalized valuations are the State's estimate of full market value. The State determines assessed valuations of all manufacturing property in the State. Assessed valuations of residential and commercial property are determined by local assessors. The economic impact of COVID-19 may impact equalized valuations of property in the state, including the City. The City cannot predict the extent of any such changes, but a material decrease in the equalized valuations of property in the City may materially adversely affect the financial condition of the City (see "GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK" herein).

Set forth in the table below are equalized valuations of property located within the City for the years 2017 through 2021. The City's equalized valuation (TID-IN) has increased by 39.18 percent since 2017, with an average annual growth of 8.62 percent.

		Equalized	Equalized
	Assessed	Valuation	Valuation
Year	Valuation	(TID-IN)	(TID-OUT)
2021	\$4,444,689,200	\$4,618,317,600	\$3,957,952,800
2020	4,102,096,300	4,215,753,700	3,691,190,400
2019	3,760,176,500	3,831,003,800	3,501,006,200
2018	3,496,496,000	3,492,653,000	3,284,231,300
2017	3,304,022,300	3,318,333,100	3,175,445,200

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Equalized Value by Property Class

Equalized value by class of property in the City (TID-IN) for 2021 is as follows:

	2021 Equalized Value	Percent of Total
Real Estate	Equalized value	Total
Residential	\$2,558,207,100	55.39%
Commercial	1,729,892,100	37.46
Manufacturing	187,137,700	4.05
Agriculture, Forest, Other	11,051,900	0.24
Total Real Estate	\$4,486,288,800	97.14%
Total Personal Property	132,028,800	2.86
Total Equalized Value	\$4,618,317,600	100.00%

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Tax Increment Districts

The City has created Tax Increment Districts ("TIDs") under Wisconsin Statute 66.1105. TID valuations totaling \$660,364,800 have been excluded from the City's tax base for 2021.

TID	Year	Base	2021	
Number	Created	Value	Value	Increment
006	2001	\$1,377,200	\$19,648,900	\$18,271,700
007	2007	165,053,100	250,633,500	85,580,400
800	2009	23,056,600	126,197,100	103,140,500
010	2010	19,223,700	41,146,500	21,922,800
011	2012	12,861,900	196,816,100	183,954,200
012	2016	3,738,200	60,003,700	56,265,500
013	2017	4,703,500	5,469,300	765,800
014	2018	641,300	9,559,200	8,917,900
015	2018	1,899,900	6,374,800	4,474,900
016	2018	1,549,200	178,620,300	177,071,100
			TOTAL	\$660,364,800

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

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INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY

Direct Indebtedness

Set forth below is the general obligation direct indebtedness of the City, including principal and interest payments due on existing debt, as well as debt service on the Bonds and excluding the refunded maturities of the Prior Issue. Interest on the Bonds has been calculated using an average rate of 2.73 percent.

Total

							lotal
	Outstanding E	Bonds & Notes	The B	onds	Total Debt Service	Less: Projected Offsetting	Projected Net Debt Service
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Requirements	Revenues (1)	Requirements
2022	\$7,810,000	\$2,985,401			\$10,795,401	(\$9,649,204)	\$1,146,197
2023	8,015,000	2,723,717	\$115,000	\$85,996	10,939,713	(10,111,213)	828,500
2024	7,450,000	2,477,627	145,000	55,491	10,128,118	(9,501,218)	626,900
2025	7,910,000	2,224,473	150,000	52,723	10,337,196	(9,779,896)	557,300
2026	8,330,000	1,952,891	155,000	49,556	10,487,447	(9,987,747)	499,700
2027	8,715,000	1,666,577	155,000	46,146	10,582,724	(10,074,024)	508,700
2028	7,895,000	1,397,659	160,000	42,523	9,495,182	(8,978,482)	516,700
2029	8,150,000	1,139,847	165,000	38,621	9,493,469	(8,974,769)	518,700
2030	8,235,000	867,984	170,000	34,433	9,307,417	(8,767,817)	539,600
2031	8,475,000	592,314	170,000	29,928	9,267,242	(8,592,742)	674,500
2032	7,820,000	352,525	175,000	25,184	8,372,709	(7,786,209)	586,500
2033	2,070,000	149,080	180,000	20,168	2,419,248	(2,419,248)	0
2034	2,085,000	81,629	190,000	14,803	2,371,431	(2,371,431)	0
2035	525,000	39,279	195,000	9,074	768,353	(768,353)	0
2036	545,000	16,405	200,000	3,050	764,455	(764,455)	0
2037	195,000	3,754	0	0	198,754	(198,754)	0
	94,225,000	18,671,161	2,325,000	507,694	115,728,855	(108,725,558)	7,003,297
Less 2022 Sinking							
Funds	(7,810,000)	(2,985,401)	0	0	(10,795,401)	9,649,204	(1,146,197)
TOTAL	\$86,415,000	\$15,685,761	\$2,325,000	\$507,694	\$104,933,454	(\$99,076,354)	\$5,857,100

⁽¹⁾All outstanding debt was issued as general obligations of the City; however tax increment revenues and state utility aid are projected to offset the total debt service. The actual amount of these offsetting revenues is not guaranteed. Under State law, the City is required to levy an amount sufficient to meet the debt service on its outstanding general obligation debt, but such levy may be abated by the use of offsetting revenues, if and to the extent available.

Other Financings

The following issues are not general obligations of the City:

- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, dated January 13, 2010 totaling \$382,087 in principal, due May 1, 2022 through 2029.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, dated November 23, 2011 totaling \$3,263,948 in principal due May 1, 2022 through 2031.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, dated May 8, 2013 totaling \$1,673,770 in principal due May 1, 2022 through 2033.
- Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, dated May 28, 2014 totaling \$3,600,359 in principal due May 1, 2022 through 2034.
- Taxable Waterworks System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020F, dated November 18, 2020 totaling \$4,635,000 in principal due December 1, 2022 through 2031.

Future Financing

Over the next twelve months, the City does not intend to issue any additional general obligation or revenue debt.

Default Record

The City has no record of default on any prior debt repayment obligations.

Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness

Set forth below is information relating to the outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness of the City.

Entity	Amount of Debt (Less 2022 Principal Amounts)	Percent Applicable to City	Outstanding Debt Chargeable To City
Milwaukee Area Technical College District*	\$68,475,000	4.82%	\$3,300,495
Milwaukee County	405,640,453	5.98	24,257,299
Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District	141,430,000	84.37	119,324,491
Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District	696,452,459	6.08	42,344,310
TOTAL	\$1,311,997,912		\$189,226,595

^{*}Milwaukee Area Technical College District ("MATC") is anticipating the issuance of approximately \$39,000,000 annually. This is a preliminary amount and is subject to change. MATC may approve financings subsequent to the date of this official statement.

NOTE: This summary may not reflect all of the City's outstanding overlapping and underlying indebtedness.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Information provided by each municipal entity through publicly available disclosure documents available on EMMA.msrb.org and direct inquiries.

Statistical Summary

The table below reflects direct, overlapping and underlying bonded indebtedness net of all 2022 principal payments and refunded portion of the Prior Issue.

2021 Equalized Valuation as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue	\$4,618,317,600
Direct Bonded Indebtedness (Including the Bonds)	\$88,740,000
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness (Including the Bonds)	\$277,966,595
Direct Bonded Indebtedness as a Percentage of Equalized Valuation	1.92%
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Bonded Indebtedness as a Percentage of Equalized Valuation	6.02%
Population of City (2021 Estimate)*	37,608
Direct Bonded Indebtedness Per Capita	\$2,359.60
Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Bonded Indebtedness Per Capita	\$7,391.16

^{*}Source: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographic Services Center.

Debt Limit

As described under the caption "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND LIMITATIONS CONCERNING THE CITY'S POWER TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS--Debt Limit," the total indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of property in the City. Set forth in the table below is a comparison of the outstanding indebtedness of the City, as of the closing date of the Bonds, excluding the portion of the Prior Issue to be refunded, as a percentage of the applicable debt limit.

Equalized Valuation (2021) as certified by Wisconsin Department of Revenue	\$4,618,317,600
Legal Debt Percentage Allowed	5.00%
Legal Debt Limit	\$230,915,880
General Obligation Debt Outstanding (Including the Bonds)	\$92,745,000
Unused Margin of Indebtedness	\$138,170,880
Percent of Legal Debt Incurred	40.16%
Percentage of Legal Debt Available	59.84%

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial operations of the City are conducted primarily through its general fund. Most taxes and non-tax revenues (such as license fees, fines and costs and user's fees) are paid into the general fund and current operating expenditures are made from the general fund pursuant to appropriations made by the Common Council. Taxes levied for debt service are paid directly into the debt service fund and debt service expenditures are made from that fund.

Budgeting Process

The City is required by State law to annually formulate a budget and to hold public hearings thereon prior to the determination of the amounts to be financed, in whole or in part, by general property taxes, funds on hand or estimated revenues from other sources. The budget must list all existing indebtedness of the City and all anticipated revenues from all sources during the ensuing year and must also list all proposed appropriations for each department, activity and reserve account of the City during the ensuing year. The budget must show actual revenues and expenditures for the preceding year, actual revenues and expenditures for not less than the first six months of the current year and estimated revenues and expenditures for the balance of the current year.

As part of the budgeting process, public hearings are held on the proposed budget, at which time any resident or taxpayer in the City may be heard. At a council meeting in November of each year, the Common Council adopts the final budget for the succeeding year and levies taxes based on assessed valuations of property less any increment attributable to Tax Increment Districts ("TIDs"). The amount of taxes so levied and the amounts of the various appropriations in the final budget (after any alterations made pursuant to public hearings) may not be changed unless authorized by a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the Common Council. Failure to publish notice of any such alteration within ten days thereafter shall preclude any change in the budget.

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GENERAL FUND SUMMARY FOR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	2022 BUDGET	2021 ESTIMATED	2020 ACTUAL	2019 ACTUAL	2018 ACTUAL
Revenues	BODOLI	LOTIMATED	AOTOAL	AOTOAL	AOTOAL
Taxes	\$16,502,595	\$15,559,527	\$15,007,159	\$14,591,049	\$13,672,382
Intergovernmental	8,164,604	5,883,172	6,732,913	6,179,617	6,071,829
Regulation and compliance	1,627,475	1,784,808	1,824,059	2,982,083	2,550,035
Public Charges for Services	258,805	246,016	235,970	324,191	369,492
Investment Income	120,000	120,000	513,701	715,917	404,721
Miscellaneous	102,740	98,995	137,244	98,775	278,317
Interfund charges for services	430,200	371,656	371,538	360,104	358,522
Total revenues	27,206,419	24,064,174	24,822,584	25,251,736	23,705,298
Expenditures					
General Government	9,533,496	6,447,583	6,391,480	6,583,217	5,974,818
Public Safety	12,325,837	12,114,647	11,481,686	11,141,719	10,997,815
Health and Human Services	616,430	467,021	385,034	365,789	428,176
Public Works	4,527,889	4,416,080	4,250,478	4,223,646	4,226,285
Leisure Activities	2,047,767	2,017,353	1,967,992	2,113,004	1,967,632
Total Expenditures	29,051,419	25,462,684	24,476,670	24,427,375	23,594,726
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(1,845,000)	(1,398,510)	345,914	824,361	110,572
Other Financing Sources (uses)					
Sale of property	20,000	3,789,688	27,087	10,993	233,642
Operating Transfers In	1,825,000	1,825,000	1,807,444	1,748,903	1,686,766
Operating Transfers Out	0	(652,135)	(1,564,931)	(1,612,239)	(1,809,977)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,845,000	4,962,553	269,600	147,657	110,431
Revenue and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses	0	3,564,043	615,514	972,018	221,003
(amazi) experience and care door				5.2,010	
Fund balances - beginning of year	13,584,708	10,020,665	9,405,151	8,433,133	8,212,130
Fund balances - end of year	\$13,584,708	\$13,584,708	\$10,020,665	\$9,405,151	\$8,433,133

The amounts shown for the years ended December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2020 are excerpts from the audit reports which have been examined by Baker Tilly US, LLP (formerly, Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP) Milwaukee, Wisconsin (the "Auditor"). The amounts shown for the year ending December 31, 2021 are estimated and the amounts shown for the year ending December 31, 2022 are shown on a budgetary basis, and such amounts have been provided by the City. The comparative statement of revenues and expenditures should be read in conjunction with the other financial statements and notes thereto appearing in Appendix A of this Official Statement.

Financial Information

A copy of the City's Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 including the accompanying independent auditor's report, is included as Appendix A to this Official Statement. Potential purchasers should read such financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The City has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessment, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof, or relating to this Official Statement, nor has the City requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the City since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the City represents that there has been no material adverse change in the financial statements misleading.

UNDERWRITING

Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Underwriter") has agreed to purchase the Bonds from the City for a purchase price of \$2,295,937.50 plus accrued interest to the delivery of the Bonds. The Underwriter will be obligated to purchase all of the Bonds if any of such Bonds are purchased. The Underwriter reserves the right to join with dealers and other underwriters in offering the Bonds to the public. The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing the Bonds into investment trusts) at prices lower than the offering prices derived from the rates and yields for each maturity set forth on the cover of this Official Statement. Such initial public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

RATING

The Bonds have been assigned a "Aa2" rating by Moody's Investors Service Inc. Such rating reflects only the views of such organization and explanations of the significance of such rating may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency, if in the judgment of such rating agency circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

Such rating is not to be construed as a recommendation of the rating agency to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and the rating assigned by the rating agency should be evaluated independently. Except as may be required by the Undertaking described under the heading "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" neither the City nor the Underwriter undertakes responsibility to bring to the attention of the owners of the Bonds any proposed change in or withdrawal of such rating or to oppose any such revision or withdrawal.

TAXABILITY OF INTEREST

Interest on the Bonds is included in gross income for present Federal income tax purposes.

Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule"), the City shall covenant pursuant to the Parameters Resolution adopted by the Common Council to enter into an undertaking (the "Undertaking") for the benefit of holders including beneficial holders of the Bonds to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the City annually to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"), and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain events enumerated in the Rule electronically or in the manner otherwise prescribed by the MSRB to the MSRB. The Undertaking provides that the annual report will be filed not later than 270 days after the end of each fiscal year. The City's fiscal year ends December 31st. The details and terms of the Undertaking, as well as the information to be contained in the annual report or the notices of material events, are set forth in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be executed and delivered by the City at the time the Bonds are delivered. Such Certificate will be in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix B. A failure by the City to comply with the Undertaking will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds (although holders will have the right to obtain specific performance of the obligations under the Undertaking). Nevertheless, such a failure must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

The City is required to file its continuing disclosure information using the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system. Investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

In the previous five years the City has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertaking under the Rule.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede &

Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from City or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of City or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that City believes to be reliable, but City takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or, to the knowledge of the City, threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Bonds taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof.

GLOBAL HEALTH EMERGENCY RISK

Impact of the Spread of COVID-19

In late 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) emerged in Wuhan, Hubei Province, China. COVID-19 has spread throughout the world, including to the United States, resulting in the World Health Organization proclaiming COVID-19 to be a pandemic and former President Trump declaring a national emergency. In response to the spread of COVID-19, the United States government, state governments, local governments and private industries have taken measures to limit social interactions in an effort to limit the spread of COVID-19. On March 25, 2020, Wisconsin's "safer-at-home" order (the "Order") went into effect, which orders the closure of all non-essential business and operations until April 24, 2020 and was subsequently extended until May 26, 2020 (with certain exceptions as provided in the Order). In addition, the deadline for payment of State income taxes was extended to match the federal deadline of July 15, 2020.

On April 21, 2020, Republican legislators in the State filed a lawsuit challenging the legality of the Order. On May 13, 2020, the Wisconsin Supreme Court ruled that the Order is unlawful, invalid and unenforceable because the emergency rulemaking procedures under Section 227.24 of the Wisconsin Statutes and procedures established by the Wisconsin Legislature for rulemaking if criminal penalties were to follow were not followed in connection with the Order. The Supreme Court's decision does not invalidate any local health officials' orders or prevent future local health officials' orders related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act") provides for federal payments from the Coronavirus Relief Fund to the State for the discrete purpose of covering expenses directly incurred as a result of COVID-19 between March 1 and December 30, 2020. On May 27, 2020, Governor Tony Evers announced a program titled, "Routes to Recovery: Local Government Aid Grants," which distributed \$190 million of the State's Coronavirus Relief Fund monies to all counties, cities, villages and towns across Wisconsin for unbudgeted eligible expenditures incurred due to COVID-19 between March 1 and October 31, 2020. The State allocated funds based on population with a guaranteed minimum allocation of \$5,000. The City's allocation is \$582,508. These funds were disbursed up to the amount of the allocation after eligible expenditures were reported through the State's cost tracker application. On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, which

provides local governments an additional \$130.2 billion, including \$45.6 billion for cities, through the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. These funds can be used to mitigate increased expenditures, lost revenue, and economic hardship related to the COVID-19 pandemic, with half received in 2021 and half to be received in 2022. The City's allocation is \$3,802,085.

The effects of the spread of COVID-19 and the government and private responses to the spread continue to evolve. COVID-19 has caused significant disruptions to the global, national and State economy. The extent to which the coronavirus continues to impact the City and its financial condition will depend on future developments, which are uncertain and cannot be predicted by the City, including the duration of the outbreak and future measures taken to address the outbreak.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the unqualified approving legal opinion of Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel. Such opinion will be issued on the basis of the law existing at the time of the issuance of the Bonds. A copy of such opinion will be available at the time of the delivery of the Bonds.

Quarles & Brady LLP has also been retained by the City to serve as Disclosure Counsel to the City with respect to the Bonds. Although, as Disclosure Counsel to the City, Quarles & Brady LLP has assisted the City with certain disclosure matters, Quarles & Brady LLP has not undertaken to independently verify the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of this Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Bonds and assumes no responsibility whatsoever nor shall have any liability to any other party for the statements or information contained or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement. Further, Quarles & Brady LLP makes no representation as to the suitability of the Bonds for any investor.

Quarles & Brady LLP from time to time serves as counsel to the Underwriter with respect to issuers other than the City and transactions other than the issuance of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Municipalities are prohibited from filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (reorganization) or Chapter 7 (liquidation) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532) (the "Bankruptcy Code"). Instead, the Bankruptcy Code permits municipalities to file a petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, but only if certain requirements are met. These requirements include that the municipality must be "specifically authorized" under State law to file for relief under Chapter 9. For these purposes, "State law" may include, without limitation, statutes of general applicability enacted by the State legislature, special legislation applicable to a particular municipality, and/or executive orders issued by an appropriate officer of the State's executive branch.

As of the date hereof, Wisconsin law contains no express authority for municipalities to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Nevertheless, there can be no assurance (a) that State law will not change in the future, while the Bonds are outstanding, in a way that would allow the City to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) even absent such a change in State law, that an executive order or other executive action could not effectively authorize the City to file for relief under Chapter 9. If, in the future, the City were to file a bankruptcy case under Chapter 9, the relevant bankruptcy court would need to consider whether the City could properly do so, which would involve questions regarding State law authority as well as other questions such as whether the City is a municipality for bankruptcy purposes. If the relevant bankruptcy court concluded that the City could properly file a bankruptcy case, and that determination was not reversed, vacated, or otherwise substantially altered on appeal, then the rights of holders of the Bonds could be modified in bankruptcy proceedings. Such modifications could be adverse to holders of the Bonds, and there could ultimately be no assurance that holders of the Bonds would be paid in full or in part on the Bonds. Further, under such circumstances, there could be no assurance that the Bonds would not be treated as general, unsecured debt by a bankruptcy court, meaning that claims of holders of the Bonds could be viewed as having no priority (a) over claims of other creditors of the City; (b) to any particular assets of the City, or (c) to revenues otherwise designated for payment to holders of the Bonds.

Moreover, if the City were determined not to be a "municipality" for the purposes of the Bankruptcy Code, no representations can be made regarding whether it would still be eligible for voluntary or involuntary relief under Chapters of the Bankruptcy Code other than Chapter 9 or under similar federal or state law or equitable proceeding

regarding insolvency or providing for protection from creditors. In any such case, there can be no assurance that the consequences described above for the holders of the Bonds would not occur.

MISCELLANEOUS

Any statement made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or of estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized.

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement by the City Clerk has been duly authorized by the City.

AUTHORIZATION

This Official Statement has been approved for distribution to prospective purchasers and the Underwriter of the Bonds. The City, acting through its Mayor and Clerk, will provide to the Underwriter of the Bonds at the time of delivery, a certificate confirming that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the Official Statement with respect to the Bonds, together with any supplements thereto, at the time of the execution of the Approving Certificate and at the time of delivery of the Bonds, was true and correct in all material respects and did not at any time contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated, where necessary to make the statements in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

CITY OF OAK CREEK

By /s/ Catherine A. Roeske
City Clerk

APPENDIX A

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED NOTES

CITY OF OAK CREEK MILWAUKEE COUNTY, WISCONSIN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Baker Tilly US, LLP Milwaukee, Wisconsin

A copy of the City's Basic Financial Statements and Related Notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 including the accompanying independent auditor's report, is included as Appendix A to this Official Statement. Potential purchasers should read such financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The City has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessment, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof, or relating to this Official Statement, nor has the City requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the City since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the City represents that there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the City, nor has the City incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.



City of Oak Creek

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December 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Oak Creek Oak Creek, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Oak Creek's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Oak Creek's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Baker Tilly US, LLP, trading as Baker Tilly, is a member of the global network of Baker Tilly International Ltd., the members of which are separate and independent legal entities.

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To the City Council City of Oak Creek

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue a report on our consideration of the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is soley to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Baker Tilly US, LLP

July 30, 2021



CITY OF OAK CREEK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

As management of the City of Oak Creek (the City), we offer readers of the City of Oak Creek's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Oak Creek for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, identify material deviations from the approved budget, and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. You can think of this relationship between revenues and expenses as the City's operating results and the net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the City's goal is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, not to generate profits as companies do. For this reason, you will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the condition of our roads and infrastructure, in assessing the overall health of our City.

Combined governmental and business-type activities net position increased by 2.1% in 2020, to \$179.8 million. Of this amount, \$155.6 million represents the City's net investment in capital assets, while \$21.4 million was held for restricted purposes, and a balance of \$2.9 million was unrestricted.

At the end of 2020, the City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$52.5 million, including a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$25.7 million and the City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$127.3 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements are comprised of four components:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements
 - o Government-wide Financial Statements
 - Fund Financial Statements
 - Notes to the Financial Statements
- Required supplementary information
- Combining statements for non-major governmental funds



The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements presenting different views of the City:

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of city government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes explaining some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information further explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, this financial report includes a section with combining statements providing details about the City's non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Oak Creek's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and are presented in two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which can be found on pages 1 - 2 of this report.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Oak Creek include general government, public safety, health and human services, public works, leisure activities (recreation and library), and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the City of Oak Creek include the water and sewer utility. Fiduciary activities, such as tax collection, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of position presenting information including all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City should extend to other non-financial factors such as the diversification of the tax base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's significant *funds*. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.



The City has three kinds of funds:

- **Governmental funds** are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The focus, however, is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.
- **Proprietary funds** are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has two proprietary funds water and sewer utilities. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities the City operates like a business. A second type of proprietary fund, the internal service fund, reports activities providing services to other City programs.
- <u>Fiduciary funds</u> are reported in the fiduciary fund statements, but excluded from the government-wide reporting because these assets cannot be used to finance city operations. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing jurisdictions, including the Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District, Milwaukee County, State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, and Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

Net position. The City's combined net position increased by \$3.7 million from fiscal year 2019 to 2020, a change of 2.1%; this increase was comprised of a government-activities decrease of \$1.8 million, and a business-type activities increase of \$5.5 million. The City's governmental activities and business-type activities have approximately 29% and 71%, respectively, of the combined net position.

Total net position of the City's governmental activities decreased to \$52.5 million, a decrease of 3.3% from 2019 net position. The City's net investment in capital assets represents 110.9% of the total. Restricted net position of \$19.9 million represents 37.9% of the total. Unrestricted net position deficit of \$25.7 million represents -48.8% of the total.

Total net position of the City's business-type activities increased by 4.5% to \$127.3 million, including unrestricted net position of \$26.5 million, representing 20.8% of the total. All government and business-type activities are self-supporting entities; net position of one entity is not permanently used by other entities.



Table 1
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Summary Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and other assets	\$74,532,438	\$63,468,448	\$33,849,179	\$31,838,224	\$108,381,617	\$95,306,672	
Capital assets (net)	155,827,937	158,087,436	113,883,478	111,546,023	269,711,415	269,633,459	
Total assets	<u>230,360,375</u>	221,555,884	<u>147,732,657</u>	<u>143,384,247</u>	378,093,032	<u>364,940,131</u>	
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	107,588	11,874	107,588	11,874	
Deferred amount related to pensions	11,299,127	14,530,180	1,036,277	1,421,262	12,335,404	15,951,442	
Deferred amount related to OPEB	4,864,022	3,821,437	<u>347,952</u>	<u>294,348</u>	<u>5,211,974</u>	4,115,785	
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>16 163 149</u>	<u>18.351.617</u>	<u>1491817</u>	1.727.484	<u>17.654.966</u>	20.079.101	
Current liabilities	4,592,406	5,865,972	1,241,227	1,255,411	5,833,633	7,121,383	
Long-term liabilities	137,665,995	140,335,640	19,326,359	21,135,400	156,992,354	161,471,040	
Total liabilities	142,258,401	146,201,612	20,567,586	22,390,811	162,825,987	168,592,423	
Unearned revenue	35,595,949	30,044,235	-	-	35,595,949	30,044,235	
Deferred amount related to pensions	14,514,357	7,331,836	1,230,333	722,697	15,744,690	8,054,533	
Deferred amount related to OPEB	<u>1,612,929</u>	<u>1,977,196</u>	<u>122,051</u>	<u>166,092</u>	<u>1,734,980</u>	2,143,288	
Total deferred inflows of revenues	<u>51,723,235</u>	<u>39 353 267</u>	<u>1.352.384</u>	<u>888.789</u>	<u>53.075.619</u>	<u>40.242.056</u>	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	58,290,602	63,688,805	99,304,447	95,719,714	155,555,049	157,351,448	
Restricted	19,905,286	13,341,890	1,530,766	809,794	21,436,052	14,151,684	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(25,654,000)	(22,678,073)	26,469,291	25,302,623	2,855,291	4,681,621	
Total net position	\$52,541,888	\$54,352,622	<u>\$127.304.504</u>	<u>\$121.832.131</u>	<u>\$179.846.392</u>	<u>\$176,184,753</u>	
Net position - beginning of year	54,352,622	54,744,007	121,832,131	119,401,105	176,184,753	174,145,112	
Change in net position	(\$1.810.734)	(\$391,385)	<u>\$5,472,373</u>	<u>\$2,431,026</u>	<u>\$3,661,639</u>	<u>\$2,039,641</u>	
Percent change in net position	-3.3%	-0.7%	4.5%	2.0%	2.1%	1.2%	



Change in combined net position.

The City had combined total revenues of \$70.7 million in 2020 and combined total expenses before transfers of \$67.0 million. After transfers, governmental activities had a decrease in net position of \$1.8 million, while business-type activities had an increase in net position of \$5.5 million. Table 2 and the following narrative consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

Table 2
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Changes in Net Position

_	Government	al Ac tivitie s	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
REVENUES							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 5,676,099	\$ 6,961,169	\$ 15,929,318	\$ 15,363,732	\$ 21,605,417	\$ 22,324,901	
Operating grants & contributions	4,060,488	3,502,908	-	-	4,060,488	3,502,908	
Capital grants & contributions	664,025	2,267,636	2,667,029	1,742,834	3,331,054	4,010,470	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	29,351,393	25,706,234	-	-	29,351,393	25,706,234	
Other taxes	1,023,022	1,425,101	-	-	1,023,022	1,425,101	
Inter-governmental revenues not							
restricted to specific programs	6,730,404	6,631,412	-	-	6,730,404	6,631,412	
Investment income	886,862	1,332,847	254,059	740,878	1,140,921	2,073,725	
Miscellaneous	3,421,156	3,026,154	7,682	(1,143)	3,428,838	3,025,011	
Total revenues	51,813,449	50,853,461	18,858,088	17,846,301	70,671,537	68,699,762	
EXPENSES							
General government	9,145,722	9,446,813	-	-	9,145,722	9,446,813	
Public safety	19,611,964	19,965,073	-	-	19,611,964	19,965,073	
Health and social services	2,668,924	2,146,596	-	-	2,668,924	2,146,596	
Public works	8,290,429	10,313,154	-	-	8,290,429	10,313,154	
Leisure activities	2,655,185	2,644,053	-	-	2,655,185	2,644,053	
Conservation and development	9,504,098	4,754,528	-	-	9,504,098	4,754,528	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,547,699	3,705,196	-	-	3,547,699	3,705,196	
Water utility	-	-	7,157,888	9,410,983	7,157,888	9,410,983	
Sewer utility			4,427,989	4,273,725	4,427,989	4,273,725	
Total expenses	55.424.021	52.975.413	11.585.877	13.684.708	67.009.898	66.660.121	
Change in net postion before transfer	(3,610,572)	(2,121,952)	7,272,211	4,161,593	3,661,639	2,039,641	
Transfers	1,799,838	1,730,567	(1,799,838)	(1,730,567)	-	-	
Change in not negition	(1.010.724)	(201 205)	E 472 272	2,431,026	3,661,639	2,039,641	
Change in net position	(1,810,734) <u>54,352,622</u>	(391,385) 54,744,007	5,472,373 121,832,131	2,431,026	176,184,753	2,039,641 174,145,112	
Net position, beginning of year			-				
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 52,541,888</u>	<u>\$ 54,352,622</u>	<u>\$127,304,504</u>	<u>\$121,832,131</u>	<u>\$179,846,392</u>	<u>\$176,184,753</u>	



Governmental Activities

The City of Oak Creek received a total of \$51.8 million in governmental activities revenues excluding transfers in 2020, up \$1.0 million when compared to 2019 revenues. As Table 2 indicates, the largest revenue source is the property tax, which accounts for \$29.4 million, or 56.6% of all governmental revenues. Property tax revenue in 2020 increased \$3.6 million due to significant new commercial and multifamily development within the City. The increase in tax revenue was due to increased values and revenues mainly within the city's tax incremental districts. As of this writing, the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin has imposed a permanent operating levy freeze, with the exception of new growth.

The next largest category of revenues is intergovernmental revenue with \$6.7 million (13.0%), followed by charges for service of \$5.7 million (11.0%), investment income and miscellaneous revenue for \$4.3 million (8.3%), operating grants and contributions account for \$4.1 million (7.8%), other taxes for \$1.0 million (2.0%) and capital contributions of \$0.7 million (1.3%).

Total governmental activities expenses were \$55.4 million in 2020, which were \$3.6 million less than revenues excluding transfers. At \$19.6 million, Public Safety, including Police, EMS, Inspection, and Fire services, accounts for the largest share of City expenses at 35.4%. This is followed by Conservation and Development with \$9.5 million or 17.1%, and General Government with \$9.1 million, representing 16.5%. The Public Works group, at \$8.3 million, is next with 15.0%, Health/Social Services at \$2.7 million (4.8%), and Leisure Activities with \$2.7 million (4.8%) complete the activities. Payment of interest and fiscal charges in the amount of \$3.5 million, accounts for 6.4% of total governmental activities expenses.

Business-type Activities

The City of Oak Creek received \$18.9 million in business-type activities revenue during 2020 from its water and sewer utilities. Charges for services are by far the largest revenue sources for these operations, representing \$15.9 million of non-capital contribution revenues. Capital grants and contributions received were \$2.7 million in 2020, with interest and miscellaneous income accounting for the balance of revenues of \$0.3 million.

Net position of the City of Oak Creek's water and sewer utilities increased by \$5.5 million in 2020, which represents a 4.5% increase over the prior year's net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the level of unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar



information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, EMS Fund, Debt Service Fund, Debt Amortization Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, TIF No. 8 and TIF No. 11, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* at the end of this report.

At the end of 2020, the combined fund balances for the City's governmental funds was \$28.1 million. Of this total, \$1.7 million is nonspendable, \$15.0 million is restricted, \$1.2 million is committed and \$5.3 million is assigned. The balance of unassigned governmental fund balances is \$4.9 million. These funds are allocated across the following areas (in millions of dollars):

Unassigned Fund Balances (deficit):

General Fund	\$6.503
Debt Service Fund	(0.735)
TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	(0.818)
Future Improvements Fund	(0.003)
TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	(0.021)
TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	(0.016)
Total	<u>\$4.910</u>

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2020 was \$10.0 million, of which \$1.8 million was assigned. Included in the assigned amount are tax equivalent dollars to be paid by the utility in 2020, and \$1.7 million is nonspendable which includes minor amounts for delinquent personal property taxes, non-current receivables, and inventories.
- Unassigned fund balance increased from 2019 to \$6.5 million. The unassigned fund balance is now approximately 21.0% of the general fund's 2020 actual revenues and 2019 state shared revenues; this is within the City's policy target range of 15-25% for the purposes of cash flow, stabilization, and emergency reserves.

Emergency Medical Services Fund: This special revenue fund is used to account for resources legally restricted to supporting the operations for the paramedic rescue program.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2020 increased to \$0.95 million.
- Total revenues for 2020 were \$5.2 million, which included \$3.7 million from taxes, \$1.4 million from public charges for services, and \$0.2 million of intergovernmental revenue.
- Total expenditures for the year were \$5.2 million.

Capital Improvement Fund: The general capital improvement fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects relating to City-owned capital assets and capital equipment.

• Total fund balance at the end of the year was \$3.5 million, an increase of \$0.49 million from 2019.



- Revenue sources provided \$2.7 million consisting of \$74,737 in intergovernmental grants, interest income, and miscellaneous revenue as well as \$2.6 million in interfund transfers to the capital improvement fund and \$49,596 from the sale of property.
- Expenditures in this fund totaled \$2.3 million in 2020. The largest expenses included new dump trucks, a salt bring manufacturing system, and repairs to infrastructure and the street lighting system throughout the city.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund budget is adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The City ended the year with a favorable variance in general fund revenues and favorable variance in expenditures. Revenues excluding other sources were above budget projections by approximately \$0.9 million, while expenditures excluding other uses were under budget by \$2.2 million. The expenditure outcome relates mainly to the lack of spending for the budgeted contingency in addition to retirements and vacant positions, which occurred throughout the year in the Police and Fire departments.

On the revenue side, conservative budgeting kept all categories quite close to budget. Year over year revenues were mostly stagnant, but the City did see a significant, unanticipated increase in state aids for the Routes to Recovery Program to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. The City also saw higher investment earnings of \$214,264 over budget and building permit revenue of \$129,087 over budget. The short-term revenue outlook is stable with the exception of planned growth in the next few years. The state approved legislation will continue to limit taxation to growth alone and short-term interest rates will remain near all-time lows.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2020, the City reported combined capital assets of \$269.7 million. Of this amount, \$155.8 million, or 57.8%, is attributable to governmental activities, with the assets related to the City's land, buildings, equipment and street network. Total accumulated depreciation for both governmental and business type activities was calculated at \$122.9 million.

In 2020, the net capital assets of governmental activities decreased by \$2.3 million. Capital assets of business type activities increased by \$2.3 million.

Table 3
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2020 2019		2019	
Land and improvements	\$29,664,668	\$29,661,526	\$255,895	\$255,895	\$29,920,563	\$29,917,421	
Intangible assets	-	-	72,088	82,520	72,088	82,520	
Construction in progress	276,883	13,711	1,951,917	237,737	2,228,800	251,448	
Buildings	34,596,123	35,821,253	-	-	34,596,123	35,821,253	
Machinary and equipment	6,610,027	6,860,906	111,603,578	110,969,872	118,213,605	117,830,778	
Infrastructure	84,680,236	85,730,041			84,680,236	85,730,041	
Capital Assets Net of							
Depreciation	\$155,827,937	\$158,087,437	\$113,883,478	\$111,546,024	\$269,711,415	\$269,633,461	



Long-term Debt

At year-end, the governmental activities had \$97.64 million in general obligation bonds and promissory notes, a decrease of \$0.2 million from last year. At the end of 2020, the business-type activities had a total of \$14.7 million in outstanding revenue bonds. The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service, which has also rated the City's short-term notes with a MIG1 rating. Revenue bonds of the water & sewer utilities are rated Aa2.

State law limits the City to issuing general obligation bonds totaling no more than 5% of the City's equalized value. Based on the 2020 equalized value, this limit is \$210.8 million. The City currently has a combined total of \$97.64 million of general obligation notes and bonds outstanding, representing 46.3% of its legal debt capacity.

Table 4
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Notes and Bonds Outstanding

	Governmental Activities		Business Ty	pe-Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2019 2020 2019		2020	2019	
General Obligation Bonds and Notes Revenue Bonds	\$97,640,000 	\$97,845,000 	\$0 _14,671,210	\$0 15,773,047	\$97,640,000 14,671,210	\$97,845,000 15,773,047	
Total	<u>\$97,640,000</u>	<u>\$97,845,000</u>	\$14,671,210	\$15,773,047	\$112,311,210	\$113,618,047	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Oak Creek is located in southeastern Milwaukee County, and is one of only two municipalities in Milwaukee County with numerous tracts of vacant land. This location and land availability has contributed to the City's rapid growth and strong economic position. The local economy has picked up over the last few years with growth expected to continue at Oak View Business Park and surrounding area, 13th and Drexel, Ryan Business Park, the land adjacent to IKEA as well as other locations throughout the City.

The City's population and building permit information is provided below:

	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Census
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2010
City of Oak Creek	36,529	35,830	35,739	35,560	34,495
Milwaukee County	944,099	946,296	950,381	945,416	948,369
State of Wisconsin	5,854,594	5,843,443	5,816,231	5,783,278	5,686,986

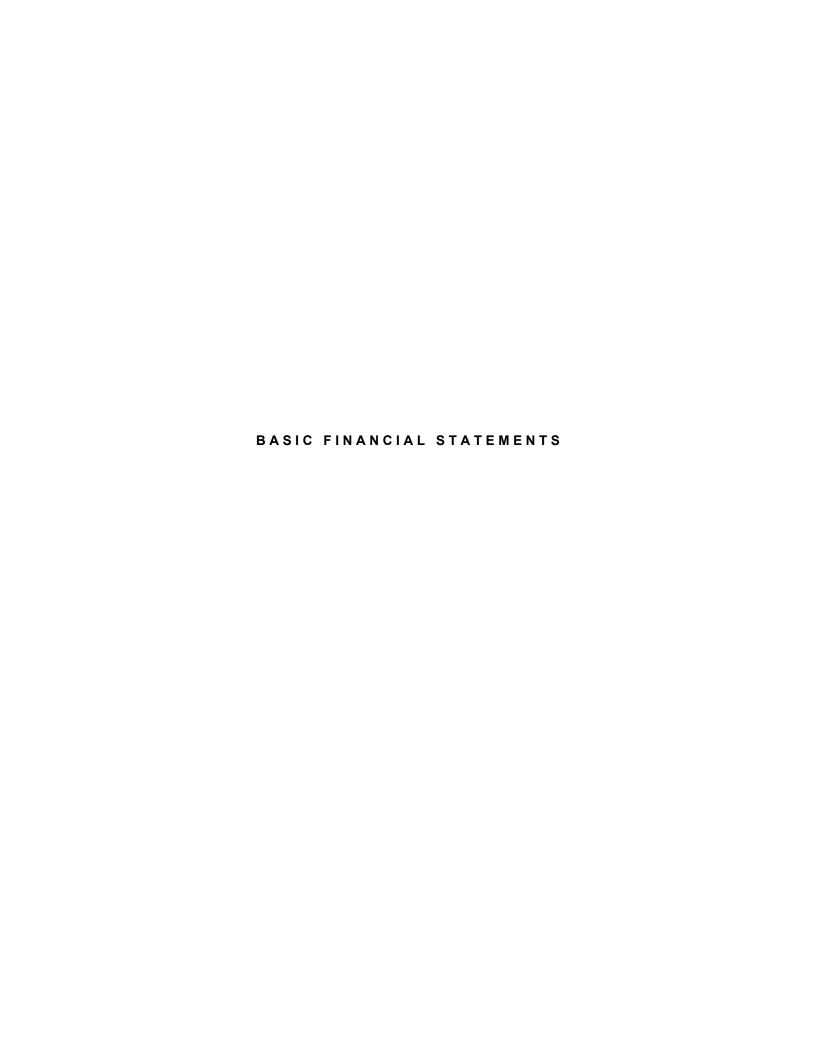
Total New	Construction Bui	lding Permits	Total Residential Building Permits		
Year	Number	Value	Number	Value	
2020	105	\$90,944,057	89	\$23,505,498	

The Oak Creek Common Council adopted the 2021 budget in November of 2020, which authorized general fund expenditures of \$27.5 million, a 3.0% increase from 2020. The tax levy for the City of Oak Creek is \$22.75 million, an increase of \$1.2 million from 2020 due to new construction. The mill rate for City services increased slightly by \$.07 in 2021, due to an increase in the tax levy. The total tax levy has remained essentially at the same level since 2009, with any increase limited to the amount generated by new growth to the tax base and closure of TIF districts.



CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Oak Creek, 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin, 53154.



	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Totals
Assets			
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 25,686,390	\$ 30,840,055	\$ 56,526,445
Taxes receivable	36,052,918	-	36,052,918
Delinquent personal property taxes receivable	16,367	-	16,367
Accounts receivable, net	1,666,092	2,167,333	3,833,425
Special assessments receivable	366,711	84,811	451,522
Loans receivable	6,503	-	6,503
Other assets	-	42,090	42,090
Internal balances	1,053,436	(1,053,436)	7 005
Due from other governmental units Prepaids and inventories	7,205	- 212,372	7,205 347,810
Restricted assets:	135,438	212,372	347,010
Cash and investments	4,602,402	1,139,770	5,742,172
Net pension asset	4,938,976	416,184	5,355,160
Capital assets:	.,000,0.0	,	3,555,155
Land and land rights	25,080,554	255,895	25,336,449
Intangible assets	-	85,719	85,719
Construction in progress	276,883	1,951,917	2,228,800
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	130,470,500	111,589,947	242,060,447
Total assets	230,360,375	147,732,657	378,093,032
D (10 () (D			
Deferred Outflows of Resources		107,588	107 500
Deferred charge on refunding Deferred amount related to pension	- 11,299,127	1,036,277	107,588 12,335,404
Deferred amount related to OPEB	4,864,022	347,952	5,211,974
Total deferred outflows of resources			
Total deferred outllows of resources	16,163,149	1,491,817	17,654,966
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,159,363	1,212,484	4,371,847
Deposits	476,901	-	476,901
Accrued interest	943,797	-	943,797
Unearned revenue	12,345	28,743	41,088
Noncurrent liabilities:	7.040.074	4.440.040	0.050.747
Due within one year	7,240,671	1,116,046	8,356,717
Due in more than one year	130,425,324	18,210,313	148,635,637
Total liabilities	142,258,401	20,567,586	162,825,987
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unearned revenue	35,595,949	-	35,595,949
Deferred amount related to pension	14,514,357	1,230,333	15,744,690
Deferred amount related to OPEB	1,612,929	122,051	1,734,980
Total deferred inflows of resources	51,723,235	1,352,384	53,075,619
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	58,290,602	99,304,447	155,555,049
Restricted for debt service		1,114,582	1,114,582
Restricted for TID activity	4,679,464	, , , -	4,679,464
Restricted for impact fees	4,529,651	-	4,529,651
Restricted for pensions	4,938,976	416,184	5,355,160
Restricted for other purposes	5,757,195	-	5,757,195
Unrestricted (deficit)	(25,654,000)	26,469,291	2,855,291
Total net position	\$ 52,541,888	\$ 127,304,504	\$ 179,846,392

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues Operating Capital			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals		
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 9,145,722	\$ 1,632,493	\$ 682,548	\$ -	\$ (6,830,681)	\$ -	\$ (6,830,681)		
Public safety	19,611,964	2,583,402	297,811	-	(16,730,751)	-	(16,730,751)		
Health and social services	2,668,924	5,268	256,096	-	(2,407,560)	-	(2,407,560)		
Public works	8,290,429	1,373,467	2,824,033	199,904	(3,893,025)	-	(3,893,025)		
Leisure activities	2,655,185	81,469	-	-	(2,573,716)	-	(2,573,716)		
Conservation and development	9,504,098	-	-	464,121	(9,039,977)	-	(9,039,977)		
Interest and fiscal charges	3,547,699				(3,547,699)		(3,547,699)		
Total governmental activities	55,424,021	5,676,099	4,060,488	664,025	(45,023,409)		(45,023,409)		
Business-Type Activities									
Water utility	7,157,888	11,371,577	-	1,641,296	-	5,854,985	5,854,985		
Sewer utility	4,427,989	4,557,741		1,025,733		1,155,485	1,155,485		
Total business-type activities	11,585,877	15,929,318		2,667,029		7,010,470	7,010,470		
Totals	\$ 67,009,898	\$ 21,605,417	\$ 4,060,488	\$ 3,331,054	(45,023,409)	7,010,470	(38,012,939)		
		General Revenu	es						
		Taxes: Property taxe	s, levied for genera	al nurnoses	22,243,545	_	22,243,545		
			s, levied for debt se		1,186,844	_	1,186,844		
			s, levied for tax inc		5,921,004	_	5,921,004		
		Other taxes	o, loviou for tax into		1,023,022	_	1,023,022		
			ntal revenues not re	estricted to	1,020,022		1,020,022		
		specific progr			6,730,404	_	6,730,404		
		Investment inco			886,862	254,059	1,140,921		
		Miscellaneous			3,421,156	7,682	3,428,838		
		Transfers			1,799,838	(1,799,838)	-		
						(1,100,000)			
		Total ge	eneral revenues and	d transfers	43,212,675	(1,538,097)	41,674,578		
		Change	in net position		(1,810,734)	5,472,373	3,661,639		
		Net Position, Be	ginning		54,352,622	121,832,131	176,184,753		
		Net Position, En	ding		\$ 52,541,888	\$ 127,304,504	\$ 179,846,392		
		_							

See notes to financial statements

City of Oak Creek Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds
December 31, 2020

		Special Revenue Fund	Debt Servi	ce Funds	Ca	apital Projects Fun			
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Assets									
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 8,310,958 -	\$ 809,223	\$ - -	\$ 8,024	\$ 3,782,427 -	\$ - -	\$ 654,618 -	\$ 10,606,771 4,602,402	\$ 24,172,021 4,602,402
Taxes	15,265,315	3,874,240	1,085,000	-	-	1,939,657	3,684,558	10,204,148	36,052,918
Delinquent personal property taxes	16,367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,367
Accounts, net	543,931	176,578	-	-	9,874	-	75,517	61,189	867,089
Due from other government	7,205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,205
Special assessments Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	366,711	366,711
Due from other funds	3,407,481	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	_	_	6,503 314,900	6,503 3,722,381
Inventories	135,438	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		135,438
Total assets	\$ 27,686,695	\$ 4,860,041	\$ 1,085,000	\$ 8,024	\$ 3,792,301	\$ 1,939,657	\$ 4,414,693	\$ 26,162,624	\$ 69,949,035
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits) Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 453,558	\$ 28,635	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,079	\$ 1,845	\$ -	\$ 351,764	\$ 924,881
Accrued liabilities	1,801,973	2,894	-	-	-	-	-	34,644	1,839,511
Deposits	133,418	, -	-	-	-	-	-	343,483	476,901
Due to other funds	362,773	- _	735,295		211,717	815,774		672,974	2,798,533
Total liabilities	2,751,722	31,529	735,295		300,796	817,619		1,402,865	6,039,826
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unearned revenues	14,914,308	3,874,240	1,085,000	-	-	1,939,657	3,684,558	10,098,186	35,595,949
Unavailable revenues		7,086	-				72,992	156,338	236,416
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,914,308	3,881,326	1,085,000			1,939,657	3,757,550	10,254,524	35,832,365
Fund balances (deficit):									
Nonspendable	1,746,068	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,746,068
Restricted	-	-	-	8,024	-	-	657,143	14,309,167	14,974,334
Committed	-	947,186	-	-	-	-	-	236,071	1,183,257
Assigned	1,771,473	-	-	-	3,491,505	-	-	-	5,262,978
Unassigned (deficit)	6,503,124		(735,295)	-	-	(817,619)	-	(40,003)	4,910,207
Total fund balances (deficits)	10,020,665	947,186	(735,295)	8,024	3,491,505	(817,619)	657,143	14,505,235	28,076,844
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 27,686,695	\$ 4,860,041	\$ 1,085,000	\$ 8,024	\$ 3,792,301	\$ 1,939,657	\$ 4,414,693	\$ 26,162,624	\$ 69,949,035

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Fund Balance, Total Governmental Funds	\$ 28,076,844
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land Construction in progress	25,080,554 276,883
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	130,470,500
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.	
Special assessments Accounts	156,340 80,077
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance coverage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in government activities in the statement of net position.	2,035,643
The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.	4,938,976
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	11,299,127
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(14,514,357)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	4,864,022
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	(1,612,929)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, not reported in the funds. Bonds and notes payable	(97,640,000)
Unamortized debt premium	(2,086,939)
Other postemployement benefits	(36,465,362)
Vested compensated absences	(1,473,694)
Accrued interest	 (943,797)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 52,541,888

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Special Revenue Fund	Dobt Sory	rice Funds	•	apital Projects Fund	de		
		<u> </u>	Dept Serv	ice rulius		TIF No. 8	TIF No. 11		
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 15,007,159	\$ 3,655,849	\$ 850,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,786,549	\$ 3,433,849	\$ 5,641,009	\$ 30,374,415
Intergovernmental	6,732,913	184,194	Ψ 030,000	3,182,698	13,319	12,155	670	730,657	10,856,606
Regulation and compliance	1,824,059	104,134	_	3,102,030	10,019	12,100	-	730,037	1,824,059
Public charges for services	235,970	1,385,471	_	_	_	_	_	1,445,397	3,066,838
Special assessments/developer contributions	200,070	1,000,471	_	_	_	_	_	205,757	205,757
Investment income (loss)	513,701	2,750	_	31	26,257	_	25,291	62,699	630,729
Miscellaneous	137,244	10,615	_	-	35,161	_	20,291	3,177,590	3,360,610
Interdepartmental charges for services	371,538	10,013	_	_	33,101	-	_	3,177,390	371,538
interdepartmental charges for services	371,330						<u>-</u> _		371,330
Total revenues	24,822,584	5,238,879	850,000	3,182,729	74,737	1,798,704	3,459,810	11,263,109	50,690,552
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	6,391,480	-	-	-	-	-	5,600	595,985	6,993,065
Public safety	11,481,686	5,153,939	-	-	-	-	-	1,250,693	17,886,318
Health and social services	385,034	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,156,486	2,541,520
Public works	4,250,478	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,126,027	6,376,505
Leisure activities	1,967,992	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,897	2,017,889
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	175,000	5,308,781	2,780,934	8,264,715
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	2,253,376	234,383	112,652	1,149,061	3,749,472
Debt service:						,	•	, ,	, ,
Principal retirement	_	_	6,600,000	_	-	700,000	6,125,000	3,055,000	16,480,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	1,392,348	_	-	342,301	1,491,527	401,934	3,628,110
Total expenditures	24,476,670	5,153,939	7,992,348		2,253,376	1,451,684	13,043,560	13,566,017	67,937,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	345,914	84,940	(7,142,348)	3,182,729	(2,178,639)	347,020	(9,583,750)	(2,302,908)	(17,247,042)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,070,000	6,295,000	11,365,000
Refunding debt issued	-	-	4,075,000	-	-	-	835,000	-	4,910,000
Premium on debt	-	-	361,324	-	-	-	-	-	361,324
Sale of property	27,087	-	-	-	49,596	-	-	-	76,683
Transfers in	1,807,444	-	2,898,375	-	2,618,040	-	-	577,042	7,900,901
Transfers out	(1,564,931)		<u> </u>	(3,200,000)				(2,166,230)	(6,931,161)
Total other financing sources (uses)	269,600	_	7,334,699	(3,200,000)	2,667,636	_	5,905,000	4,705,812	17,682,747
. S.C. Strict infariting sources (4003)	200,000		7,004,000	(0,200,000)	2,007,000		0,000,000	1,700,012	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Net change in fund balance	615,514	84,940	192,351	(17,271)	488,997	347,020	(3,678,750)	2,402,904	435,705
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	9,405,151	862,246	(927,646)	25,295	3,002,508	(1,164,639)	4,335,893	12,102,331	27,641,139
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 10,020,665	\$ 947,186	\$ (735,295)	\$ 8,024	\$ 3,491,505	\$ (817,619)	\$ 657,143	\$ 14,505,235	\$ 28,076,844

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$ 435,705
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements	
but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements	3,749,472
Some items capitalized were not reported as capital outlay	260,709
Some amounts reported as capital outlay were not capitalized	(1,404,414)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements	(3,739,140)
Net book value of disposed assets	(1,279,243)
Adjustment to capital assets	153,117
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	
Special assessments	2,412
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal repaid Debt proceeds	16,480,000 (16,275,000)
Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	(004.004)
Premium on issued debt	(361,324)
Amortization of debt premium on debt issued	254,249
Part of net revenue of activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental	
activities.	1,328,338
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Other postemployment benefits	(2,731,646)
Deferred outflows related to OPEBs	1,042,585
Deferred inflows related to OPEBs	364,267
Vest compensated absences	(32,449)
Accrued interest on debt	80,411
Net pension asset	10,274,791
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(3,231,053)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	 (7,182,521)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,810,734)

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2020

	Business-Ty	Governmental Activities -		
	Water	Sewer		Internal
	Utility	Utility	Totals	Service Fund
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 22,814,996	\$ 8,025,059	\$ 30,840,055	\$ 1,514,369
Customer accounts receivable	1,440,733	700,785	2,141,518	-
Other accounts receivable	23,603	2,212	25,815	799,003
Due from other funds	603,446	285,924	889,370	129,588
Unamortized debt issue costs	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds, advance	_	193,265	193,265	_
Prepaid and inventory	212,372	-	212,372	_
Restricted assets:	,		,	
Revenue bond redemption account	557,225		557,225	
Total current assets	25,652,375	9,207,245	34,859,620	2,442,960
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Revenue bond reserve account	565,545	-	565,545	-
Revenue bond depreciation account	17,000		17,000	-
Net pension asset	332,948	83,236	416,184	
Total restricted assets	915,493	83,236	998,729	
Capital assets:				
Land and land rights	242,750	13,145	255,895	-
Intangible assets	69,544	16,175	85,719	
Construction in progress	218,208	1,733,709	1,951,917	-
Utility plant in service	123,211,241	46,872,713	170,083,954	-
Accumulated amortization	(13,631)	-	(13,631)	
Accumulated depreciation	(45,528,130)	(12,952,246)	(58,480,376)	-
Total capital assets	78,199,982	35,683,496	113,883,478	
Other assets:				
Property held for future use	5,000	-	5,000	-
Due from other funds, special assessments	65,734	19,077	84,811	-
Due from other funds, advance	-	1,787,489	1,787,489	
Total other assets	70,734	1,806,566	1,877,300	
Total assets	104,838,584	46,780,543	151,619,127	2,442,960
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	107,588	_	107,588	-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	278,754	69,198	347,952	_
Deferred outflows related to pension	829,018	207,259	1,036,277	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,215,360	276,457	1,491,817	
Total assets and deferred outflows	400.555.51	47 07 - 555	450 445 544	0.445.555
of resources	106,053,944	47,057,000	153,110,944	2,442,960

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2020

		Business-Ty	Governmental Activities -					
		Water Utility	Sewer Utility		Totals		Internal Service Fund	
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	242,036	\$	785,403	\$	1,027,439	\$	394,972
Accrued payroll		32,258		1,695		33,953		-
Accrued interest payable		33,006		-		33,006		-
Due to other funds		1,942,806		-		1,942,806		-
Due to other funds, advance		193,265		-		193,265		-
Unearned revenue		28,743		-		28,743		12,345
Compensated absences		92,898		-		92,898		-
Revenue bonds payable net of unamortized premium		696,046		-		696,046		-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accrued interest		25,188		-		25,188		-
Current portion of revenue bonds		420,000				420,000		
Total current liabilities		3,706,246		787,098		4,493,344		407,317
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Other postemployment benefits obligation		1,881,198		478,351		2,359,549		-
Due to other funds, advance		1,787,489		-		1,787,489		-
Pollution remediation obligation		2,295,600		-		2,295,600		-
Revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums		13,555,164				13,555,164		
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,519,451		478,351		19,997,802		
Total liabilities		23,225,697		1,265,449		24,491,146		407,317
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		97,645		24,406		122,051		-
Deferred inflows related to pension		984,267		246,066		1,230,333		
Total deferred inflows		1,081,912		270,472		1,352,384		
Total liabilities and deferred								
inflows of resources		24,307,609		1,535,921		25,843,530		407,317
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		63,620,951		35,683,496		99,304,447		-
Restricted:		, ,		, ,				
Debt service		1,114,582		_		1,114,582		_
Pension		332,948		83,236		416,184		_
Unrestricted		16,677,854		9,754,347		26,432,201		2,035,643
Total net position	\$	81,746,335	\$	45,521,079		127,267,414	\$	2,035,643
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fur to enterprise funds.	nd activ	vities related				37,090		
Net position of business-type activities					\$	127,304,504		

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Ty	Governmental Activities -		
	Water	Sewer	iprise i ulius	Internal
	Utility	Utility	Totals	Service Fund
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 10,940,155	\$ 4,527,918	\$ 15,468,073	\$ -
Other operating revenues	431,422	29,823	461,245	6,778,511
Total operating revenues	11,371,577	4,557,741	15,929,318	6,778,511
Operating Expenses				
Operation and maintenance	3,734,544	3,816,854	7,551,398	6,277,158
Depreciation/amortization	2,685,454	567,991	3,253,445	-
Taxes	100,987	43,144	144,131	
Total operating expenses	6,520,985	4,427,989	10,948,974	6,277,158
Operating income (loss)	4,850,592	129,752	4,980,344	501,353
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	149,364	104,695	254,059	1,882
Income (loss) from merchandising and jobbing	(20,345)	-	(20,345)	-
Interest expense and debt issuance costs	(606,048)	-	(606,048)	-
Amortization of bond premiums	(10,510)	-	(10,510)	-
Miscellaneous revenue	2,632	-	2,632	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	5,050		5,050	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(479,857)	104,695	(375,162)	1,882
Income before contributions				
and transfers	4,370,735	234,447	4,605,182	503,235
Capital Contributions	1,641,296	1,025,733	2,667,029	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	830,098
Transfers Out	(1,799,838)		(1,799,838)	
Change in net position	4,212,193	1,260,180	5,472,373	1,333,333
Net Position, Beginning	77,534,142	44,260,899		702,310
Net Position, Ending	\$ 81,746,335	\$ 45,521,079		\$ 2,035,643
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal servi activities related to enterprise funds.	ice fund		(1,143)	
Change in net position of business-type activ	vities		\$ 5,471,230	

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities -	
		Water		Sewer			Internal	
		Utility		Utility		Totals	Se	rvice Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Received from customers	\$	11,016,353	\$	4,523,187	\$	15,539,540	\$	6,060,725
Received from rents of water property	Ψ	367,941	Ψ	-,020,107	Ψ	367,941	Ψ	0,000,720
Received from rems of water property Received for nonoperating activities		29,462		_		29,462		_
Paid for refund of rents of water property				-				-
Received from miscellaneous sources		(30,600)		2.722		(30,600)		-
		65,839		3,732		69,571		-
Paid for nonoperating activities		(49,807)		-		(49,807)		-
Paid to Milwaukee Metro Sewerage District for				(0.044.000)		(0.044.000)		
sewer user charges		- (4 = 2 2 = 2 = 2)		(3,011,660)		(3,011,660)		-
Paid to Primary Government for tax equivalent		(1,730,567)						
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(2,167,231)		(437,786)		(2,605,017)		(6,222,670)
Paid to employees for services		(1,806,959)		(417,472)		(2,224,431)		-
Net cash flows from operating activities		5,694,431		660,001		6,354,432		(161,945)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Principal received from Water Utility, advance		_		117,865		117,865		_
Transfers in		<u>-</u>		-		-		830,098
Transfers in								000,000
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities				117,865		117,865		830,098
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Investments purchased		(678,083)		(1,914,319)		(2,592,402)		-
Proceeds from sale of investments		3,254,263		1,796,089		5,050,352		-
Interest received from Water Utility, advance		-		39,455		39,455		-
Investment income		198,592		145,408		344,000		1,882
Net cash flows from investing activities		2,774,772		66,633		2,841,405		1,882
Cash Flows From Capital and Related								
Financing Activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,519,448)		(1,725,149)		(3,244,597)		<u>-</u>
Proceeds received for acquisition and construction		(1,010,110)		(1,120,110)		(0,= : :,00:)		
·		04.070		00.445		400 447		
of capital assets		81,272		82,145		163,417		-
Special assessment proceeds Cost of removal		444,972		-		444,972		-
		5,050		-		5,050		-
Paid to escrow for advance refunding of debt		(195,783)		-		(195,783)		-
Principal payment to Sewer Utility, advance		(117,865)		-		(117,865)		-
Debt retired		(1,231,837)		-		(1,231,837)		-
Interest paid to Sewer Utility, advance		(36,780)		-		(36,780)		-
Interest paid		(461,827)		-		(461,827)		
Net cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities		(3,032,246)		(1,643,004)		(4,675,250)		_
<u></u>		(=,30=,210)		(1,310,001)		(1,3.0,200)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		5,436,957		(798,505)		4,638,452		670,035
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		17,750,075		6,534,399		24,284,474		844,334
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	23,187,032	\$	5,735,894	\$	28,922,926	\$	1,514,369

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities -		
		Water Utility	Sewer Utility		Totals		Internal Service Fund	
Page mailing in a f Ownersting Income (Local)				-				
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash From Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,850,592	\$	129,754	\$	4,980,346	\$	501,353
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(20,345)		· -		(20,345)		-
Transfer out to general fund		(1,799,838)		-		(1,799,838)		_
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						,		
to net cash provided from operating activities								
Noncash items included in income:								
Amortization		10,432		_		10,432		
Depreciation		2,675,022		617,577		3,292,599		_
Depreciation charged to other accounts		49,586		(49,586)		-, - , -		_
Changes in assets and liabilities and		,		(10,000)				
deferred outflows and inflows:								
Customer accounts receivable		(21,055)		(22,908)		(43,963)		_
Other accounts receivable		(3,716)		(5,010)		(8,726)		(739,317)
Due from other funds		(5,1.5)		(10,372)		(10,372)		313,882
Inventories		(23,041)		(10,012)		(23,041)		-
Pension		(15,256)		(3,815)		(19,071)		_
Construction in progress		(10,200)		(0,010)		(13,071)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		73,216		68,540		141,756		(237,863)
Accrued expenses		(30,077)		(9,627)		(39,704)		(237,003)
Pollution remediation obligation		(30,077)		(5,027)		(55,704)		_
Due to other funds		166,796		_		166,796		_
Net other ronds Net other post employment benefits obligation		(227,333)		(54,552)		(281,885)		_
Pollution remediation obligation		(221,333)		(34,332)		(201,003)		_
Unearned revenue		9,448		_		9,448		_
Official revenue		9,446				9,446		
Net cash flows from								
operating activities	\$	5,694,431	\$	660,001	\$	6,354,432	\$	(161,945)
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the								
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds								
Cash and investments	\$	22,814,996	\$	5,735,894	\$	28,550,890	\$	1,514,369
Restricted cash and investments, current	Ψ	557,225	Ψ	2,289,165	Ψ	2,846,390	Ψ	-
Restricted cash and investments, noncurrent		582,545		_,		582,545		_
Less investments not considered to be cash		002,010				002,010		
and cash equivalents		(767,734)		(2,289,165)		(3,056,899)		-
and dadin oquivalente		(101,101)		(2,200,100)	-	(0,000,000)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	23,187,032	\$	5,735,894	\$	28,922,926	\$	1,514,369
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities								
Interest income earned on noncash equivalents	\$	43,021	\$	42,254	\$	85,275	\$	-
Market value adjustment on investments	\$	6,207	\$	(2,877)	\$	3,330	\$	-
Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by developers	\$	1,641,299	\$	1,027,013	\$	2,668,312	\$	
Bond proceeds used in refunding of debt	\$	4,705,000	\$	-	\$	4,705,000	\$	
	Φ							
Prepaid interest from bond refunding	\$	111,978	\$		\$	111,978	\$	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Postion Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 43,950,433
Property taxes receivable	16,085,889
Total assets	60,036,322
Liabilities	
Due to other taxing units	60,036,322
Net Position	\$ -

City of Oak Creek
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund
	Tax Collection Fund
Additions	
Tax collections	\$ 45,503,870
Deductions Payments to overlying districts	45,503,870
Change in fiduciary net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	\$ -

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Oak Creek. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The City has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation, blended, or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue

Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the paramedic rescue program.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for debt related public works projects.

Debt Service - Debt Amortization Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Projects - Capital Improvement Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets for the capital improvement program.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Enterprise Funds

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility - accounts for operations of the water system. Sewer Utility - accounts for operations of the sewer system.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Solid Waste Fund
Donation and Activity Fund
WE Energies Fund
Low Income Loan Fund
Special Assessment Fund
Economic Development Fund
Future Improvement Fund
Impact Fee Escrow Fund
Asset Forfeiture Fund
Storm Water Fund
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund
Tourism Commission Fund
Park Escrow Fund

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs

TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Developer Agreement Fund

TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Services Fund

Internal Service Fund is used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund

Custodial Fund

Custodial Fund is used to account for and report assets controlled by the City and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines for allowable investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Funds placed in any one depository institution that exceeds the amount of deposit insurance provided by an agency of the United States including demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit must be 100 percent collateralized as to principal and accrued interest with securities that are obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies and instrumentalities that are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies/instrumentalities. Securities held as collateral shall be delivered for safekeeping to a custodial bank selected by the City of Oak Creek. Securities held as collateral at the custodial bank will be marked to market at least monthly with a minimum value of 102 percent of deposit, with a monthly statement sent to the City Treasurer detailing all holdings. The Depository must enter into a security agreement with the City of Oak Creek.

When investing in repurchase agreements, the City shall require that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreement the City has with such depository. The collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States or of its agencies/instrumentalities, if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or a commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government.

Credit Risk

Any security including commercial paper which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years on the date which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investor service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency, or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Consideration shall be given to the total amount of existing city funds which are already in such depository and or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment. A ceiling may be established for individual financial institutions at each annual evaluation.

Interest Rate Risk

Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.

Purchase obligations of the US Treasury and deposits into the Local Government Investment Pool and the BMO Investment Account shall not be subject to the bid process.

Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- a) A declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- b) A security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.
- c) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note 3. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2020, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 3 for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the city, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district, technical college district and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Property tax calendar - 2020 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date December 2020 Tax bills mailed December 2020 Payment in full, or January 31, 2021 First installment due (50%) January 31, 2021 Second installment due (25%) March 31, 2021 Third installment due (25%) May 31, 2021 Personal property taxes in full January 31, 2021 Tax sale - 2020 delinquent real estate taxes October 2023

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

The City has received grant funds for CDBG housing loan programs to qualified individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The City is no longer disbursing these funds. This activity is accounted for in the Low Income Loan Fund.

It is the City's policy to record unearned revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Prepaids and Inventories

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost using the consumption method of accounting. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction and/or for operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

Capital Assets

Government -Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. There was no interest capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Buildings	30 - 50
Land improvements	20 - 30
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15
Utility system	15 - 100
Infrastructure	20 - 50
Intangibles	2 - 15

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted paid time off in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested paid time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for paid time off will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. The liabilities at December 31, 2020 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The City has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the City. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is made up of the following issues:

Name	Date	Original Principal Amount	Maturity	0	Principal Amount utstanding at 12-31-20
Marquette13 LLC and Tower13 LLC	12/29/17	\$ 6,300,000	12/1/37	\$	5,728,913

Pollution Remediation Obligations

As of December 31, 2020, the City was obligated to address the future pollution cleanup activities at its water treatment plant site due to federal and state laws and regulations. The City's obligation originated in 2016 to address the pollution remediation because the government unit has been determined to be the responsible party which compels the City to participate in remediation. Examples of expected future remediation activity costs include legal services, site investigation and required post-remediation monitoring costs. The amount reported as a pollution remediation obligation represents the current value of the expected cash flows to be paid for these activities. Any expected recoveries would be treated separately as a receivable when such reimbursements become measurable. As of December 31, 2020, the obligation was \$2,295,600 with no related receivable. The City will recognize these liabilities and related expenses as an operating expense in the water utility financial statements only when such costs become measurable. Because of this, the liability is subject to change as the City becomes aware of new information which may affect its estimate. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities column but financed by debt of the governmental activities column. The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column. A reconciliation of this adjustment is as follows:

		Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	A	djustment	Total		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 58,2	90,602	\$	99,304,447	\$	(2,040,000)	\$	155,555,049	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(25,6	54,000)		26,469,291		2,040,000		2,855,291	

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the City Administrator or Finance Director to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 15 percent to 25 percent of total general fund annual revenues plus the amount of state shared revenue during the previous year. General fund annual revenues were \$24,822,584 and the state shared revenue in the previous year was \$6,172,271 for a total of \$30,994,855. At year end, amounts available for working capital and included in unassigned general fund balance totaled \$6,503,124, or 21 percent.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Health Insurance

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Life Insurance

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

A budget has been adopted for the following funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 65.90.

General Fund
Special Revenue Funds:
Emergency Medical Services Fund
Solid Waste Funds
Donation and Activity Fund
WE Energies Fund
Low Income Loan Fund
Special Assessment Fund
Economic Development Fund
Future Improvement Fund
Impact Fee Escrow Fund
Asset Forfeiture Fund
Storm Water Fund
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund
Tourism Commission Fund

TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund
Capital Projects Fund:
Capital Improvement Fund
Developer Agreement Fund
TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund
TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

Debt Service Funds:

Debt Service Fund

Debt Amortization Fund

Excess Expenditures Over Appropriation

Fund	Budgeted Expenditures		Ex	Actual Expenditures		Excess openditures ver Budget
Debt Service Fund	\$	3,543,188	\$	7,992,347	\$	(4,449,159)
Special Revenue Funds:						
Activity & Donation Fund		40,211		725,196		(684,985)
WE Energies Fund		2,186,541		2,199,955		(13,414)
Economic Development		90,880		209,095		(118,215)
Impact Fee Escrow		-		253,000		(253,000)
Capital Projects Funds:						
TIF #7		544,288		676,590		(132,302)
TIF #8		1,367,207		1,451,682		(84,475)
TIF #10		297,706		315,626		(17,920)
TIF #11		7,370,878		13,043,560		(5,672,682)
TIF #12		719,576		1,252,716		(533,140)
Developer Agreements Fund		-		37,522		(37,522)
TIF #13		402,500		729,519		(327,019)
TIF #14		1,091,250		1,139,077		(47,827)
TIF #15		10,000		22,100		(12,100)
TIF #16		437,500		3,217,211		(2,779,711)

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The City controls expenditures at the fund level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

Deficit Balances

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2020, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund		Amount	Reason
Special Revenue Funds:	•	0.500	
Future Improvement Fund	\$	2,500	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Debt Service Fund		735,295	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Capital Project Funds:			·
TIF District No. 8		817,619	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF District No. 14		21,257	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF District No. 15		16,246	Excess of expenditures over revenues

The debt service fund deficit will be recovered through future tax levies.

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases.

Limitations on the City's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments.

The City's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value		Bank and Investment Balances	Associated Risk
	<u> </u>	rrying value	 Dalatices	ASSOCIATED RISK
Demand deposits U.S. treasuries	\$	18,782,827 4,022,417	\$ 18,040,262 4,022,417	Custodial credit Custodial credit, interest rate and highly sensitive to interest rate changes
U.S. agencies		4,295,383	4,295,383	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, highly sensitive to interest rate changes, concentration of credit
Securitized notes		50,110	50,110	Custodial Credit, Credit, Interest, Concentration of Credit
Municipal bonds		1,062,581	1,062,581	Custodial credit, credit, interest rate, concentration of credit, highly sensitive to interest rate changes
Government money market		85,837	85,837	Credit, Interest
Asset backed securities		500,000	500,000	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Corporate bonds		3,658,218	3,658,218	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Local Government Investment Pool		73,738,260	73,738,260	Credit
Petty cash		6,417	 <u>-</u>	N/A
Total cash and investments	\$	106,202,050	\$ 105,453,068	
Per statement of net position: Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position:	\$	56,526,445 5,725,172		
Custodial funds		43,950,433		
Total cash and investments	\$	106,202,050		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The City has an agreement with Tri City National Bank, Oak Creek, where city deposits are collateralized by government securities owned by Tri City Capital Corp., a wholly owned investment subsidiary of Tri City National Bank. The investment portfolio is maintained with BMO Harris Bank, Milwaukee.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

The City does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. As of December 31, 2020 the City's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's
II Commission	Λ.Λ	A A A	A A A
U.S. agencies	AA	AAA	AAA
Asset backed securities	A+ - AA	AA - AA	AA2
Securitized notes	AA+ - AAA	AAA	Aaa
Municipal bonds	AAA	AAA	Aaa
Government money markets	AAA	N/A	Aaa
Corporate bonds	A - AA	A - AA	BAA - AAA

The City also held investments in the following external pool which is not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2020, the investment portfolio did not contain any single issuer in excess of 5 percent of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2020, the City's investments were as follows:

	Maturity (in Years)								
Investment Type	_ F	air Value		ess Than 1 Year		1 - 10	>	10 Years	
U.S. treasuries	\$	4,022,417	\$	1,314,002	\$	2,708,415	\$	-	
U.S. agencies		4,295,383		126,570		409,031		3,759,842	
Asset backed securities		500,000		-		500,000		-	
Corporate bonds		3,658,218		1,155,734		2,502,484		-	
Securitized notes		50,110		-		50,110		-	
Municipal bonds		1,062,581		65,765		599,989		396,827	
Government money market		85,837		85,837		-			
Total	\$	13,674,546	\$	2,747,888	\$	6,770,029	\$	4,156,669	

Fair Market Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The valuation method for recurring fair value measurements of investments is the quoted market prices approach.

The City's investments are categorized are as follows:

	December 31, 2020							
Investment Type	Lev	el 1		Level 2	Leve	el 3		Total
U.S. treasuries	\$	-	\$	4,022,417	\$	_	\$	4,022,417
U.S. agencies		-		4,295,383		-		4,295,383
Asset backed securities		-		500,000		-		500,000
Corporate bonds		-		3,658,218		-		3,658,218
Securitized notes		-		50,110		-		50,110
Municipal bonds		-		1,062,581		-		1,062,581
Government money market		<u> </u>		85,837				85,832
Total	\$		\$	13,674,546	\$		\$	13,674,546

Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes Risk

At December 31, 2020, the City held \$4,002,417, \$4,295,383 and \$1,062,581 in U.S. treasuries, U.S. Agencies and municipal bonds, respectively. With all fixed income securities, as interest rates rise, the values will fall. The longer the time to maturity, the more sensitive the values will be to a change in interest rates. The longest time to maturity on any holdings is 3 years, maturing December 31, 2023.

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the governmental-type individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		Total Net eceivables	Expe Colle	ected to be cted Within ne Year
General Fund	\$	15,832,818	\$	16,367
Special Revenue -				
Emergency Medical Services Fund		4,050,818		-
Debt Service Fund		1,085,000		-
Capital Project - Capital Improvement Fund		9,874		-
Capital Projects Fund - TIF No. 8		1,939,657		-
Capital Projects Fund - TIF No. 11		3,760,075		-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		10,638,551		366,711
T 4 1	•	07.040.700	•	000.070
Total	\$	37,316,793	\$	383,078

Revenues of the City are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable in the Emergency Medical Services Fund have been adjusted by \$292,611 for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No other allowance is necessary at year-end.

Governmental funds report unavailable or unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 Jnavailable	Uı	nearned
Property taxes and special charges receivable for subsequent year Accounts receivable not collected Special assessments not yet due	\$ 35,595,949 - -	\$	- 80,077 156,339
Total unavailable/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 35,595,949	\$	236,416
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$ - 35,595,949		
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 35,595,949		

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption - Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.

Reserve - Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

Impact Fee Account

The City has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

Asset Forfeiture Account

The City has received asset forfeitures which must be used for specific purposes.

Net Pension Asset

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2020:

	 vernmental activities	iness-Type Activities	 Total
Redemption account	\$ -	\$ 557,225	\$ 557,225
Reserve account	-	582,545	582,545
Impact fee account	4,529,651	-	4,529,651
Asset forfeiture account	72,751	-	72,751
Pension	 4,938,976	 416,184	 5,355,160
Total	\$ 9,541,378	\$ 1,555,954	\$ 11,097,332

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being				
depreciated: Land	\$ 24.856.242	¢ 224.242	¢	\$ 25.080.554
Construction in progress	\$ 24,856,242 13,711	\$ 224,312 263,172	\$ - 	\$ 25,080,554 276,883
Total capital assets not being depreciated	24,869,953	487,484	<u>-</u> _	25,357,437
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	6,355,365	-	-	6,355,365
Buildings Intangible asset -	46,540,339	-	-	46,540,339
easements	5,400	-	-	5,400
Machinery and equipment	22,354,662	936,410	(417,124)	22,873,948
Bridges	286,370	-	(040,007)	286,370
Roads Sidewalks	80,333,640 4,691,638	391,998 80,556	(919,267)	79,806,371 4,772,194
Street lighting	7,313,433	314,722	-	7,628,155
Storm sewers	26,063,725	547,714		26,611,439
Total capital assets being depreciated/				
amortized	193,944,572	2,271,400	(1,336,391)	194,879,581
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Land improvements	(1,550,081)	(221,170)	-	(1,771,251)
Buildings	(10,719,086)	(1,225,130)	-	(11,944,216)
Intangible asset - easements	(5,400)		_	(5,400)
Machinery and equipment	(15,493,756)	(770,165)	_	(16,263,921)
Bridges	(34,368)	(110,100)	_	(34,368)
Roads	(13,425,748)	(701,514)	57,148	(14,070,114)
Sidewalks	(2,524,727)	(74,806)	-	(2,599,533)
Street lighting	(4,268,042)	(255,869)	-	(4,523,911)
Storm sewers	(12,705,880)	(490,486)		(13,196,367)
Total accumulated depreciation/				
amortization	(60,727,089)	(3,739,140)	57,148	(64,409,081)
amorazaton	(00,121,000)	(0,700,140)	07,140	(04,400,001)
Net capital assets being depreciated/ amortized	133,217,483	(1,133,373)	(1,279,243)	130,470,500
Total governmental activities assets, net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization	\$ 158,087,436	\$ (980,256)	\$ (1,279,243)	\$ 155,827,937
GITTOTUZGUOTI	ψ 100,001,π00	* (300,200)	Ψ (1,210,240)	ψ 100,021,001

Depreciation / amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 847,002
Public safety	864,918
Health and social services	550
Public works	1,598,401
Leisure activities	 428,269
Total governmental activities depreciation /	
amortization expenses	\$ 3,739,140

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Business-Type Activities Water					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and land rights	\$ 242,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 242,750	
Construction in progress	127,458	208,602	117,852	218,208	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	370,208	208,602	117,852	460,958	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:					
Source of supply	7,056,575	-	-	7,056,575	
Pumping	8,998,507	-	-	8,998,507	
Treatment	25,253,960	120,140	87,971	25,286,129	
Transmission and	74 400 544	0.040.507	00.504	70.055.507	
distribution	74,403,514	2,648,527	96,534	76,955,507	
Intangible General	69,544 4,849,242	- 102,206	- 36,925	69,544 4,914,523	
General	4,049,242	102,200	30,923	4,914,525	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated/					
amortized	120,631,341	2,870,873	221,430	123,280,785	
Total capital assets	121,001,550	3,079,475	339,282	123,741,743	
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Source of supply	(2,620,057)	(121,346)	-	(2,741,403)	
Pumping	(5,209,424)	(261,949)	-	(5,471,373)	
Treatment	(12,632,729)	(822,055)	(87,971)	(13,366,813)	
Transmission and	(40.005.044)	(4.070.440)	(00 504)	(00 505 700)	
distribution Intangible	(19,385,814)	(1,276,448)	(96,534)	(20,565,728)	
General	(3,199) (3,176,927)	(10,432) (242,811)	(36,925)	(13,631) (3,382,813)	
Contoral	(0,170,021)	(272,011)	(50,325)	(0,002,010)	
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(43,028,150)	(2,735,041)	(221,430)	(45,541,761)	
Net water plant	\$ 77,973,400	\$ 344,434	\$ 117,852	\$ 78,199,982	

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		ng Balance
Sewer		_	_		_		
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land and land rights	\$ 13,145	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,145
Construction in progress	110,279	- —	2,629,194		1,005,764		1,733,709
Total capital assets not							
being depreciated	123,424		2,629,194		1,005,764		1,746,854
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:							
Intangibles	16,175		-		-		16,175
Collection system	45,044,807		992,531		-		46,037,338
Collection system pumping General	242,170 604,254		- 13,316		24,365		242,170 593,205
	004,204		10,010		24,000		000,200
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	45,907,406		1,005,847		24,365		46,888,888
Total capital assets	46,030,830		3,635,041		1,030,129		48,635,742
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Collection system	(11,746,940)		(472,797)		-	(12,219,737)
Collection system pumping	(242,170)		- (45.000)		- (04.005)		(242,170)
General	(469,096)		(45,608)		(24,365)		(490,339)
Total accumulated							
depreciation	(12,458,206)		(518,405)		(24,365)	(12,952,246)
Net sewer plant	\$ 33,572,624	\$	3,116,636	\$	1,005,764	\$	35,683,496
Business-type capital assets, net of							
depreciation	\$ 111,546,024	\$	3,461,070	\$	1,123,616	\$ 1	13,883,478
Depreciation expense was	s charged to funct	ions as	follows:				
Business-Type Activitie Water	es			\$	2,685,454		
Sewer					567,991		
	pe activities depre	ciation	/	•	0.050.445		
amortization ex	pense			\$	3,253,445		

Depreciation expense does not agree to the increase in accumulated depreciation due to joint metering, salvage and the cost of removal.

Interfund Receivables/Payables, Transfers and Advances

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables and advances including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year
General fund	Water utility	\$	1,813,218	\$ -
General fund	Debt service fund – Debt service fund		735,295	735,295
General fund	Capital projects fund – Developer Agreement fund		5,897	5,897
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #14 Capital projects fund		21,154	21,154
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #15 Capital projects fund		16,143	16,143
Special revenue fund - Economic development fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #7 Capital projects fund		314,900	314,900
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #8 Capital projects fund		815,774	815,774
Internal service fund - Health insurance fund	Water utility		129,588	129,588
Water utility	General fund		362,773	362,773
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund – Storm water fund		2,328	2,328
Sewer utility	Capital projects fund – Capital improvement fund		140,097	140,097
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund – Special assessment fund		143,499	143,499
Water utility	Capital projects fund – Capital Improvement fund		71,620	71,620
Water utility	Special revenue fund – Special assessment fund		169,053	169,053
Total - fund financial statements			4,741,339	
Less fund eliminations			(3,687,903)	
Total internal balances - government-wide statement of net position		\$	1,053,436	

The principal purpose of these interfunds includes the tax equivalent payment from the utilities to general fund and special assessment collections by the special assessment fund for the utilities. Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To	 Amount	Principal Purpose
Water utility	General fund	\$ 1,799,838	Tax equivalent
General fund	Special revenue fund - Donation and activity fund	77,042	Library supplies
Special revenue fund - WE Energies	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	1,000,624	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund - Tourism Fund	General fund	7,606	Tourism transfer
Special revenue fund - Storm water	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	305,000	Finance of capital projects
Debt service funds - Debt amortization fund	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	671,625	Street rehab
Debt service funds - Debt amortization fund	Debt service funds - Debt service	2,528,375	Finance debt
General fund	Debt service funds - Debt service	150,000	Finance debt
Special revenue fund - Economic development fund	Special revenue fund - Tourism Fund	100,000	Finance debt service requirements
Debt service funds - TID #6 debt service fund	Capital projects fund - TID #13 fund	400,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund – Impact fee fund	Debt service funds- Debt service	20,000	Finance of capital projects
General fund	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	507,791	Reimburse capital projects
Special revenue fund - Fire Impact fee fund	Debt service funds- Debt service	100,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund - Impact fee fund	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	133,000	Finance of capital projects
General fund	Internal service fund	830,098	Future health insurance
Capital projects fund - TID # 7 Capital projects fund	Debt service fund - Debt service fund	 100,000	Finance debt service requirements
Subtotal - fund financials		8,730,999	
Less fund eliminations		(6,931,161)	
Total government- wide statement of activities		\$ 1,799,838	

City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Advances

The Sewer Utility advanced \$2,500,000 to the Water Utility, dated December 15, 2013, for various construction projects. This advance will be repaid through annual installment payments of principal and interest through December 15, 2028. The annual interest rate was set by the Commission at .34 percent and is variable thereafter based on the LGIP rate. Effective December 31, 2018, the Commission approved 2.62 percent as the interest rate on this advance.

The Utility's interfund loan repayment schedule to maturity is as follows:

	<u></u> !	Principal		nterest
Years ending December 31:				
2021	\$	193,265	\$	6,933
2022		218,923		6,256
2023		219,667		5,490
2024		220,414		4,721
2025		271,163		3,950
2026 - 2028		857,322		5,880
Total	_ \$	1,980,754	\$	33,230

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	_	Ending Balance		nounts Due Vithin One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt:									
Notes and bonds	\$ 97,845,000	\$	16,275,000	\$	16,480,000	\$	97,640,000	\$	6,670,000
Add unamortized debt premium	1,979,864		361,324		254,249	_	2,086,939		
Subtotal	99,824,864		16,636,324		16,734,249		99,726,939		6,670,000
Other liabilities: Vested compensated									
absences	1,441,245		886,729		854,280		1,473,694		570,671
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability – life	5,335,815 768,228		402 206		5,335,815		1 260 624		-
Total OPEB liability - health	32,965,488		492,396 2,239,250		-		1,260,624 35,204,738		-
•				_		_	00,20 :,: 00		_
Total other liabilities	40,510,776		3,378,153	_	6,190,095		37,698,834		570,671
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 140,335,640	\$	20,014,477	\$	22,924,344	\$	137,665,995	\$	7,240,671
				-		-		:	
Business-Type Activities									
Bonds and notes payable: Revenue bonds	¢ 45 772 047	Φ	4 705 000	Φ	E 006 027	Φ	14 671 010	Ф	1 116 046
Add unamortized debt	\$ 15,773,047	\$	4,705,000	\$	5,806,837	\$	14,671,210	\$	1,116,046
premium	2,497	_		_	2,497	_			
Subtotal	15,775,544		4,705,000	_	5,809,334		14,671,210		1,116,046
Other liabilities:									
Net pension liability	495,508		-		495,508		_		_
Net OPEB liability – life	131,169		59,987		-		191,156		-
Total OPEB liability - health	2,437,579		-		269,186		2,168,393		-
Pollution remediation obligation	2,295,600						2,295,600		
T ())									
Total business-type activities long-term									
liabilities	\$ 21,135,400	\$	59,987	\$	764,694	\$	19,326,329	\$	1,116,046

General Obligation Debt

All governmental general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2020 was \$210,787,685. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$97,640,000.

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/20
Governmental Activities					
General obligation debt:					
G.O. notes and bonds					
2013 refunding bonds	4/2/13	4/01/32	2.00 -3.75%	\$ 5,825,000	\$ 4,200,000
2013A notes	4/2/13	4/01/23	1.00 -2.75%	3,000,000	975,000
2013E notes	12/30/13	12/01/22	1.00 -4.00%	10,000,000	6,875,000
2014B refunding bonds	12/16/14	5/01/32	2.00-3.375%	2,725,000	1,975,000
2015A refunding bonds	1/20/15	6/01/34	2.00 -4.00%	19,650,000	16,050,000
2016C refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00 -4.00%	17,125,000	15,450,000
2016D refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-3.15%	5,925,000	5,300,000
2017B refunding bonds	8/1/17	3/1/37	3.85-4.00%	2,900,000	2,900,000
2018A refunding bonds	4/3/18	4/1/32	3.57-4.00%	8,900,000	8,500,000
2018B refunding bonds	8/30/18	4/1/27	2.00-4.00%	5,175,000	4,675,000
2018C refunding bonds	8/30/18	4/1/27	3.00-4.00%	5,140,000	4,690,000
2018D refunding bonds	11/27/18	10/1/32	3.95-4.25%	5,100,000	5,100,000
2019B refunding bonds	8/1/19	10/1/24	2.10-2.25%	1,030,000	825,000
2019C GO refunding bonds	8/1/19	10/1/36	3.00-4.00%	3,925,000	3,925,000
2020 GO refunding bond	1/6/20	4/1/30	3.00-4.00%	4,075,000	4,000,000
2020 GO Promissory Note	1/6/20	4/1/29	1.80-2.50%	1,135,000	1,135,000
2020 GO Refunding bond	4/1/20	10/1/29	1.90-2.40%	835,000	835,000
2020D GO refunding bond	4/1/20	10/1/23	1.75-1.95%	5,160,000	5,160,000
2020C GO refunding bond	4/1/20	10/1/29	1.75-2.70%	5,070,000	5,070,000
Total governmental					
activities - general					
obligation debt					\$ 97,640,000

Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes and bonds are as follows:

Governmental Activities General Obligation Notes and Bonds

	Principal	Interest			
Years ending December 31:					
2021	\$ 6,670,000	\$ 3,262,766			
2022	7,415,000	2,948,410			
2023	15,450,000	2,700,733			
2024	6,430,000	2,251,383			
2025	6,885,000	2,023,296			
2026 - 2030	35,200,000	6,422,114			
2031 - 2035	18,850,000	1,169,827			
2036	740,000	20,159			
Tatal	A 07.040.000	* 00.700.007			
Total	\$ 97,640,000	\$ 20,798,687			

Revenue Debt

The City has pledged future water and sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$14,671,211 in revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through May 1, 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,691,434. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$7,662,095 and \$5,249,979, respectively. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 15 percent of net revenues.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2020 consists of the following:

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	<u>In</u>	Original debtedness	 Balance 12/31/20
Water utility revenue bonds	1/13/10	5/1/29	2.668%	\$	791,863	\$ 424,435
Water utility revenue bonds	3/15/11	12/1/31	2.25 - 5.00%		6,500,000	350,000
Water utility revenue bonds	11/23/11	5/1/31	2.20%		5,889,583	3,552,960
Water utility revenue bonds	5/22/13	5/1/33	1.925%		2,594,795	1,796,725
Water utility revenue bonds	5/28/14	5/1/34	1.925%		4,850,988	3,842,090
Water utility revenue bonds	11/12/2020	12/1/31	1.67%		4,705,000	 4,705,000
Total business-type						
activities revenue debt						\$ 14,671,210

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt				Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt - Direct Placement				
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
Years ending December 31:									
2021	\$ 420,000	\$	76,133	\$	696,046	\$	190,783		
2022	425,000		59,618		710,555		176,121		
2023	435,000		57,280		725,368		161,152		
2024	450,000		54,235		740,493		145,868		
2025	430,000		50,410		755,936		130,261		
2026 - 2030	2,340,000		168,393		3,969,283		406,189		
2031 - 2034	 555,000		10,545		2,018,529		64,119		
Total	\$ 5,055,000	\$	476,614	\$	9,616,210	\$	1,274,493		

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments for vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits liabilities attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Lease Disclosures

Lessor - Operating Leases - Governmental Activities

The City has entered into an operating lease with AT&T Wireless to lease the premises of city property at 800 West Puetz Road. The term of the lease is 5 years commencing August 19, 2008. The lease shall be automatically renewed for three additional four year terms unless AT&T Wireless notifies Oak Creek of its intention not to renew. Future annual lease payments are as follows:

First term (years 1-5)	\$ 24,000
First renewal term (years 6-10)	27,600
Second renewal term (years 11-15)	31,740
Third renewal term (years 16-20)	36,501

Lessor - Operating Leases - Business-type Activities

The water and sewer utility have entered into operating leases with Verizon Wireless (VW), Sprint Spectrum L.P. (SSLP), Cingular Wireless (CW) and Crown Castle (CC) for space on Utility reservoirs to be used for cellular antennas. These leases terminate on November 30, 2021 (VW), March 20, 2022 (SSLP), March 1, 2021 (CW), February 26, 2021 (CC), January 24, 2023 (CC), and January 31, 2028 (CW). Minimum future lease rentals are as follows:

2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 - 2028	_	\$ 253,799 110,788 72,529 73,726 77,413 173,908
Total	_	\$ 762,163

City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Current Refundings

On January 6, 2020, the City issued \$4,075,000 in general obligation bonds with an average coupon rate of 3.371646% to refund \$4,275,000 of outstanding debt with an average coupon rate of 4.20622%. The net proceeds were used to prepay the outstanding debt. The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$5,427,328 from 2020 through 2030. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$4,899,272 from 2020 through 2030. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$466,537.

On April 1, 2020, the City issued \$5,070,000 in general obligation bonds with an average coupon rate of 2.353182% to pay off the short term \$4,900,000 Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2017A dated July 6, 2017 with a coupon rate of 3.00%. The net proceeds were used to pay the principal and interest of the 2017A Notes at maturity.

On April 1, 2020, the City issued \$5,160,000 in general obligation bonds, the portion of \$2,905,000 was issued for Tax Incremental District No. 16 with an average coupon rate of 1.884923% to pay off the short-term \$2,850,000 Taxable General Obligation Promissory Note dated January 27, 2019 with a coupon rate of 2.89%. The net proceeds were used to pay the principal of the 2019 Notes on the call date of April 20, 2020.

Advance Refunding

On November 18, 2020, the water utility issued bonds in the amount of \$4,705,00 with an average interest rate of 1.478% to advance refund \$4,575,000 of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.87%. The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As a result, that portion of the old bonds are considered defeased and the liability for that portion of the old bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The cash flow requirements on the old bonds prior to the advance refunding was \$6,165,569 from June 1, 2021 through December 1, 2031. The cash flow requirements on the new bonds are \$5,167,613 from June 1, 2021 through December 1, 2031. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$704,101.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Unrestricted (deficit)

Total governmental activities net position

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2020 includes the following:

Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets: Land \$ 25,080,554 Construction in progress 276,883 Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 130,470,500 Less related long-term debt and premium outstanding (excluding noncapital debt) (92,378,062)Add unspent proceeds of capital-related debt included above 1,534,319 Total net investment in capital assets 64,984,194 Restricted: TID activity 4,679,464 Storm Water 362,695 Donation and activity 1,685,314 Asset forfeiture 73,237 WE Energies 217,858 Special assessments 2,533,405 Economic development 761,921 Tourism commission 72,921 Developer agreements 25,024 Park escrow 16,995 7,825 Low income loans Pension 4,938,976 Impact fees 4,529,651 Total restricted 19,905,286

(25,654,000)

52,541,888

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2020 include the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance: Major fund: General Fund		
Inventories	\$	135,438
Delinquent personal property taxes	Ψ	16,367
Noncurrent receivables from other funds		1,594,263
		_
Total nonspendable fund balance	\$	1,746,068
Restricted Fund Balance Major funds:		
Debt service - debt amortization fund	\$	8,024
Capital projects - TIF No. 11 capital projects fund	Ψ	657,143
Total major funds		665,167
Total major funds		003,107
Nonmajor funds:		
Special revenue funds:		4 005 044
Donation and activity		1,685,314
We energies fund Low income loan		217,858 7,825
Special assessments		2,533,405
Impact fee escrow		4,529,651
Asset forfeiture		73,237
Storm water		362,695
Economic development		761,921
Park escrow		16,995
Tourism commission		72,921
Debt service funds:		,
TIF No. 6 debt service		99,921
Capital projects funds:		
Developer Agreement		25,024
TIF No. 7 capital projects		46,550
TIF No. 10 capital projects		938,824
TIF No. 12 capital projects		2,586,438
TIF No. 13 capital projects		240,875
TIF No. 16 capital projects		109,713
Total nonmajor funds		14,309,167
Total restricted fund balance	\$	14,974,334
Committed Fund Balance Major funds:		
Emergency Medical Services	\$	947,186
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue funds		
Solid waste		147,995
Consolidated dispatch services		88,076
Total nonmajor funds		236,071
Total committed fund balance	\$	1,183,257

City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Assigned Fund Balance Major funds: General fund:		
Tax equivalent for subsequent year Capital improvement fund	\$	1,771,473 3,491,505
Total assigned fund balance	\$	5,262,978
Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit) Major funds: General fund Debt service fund (deficit) TIF No. 8 capital projects (deficit)	\$	6,503,124 (735,295) (817,619)
Total major funds		4,800,210
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue fund: Future improvement fund (deficit) Capital projects funds: TIF No. 14 capital projects (deficit) TIF No. 15 capital projects (deficit)		(2,500) (21,257) (17,337)
Total nonmajor funds		(40,003)
Total unassigned fund balance (deficit)	\$	4,910,207
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets: Land and land rights Intangible assets, net of amortization Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less payables and accruals for capital assets Less related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt proceeds, net of unamortized loss on debt refunding)	\$	255,895 85,719 1,951,917 111,589,946 (15,408) (14,563,622)
Total net investment in capital assets		99,304,447
Restricted: Debt service Pension Total restricted		1,114,582 416,184
Total restricted		1,530,766
Unrestricted		26,469,291
Total business-type activities net position	\$_	127,304,504

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits.

Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

_	Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
	2010	(1.3)%	22.0%
	2011	(1.2)	11.0
	2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
	2013	(9.6)	9.0
	2014	4.7	25.0
	2015	2.9	2.0
	2016	0.5	(5.0)
	2017	2.0	4.0
	2018	2.4	17.0
	2019	0.0	(10.0)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,733,340 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2020 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer			
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.55%	6.55%			
Protective with Social Security	6.55%	10.55%			
Protective without Social Security	6.55%	14.95%			

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the City reported an asset of \$5,355,160 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.16607948 percent, which was an increase of 0.00217175 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,970,170.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net differences between projected and actual earnings on	\$	9,852,3509 417,309	\$ 4,774,092 -
pension plan investments		-	10,947,853
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,888 2,046,857	 22,745 -
Total	\$	12,335,404	\$ 15,744,690

\$2,046,857 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	of ar I	rerred Inflow Resources ad Deferred Inflows of Sources (Net)
Years ending December 31:		
2021	\$	(1,608,754)
2022		(1,214,434)
2023		183,717
2024		(2,816,672)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2018 Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset) December 31, 2019 **Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal** Fair Value **Asset Valuation Method:** Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.0% Discount Rate: 7.0% Salary Increases: Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6% Mortality: Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table Post-Retirement Adjustments*:

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9 percent is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2019 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	49%	8.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	24.5	4.9	2.1
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	4.0	1.2
Real Estate	9	6.3	3.5
Private Equity/Debt	8	10.6	7.6
Multi-Asset	4	6.9	4.0
Total Core Fund	110	7.5	4.6
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	7.5	4.6
International Equities	30	8.2	5.3
Total Variable Fund	100	7.8	4.9

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75 percent

Assets Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent and a long term bond rate of 2.75 percent. (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2019. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.) Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00 percent expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9 percent will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.00%)		Dis	Current scount Rate (7.00%)	-	6 Increase to scount Rate (8.00%)
City of Oak Creek's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	13,790,495	\$	(5,355,160)	\$	(19,668,740)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reportsand-statements.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a payable to the pension plan of \$410,610 which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission and workers compensation. Employee health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the City in the health insurance internal service fund, which includes commercial insurance and self-funding. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Self-Insurance

For health claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$100,000 deductible per individual and \$5,741,176 in the aggregate for a policy year. Claims in excess of those amounts are covered by specific reinsurance with an unlimited lifetime maximum reimbursement. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

All funds in the City participate in the health and dental insurance internal service fund. Amounts payable to the health insurance fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. At December 31, 2020, no amounts were designated for that reserve.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability.

Claims Liability

	Prior Year		Current Year	
Unpaid claims - Beginning of Year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	3,198,020 5,430,157 (7,982,997)	\$	645,180 4,834,480 (5,874,632)
Unpaid claims - end of year	\$	645,180	\$	394,972

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC) Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from the WMIC / CVMIC administrative office.

The City pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$75,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$250,000.

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2020. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

Tax Incremental Financing

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 7 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a property taxable value of \$10,200,000. The developers also pay property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreements, are entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of taxes paid less the base value \$3,000,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2024. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$335,447.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$650,000 upon confirmation of job creation and City being awarded a grant. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75 percent taxes paid for 8 years (2023). Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$227,203.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 10 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a 15 year lease of space and job retainment. The developers are entitled to a future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75 percent taxes paid, up to \$1,800,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2023. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$288,926.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$5,300,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2016-2032 and thereafter. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0, (\$5,300,000 was paid in 2015).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers received \$2,750,000 loan upon ownership of said property which will be paid back to the City beginning in 2021 (annually for 20 years). Additionally, the developer will receive a \$4,500,000 grant from the City for project costs once the construction process has begun and construction contracts are executed. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$26,200,000 effective 2020 with a moderate increase each year the TID is open ending with a minimum assessed value of \$35,800,900 in 2032. Additionally in 2024 the developer will add another \$9 million in minimum assessed value for phase 3 of the development. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0. (\$2,750,000 was paid in 2017).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$2,500,000 upon beginning construction of a parking garage with 425 parking stalls. Once building permits are pulled for additional square footage of the medical facility (targeting 130,000 square foot) the developer will be paid \$65.80 per square foot up to an additional \$2,500,000. The City will in good faith effort work with the WEDC for a \$1,000,000 grant for the developer based on jobs, 425 parking stalls, and a 130,000 square foot facility. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2017-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0. (\$1,835,134 was paid in 2017).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,450,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and a hotel franchise agreement and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,680,051 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,319,949 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers will receive not to exceed \$900,000 upon ownership, build out of project and having reached the minimum assessed value: \$5 million in 2019 and \$8 million in 2020 and for the remaining life of the project. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developers agree to invest roughly \$50,000,000 in economic development building a 300,000 square foot retail facility. The City and developer agree to City Financing not to exceed \$5,225,000 for infrastructure leading up to the developer's property. In each year, beginning 2017 and ending the last year of the district 2036, the City will receive a check from the developer for taxes on the property. The developer will receive the tax amount back less the annual bond payment for infrastructure, and less \$25,000 for administrative costs each year up to \$13,000,000. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$798,675.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City administers a single-employer defined contribution healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The plan provides health insurance benefits for eligible retirees through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees pay at established rates.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the city and the union.

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit OPEB, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the City. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

The City of Oak Creek provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents based on the following:

Utility

Employees hired prior to 01/01/83 and retired prior to 12/31/06 pay the same as active and get benefits for life after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 - 12/31/05 and retire prior to 12/31/05 pay 40 percent of the pre and post 65 premium after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 - 12/31/05 and retire after 12/31/08 pay 20 percent of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired after 12/31/05 pay 20 percent of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 15 years of service. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Local 133 - General/Labor

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 20 percent of the premium to participate in the plan. No Post 65 insurance employee's active January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Local 1848 - Firefighters

Employees who attain 10 years of service who retired prior to May 4, 2010 shall be eligible for retiree level health insurance as of the prior bargaining agreement (5 percent). After May 4, 2010 retirees pay same as current employees (10 percent). No post 65 insurance available for employees hired after May 4, 2010. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Police Supervisors

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10 percent of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

City of Oak Creek

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Police Officers

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hire after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10 percent of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Dispatchers

Employees hired after 02/01/95 need 15 years of service. Employees who retired prior to 12/31/05 have post 65 Medicare supplemental insurance. Future retirees are required to pay 40 percent of the premium. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Non Represented

Employees hired prior to 01/01/06 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired before 07/01/83 who retired before 12/31/05 receive post 65 benefits and contribute 0 percent; those who retiree before 12/31/11 pay 20 percent. Future retirees are required to pay 20 percent of the premium to participate in the plan.

General and Police hired after 01/01/2015 and firefighters hired after 01/01/2016 are not eligible for retiree medical coverage under this plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2020 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members and spouses currently receiving benefit	
payments	258
Active plan members	172
	430

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$37,373,131 was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Based on the "Long Term Healthcare Costs

Trend Resource Model" created for the Society of Actuaries by Professor Thomas E. Getzen of

Temple University

Salary increases WRS assumption adopted by the Employee Trust

Funds Board in connection with a study of

experience during 2015-2017

Healthcare cost trend rates Based on the "Long Term Healthcare Costs

Trend Resource Model" created for the Society of Actuaries by Professor Thomas E. Getzen of

Temple University

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs See benefits table above

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Tax Exempt Municipal Bond Yield.

Mortality rates were based on the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality table as the base table and project future improvements with 2018 generational improvement scale as adopted by the Board in connection with the 2015-2017 Experience Study by the Wisconsin Retirement System.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2015-2017

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at December 31, 2019 Charges for the year:	\$ 35,403,067
Service cost Interest	660,328 1,436,753
Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	1,934,957 (2,061,974)
Net changes	1,970,064
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 37,373,131

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.74 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher 3.74 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.74%)		Discount Rate (2.74%)		1% Increase (3.74%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	41,247,439	\$	37,373,131	\$	34,033,024

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (2.12 percent decreasing to 1.12 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.12 percent increasing to 3.12 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	19	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1% Increase (2.12%	
				Current Trend Rate (2.12%)		Increasing to 3.12%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	33,709,183	\$	37,373,131	\$	41,666,830

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,289,266. At December 31, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Employer contributions - subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,138,662 2,479,754	\$	1,490,866
Total	\$	4,618,416	\$	1,490,866

\$2,479,754 reported as deferred outflows to OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resource related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)		
Years ending December 31			
2021	\$	155,587	
2022		155,587	
2023		70,796	
2024		88,958	
2025		176,868	

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011. Must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contribution made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reports as of December 31, 2020 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution	
50% Post Retirement Coverage 25% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution 20% of employee contribution	

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participation employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates for the Plan Year

Attained Age	Basic	
Under 30	\$0.05	
30-34	0.06	
34-39	0.07	
40-44	0.08	
45-49	0.12	
50-54	0.22	
55-59	0.39	
60-64	0.49	
65-69	0.57	
40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64	0.08 0.12 0.22 0.39 0.49	

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$6,163 in contribution from the employer.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$1,451,780 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.34093800 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00757800 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$106,177.

At December 31, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	65,037
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		27,385		-
Changes in assumptions		535,568		159,685
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		23,918		19,392
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,687		
Total	\$	593,558	\$	244,114

\$6,687 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employers contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Ou Reso Defer	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)		
Years ending December 31				
•	\$	59,791		
2021		59,791		
2022		56,838		
2023		53,796		
2024		42,728		
2025		69,813		
Thereafter				

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions

The net OPEB liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: January 1, 2019 Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability December 31, 2019 **Entry Age Normal** Actuarial Cost Method: 20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield 2.74% Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 4.25% Discount Rate: 2.87% Salary Increases: Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6% Mortality: Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2019 is

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Long-Term Expected

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2019

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	45%	2.12%
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	5	2.90
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	50	1.53
Inflation			2.20
Long-Term Expected Ra	ate of Return		4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return decreased slightly from 5.00% in the prior year to 4.25% in the current year. This change was primarily based on the target asset allocation and capital market expectations. The expected inflation rate also decreased slightly from 2.30% in the prior year to 2.20% in the current year. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 2.87% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 4.22% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 4.10% as of December 31, 2018 to 2.74% as of December 31, 2019. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.87 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.87 percent) than the current rate:

	 % Decrease to Discount Rate (1.87%)		Current Discount Rate (2.87%)		1% Increase to Discount Rate (3.87%)	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,004,666	\$	1,451,780	\$	1,031,142	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Power Generating Facility Mitigation Revenue

The City entered into an agreement with Wisconsin Energy Corporation (WEC). WEC is expanding its electric generating facilities within the City of Oak Creek by creating three new units. WEC is expected to pay the following annual mitigation payments to the City 30 days after the commencement of construction:

Elm Road Unit 1	\$ 1,500,000
Elm Road Unit 2	750,000
Elm Road Unit 3	250,000

The payments are required annually unless the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin determines that these payments may not be included in the rent payments of the facilities lease or a new unit ceases operation after start-up and is decommissioned.

In 2020, the City received \$2,250,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligation
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Relationships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

Subsequent Events

On May 20, 2021, the City issued \$3,945 million in Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes (2021A) which will be used to current refund previously issued 2016 debt and for public purposes, including financing TID projects.

On July 28, 2021, the City issued \$16.22 million in Note Anticipation Notes (Series 2021B), which will be used to fund public purposes, including TID Projects.

Relief though the American Rescue Plan Act

The federal government passed the American Rescue Plan Act on March 11, 2021 to respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and its negative economic impacts. Amounts were appropriated for fiscal year 2021 to units of local government to mitigate the fiscal effects stemming from the public health emergency. The City's estimate award is \$3,802,085, which will be used to combat the negative effects of the public health emergency in the local economy. The City will receive 50% of the funds in June 2021, with the remaining expected a year later. The funds are to cover costs incurred by December 31, 2024.

REQUIRED SUPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Oak Creek

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues				
Taxes:				
General property taxes	\$ 14,229,760	\$ 14,411,542	\$ 181,782	
Motel room tax	457,000	457,000	-	
Mobile home taxes	68,000	62,528	(5,472)	
Other taxes	208,446	76,089	(132,357)	
Total	14,963,206	15,007,159	43,953	
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Shared taxes from state	2,981,206	2,980,110	(1,096)	
State transportation aids	2,733,563	2,729,858	(3,705)	
State computer aids	136,265	133,593	(2,672)	
Other state aids	10,750	730,223	719,473	
Health department block grant	-	52,633	52,633	
Police grants	225,548	106,496	(119,052)	
Total	6,087,332	6,732,913	645,581	
Regulation and compliance:				
Licenses:				
Liquor and beer	63,200	59,783	(3,417)	
Publishing fees	900	790	(110)	
Operators	28,000	18,410	(9,590)	
Amusement devices	8,500	6,165	(2,335)	
Amusement operators	1,200	1,350	150	
Miscellaneous, business	11,000	5,225	(5,775)	
Miscellaneous, nonbusiness	75	25	(50)	
DATCP	88,850	95,681	6,831	
Late sanitarian license renewal	500	-	(500)	
Sanitarian plan review	3,000	400	(2,600)	
Permits:				
Building	452,000	581,087	129,087	
Electrical	110,000	124,946	14,946	
Plumbing	90,000	105,735	15,735	
Street opening	7,500	12,584	5,084	
Erosion control	12,500	12,526	26	
Temp food	2,000	550	(1,450)	
Sundry	500	-	(500)	
Landscape, lighting & sign review	3,800	13,050	9,250	
Cable TV	300,000	277,542	(22,458)	
AT&T video service	160,000	107,288	(52,712)	
Court fines	425,800	400,922	(24,878)	
Total	1,769,325	1,824,059	54,734	

City of Oak Creek

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Public charges for services:			
General government			
Property status letter fees	\$ 8,000	\$ 13,480	\$ 5,480
Administrative fees	28,000	29,570	1,570
Photo copies sold	1,500	818	(682)
Zoning/housing appeal fees	800	1,000	200
Rezoning petitions and filing fees	2,500	6,975	4,475
Text amendment fees	500	-	(500)
Right of way vacation fees	575	1,000	425
Special use request fees	12,000	20,250	8,250
Filing fee - certified survey maps	7,000	6,050	(950)
Plan commission agenda fees	14,000	27,250	13,250
Map amendments	1,200	1,000	(200)
Subdivision plat fees	1,000	-	(1,000)
Maps sold	25	17	(8)
Public safety:			
State DWI seizures	1,500	-	(1,500)
Police patrol service fees	5,000	2,858	(2,142)
Miscellaneous fees	2,000	813	(1,187)
Copies of police and fire reports	3,000	1,051	(1,949)
False alarm penalties	7,500	11,700	4,200
Health and sanitation:			
Health Department:			
Clinic fees	9,000	1,471	(7,529)
Pet license fees/Humane Society	12,500	9,844	(2,656)
Public works:			
Weed cutting	8,000	1,108	(6,892)
Sale of culvert pipe	10,000	14,183	4,183
Culvert installation	1,200	2,800	1,600
Library:			
Other income	20,000	6,740	(13,260)
Photocopies	7,000	4,293	(2,707)
Recreation	140,000	64,367	(75,633)
Sanitarian:			
Regular service fee	7,000	3,397	(3,603)
Miscellaneous charges for services	2,000	3,935	1,935
Total	312,800	235,970	(76,830)
1000	012,000	200,010	(10,000)
Investment income:			
Investments	220,000	434,264	214,264
Taxes	70,000	79,437	9,437
Total	290,000	513,701	223,701
Miscellaneous income:			
AT&T American tower lease	31,740	31,740	_
South Suburban Chamber Lease	12,000	10,000	(2,000)
Insurance incentives	25,000	85,442	60,442
Insurance recoveries	9,800	5,096	(4,704)
P-card rebates	20,000	12,982	(7,018)
Miscellaneous revenues	10,000	(8,016)	(18,016)
		(0,010)	(10,010)
Total	108,540	137,244	28,704
Interfund charges for services:			
Engineering and administration charged to TID projects	275,000	275,000	-
Highway equipment service fee	43,680	15,182	(28,498)
Administrative services charged to enterprise funds	45,000	33,750	(11,250)
Miscellaneous charges for services	19,000	47,606	28,606
Total	382,680	371,538	(11,142)
Total revenues	23,913,883	24,822,584	908,701

City of Oak Creek

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures			
General government:			
General government	\$ 3,965,578	\$ 2,928,736	\$ 1,036,842
Building maintenance	725,761	651,364	74,397
City administrator	289,971	296,771	(6,800)
Data processing	1,059,330	1,011,500	47,830
City clerk	219,003	228,523	(9,520)
Treasurer	206,544	204,366	2,178
Finance	388,419	366,565	21,854
Assessor	218,115	216,280	1,835
Attorney and legal	253,839	179,881	73,958
Community development	304,655	307,494	(2,839)
Total	7,631,215	6,391,480	1,239,735
Public safety:			
Police department	9,032,901	8,599,587	433,314
Emergency operations	19,010	139,596	(120,586)
Fire department	2,035,084	2,099,275	(64,191)
Inspection	563,603	542,249	21,354
Other	101,734	100,979	755
Total	11,752,332	11,481,686	270,646
Health and social services: Health department	508,456	385,034	123,422
·			
Total	508,456	385,034	123,422
Public works:			
Engineering	772,073	639,251	132,822
Streets	3,805,126	3,611,227	193,899
Total	4,577,199	4,250,478	326,721
Leisure activities:			
Conservation and recreation	620,390	472,442	147,948
Library	1,027,864	952,542	75,322
Parks	577,462	543,008	34,454
Total	2,225,716	1,967,992	257,724
Total expenditures	26,694,918	24,476,670	2,218,248
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of property	20,000	27,087	7,087
Transfer in	25,000	7,606	(17,394)
Transfer in, tax equivalent	1,663,510	1,799,838	136,328
Transfer out	<u> </u>	(1,564,931)	(1,564,931)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,708,510	269,600	(1,438,910)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,072,525)	615,514	\$ 1,688,039
Fund Balance, Beginning		9,405,151	
Fund Balance, Ending		\$ 10,020,665	

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	3,655,849	\$	3,655,849	\$	-
Intergovernmental		138,390		184,194		45,804
Public charges for services		1,430,196		1,385,471		(44,725)
Investment income		5,000		2,750		(2,250)
Misc revenue		<u>-</u>		10,615		10,615
Total revenues		5,229,435		5,238,879		9,444
Expenditures Current:						
Public Safety		5,229,435		5,153,939		75,496
Total expenditures		5,229,435		5,153,939		75,496
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		84,940	\$	84,940
Fund Balance, Beginning				862,246		
Fund Balance, Ending			\$	947,186		

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - City Retiree Benefits Plan Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 2018	2019	 2020
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 649,113	\$ 717,788	\$ 660,328
Interest	1,366,954	1,288,751	1,436,753
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
economic/demographic gains or losses	-	-	570,464
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,253,995	(2,314,550)	1,364,493
Benefit payments	 (2,022,000)	 (2,052,298)	 (2,061,974)
Net change in total OPEB Liability	1,248,062	(2,360,309)	1,970,064
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	36,515,314	37,763,376	35,403,067
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$ 37,763,376	\$ 35,403,067	\$ 37,373,131
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,862,279	\$ 20,287,297	\$ 21,579,696
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	190.13%	174.51%	173.19%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

Plan Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Sł	oportionate nare of the Net OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/17 12/31/18 12/31/19	0.34563500% 0.34855800% 0.34093800%	\$	1,039,871 899,397 1,451,780	\$ 14,534,940 18,848,000 19,090,000	7.15% 4.77% 7.60%	44.81% 48.69% 37.58%

City of Oak Creek

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Fiscal Year Ending	Re	tractually equired cributions	Relat Cont	equired D		ontribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/18	\$	7,611	\$	7,611	\$	_	\$	15,601,884	0.05%
12/31/19		7,463		7,463		-		17,915,500	0.04%
12/31/20		6,687		6,687		-		19,083,901	0.04%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2020

WRS Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	SI N	oportionate hare of the et Pension bility (Asset)	Covered Payroll		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.16047000%	\$	(3,941,582)	\$	17,775,702	22.17%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.15775509%		2,563,490		18,256,231	14.04%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.15582489%		1,284,369		18,758,850	6.85%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.15904145%		(4,722,129)		19,181,462	24.62%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.16307730%		5,831,323		19,887,692	29.32%	96.45%
12/31/19	0.16607948%		(5,355,160)		20,287,752	26.40%	102.96%

City of Oak Creek

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Fiscal Year Ending	ı	ontractually Required ontributions	Re Co	atributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions	De	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	1,495,972	\$	1,495,972	\$	-	\$	18,256,231	8.19%
12/31/16		1,495,955		1,495,955		-		18,758,850	7.97%
12/31/17		1,663,744		1,663,744		-		19,136,951	8.69%
12/31/18		1,729,528		1,729,528		-		19,862,279	8.71%
12/31/19		1,850,459		1,850,459		-		20,287,297	9.12%
12/31/20		2,046,857		2,046,857		-		21,579,696	9.47%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2020

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.C.

A budget has been adopted for all governmental fund types. The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city administrator may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$0. Budgets are adopted at the function level of expenditure.

Wisconsin Retirement System

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes of assumptions. Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 - 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Total Pension Liability changed, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates.

Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance

The data presented in the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for the City.

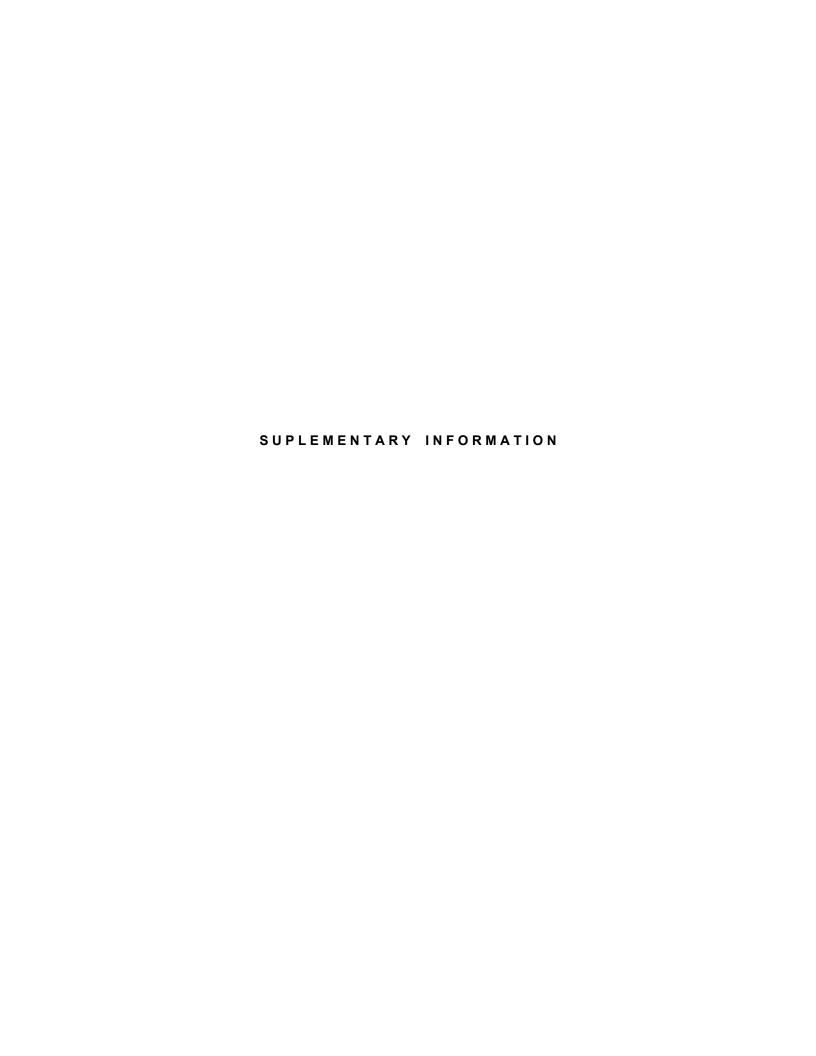
Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.

Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of assumptions. Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 - 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Net OPEB Liability changed, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates.



City of Oak Creek

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2020

Restricted cash and investments 4,529,651 72,751	74,741 - - - - -	Park Escrow Fund 16,995 - - - -
Cash and investments \$ 372,208 \$ 1,739,193 \$ 231,772 \$ 7,825 \$ 2,523,119 \$ 450,204 \$ 340,983 \$ - \$ 486 \$ 380,432 \$ 76,842 \$ Restricted cash and investments 4,529,651 72,751		\$ 16,995 - - - - -
Restricted cash and investments 4,529,651 72,751		\$ 16,995 - - - - -
	- - - - -	- - - -
1000 10	- - - - -	- - -
	- - - -	- - -
Accounts receivable 50 916 27 29,275	- - -	-
Special assessments receivable 366,711		 -
Loans receivable 6,503		
Due from other funds		
Total assets \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	74,741	\$ 16,995
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits) Liabilities:		
Accounts payable \$ 222,746 \$ 54,795 \$ 4,706 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,750 \$ - \$ - \$ 10,199 \$	1,612	\$ -
Accrued liabilities 1,517 - 9,235 433 5,210 18,041	208	-
Deposits 343,483	-	-
Due to other funds 312,552 2,328		
Total liabilities 224,263 54,795 13,941 - 312,552 3,183 343,483 17,737 18,041	1,820	
Deferred inflows of resources:		
4.407.700		
Unearned revenues 1,448,769 1,070,706 1,437,760 Unavailable revenues 6,503 149,835	-	-
Offiavallable revenues 5 0,505 145,655		
Total deferred inflows of		
resources 1,448,769 6,503 149,835 1,070,706 1,437,760		
Fund balances (deficit):		
	72,921	16,995
Committed 147,995 88,076	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)		
Total fund balances (deficit) 147,995 1,685,314 217,858 7,825 2,533,405 761,921 (2,500) 4,529,651 73,237 362,695 88,076	72,921	 16,995
Total liabilities, deferred		
inflows of resources, and		
fund balances (deficits) \$ 1,821,027 \$ 1,740,109 \$ 231,799 \$ 14,328 \$ 2,995,792 \$ 765,104 \$ 340,983 \$ 4,529,651 \$ 73,237 \$ 1,451,138 \$ 1,543,877 \$	4,741	\$ 16,995

City of Oak Creek
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2020

		Capital Projects Funds														
	TF No. 6 bt Service Fund	Developer Agreement Fund		TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund		TF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	Т	IF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund		TF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	IF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	ΓΙF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$ 100,024 - 335,447 - - -	\$ - - 30,921 - -		361,571 - 1,267,946 - - -	\$	938,927 - 449,063 - - -	\$	2,586,541 - 1,184,294 - - - -	\$	295,092 - 11,391 - - -	\$	- - 145,135 - - - -	\$ - - 86,121 - - - -	\$ 109,816 2,661,554 - - -	\$	10,606,771 4,602,402 10,204,148 61,189 366,711 6,503 314,900
Total assets	\$ 435,471	\$ 30,921	\$	1,629,517	\$	1,387,990	\$	3,770,835	\$	306,483	\$	145,135	\$ 86,121	\$ 2,771,370	\$	26,162,624
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits) Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds	\$ 103 - - -	\$ - - - 5,897		121 - - 314,900	\$	103 - - -	\$	103 - - -	\$	54,217 - - -	\$	103 - - 21,154	\$ 103 - - - 16,143	\$ 103 - - -	\$	351,764 34,644 343,483 672,974
Total liabilities	 103	5,897		315,021		103		103		54,217		21,257	16,246	103		1,402,865
Deferred inflows of resources: Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues	 335,447			1,267,946 -		449,063		1,184,294 -		11,391 -		145,135 -	 86,121	2,661,554		10,098,186 156,338
Total deferred inflows of resources	335,447			1,267,946		449,063		1,184,294		11,391		145,135	86,121	2,661,554		10,254,524
Fund balances (deficit): Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)	 99,921 - -	25,024 - 		46,550 - -		938,824 - -		2,586,438 - -		240,875 - -		- - (21,257)	- - (16,246)	109,713 - -		14,309,167 236,071 (40,003)
Total fund balances (deficit)	 99,921	25,024		46,550		938,824		2,586,438		240,875		(21,257)	(16,246)	109,713		14,505,235
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 435,471	\$ 30,921	\$	1,629,517	\$	1,387,990	\$	3,770,835	\$	306,483	\$	145,135	\$ 86,121	\$ 2,771,370	\$	26,162,624

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Special Revenue Funds Consolidated Donation Solid WE **Special Economic** Impact Fee Dispatch Park and Low Income **Future** Asset Storm **Tourism** Waste **Activity Energies Assessment** Development Improvement **Escrow** Forfeiture Water Services Commission **Escrow** Loan Fund Revenues Taxes \$ 1,390,836 \$ 85,724 \$ 1,406,461 68,483 \$ \$ \$ \$ Intergovernmental 94,175 288,167 210,584 Public charges for service 7,500 391,129 1,046,768 Special assessments / developer contributions 205,757 14 Investment income 1,022 2,381 1,243 16,166 566 21,656 1,122 642 125 Miscellaneous 54,430 151,519 2,250,000 24,153 61,502 2,227 Total revenues 1,547,963 364,484 2,251,243 221,923 86,290 412,785 24,167 1,047,890 1,695,270 130,110 2,227 **Expenditures** Current: 378 General government 165,642 390,733 Public safety 46,340 1,198,953 5,400 Public works 1,513,781 612,246 Health and social services 1,693,169 463,317 Leisure activities 49,897 Conservation and development 103,105 Capital outlay 5,990 Debt service: Principal Interest Total expenditures 1,513,781 725,196 1,199,331 109,095 5,400 612,246 1,693,169 390,733 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 34,182 (360,712)1,051,912 221,923 (22,805)412,785 18,767 435,644 2,101 (260,623)2,227 **Other Financing Sources (Uses)** Debt proceeds Premium on debt issue Transfers in 77,042 100,000 Transfers out (1,000,624)(100,000)(253,000)(305,000)(7,606)Total other financing sources (100,000)(305,000)(uses) 77,042 (1,000,624)(253,000)92,394 Net change in fund balances 34,182 (283,670)51,288 221,923 (122,805)159,785 18,767 130,644 2,101 (168,229)2,227 Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning 113,813 1,968,984 166,570 7,825 884,726 (2,500)4,369,866 54,470 232,051 85,975 241,150 2,311,482 14,768 Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending 147,995 1,685,314 217,858 7,825 \$ 2,533,405 \$ 761,921 (2,500)\$ 4,529,651 73,237 362,695 88,076 72,921 16,995

City of Oak Creek

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Capital Projects Funds													
	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund	Developer Agreements Fund	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
Revenues															
Taxes	\$ 337,998	\$ -	\$ 698,098	\$ 444,499	\$ 954,763	\$ 7,562	\$ -	\$ 23,192	\$ 223,393	\$ 5,641,009					
Intergovernmental	1,061	-	17,764	18,906	-	100,000	-	-	-	730,657					
Public charges for service	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	1,445,397					
Special assessments / developer										,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
contributions	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	205,757					
Investment income	581	6	5,787	1,318	5,915	476	2,905	-	774	62,699					
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	3,307	-	-	630,452	3,177,590					
Total revenues	339,640	6	721,649	464,723	960,678	111,345	2,905	23,192	854,619	11,263,109					
Expenditures															
Current:															
General government	-	-	39,232	-	-	-	-	-	-	595,985					
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,250,693					
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,126,027					
Health and social services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,156,486					
Leisure activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,897					
Conservation and development	25,000	-	75,000	313,927	823,675	304,806	1,088,750	21,671	25,000	2,780,934					
Capital outlay	-	37,522	460,659	-	2,235	423,014	-	-	219,641	1,149,061					
Debt service:															
Principal	-	-	-	-	205,000	-	-	-	2,850,000	3,055,000					
Interest	1,701		1,700	1,700	221,807	1,699	50,327	430	122,570	401,934					
Total expenditures	26,701	37,522	576,591	315,627	1,252,717	729,519	1,139,077	22,101	3,217,211	13,566,017					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over expenditures	312,939	(37,516)	145,058	149,096	(292,039)	(618,174)	(1,136,172)	1,091	(2,362,592)	(2,302,908)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)															
Debt proceeds	-	_	_	_	2,255,000	_	1,135,000	-	2,905,000	6,295,000					
Premium on debt issue	-	-	_	-	_,,	_	-	-	_,,,,,,,,,	-					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	400,000	-	-	-	577,042					
Transfers out	(400,000)		(100,000)							(2,166,230)					
Total other financing sources															
(uses)	(400,000)		(100,000)		2,255,000	400,000	1,135,000		2,905,000	4,705,812					
Net change in fund balances	(87,061)	(37,516)	45,058	149,096	1,962,961	(218,174)	(1,172)	1,091	542,408	2,402,904					
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	186,982	62,540	1,492	789,728	623,477	459,049	(20,085)	(17,337)	(432,695)	12,102,331					
									<u> </u>						
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 99,921	\$ 25,024	\$ 46,550	\$ 938,824	\$ 2,586,438	\$ 240,875	\$ (21,257)	\$ (16,246)	\$ 109,713	\$ 14,505,235					

APPENDIX B

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the "Disclosure Certificate") is executed and delivered by the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of \$2,325,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, dated April 6, 2022 (the "Securities"). The Securities are being issued pursuant to a resolution adopted on March 1, 2022, as supplemented by a Certificate Approving the Preliminary Official Statement and Details of Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, dated March 7, 2022 (the "Resolution") and delivered to Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Purchaser") on the date hereof. Pursuant to the Resolution, the Issuer has covenanted and agreed to provide continuing disclosure of certain financial information and operating data and timely notices of the occurrence of certain events. In addition, the Issuer hereby specifically covenants and agrees as follows:

Section 1(a). Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the holders of the Securities in order to assist the Participating Underwriters within the meaning of the Rule (defined herein) in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). References in this Disclosure Certificate to holders of the Securities shall include the beneficial owners of the Securities. This Disclosure Certificate constitutes the written Undertaking required by the Rule.

<u>Section 1(b)</u>. Filing Requirements. Any filing under this Disclosure Certificate must be made solely by transmitting such filing to the MSRB (defined herein) through the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System at <u>www.emma.msrb.org</u> in the format prescribed by the MSRB. All documents provided to the MSRB shall be accompanied by the identifying information prescribed by the MSRB.

<u>Section 2. Definitions</u>. In addition to the defined terms set forth in the Resolution, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" means any annual report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the Issuer's annual financial statements, which are currently prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and which the Issuer intends to continue to prepare in substantially the same form.

"Final Official Statement" means the Final Official Statement dated March 7, 2022 delivered in connection with the Securities, which is available from the MSRB.

"Financial Obligation" means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term Financial Obligation shall not include

municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

"Fiscal Year" means the fiscal year of the Issuer.

"Governing Body" means the Common Council of the Issuer or such other body as may hereafter be the chief legislative body of the Issuer.

"Issuer" means the City of Oak Creek, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, which is the obligated person with respect to the Securities.

"Issuer Contact" means the City Clerk of the Issuer who can be contacted at 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin 53154, phone (414) 766-7000, fax (414) 766-7976.

"Listed Event" means any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Certificate.

"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Participating Underwriter" means any of the original underwriter(s) of the Securities (including the Purchaser) required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Securities.

"Rule" means SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time, and official interpretations thereof.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Section 3. Provision of Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements.

- (a) The Issuer shall, not later than 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, commencing with the year ended December 31, 2021, provide the MSRB with an Annual Report filed in accordance with Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate and which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided that the Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and that, if Audited Financial Statements are not available within 270 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, unaudited financial information will be provided, and Audited Financial Statements will be submitted to the MSRB when and if available.
- (b) If the Issuer is unable or fails to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the Issuer shall send in a timely manner a notice of that fact to the MSRB in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

Section 4. Content of Annual Report. The Issuer's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the Audited Financial Statements, adopted annual budget and/or current general fund budget summary and updates of the following sections of the Final Official Statement to the extent such financial information and operating data are not included in the Audited Financial Statements:

- 1. TAX LEVIES, RATES AND COLLECTIONS
- 2. ASSESSED AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS
- 3. INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY Direct Indebtedness

Any or all of the items listed above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's Internet website or filed with the SEC. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such other document so incorporated by reference.

Section 5. Reporting of Listed Events.

- (a) This Section 5 shall govern the giving of notices of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Securities:
 - 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - 2. Non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Securities;
 - 7. Modification to rights of holders of the Securities, if material;
 - 8. Securities calls, if material, and tender offers;
 - 9. Defeasances;
 - 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Securities, if material;
 - 11. Rating changes;

- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;
- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- 15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which affect holders of the Securities, if material; and
- 16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For the purposes of the event identified in subsection (a)12. above, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Issuer in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer.

- (b) When a Listed Event occurs, the Issuer shall, in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the Listed Event, file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsections (a) (8) and (9) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to holders of affected Securities pursuant to the Resolution.
- (c) Unless otherwise required by law, the Issuer shall submit the information in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

Section 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The Issuer's obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all the Securities.

Section 7. Issuer Contact; Agent. Information may be obtained from the Issuer Contact. Additionally, the Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a dissemination agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor dissemination agent.

Section 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution or this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Certificate, and any provision of this Disclosure Certificate may be waived, if the following conditions are met:

- (a)(i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature, or status of the Issuer, or the type of business conducted; or
- (ii) This Disclosure Certificate, as amended or waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and
- (b) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of beneficial owners of the Securities, as determined and certified to the Issuer by an underwriter, financial advisor, bond counsel or trustee.

In the event this Disclosure Certificate is amended for any reason other than to cure any ambiguities, inconsistencies, or typographical errors that may be contained herein, the Issuer agrees the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment shall include an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change, if any, on the type of financial statements or operating data being provided.

If the amendment concerns the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, then the Issuer agrees that it will give an event notice and that the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment will include a comparison between financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

Section 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

Section 10. Default. (a) Except as described in the Final Official Statement, in the previous five years, the Issuer has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings under the Rule to provide annual reports or notices of events.

(b) In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate any holder of the Securities may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an event of default with respect to the Securities and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

<u>Section 11. Beneficiaries</u>. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Participating Underwriters and holders from time to time of the Securities, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have executed this Certificate in our official capacities effective the 6th day of April, 2022.

(SEAL)	Daniel Bukiewicz Mayor
	Catherine A. Roeske City Clerk

APPENDIX C

FORM OF LEGAL OPINION

Quarles & Brady LLP 411 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202

April 6, 2022

Re: City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin ("Issuer") \$2,325,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, dated April 6, 2022 ("Bonds")

We have acted as bond counsel to the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. In such capacity, we have examined such law and such certified proceedings, certifications, and other documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied on the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

The Bonds are numbered from R-1 and upward; bear interest at the rates set forth below; and mature on April 1 of each year, in the years and principal amounts as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2023	\$115,000	1.45%
2024	145,000	1.75
2025	150,000	2.00
2026	155,000	2.15
2027	155,000	2.25
2028	160,000	2.35
2029	165,000	2.45
2030	170,000	2.55
2032	345,000	2.75
2034	370,000	2.90
2036	395,000	3.05

Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year commencing on April 1, 2023.

The Bonds maturing on April 1, 2030 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, on April 1, 2029 or on any date thereafter. Said Bonds are redeemable as a whole or in part, and if in part, from maturities selected by the Issuer, and within each maturity by lot, at the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Bonds maturing in the years 2032, 2034 and 2036 are subject to mandatory redemption by lot as provided in the Bonds, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption and without premium.

We further certify that we have examined a sample of the Bonds and find the same to be in proper form.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion under existing law that:

- 1. The Bonds have been duly authorized and executed by the Issuer and are valid and binding general obligations of the Issuer.
- 2. All the taxable property in the territory of the Issuer is subject to the levy of <u>ad valorem</u> taxes to pay principal of, and interest on, the Bonds, without limitation as to rate or amount. The Issuer is required by law to include in its annual tax levy the principal and interest coming due on the Bonds except to the extent that necessary funds have been irrevocably deposited into the debt service fund account established for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds.
- 3. The interest on the Bonds is included for federal income tax purposes in the gross income of the owners of the Bonds.

We express no opinion regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Official Statement or any other offering material relating to the Bonds. Further, we express no opinion regarding tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds other than as expressly set forth herein.

The rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws affecting creditors' rights and may be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

QUARLES & BRADY LLP