

City of Oak Creek

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2020

City of Oak Creek Table of Contents December 31, 2020

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	i
Required Supplementary Information	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	iii
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	9
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	12
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	13
Notes to Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	67
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Emergency Medical Services - Special Revenue Fund	70
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - City Retiree Benefit Plan	71
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund	72
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund	72
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Wisconsin Retirement System	73
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System	73
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	74

City of Oak Creek Table of Contents December 31, 2020

	Page
Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	75
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	77



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Oak Creek Oak Creek, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Oak Creek's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Oak Creek's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the City Council City of Oak Creek

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue a report on our consideration of the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is soley to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Oak Creek's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin July 30, 2021



CITY OF OAK CREEK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

As management of the City of Oak Creek (the City), we offer readers of the City of Oak Creek's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Oak Creek for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, identify material deviations from the approved budget, and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. You can think of this relationship between revenues and expenses as the City's operating results and the net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the City's goal is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, not to generate profits as companies do. For this reason, you will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the condition of our roads and infrastructure, in assessing the overall health of our City.

Combined governmental and business-type activities net position increased by 2.1% in 2020, to \$179.8 million. Of this amount, \$155.6 million represents the City's net investment in capital assets, while \$21.4 million was held for restricted purposes, and a balance of \$2.9 million was unrestricted.

At the end of 2020, the City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$52.5 million, including a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$25.7 million and the City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$127.3 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements are comprised of four components:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements
 - o Government-wide Financial Statements
 - Fund Financial Statements
 - Notes to the Financial Statements
- Required supplementary information
- Combining statements for non-major governmental funds



The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements presenting different views of the City:

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Eund financial statements focus on individual parts of city government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes explaining some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information further explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, this financial report includes a section with combining statements providing details about the City's non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Oak Creek's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and are presented in two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which can be found on pages 1 - 2 of this report.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Oak Creek include general government, public safety, health and human services, public works, leisure activities (recreation and library), and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the City of Oak Creek include the water and sewer utility. Fiduciary activities, such as tax collection, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of position presenting information including all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City should extend to other non-financial factors such as the diversification of the tax base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's significant *funds*. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.



The City has three kinds of funds:

- <u>Governmental funds</u> are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The focus, however, is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.
- **<u>Proprietary funds</u>** are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has two proprietary funds water and sewer utilities. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities the City operates like a business. A second type of proprietary fund, the internal service fund, reports activities providing services to other City programs.
- *Fiduciary funds* are reported in the fiduciary fund statements, but excluded from the government-wide reporting because these assets cannot be used to finance city operations. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing jurisdictions, including the Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District, Milwaukee County, State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, and Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

Net position. The City's combined net position increased by \$3.7 million from fiscal year 2019 to 2020, a change of 2.1%; this increase was comprised of a government-activities decrease of \$1.8 million, and a business-type activities increase of \$5.5 million. The City's governmental activities and business-type activities have approximately 29% and 71%, respectively, of the combined net position.

Total net position of the City's governmental activities decreased to \$52.5 million, a decrease of 3.3% from 2019 net position. The City's net investment in capital assets represents 110.9% of the total. Restricted net position of \$19.9 million represents 37.9% of the total. Unrestricted net position deficit of \$25.7 million represents -48.8% of the total.

Total net position of the City's business-type activities increased by 4.5% to \$127.3 million, including unrestricted net position of \$26.5 million, representing 20.8% of the total. All government and business-type activities are self-supporting entities; net position of one entity is not permanently used by other entities.



Table 1 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin Summary Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
-	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and other assets	\$74,532,438	\$63,468,448	\$33,849,179	\$31,838,224	\$108,381,617	\$95,306,672	
Capital assets (net)	<u>155,827,937</u>	<u>158,087,436</u>	<u>113,883,478</u>	<u>111,546,023</u>	<u>269,711,415</u>	<u>269,633,459</u>	
Total assets	<u>230,360,375</u>	<u>221,555,884</u>	<u>147,732,657</u>	<u>143,384,247</u>	<u>378,093,032</u>	<u>364,940,131</u>	
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	107,588	11,874	107,588	11,874	
Deferred amount related to pensions	11,299,127	14,530,180	1,036,277	1,421,262	12,335,404	15,951,442	
Deferred amount related to OPEB	4,864,022	3,821,437	<u>347,952</u>	294,348	<u>5,211,974</u>	<u>4,115,785</u>	
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>16.163.149</u>	<u>18.351.617</u>	<u>1.491.817</u>	<u>1.727.484</u>	<u>17.654.966</u>	<u>20.079.101</u>	
Current liabilities	4,592,406	5,865,972	1,241,227	1,255,411	5,833,633	7,121,383	
Long-term liabilities	137,665,995	140,335,640	19,326,359	21,135,400	156,992,354	161,471,040	
Total liabilities	142,258,401	146,201,612	20,567,586	22,390,811	162,825,987	168,592,423	
Unearned revenue	35,595,949	30,044,235	-	-	35,595,949	30,044,235	
Deferred amount related to pensions	14,514,357	7,331,836	1,230,333	722,697	15,744,690	8,054,533	
Deferred amount related to OPEB	<u>1,612,929</u>	<u>1,977,196</u>	<u>122,051</u>	<u>166,092</u>	<u>1,734,980</u>	<u>2,143,288</u>	
Total deferred inflows of revenues	<u>51,723,235</u>	<u>39353267</u>	<u>1,352,384</u>	<u>888,789</u>	<u>53,075,619</u>	<u>40,242,056</u>	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	58,290,602	63,688,805	99,304,447	95,719,714	155,555,049	157,351,448	
Restricted	19,905,286	13,341,890	1,530,766	809,794	21,436,052	14,151,684	
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(25,654,000)</u>	<u>(22,678,073)</u>	26,469,291	25,302,623	<u>2,855,291</u>	4,681,621	
Total net position	<u>\$52,541,888</u>	<u>\$54,352,622</u>	<u>\$127,304,504</u>	<u>\$121,832,131</u>	<u>\$179,846,392</u>	<u>\$176,184,753</u>	
Net position - beginning of year	54,352,622	54,744,007	121,832,131	119,401,105	176,184,753	174,145,112	
Change in net position	<u>(\$1,810,734)</u>	<u>(\$391,385)</u>	<u>\$5,472,373</u>	<u>\$2,431,026</u>	<u>\$3.661.639</u>	<u>\$2,039,641</u>	
Percent change in net position	-3.3%	-0.7%	4.5%	2.0%	2.1%	1.2%	



Change in combined net position.

The City had combined total revenues of \$70.7 million in 2020 and combined total expenses before transfers of \$67.0 million. After transfers, governmental activities had a decrease in net position of \$1.8 million, while business-type activities had an increase in net position of \$5.5 million. Table 2 and the following narrative consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

Table 2

City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin Changes in Net Position							
		-					
	Government		Business-Ty			otal	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
REVENUES							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 5,676,099	\$ 6,961,169	\$ 15,929,318	\$ 15,363,732	\$ 21,605,417	\$ 22,324,901	
Operating grants & contributions	4,060,488	3,502,908	-	-	4,060,488	3,502,908	
Capital grants & contributions	664,025	2,267,636	2,667,029	1,742,834	3,331,054	4,010,470	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	29,351,393	25,706,234	-	-	29,351,393	25,706,234	
Other taxes	1,023,022	1,425,101	-	-	1,023,022	1,425,101	
Inter-governmental revenues not							
restricted to specific programs	6,730,404	6,631,412	-	-	6,730,404	6,631,412	
Investment income	886,862	1,332,847	254,059	740,878	1,140,921	2,073,725	
Miscellaneous	3,421,156	3,026,154	7,682	(1,143)	3,428,838	3,025,011	
Total revenues	51,813,449	50,853,461	18,858,088	17,846,301	70,671,537	68,699,762	
EXPENSES							
General government	9,145,722	9,446,813	-	-	9,145,722	9,446,813	
Public safety	19,611,964	19,965,073	-	-	19,611,964	19,965,073	
Health and social services	2,668,924	2,146,596	-	-	2,668,924	2,146,596	
Public works	8,290,429	10,313,154	-	-	8,290,429	10,313,154	
Leisure activities	2,655,185	2,644,053	-	-	2,655,185	2,644,053	
Conservation and development	9,504,098	4,754,528	-	-	9,504,098	4,754,528	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,547,699	3,705,196	-	-	3,547,699	3,705,196	
Water utility	-	-	7,157,888	9,410,983	7,157,888	9,410,983	
Sewer utility			4,427,989	4,273,725	4,427,989	4,273,725	
Total expenses	55.424.021	52.975.413	11.585.877	13.684.708	67.009.898	66.660.121	
Change in net postion before transfer	(3,610,572)	(2,121,952)	7,272,211	4,161,593	3,661,639	2,039,641	
Transfers	1,799,838	1,730,567	(1,799,838)	(1,730,567)	-	-	
Change in net position	(1,810,734)	(391,385)	5,472,373	2,431,026	3,661,639	2,039,641	
Net position, beginning of year	54,352,622	54,744,007	121,832,131	119,401,105	176,184,753	174,145,112	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 52,541,888</u>	<u>\$ 54,352,622</u>	<u>\$127,304,504</u>	<u>\$121,832,131</u>	<u>\$179,846,392</u>	<u>\$176,184,753</u>	



Governmental Activities

The City of Oak Creek received a total of \$51.8 million in governmental activities revenues excluding transfers in 2020, up \$1.0 million when compared to 2019 revenues. As Table 2 indicates, the largest revenue source is the property tax, which accounts for \$29.4 million, or 56.6% of all governmental revenues. Property tax revenue in 2020 increased \$3.6 million due to significant new commercial and multifamily development within the City. The increase in tax revenue was due to increased values and revenues mainly within the city's tax incremental districts. As of this writing, the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin has imposed a permanent operating levy freeze, with the exception of new growth.

The next largest category of revenues is intergovernmental revenue with \$6.7 million (13.0%), followed by charges for service of \$5.7 million (11.0%), investment income and miscellaneous revenue for \$4.3 million (8.3%), operating grants and contributions account for \$4.1 million (7.8%), other taxes for \$1.0 million (2.0%) and capital contributions of \$0.7 million (1.3%).

Total governmental activities expenses were \$55.4 million in 2020, which were \$3.6 million less than revenues excluding transfers. At \$19.6 million, Public Safety, including Police, EMS, Inspection, and Fire services, accounts for the largest share of City expenses at 35.4%. This is followed by Conservation and Development with \$9.5 million or 17.1%, and General Government with \$9.1 million, representing 16.5%. The Public Works group, at \$8.3 million, is next with 15.0%, Health/Social Services at \$2.7 million (4.8%), and Leisure Activities with \$2.7 million (4.8%) complete the activities. Payment of interest and fiscal charges in the amount of \$3.5 million, accounts for 6.4% of total governmental activities expenses.

Business-type Activities

The City of Oak Creek received \$18.9 million in business-type activities revenue during 2020 from its water and sewer utilities. Charges for services are by far the largest revenue sources for these operations, representing \$15.9 million of non-capital contribution revenues. Capital grants and contributions received were \$2.7 million in 2020, with interest and miscellaneous income accounting for the balance of revenues of \$0.3 million.

Net position of the City of Oak Creek's water and sewer utilities increased by \$5.5 million in 2020, which represents a 4.5% increase over the prior year's net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the level of unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar



information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, EMS Fund, Debt Service Fund, Debt Amortization Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, TIF No. 8 and TIF No. 11, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* at the end of this report.

At the end of 2020, the combined fund balances for the City's governmental funds was \$28.1 million. Of this total, \$1.7 million is nonspendable, \$15.0 million is restricted, \$1.2 million is committed and \$5.3 million is assigned. The balance of unassigned governmental fund balances is \$4.9 million. These funds are allocated across the following areas (in millions of dollars):

Unassigned Fund Balances (deficit):	
General Fund	\$6.503
Debt Service Fund	(0.735)
TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	(0.818)
Future Improvements Fund	(0.003)
TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	(0.021)
TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	<u>(0.016)</u>
Total	<u>\$4.910</u>

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2020 was \$10.0 million, of which \$1.8 million was assigned. Included in the assigned amount are tax equivalent dollars to be paid by the utility in 2020, and \$1.7 million is nonspendable which includes minor amounts for delinquent personal property taxes, non-current receivables, and inventories.
- Unassigned fund balance increased from 2019 to \$6.5 million. The unassigned fund balance is now approximately 21.0% of the general fund's 2020 actual revenues and 2019 state shared revenues; this is within the City's policy target range of 15-25% for the purposes of cash flow, stabilization, and emergency reserves.

Emergency Medical Services Fund: This special revenue fund is used to account for resources legally restricted to supporting the operations for the paramedic rescue program.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2020 increased to \$0.95 million.
- Total revenues for 2020 were \$5.2 million, which included \$3.7 million from taxes, \$1.4 million from public charges for services, and \$0.2 million of intergovernmental revenue.
- Total expenditures for the year were \$5.2 million.

Capital Improvement Fund: The general capital improvement fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects relating to City-owned capital assets and capital equipment.

• Total fund balance at the end of the year was \$3.5 million, an increase of \$0.49 million from 2019.



- Revenue sources provided \$2.7 million consisting of \$74,737 in intergovernmental grants, interest income, and miscellaneous revenue as well as \$2.6 million in interfund transfers to the capital improvement fund and \$49,596 from the sale of property.
- Expenditures in this fund totaled \$2.3 million in 2020. The largest expenses included new dump trucks, a salt bring manufacturing system, and repairs to infrastructure and the street lighting system throughout the city.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund budget is adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The City ended the year with a favorable variance in general fund revenues and favorable variance in expenditures. Revenues excluding other sources were above budget projections by approximately \$0.9 million, while expenditures excluding other uses were under budget by \$2.2 million. The expenditure outcome relates mainly to the lack of spending for the budgeted contingency in addition to retirements and vacant positions, which occurred throughout the year in the Police and Fire departments.

On the revenue side, conservative budgeting kept all categories quite close to budget. Year over year revenues were mostly stagnant, but the City did see a significant, unanticipated increase in state aids for the Routes to Recovery Program to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. The City also saw higher investment earnings of \$214,264 over budget and building permit revenue of \$129,087 over budget. The short-term revenue outlook is stable with the exception of planned growth in the next few years. The state approved legislation will continue to limit taxation to growth alone and short-term interest rates will remain near all-time lows.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u>

As of December 31, 2020, the City reported combined capital assets of \$269.7 million. Of this amount, \$155.8 million, or 57.8%, is attributable to governmental activities, with the assets related to the City's land, buildings, equipment and street network. Total accumulated depreciation for both governmental and business type activities was calculated at \$122.9 million.

In 2020, the net capital assets of governmental activities decreased by \$2.3 million. Capital assets of business type activities increased by \$2.3 million.

Table 3 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Land and improvements	\$29,664,668	\$29,661,526	\$255,895	\$255,895	\$29,920,563	\$29,917,421	
Intangible assets	-	-	72,088	82,520	72,088	82,520	
Construction in progress	276,883	13,711	1,951,917	237,737	2,228,800	251,448	
Buildings	34,596,123	35,821,253	-	-	34,596,123	35,821,253	
Machinary and equipment	6,610,027	6,860,906	111,603,578	110,969,872	118,213,605	117,830,778	
Infrastructure	84,680,236	85,730,041			84,680,236	85,730,041	
Capital Assets Net of							
Depreciation	<u>\$155,827,937</u>	<u>\$158,087,437</u>	<u>\$113,883,478</u>	<u>\$111,546,024</u>	<u>\$269,711,415</u>	<u>\$269,633,461</u>	



<u>Long-term Debt</u>

At year-end, the governmental activities had \$97.64 million in general obligation bonds and promissory notes, a decrease of \$0.2 million from last year. At the end of 2020, the business-type activities had a total of \$14.7 million in outstanding revenue bonds. The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service, which has also rated the City's short-term notes with a MIG1 rating. Revenue bonds of the water & sewer utilities are rated Aa2.

State law limits the City to issuing general obligation bonds totaling no more than 5% of the City's equalized value. Based on the 2020 equalized value, this limit is \$210.8 million. The City currently has a combined total of \$97.64 million of general obligation notes and bonds outstanding, representing 46.3% of its legal debt capacity.

Table 4
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin
Notes and Bonds Outstanding

	Governmental Activities		Business Type-Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
General Obligation Bonds and Notes Revenue Bonds	\$97,640,000 	\$97,845,000 	\$0 _14,671,210	\$0 15,773,047	\$97,640,000 14,671,210	\$97,845,000 15,773,047
Total	<u>\$97,640,000</u>	<u>\$97,845,000</u>	<u>\$14,671,210</u>	<u>\$15,773,047</u>	<u>\$112,311,210</u>	<u>\$113,618,047</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Oak Creek is located in southeastern Milwaukee County, and is one of only two municipalities in Milwaukee County with numerous tracts of vacant land. This location and land availability has contributed to the City's rapid growth and strong economic position. The local economy has picked up over the last few years with growth expected to continue at Oak View Business Park and surrounding area, 13th and Drexel, Ryan Business Park, the land adjacent to IKEA as well as other locations throughout the City.

The City's population and building permit information is provided below:

	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Census
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2010
City of Oak Creek	36,529	35,830	35,739	35,560	34,495
Milwaukee County	944,099	946,296	950,381	945,416	948,369
State of Wisconsin	5,854,594	5,843,443	5,816,231	5,783,278	5,686,986

Total New	Construction Bui	lding Permits	Total Resident	ial Building Permits
Year Number Value		Number	Value	
2020	105	\$90,944,057	89	\$23,505,498

The Oak Creek Common Council adopted the 2021 budget in November of 2020, which authorized general fund expenditures of \$27.5 million, a 3.0% increase from 2020. The tax levy for the City of Oak Creek is \$22.75 million, an increase of \$1.2 million from 2020 due to new construction. The mill rate for City services increased slightly by \$.07 in 2021, due to an increase in the tax levy. The total tax levy has remained essentially at the same level since 2009, with any increase limited to the amount generated by new growth to the tax base and closure of TIF districts.



CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Oak Creek, 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin, 53154.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Oak Creek

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Totals
Assets			
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 25,686,390	\$ 30,840,055	\$ 56,526,445
Taxes receivable	36,052,918	-	36,052,918
Delinquent personal property taxes receivable	16,367	-	16,367
Accounts receivable, net	1,666,092	2,167,333	3,833,425
Special assessments receivable	366,711	84,811	451,522
Loans receivable	6,503		6,503
Other assets	-	42,090	42,090
Internal balances	1,053,436	(1,053,436)	
Due from other governmental units	7,205	(1,000,100)	7,205
Prepaids and inventories	135,438	212,372	347,810
Restricted assets:	100,100	212,012	011,010
Cash and investments	4,602,402	1,139,770	5,742,172
Net pension asset	4,938,976	416,184	5,355,160
Capital assets:	4,550,570	+10,104	5,555,100
Land and land rights	25,080,554	255,895	25,336,449
Intangible assets	20,000,004	85,719	85,719
Construction in progress	276,883	1,951,917	2,228,800
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization			
Other capital assets, her of depreciation / amonization	130,470,500	111,589,947	242,060,447
Total assets	230,360,375	147,732,657	378,093,032
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	107,588	107,588
Deferred amount related to pension	11,299,127	1,036,277	12,335,404
Deferred amount related to OPEB	4,864,022	347,952	5,211,974
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,163,149	1,491,817	17,654,966
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,159,363	1,212,484	4,371,847
Deposits	476,901	-	476,901
Accrued interest	943,797	-	943,797
Unearned revenue	12,345	28,743	41,088
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	7,240,671	1,116,046	8,356,717
Due in more than one year	130,425,324	18,210,313	148,635,637
Total liabilities	142,258,401	20,567,586	162,825,987
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unearned revenue	35,595,949	-	35,595,949
Deferred amount related to pension	14,514,357	1,230,333	15,744,690
Deferred amount related to OPEB	1,612,929	122,051	1,734,980
Total deferred inflows of resources	51,723,235	1,352,384	53,075,619
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	58,290,602	99,304,447	155,555,049
Restricted for debt service		1,114,582	1,114,582
Restricted for TID activity	4,679,464	-	4,679,464
Restricted for impact fees	4,529,651	-	4,529,651
Restricted for pensions	4,938,976	416,184	5,355,160
Restricted for other purposes	5,757,195		5,757,195
Unrestricted (deficit)	(25,654,000)	26,469,291	2,855,291
Total net position	\$ 52,541,888	\$ 127,304,504	\$ 179,846,392

See notes to financial statements

City of Oak Creek Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and		
		Operating		Capital	Changes in Net Position			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 9,145,722	\$ 1,632,493	\$ 682,548	\$-	\$ (6,830,681)	\$-	\$ (6,830,681)	
Public safety	19,611,964	2,583,402	297,811	-	(16,730,751)	· _	(16,730,751)	
Health and social services	2,668,924	5,268	256,096	-	(2,407,560)	-	(2,407,560)	
Public works	8,290,429	1,373,467	2,824,033	199,904	(3,893,025)	-	(3,893,025)	
Leisure activities	2,655,185	81,469	_,0,000	-	(2,573,716)	-	(2,573,716)	
Conservation and development	9,504,098	-	_	464,121	(9,039,977)	-	(9,039,977)	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,547,699	_	_		(3,547,699)	_	(3,547,699)	
interest and listal charges	5,547,699				(3,347,099)		(3,347,099)	
Total governmental activities	55,424,021	5,676,099	4,060,488	664,025	(45,023,409)		(45,023,409)	
Business-Type Activities								
Water utility	7,157,888	11,371,577	-	1,641,296	-	5,854,985	5,854,985	
Sewer utility	4,427,989	4,557,741		1,025,733		1,155,485	1,155,485	
Total business-type activities	11,585,877	15,929,318	<u> </u>	2,667,029	<u> </u>	7,010,470	7,010,470	
Totals	\$ 67,009,898	\$ 21,605,417	\$ 4,060,488	\$ 3,331,054	(45,023,409)	7,010,470	(38,012,939)	
		General Revenue	es					
		Taxes:	s, levied for general	DURDOCOC	22,243,545		22,243,545	
			s, levied for debt se		1,186,844	-	1,186,844	
						-		
			s, levied for tax incre	emental districts	5,921,004	-	5,921,004	
		Other taxes	tal revenues not res	stricted to	1,023,022	-	1,023,022	
		specific progra			6,730,404	_	6,730,404	
		Investment inco			886,862	- 254,059	1,140,921	
		Miscellaneous			3,421,156	7,682	3,428,838	
		Transfers			1,799,838	(1,799,838)	3,420,030	
		Tansiers			1,799,030	(1,799,636)		
		Total ge	neral revenues and	transfers	43,212,675	(1,538,097)	41,674,578	
	in net position		(1,810,734)	5,472,373	3,661,639			
		Net Position, Be	ginning		54,352,622	121,832,131	176,184,753	

Net Position, Ending

See notes to financial statements

\$ 52,541,888

\$ 127,304,504

\$ 179,846,392

City of Oak Creek
Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

		Special Revenue				_							
	General Fund			Debt Servi		ice Funds Debt Amortization Fund		Capital Improvement Fund		Capital Projects Fun TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund		nds TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	
	Fund	run	<u>u</u>		Fund		Fullu		Fullu		Fund		Fullu
Assets													
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 8,310,958 -	\$	809,223 -	\$	-	\$	8,024 -	\$	3,782,427 -	\$	-	\$	654,618 -
Taxes	15,265,315	;	3,874,240		1,085,000		-		-		1,939,657		3,684,558
Delinquent personal property taxes	16,367		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts, net	543,931		176,578		-		-		9,874		-		75,517
Due from other government	7,205		-		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessments	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loans Due from other funds	- 3,407,481		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories	135,438				-				-		-		-
	100,400												
Total assets	\$ 27,686,695	\$ 4	4,860,041	\$	1,085,000	\$	8,024	\$	3,792,301	\$	1,939,657	\$	4,414,693
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)													
Liabilities:	A (FA FA	^	~~~~	•		•		•	~~~~~	•		•	
Accounts payable	\$ 453,558 4 804 072	\$	28,635	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89,079	\$	1,845	\$	-
Accrued liabilities Deposits	1,801,973 133,418		2,894		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds	362,773		-		735,295				- 211,717		- 815,774		-
	002,110				100,200				211,717		010,771		
Total liabilities	2,751,722		31,529		735,295		-		300,796		817,619		-
Deferred inflows of resources:													
Unearned revenues	14,914,308	:	3,874,240		1,085,000		-		-		1,939,657		3,684,558
Unavailable revenues			7,086		-		-		-		-		72,992
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,914,308		3,881,326		1,085,000		-				1,939,657		3,757,550
Fund balances (deficit):													
Nonspendable	1,746,068		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted	-		-		-		8,024		-		-		657,143
Committed	-		947,186		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned	1,771,473		-		-		-		3,491,505		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	6,503,124		-		(735,295)		-				(817,619)		-
Total fund balances (deficits)	10,020,665		947,186		(735,295)		8,024		3,491,505		(817,619)		657,143
Total liabilities, deferred													
inflows of resources,													
and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 27,686,695	\$	4,860,041	\$	1,085,000	\$	8,024	\$	3,792,301	\$	1,939,657	\$	4,414,693

See notes to financial statements

G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	 Totals
\$	10,606,771 4,602,402	\$ 24,172,021 4,602,402
	10,204,148	36,052,918 16,367
	61,189 -	867,089 7,205
	366,711	366,711
	6,503	6,503
	314,900	3,722,381
	-	 135,438
\$	26,162,624	\$ 69,949,035
\$	351,764 34,644 343,483 672,974	\$ 924,881 1,839,511 476,901 2,798,533
	i	
	1,402,865	 6,039,826
	10,098,186 156,338	 35,595,949 236,416
	10,254,524	 35,832,365
	- 14,309,167 236,071 - (40,003) 14,505,235	 1,746,068 14,974,334 1,183,257 5,262,978 4,910,207 28,076,844
\$	26,162,624	\$ 69,949,035

City of Oak Creek

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Fund Balance, Total Governmental Funds	\$ 28,076,844
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land	25,080,554
Construction in progress	276,883
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	130,470,500
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.	
Special assessments Accounts	156,340 80,077
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance coverage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in government activities in the statement of net position.	2,035,643
The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.	4,938,976
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	11,299,127
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(14,514,357)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	4,864,022
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	(1,612,929)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	
Bonds and notes payable	(97,640,000)
Unamortized debt premium	(2,086,939)
Other postemployement benefits	(36,465,362)
Vested compensated absences Accrued interest	(1,473,694)
	 (943,797)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 52,541,888

City of Oak Creek Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Special Revenue Fund				Capital Projects Fund			
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 15,007,159	\$ 3,655,849	\$ 850,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,786,549	\$ 3,433,849	\$ 5,641,009	\$ 30,374,415
Intergovernmental	6,732,913	184,194	-	3,182,698	13,319	12,155	670	730,657	10,856,606
Regulation and compliance	1,824,059	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,824,059
Public charges for services	235,970	1,385,471	-	-	-	-	-	1,445,397	3,066,838
Special assessments/developer contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205,757	205,757
Investment income (loss)	513,701	2,750	-	31	26,257	-	25,291	62,699	630,729
Miscellaneous	137,244	10,615	-	-	35,161	-	-	3,177,590	3,360,610
Interdepartmental charges for services	371,538					-			371,538
Total revenues	24,822,584	5,238,879	850,000	3,182,729	74,737	1,798,704	3,459,810	11,263,109	50,690,552
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	6,391,480	-	-	-	-	-	5,600	595,985	6,993,065
Public safety	11,481,686	5,153,939	-	-	-	-	-	1,250,693	17,886,318
Health and social services	385,034	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,156,486	2,541,520
Public works	4,250,478	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,126,027	6,376,505
Leisure activities	1,967,992	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,897	2,017,889
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	175,000	5,308,781	2,780,934	8,264,715
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	2,253,376	234,383	112,652	1,149,061	3,749,472
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	-	-	6,600,000	-	-	700,000	6,125,000	3,055,000	16,480,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-		1,392,348		-	342,301	1,491,527	401,934	3,628,110
Total expenditures	24,476,670	5,153,939	7,992,348		2,253,376	1,451,684	13,043,560	13,566,017	67,937,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	345,914	84,940	(7,142,348)	3,182,729	(2,178,639)	347,020	(9,583,750)	(2,302,908)	(17,247,042)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								0.005.000	44 005 000
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,070,000	6,295,000	11,365,000
Refunding debt issued	-	-	4,075,000	-	-	-	835,000	-	4,910,000
Premium on debt	-	-	361,324	-	-	-	-	-	361,324
Sale of property	27,087	-	-	-	49,596	-	-	-	76,683
Transfers in	1,807,444	-	2,898,375	-	2,618,040	-	-	577,042	7,900,901
Transfers out	(1,564,931)			(3,200,000)		<u> </u>		(2,166,230)	(6,931,161)
Total other financing sources (uses)	269,600		7,334,699	(3,200,000)	2,667,636		5,905,000	4,705,812	17,682,747
Net change in fund balance	615,514	84,940	192,351	(17,271)	488,997	347,020	(3,678,750)	2,402,904	435,705
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	9,405,151	862,246	(927,646)	25,295	3,002,508	(1,164,639)	4,335,893	12,102,331	27,641,139
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 10,020,665	\$ 947,186	\$ (735,295)	\$ 8,024	\$ 3,491,505	\$ (817,619)	\$ 657,143	\$ 14,505,235	\$ 28,076,844

See notes to financial statements

City of Oak Creek

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$ 435,705
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities. Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements	3,749,472
Some items capitalized were not reported as capital outlay Some amounts reported as capital outlay were not capitalized Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Net book value of disposed assets Adjustment to capital assets	260,709 (1,404,414) (3,739,140) (1,279,243) 153,117
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	
Special assessments	2,412
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal repaid Debt proceeds	16,480,000 (16,275,000)
Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Premium on issued debt Amortization of debt premium on debt issued	(361,324)
Amonization of debt premium on debt issued	254,249
Part of net revenue of activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	1,328,338
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Other postemployment benefits Deferred outflows related to OPEBs Deferred inflows related to OPEBs Vest compensated absences	(2,731,646) 1,042,585 364,267 (32,449)
Accrued interest on debt Net pension asset	80,411 10,274,791
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions	 (3,231,053) (7,182,521)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,810,734)

City of Oak Creek Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

	Business-Tv	pe Activities - Ente	rprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Water	Sewer	-	Internal
	Utility	Utility	Totals	Service Fund
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 22,814,996	\$ 8,025,059	\$ 30,840,055	\$ 1,514,369
Customer accounts receivable	1,440,733	700,785	2,141,518	-
Other accounts receivable	23,603	2,212	25,815	799,003
Due from other funds	603,446	285,924	889,370	129,588
Unamortized debt issue costs	-	, -		
Due from other funds, advance	-	193,265	193,265	-
Prepaid and inventory	212,372	-	212,372	-
Restricted assets:	212,012		212,012	
Revenue bond redemption account	557,225		557,225	
Total current assets	25,652,375	9,207,245	34,859,620	2,442,960
	,		· · ·	,
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:				
Revenue bond reserve account				
	565,545 17,000	-	565,545 17,000	-
Revenue bond depreciation account	332,948	83,236		-
Net pension asset		03,230	416,184	
Total restricted assets	915,493	83,236	998,729	
Capital assets:				
Land and land rights	242,750	13,145	255,895	-
Intangible assets	69,544	16,175	85,719	
Construction in progress	218,208	1,733,709	1,951,917	-
Utility plant in service	123,211,241	46,872,713	170,083,954	-
Accumulated amortization	(13,631)	-	(13,631)	
Accumulated depreciation	(45,528,130)	(12,952,246)	(58,480,376)	
Total capital assets	78,199,982	35,683,496	113,883,478	
Other assets:				
Property held for future use	5,000	-	5,000	-
Due from other funds, special assessments	65,734	19,077	84,811	-
Due from other funds, advance	-	1,787,489	1,787,489	
Total other assets	70,734	1,806,566	1,877,300	
Total assets	104,838,584	46,780,543	151,619,127	2,442,960
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	107,588	-	107,588	-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	278,754	69,198	347,952	-
Deferred outflows related to pension	829,018	207,259	1,036,277	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,215,360	276,457	1,491,817	
Total assets and deferred outflows				
of resources	106,053,944	47,057,000	153,110,944	2,442,960

City of Oak Creek Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities -	
	Water Utility			Sewer Utility	Totals		Se	Internal rvice Fund	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	242,036	\$	785,403	\$	1,027,439	\$	394,972	
Accrued payroll	Ŧ	32,258	Ŧ	1,695	Ŧ	33,953	Ŧ	-	
Accrued interest payable		33,006		-		33,006		-	
Due to other funds		1,942,806		-		1,942,806		-	
Due to other funds, advance		193,265		-		193,265		-	
Unearned revenue		28,743		-		28,743		12,345	
Compensated absences		92,898		-		92,898			
Revenue bonds payable net of unamortized premium		696,046		-		696,046		-	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		,				,			
Accrued interest		25,188		-		25,188		-	
Current portion of revenue bonds		420,000		-		420,000	_	-	
Total current liabilities		3,706,246		787,098		4,493,344		407,317	
Noncurrent liabilities:						/ -			
Other postemployment benefits obligation		1,881,198		478,351		2,359,549		-	
Due to other funds, advance		1,787,489		-		1,787,489		-	
Pollution remediation obligation		2,295,600		-		2,295,600		-	
Revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums		13,555,164		-		13,555,164			
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,519,451		478,351		19,997,802			
Total liabilities		23,225,697		1,265,449		24,491,146		407,317	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		97,645		24,406		122,051		-	
Deferred inflows related to pension		984,267		246,066		1,230,333		-	
Total deferred inflows		1,081,912		270,472		1,352,384		-	
Total liabilities and deferred									
inflows of resources		24,307,609		1,535,921		25,843,530		407,317	
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:		63,620,951		35,683,496		99,304,447		-	
Debt service		1,114,582		-		1,114,582		-	
Pension		332,948		83,236		416,184		-	
Unrestricted		16,677,854		9,754,347		26,432,201		2,035,643	
Total net position	\$	81,746,335	\$	45,521,079		127,267,414	\$	2,035,643	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service function to enterprise funds.	nd act	ivities related				37,090			
Not position of husiness type activities					¢	127 204 504			
Net position of business-type activities					φ	127,304,504			

City of Oak Creek Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Ty	Governmental Activities -		
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 10,940,155	\$ 4,527,918	\$ 15,468,073	\$-
Other operating revenues	431,422	29,823	461,245	6,778,511
Total operating revenues	11,371,577	4,557,741	15,929,318	6,778,511
Operating Expenses				
Operation and maintenance	3,734,544	3,816,854	7,551,398	6,277,158
Depreciation/amortization	2,685,454	567,991	3,253,445	-
Taxes	100,987	43,144	144,131	
Total operating expenses	6,520,985	4,427,989	10,948,974	6,277,158
Operating income (loss)	4,850,592	129,752	4,980,344	501,353
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	149,364	104,695	254,059	1,882
Income (loss) from merchandising and jobbing	(20,345)	-	(20,345)	-
Interest expense and debt issuance costs	(606,048)	-	(606,048)	-
Amortization of bond premiums	(10,510)	-	(10,510)	-
Miscellaneous revenue	2,632	-	2,632	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	5,050		5,050	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(479,857)	104,695	(375,162)	1,882
Income before contributions				
and transfers	4,370,735	234,447	4,605,182	503,235
Capital Contributions Transfers In	1,641,296	1,025,733	2,667,029	-
Transfers Out	(1,799,838)		(1,799,838)	830,098
Change in net position	4,212,193	1,260,180	5,472,373	1,333,333
Net Position, Beginning	77,534,142	44,260,899		702,310
Net Position, Ending	\$ 81,746,335	\$ 45,521,079		\$ 2,035,643
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal servactivities related to enterprise funds.	vice fund		(1,143)	

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ 5,471,230

City of Oak Creek Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Business-Ty Water	vpe A	ctivities - Ente Sewer	rpris	e Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal	
		Utility		Utility		Totals	Se	rvice Fund
Cook Flows From Operating Activities								
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Received from customers	\$	11,016,353	\$	4,523,187	\$	15,539,540	\$	6,060,725
Received from rents of water property	Ψ	367,941	Ψ	4,020,107	Ψ	367,941	Ψ	0,000,723
Received for nonoperating activities		29,462		_		29,462		
Paid for refund of rents of water property		(30,600)		_		(30,600)		
Received from miscellaneous sources		65,839		3,732		69,571		_
Paid for nonoperating activities		(49,807)		5,752		(49,807)		_
Paid to Milwaukee Metro Sewerage District for		(40,007)				(40,007)		
sewer user charges		_		(3,011,660)		(3,011,660)		_
Paid to Primary Government for tax equivalent		(1,730,567)		(0,011,000)		(0,011,000)		
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(1,730,307) (2,167,231)		(437,786)		(2,605,017)		(6,222,670)
Paid to employees for services		(1,806,959)		(437,780) (417,472)		(2,003,017) (2,224,431)		(0,222,070)
raid to employees for services		(1,800,939)		(417,472)		(2,224,431)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		5,694,431		660,001		6,354,432		(161,945)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Principal received from Water Utility, advance				117,865		117,865		_
Transfers in		_		-		-		830,098
								830,098
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		-		117,865		117,865		830,098
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Investments purchased		(678,083)		(1,914,319)		(2,592,402)		_
Proceeds from sale of investments		3,254,263		1,796,089		(2,392,402) 5,050,352		_
Interest received from Water Utility, advance		5,254,205		39,455		3,030,332 39,455		
Investment income		- 198,592		145,408		344,000		- 1,882
investment income		190,092		143,408		344,000		1,002
Net cash flows from investing activities		2,774,772		66,633		2,841,405		1,882
Cash Flows From Capital and Related								
Financing Activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,519,448)		(1,725,149)		(3,244,597)		-
Proceeds received for acquisition and construction		(1,010,110)		(1,120,110)		(0,211,001)		
of capital assets		81,272		82,145		163,417		-
Special assessment proceeds		444,972		-		444,972		-
Cost of removal		5,050		-		5,050		-
Paid to escrow for advance refunding of debt		(195,783)		-		(195,783)		-
Principal payment to Sewer Utility, advance		(117,865)		-		(117,865)		-
Debt retired		(1,231,837)		-		(1,231,837)		-
Interest paid to Sewer Utility, advance		(36,780)		-		(36,780)		-
Interest paid		(461,827)		-		(461,827)		-
Net cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities		(3 033 346)		(1,643,004)		(4,675,250)		
		(3,032,246)		(1,043,004)		(4,070,200)		-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		5,436,957		(798,505)		4,638,452		670,035
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		17,750,075		6,534,399		24,284,474		844,334
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	23,187,032	\$	5,735,894	\$	28,922,926	\$	1,514,369

City of Oak Creek

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

Governmental **Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds** Activities -Water Sewer Internal Utility Utility Totals Service Fund **Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)** to Net Cash From Operating Activities Operating income (loss) 4,850,592 129,754 4,980,346 501,353 \$ \$ \$ \$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses) (20, 345)(20,345) Transfer out to general fund (1,799,838)(1,799,838)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided from operating activities Noncash items included in income: Amortization 10,432 10,432 Depreciation 2,675,022 617,577 3,292,599 Depreciation charged to other accounts 49,586 (49, 586)Changes in assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows: Customer accounts receivable (21,055) (22, 908)(43, 963)Other accounts receivable (3,716) (5,010) (8,726) (739, 317)Due from other funds (10, 372)(10, 372)313,882 Inventories (23,041)(23,041) Pension (15,256) (3,815) (19,071) Construction in progress Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 68,540 73,216 141,756 (237, 863)Accrued expenses (30,077)(9,627) (39,704) Pollution remediation obligation Due to other funds 166,796 166,796 Net other post employment benefits obligation (54,552) (227, 333)(281,885) Pollution remediation obligation Unearned revenue 9,448 9,448 Net cash flows from (161, 945)operating activities 5,694,431 \$ 660,001 \$ 6,354,432 \$ \$ **Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds** Cash and investments \$ 22,814,996 \$ 5,735,894 \$ 28,550,890 \$ 1,514,369 Restricted cash and investments, current 557,225 2,289,165 2,846,390 Restricted cash and investments, noncurrent 582,545 582,545 Less investments not considered to be cash and cash equivalents (767, 734)(2,289,165)(3,056,899)Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending \$ 23,187,032 \$ 5,735,894 \$ 28,922,926 \$ 1,514,369 Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Interest income earned on noncash equivalents 43,021 \$ 42,254 85,275 \$ \$ \$ \$ 6,207 \$ (2,877)\$ Market value adjustment on investments 3,330 \$ -Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by developers \$ 1,641,299 1,027,013 2,668,312 \$ \$ \$ Bond proceeds used in refunding of debt \$ 4,705,000 \$ \$ 4,705,000 \$ -111,978 \$ Prepaid interest from bond refunding \$ \$ 111,978 \$

City of Oak Creek

Statement of Fiduciary Net Postion Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2020

	 Custodial Fund Collection Fund
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 43,950,433
Property taxes receivable	 16,085,889
Total assets	 60,036,322
Liabilities Due to other taxing units	 60,036,322
Net Position	\$

City of Oak Creek Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
Additions	
Tax collections	\$ 45,503,870
Deductions Payments to overlying districts	45,503,870
Change in fiduciary net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ </u>

City of Oak Creek

Index to Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	15
	Reporting Entity Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity Deposits and Investments Receivables Prepaids and Inventories Restricted Assets Capital Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Compensated Absences Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt Pollution Remediation Obligations Deferred Inflows of Resources Equity Classifications Pension Postemeployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)	15 15 18 20 20 21 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 24 24 25 25 25 25 27 27
2.	Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	27
	Budgetary Information Excess Expenditures Over Appropriation Deficit Balances Limitation on the City's Tax Levy	27 28 28 29
3.	Detailed Notes on All Funds	29
	Deposits and Investments Receivables Restricted Assets Capital Assets Interfund Receivables/Payables, Advances and Transfers Long-Term Obligations Lease Disclosures Net Position/Fund Balances	29 32 33 34 37 40 43 45
4.	Other Information	48
	Employees' Retirement System Risk Management Commitments and Contingencies Other Postemployment Benefits Power Generating Facility Mitigation Revenue Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements Subsequent Events	48 52 54 65 66 66

Page

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Oak Creek. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The City has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation, blended, or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue

Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the paramedic rescue program.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for debt related public works projects.

Debt Service - Debt Amortization Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Projects - Capital Improvement Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets for the capital improvement program.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Capital Projects - TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Enterprise Funds

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility - accounts for operations of the water system. Sewer Utility - accounts for operations of the sewer system.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Solid Waste Fund Donation and Activity Fund WE Energies Fund Low Income Loan Fund Special Assessment Fund Economic Development Fund Future Improvement Fund Impact Fee Escrow Fund Asset Forfeiture Fund Storm Water Fund Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund Tourism Commission Fund Park Escrow Fund

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs

TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Developer Agreement Fund TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Services Fund

Internal Service Fund is used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund

Custodial Fund

Custodial Fund is used to account for and report assets controlled by the City and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines for allowable investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Funds placed in any one depository institution that exceeds the amount of deposit insurance provided by an agency of the United States including demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit must be 100 percent collateralized as to principal and accrued interest with securities that are obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies and instrumentalities that are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies/instrumentalities. Securities held as collateral shall be delivered for safekeeping to a custodial bank selected by the City of Oak Creek. Securities held as collateral at the custodial bank will be marked to market at least monthly with a minimum value of 102 percent of deposit, with a monthly statement sent to the City Treasurer detailing all holdings. The Depository must enter into a security agreement with the City of Oak Creek.

When investing in repurchase agreements, the City shall require that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreement the City has with such depository. The collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States or of its agencies/instrumentalities, if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or a commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government.

Credit Risk

Any security including commercial paper which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years on the date which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investor service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency, or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Consideration shall be given to the total amount of existing city funds which are already in such depository and or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment. A ceiling may be established for individual financial institutions at each annual evaluation.

Interest Rate Risk

Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.

Purchase obligations of the US Treasury and deposits into the Local Government Investment Pool and the BMO Investment Account shall not be subject to the bid process.

Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- a) A declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- b) A security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.
- c) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note 3. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2020, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 3 for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the city, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district, technical college district and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Property tax calendar - 2020 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date	December 2020
Tax bills mailed	December 2020
Payment in full, or	January 31, 2021
First installment due (50%)	January 31, 2021
Second installment due (25%)	March 31, 2021
Third installment due (25%)	May 31, 2021
Personal property taxes in full	January 31, 2021
Tax sale - 2020 delinquent real estate taxes	October 2023

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

The City has received grant funds for CDBG housing loan programs to qualified individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The City is no longer disbursing these funds. This activity is accounted for in the Low Income Loan Fund.

It is the City's policy to record unearned revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Prepaids and Inventories

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost using the consumption method of accounting. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction and/or for operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

Capital Assets

Government -Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmentwide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. There was no interest capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Duildings	20 50
Buildings Land improvements	30 - 50 20 - 30
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15
Utility system	15 - 100
Infrastructure	20 - 50
Intangibles	2 - 15

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

> A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted paid time off in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested paid time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for paid time off will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. The liabilities at December 31, 2020 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The City has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the City. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is made up of the following issues:

Name	Date	 Original Principal Amount Ma		0	Principal Amount utstanding at 12-31-20
Marquette13 LLC and Tower13 LLC	12/29/17	\$ 6,300,000	12/1/37	\$	5,728,913

Pollution Remediation Obligations

As of December 31, 2020, the City was obligated to address the future pollution cleanup activities at its water treatment plant site due to federal and state laws and regulations. The City's obligation originated in 2016 to address the pollution remediation because the government unit has been determined to be the responsible party which compels the City to participate in remediation. Examples of expected future remediation activity costs include legal services, site investigation and required post-remediation monitoring costs. The amount reported as a pollution remediation obligation represents the current value of the expected cash flows to be paid for these activities. Any expected recoveries would be treated separately as a receivable when such reimbursements become measurable. As of December 31, 2020, the obligation was \$2,295,600 with no related receivable. The City will recognize these liabilities and related expenses as an operating expense in the water utility financial statements only when such costs become measurable. Because of this, the liability is subject to change as the City becomes aware of new information which may affect its estimate. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the businesstype activities column but financed by debt of the governmental activities column. The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column. A reconciliation of this adjustment is as follows:

	 Governmental Activities				djustment	Total	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 58,290,602	\$	99,304,447	\$	(2,040,000)	\$	155,555,049
Unrestricted (deficit)	(25,654,000)		26,469,291		2,040,000		2,855,291

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. *Nonspendable* Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted* Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the City Administrator or Finance Director to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 15 percent to 25 percent of total general fund annual revenues plus the amount of state shared revenue during the previous year. General fund annual revenues were \$24,822,584 and the state shared revenue in the previous year was \$6,172,271 for a total of \$30,994,855. At year end, amounts available for working capital and included in unassigned general fund balance totaled \$6,503,124, or 21 percent.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Health Insurance

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Life Insurance

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

A budget has been adopted for the following funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 65.90.

General Fund Special Revenue Funds: Emergency Medical Services Fund Solid Waste Funds Donation and Activity Fund WE Energies Fund Low Income Loan Fund Special Assessment Fund Economic Development Fund Future Improvement Fund Impact Fee Escrow Fund Asset Forfeiture Fund Storm Water Fund Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund Tourism Commission Fund **Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Debt Amortization Fund** TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund: **Capital Improvement Fund Developer Agreement Fund** TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Excess Expenditures Over Appropriation

Fund	Budgeted penditures			Excess openditures ver Budget
Debt Service Fund Special Revenue Funds:	\$ 3,543,188	\$	7,992,347	\$ (4,449,159)
Activity & Donation Fund	40,211		725,196	(684,985)
WE Energies Fund	2,186,541		2,199,955	(13,414)
Economic Development	90,880		209,095	(118,215)
Impact Fee Escrow	-		253,000	(253,000)
Capital Projects Funds:				
TIF #7	544,288		676,590	(132,302)
TIF #8	1,367,207		1,451,682	(84,475)
TIF #10	297,706		315,626	(17,920)
TIF #11	7,370,878		13,043,560	(5,672,682)
TIF #12	719,576		1,252,716	(533,140)
Developer Agreements Fund	-		37,522	(37,522)
TIF #13	402,500		729,519	(327,019)
TIF #14	1,091,250		1,139,077	(47,827)
TIF #15	10,000		22,100	(12,100)
TIF #16	437,500		3,217,211	(2,779,711)

The City controls expenditures at the fund level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

Deficit Balances

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2020, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	 Amount	Reason
Special Revenue Funds:		
Future Improvement Fund	\$ 2,500	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Debt Service Fund	735,295	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Capital Project Funds:		
TIF District No. 8	817,619	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF District No. 14	21,257	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF District No. 15	16,246	Excess of expenditures over revenues

The debt service fund deficit will be recovered through future tax levies.

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases.

Limitations on the City's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments.

The City's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Bank and Investment Balances	Associated Risk
Demand deposits U.S. treasuries	\$ 18,782,827 4,022,417	\$ 18,040,262 4,022,417	Custodial credit Custodial credit, interest rate and highly sensitive to interest rate changes
U.S. agencies	4,295,383	4,295,383	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, highly sensitive to interest rate changes, concentration of credit
Securitized notes	50,110	50,110	Custodial Credit, Credit, Interest, Concentration of Credit
Municipal bonds	1,062,581	1,062,581	Custodial credit, credit, interest rate, concentration of credit, highly sensitive to interest rate changes
Government money market Asset backed securities	85,837 500,000	85,837 500,000	Credit, Interest Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Corporate bonds	3,658,218	3,658,218	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Local Government Investment Pool	73,738,260	73,738,260	Credit
Petty cash	6,417		N/A
Total cash and investments	\$ 106,202,050	\$ 105,453,068	
Per statement of net position: Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position: Custodial funds	\$ 56,526,445 5,725,172		
Total cash and investments	43,950,433 \$ 106,202,050		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The City has an agreement with Tri City National Bank, Oak Creek, where city deposits are collateralized by government securities owned by Tri City Capital Corp., a wholly owned investment subsidiary of Tri City National Bank. The investment portfolio is maintained with BMO Harris Bank, Milwaukee.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

The City does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. As of December 31, 2020 the City's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Moody's	
	A A		
U.S. agencies	AA	AAA	AAA
Asset backed securities	A+ - AA	AA - AA	AA2
Securitized notes	AA+ - AAA	AAA	Aaa
Municipal bonds	AAA	AAA	Aaa
Government money markets	AAA	N/A	Aaa
Corporate bonds	A - AA	A - AA	BAA - AAA

The City also held investments in the following external pool which is not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2020, the investment portfolio did not contain any single issuer in excess of 5 percent of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2020, the City's investments were as follows:

		Maturity (in Years)								
Investment Type	Less Than Fair Value 1 Year			1 - 10	> 10 Years					
U.S. treasuries	\$	4,022,417	\$	1,314,002	\$	2,708,415	\$	-		
U.S. agencies		4,295,383		126,570		409,031		3,759,842		
Asset backed securities		500,000		-		500,000		-		
Corporate bonds		3,658,218		1,155,734		2,502,484		-		
Securitized notes		50,110		-		50,110		-		
Municipal bonds		1,062,581		65,765		599,989		396,827		
Government money market		85,837		85,837		-		-		
Total	\$	13,674,546	\$	2,747,888	\$	6,770,029	\$	4,156,669		

Fair Market Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The valuation method for recurring fair value measurements of investments is the quoted market prices approach.

The City's investments are categorized are as follows:

	December 31, 2020							
Investment Type	Lev	vel 1		Level 2	Lev	el 3		Total
U.S. treasuries	\$	-	\$	4,022,417	\$	-	\$	4,022,417
U.S. agencies		-		4,295,383		-		4,295,383
Asset backed securities		-		500,000		-		500,000
Corporate bonds		-		3,658,218		-		3,658,218
Securitized notes		-		50,110		-		50,110
Municipal bonds		-		1,062,581		-		1,062,581
Government money market		-		85,837		-		85,832
Total	\$		\$	13,674,546	\$		\$	13,674,546

Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes Risk

At December 31, 2020, the City held \$4,002,417, \$4,295,383 and \$1,062,581 in U.S. treasuries, U.S. Agencies and municipal bonds, respectively. With all fixed income securities, as interest rates rise, the values will fall. The longer the time to maturity, the more sensitive the values will be to a change in interest rates. The longest time to maturity on any holdings is 3 years, maturing December 31, 2023.

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the governmental-type individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Total Net eceivables	Expe Colle	Amounts Not Expected to be Collected Within One Year		
General Fund	\$ 15,832,818	\$	16,367		
Special Revenue -		·			
Emergency Medical Services Fund	4,050,818		-		
Debt Service Fund	1,085,000		-		
Capital Project - Capital Improvement Fund	9,874		-		
Capital Projects Fund - TIF No. 8	1,939,657		-		
Capital Projects Fund - TIF No. 11	3,760,075		-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 10,638,551		366,711		
Total	\$ 37,316,793	\$	383,078		

Revenues of the City are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable in the Emergency Medical Services Fund have been adjusted by \$292,611 for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No other allowance is necessary at year-end.

Governmental funds report unavailable or unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Jnavailable	Unearned		
Property taxes and special charges receivable for subsequent year Accounts receivable not collected Special assessments not yet due		35,595,949 - -	\$	- 80,077 156,339	
Total unavailable/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	35,595,949	\$	236,416	
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$	- 35,595,949			
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	35,595,949			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption - Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.

Reserve - Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

Impact Fee Account

The City has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

Asset Forfeiture Account

The City has received asset forfeitures which must be used for specific purposes.

Net Pension Asset

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2020:

	 vernmental Activities	iness-Type Activities	 Total
Redemption account Reserve account Impact fee account Asset forfeiture account Pension	\$ - 4,529,651 72,751 4,938,976	\$ 557,225 582,545 - 416,184	\$ 557,225 582,545 4,529,651 72,751 5,355,160
Total	\$ 9,541,378	\$ 1,555,954	\$ 11,097,332

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Ad	ditions	Dele	etions	End	ing Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being							
depreciated: Land	\$ 24,856,242	\$	224,312	\$		\$	25,080,554
Construction in progress	³ 24,850,242 13,711	φ	263,172	φ	-	φ	276,883
Total capital assets not being depreciated	24,869,953		487,484				25,357,437
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:							
Land improvements	6,355,365		-		-		6,355,365
Buildings Intangible asset -	46,540,339		-		-		46,540,339
easements	5,400		-		-		5,400
Machinery and equipment	22,354,662		936,410		(417,124)		22,873,948
Bridges	286,370		-		-		286,370
Roads Sidewalks	80,333,640		391,998		(919,267)		79,806,371
Street lighting	4,691,638 7,313,433		80,556 314,722		-		4,772,194 7,628,155
Storm sewers	26,063,725		547,714				26,611,439
Total capital assets being depreciated/							
amortized	193,944,572		2.271.400	(1	,336,391)		194,879,581
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:			, ,		<u>, , , -</u>		
Land improvements	(1,550,081)		(221,170)		-		(1,771,251)
Buildings	(10,719,086)	(1,225,130)		-		(11,944,216)
Intangible asset - easements	(5,400)						(5,400)
Machinery and equipment	(15,493,756)		- (770,165)		-		(16,263,921)
Bridges	(34,368)		(110,100)		-		(34,368)
Roads	(13,425,748)		(701,514)		57,148		(14,070,114)
Sidewalks	(2,524,727)		(74,806)		-		(2,599,533)
Street lighting	(4,268,042)		(255,869)		-		(4,523,911)
Storm sewers	(12,705,880)		(490,486)		-		(13,196,367)
Total accumulated depreciation/							
amortization	(60,727,089)	(3,739,140)		57,148		(64,409,081)
Net capital assets being depreciated/ amortized	133,217,483	(<u>1,133,373)</u>	(1	,279,243)		130,470,500
Total governmental activities assets, net of accumulated							
depreciation/ amortization	\$ 158,087,436	\$	(980,256)	\$ (1	,279,243)	\$	155,827,937

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Depreciation / amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activitie General government Public safety Health and social servic Public works Leisure activities				\$	847,002 864,918 550 1,598,401 428,269		
Total governmer amortization ex		ation	/	\$	3,739,140		
	eginning Balance		Additions	D	eletions	Endi	ing Balance
Business-Type Activities							
<u>Water</u> Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$ 242,750 127,458	\$	- 208,602	\$	- 117,852	\$	242,750 218,208
Total capital assets being depreciated	370,208		208,602		117,852		460,958
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized: Source of supply	7,056,575		-		_		7,056,575
Pumping Treatment	8,998,507 25,253,960		- 120,140		- 87,971		8,998,507 25,286,129
Transmission and distribution Intangible	74,403,514 69,544		2,648,527		96,534 -		76,955,507 69,544
General	 4,849,242		102,206		36,925		4,914,523
Total capital assets being depreciated/ amortized	120,631,341		2,870,873		221,430		123,280,785
Total capital assets	121,001,550		3,079,475		339,282		123,741,743
Less accumulated depreciation for:	 						
Source of supply Pumping Treatment	(2,620,057) (5,209,424) (12,632,729)		(121,346) (261,949) (822,055)		- - (87,971)		(2,741,403) (5,471,373) (13,366,813)
Transmission and distribution Intangible	(19,385,814) (3,199)		(1,276,448) (10,432)		(96,534)		(20,565,728) (13,631)
General	 (3,176,927)		(242,811)		(36,925)		(3,382,813)
Total accumulated depreciation	 <u>(43,028,150)</u>		(2,735,041)		(221,430)		(45,541,761)
Net water plant	\$ 77,973,400	\$	344,434	\$	117,852	\$	78,199,982

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	[Deletions	En	ding Balance
<u>Sewer</u>							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$ 13,145 110,279	\$	- 2,629,194	\$	- 1,005,764	\$	13,145 1,733,709
Construction in progress	 110,279		2,029,194		1,003,704		1,733,709
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 123,424		2,629,194		1,005,764		1,746,854
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:							
Intangibles	16,175		-		-		16,175
Collection system	45,044,807		992,531		-		46,037,338
Collection system pumping	242,170		-		-		242,170
General	 604,254		13,316		24,365		593,205
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	 45,907,406		1,005,847		24,365		46,888,888
Total capital assets	 46,030,830		3,635,041		1,030,129		48,635,742
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Collection system	(11,746,940)		(472,797)		-		(12,219,737)
Collection system pumping	(242,170)		-		-		(242,170)
General	 (469,096)		(45,608)		(24,365)		(490,339)
Total accumulated							
depreciation	 (12,458,206)		(518,405)		(24,365)		(12,952,246)
Net sewer plant	\$ 33,572,624	\$	3,116,636	\$	1,005,764	\$	35,683,496
Business-type capital assets, net of							
depreciation	\$ 111,546,024	\$	3,461,070	\$	1,123,616	\$	113,883,478
Depreciation expense was Business-Type Activitie	rged to functio	ns as	follows:				

Water Sewer	\$ 2,685,454 567,991	
Total business-type activities depreciation/ amortization expense	\$ 3,253,445	

Depreciation expense does not agree to the increase in accumulated depreciation due to joint metering, salvage and the cost of removal.

Interfund Receivables/Payables, Transfers and Advances

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables and advances including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year
General fund	Water utility	\$ 1,813,218	\$-
General fund	Debt service fund – Debt service fund	735,295	735,295
General fund	Capital projects fund – Developer Agreement fund	5,897	5,897
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #14 Capital projects fund	21,154	21,154
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #15 Capital projects fund	16,143	16,143
Special revenue fund - Economic development fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #7 Capital projects fund	314,900	314,900
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #8 Capital projects fund	815,774	815,774
Internal service fund - Health insurance fund	Water utility	129,588	129,588
Water utility	General fund	362,773	362,773
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund – Storm water fund	2,328	2,328
Sewer utility	Capital projects fund – Capital improvement fund	140,097	140,097
Sewer utility	Special revenue fund – Special assessment fund	143,499	143,499
Water utility	Capital projects fund – Capital Improvement fund	71,620	71,620
Water utility	Special revenue fund – Special assessment fund	 169,053	169,053
Total - fund financial statements		4,741,339	
Less fund eliminations		 (3,687,903)	
Total internal balances - government-wide statement of net position		\$ 1,053,436	

The principal purpose of these interfunds includes the tax equivalent payment from the utilities to general fund and special assessment collections by the special assessment fund for the utilities. Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To	Amount	Principal Purpose
Water utility	General fund	\$ 1,799,838	Tax equivalent
General fund	Special revenue fund - Donation and activity fund	77,042	Library supplies
Special revenue fund - WE Energies	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	1,000,624	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund - Tourism Fund	General fund	7,606	Tourism transfer
Special revenue fund - Storm water	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	305,000	Finance of capital projects
Debt service funds - Debt amortization fund	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	671,625	Street rehab
Debt service funds - Debt amortization fund	Debt service funds - Debt service	2,528,375	Finance debt
General fund	Debt service funds - Debt service	150,000	Finance debt
Special revenue fund - Economic development fund	Special revenue fund - Tourism Fund	100,000	Finance debt service requirements
Debt service funds - TID #6 debt service fund	Capital projects fund - TID #13 fund	400,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund – Impact fee fund	Debt service funds- Debt service	20,000	Finance of capital projects
General fund	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	507,791	Reimburse capital projects
Special revenue fund - Fire Impact fee fund	Debt service funds- Debt service	100,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund - Impact fee fund	Capital projects fund - Capital improvement fund	133,000	Finance of capital projects
General fund	Internal service fund	830,098	Future health insurance
Capital projects fund - TID # 7 Capital projects fund	Debt service fund - Debt service fund	100,000	Finance debt service requirements
Subtotal - fund financials		8,730,999	
Less fund eliminations		(6,931,161)	
Total government- wide statement of		• • • • • • • • • • • •	
activities		\$ 1,799,838	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Advances

The Sewer Utility advanced \$2,500,000 to the Water Utility, dated December 15, 2013, for various construction projects. This advance will be repaid through annual installment payments of principal and interest through December 15, 2028. The annual interest rate was set by the Commission at .34 percent and is variable thereafter based on the LGIP rate. Effective December 31, 2018, the Commission approved 2.62 percent as the interest rate on this advance.

The Utility's interfund loan repayment schedule to maturity is as follows:

	F	218,923 6,7 219,667 5,7 220,414 4,7 271,163 3,7 857,322 5,7	nterest	
Years ending December 31:				
2021	\$	193.265	\$	6,933
2022	Ŧ		Ŧ	6,256
2023		219,667		5,490
2024		220,414		4,721
2025		271,163		3,950
2026 - 2028		857,322		5,880
Total	\$	1,980,754	\$	33,230

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt:					
Notes and bonds Add unamortized debt	\$ 97,845,000	\$ 16,275,000	\$ 16,480,000	\$ 97,640,000	\$ 6,670,000
premium	1,979,864	361,324	254,249	2,086,939	
Subtotal	99,824,864	16,636,324	16,734,249	99,726,939	6,670,000
Other liabilities: Vested compensated					
absences Net pension liability	1,441,245 5,335,815	886,729	854,280 5,335,815	1,473,694	570,671
Net OPEB liability – life	768,228	492,396		1,260,624	-
Total OPEB liability - health	32,965,488	2,239,250		35,204,738	
Total other liabilities	40,510,776	3,378,153	6,190,095	37,698,834	570,671
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 140,335,640</u>	<u>\$ 20,014,477</u>	<u>\$ 22,924,344</u>	<u>\$ 137,665,995</u>	\$ 7,240,671
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable:					
Revenue bonds Add unamortized debt	\$ 15,773,047	\$ 4,705,000	\$ 5,806,837	\$ 14,671,210	\$ 1,116,046
premium	2,497		2,497		
Subtotal	15,775,544	4,705,000	5,809,334	14,671,210	1,116,046
Other liabilities:					
Net pension liability	495,508		495,508	-	-
Net OPEB liability – life Total OPEB liability - health	131,169 2,437,579	59,987	- 269,186	191,156 2,168,393	-
Pollution remediation	2,407,079	-	203,100	2,100,000	-
obligation	2,295,600			2,295,600	
Total business-type activities long-term					
liabilities	\$ 21,135,400	\$ 59,987	\$ 764,694	\$ 19,326,329	\$ 1,116,046

General Obligation Debt

All governmental general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2020 was \$210,787,685. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$97,640,000.

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/20
Governmental Activities					
General obligation debt:					
G.O. notes and bonds					
2013 refunding bonds	4/2/13	4/01/32	2.00 -3.75%	\$ 5,825,000	\$ 4,200,000
2013A notes	4/2/13	4/01/23	1.00 -2.75%	3,000,000	975,000
2013E notes	12/30/13	12/01/22	1.00 -4.00%	10,000,000	6,875,000
2014B refunding bonds	12/16/14	5/01/32	2.00-3.375%	2,725,000	1,975,000
2015A refunding bonds	1/20/15	6/01/34	2.00 -4.00%	19,650,000	16,050,000
2016C refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00 -4.00%	17,125,000	15,450,000
2016D refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-3.15%	5,925,000	5,300,000
2017B refunding bonds	8/1/17	3/1/37	3.85-4.00%	2,900,000	2,900,000
2018A refunding bonds	4/3/18	4/1/32	3.57-4.00%	8,900,000	8,500,000
2018B refunding bonds	8/30/18	4/1/27	2.00-4.00%	5,175,000	4,675,000
2018C refunding bonds	8/30/18	4/1/27	3.00-4.00%	5,140,000	4,690,000
2018D refunding bonds	11/27/18	10/1/32	3.95-4.25%	5,100,000	5,100,000
2019B refunding bonds	8/1/19	10/1/24	2.10-2.25%	1,030,000	825,000
2019C GO refunding bonds	8/1/19	10/1/36	3.00-4.00%	3,925,000	3,925,000
2020 GO refunding bond	1/6/20	4/1/30	3.00-4.00%	4,075,000	4,000,000
2020 GO Promissory Note	1/6/20	4/1/29	1.80-2.50%	1,135,000	1,135,000
2020 GO Refunding bond	4/1/20	10/1/29	1.90-2.40%	835,000	835,000
2020D GO refunding bond	4/1/20	10/1/23	1.75-1.95%	5,160,000	5,160,000
2020C GO refunding bond	4/1/20	10/1/29	1.75-2.70%	5,070,000	5.070.000

Total governmental activities - general obligation debt

\$ 97,640,000

	-	Governmental Activities General Obligation Notes and Bonds				
	Prir	Principal Interest				
Years ending December 31:						
2021	\$ 6	6,670,000	\$	3,262,766		
2022	7	7,415,000		2,948,410		
2023	15	5,450,000		2,700,733		
2024	6	6,430,000		2,251,383		
2025	6	6,885,000		2,023,296		
2026 - 2030	35	5,200,000		6,422,114		
2031 - 2035	18	3,850,000		1,169,827		
2036		740,000		20,159		
Total	_\$ 97	7,640,000	\$	20,798,687		

Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes and bonds are as follows:

Revenue Debt

The City has pledged future water and sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$14,671,211 in revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through May 1, 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,691,434. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$7,662,095 and \$5,249,979, respectively. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 15 percent of net revenues.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2020 consists of the following:

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue		Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness		 Balance 12/31/20	
Water utility revenue bonds	1/13/10	5/1/29	2.668%	\$	791,863	\$ 424,435	
Water utility revenue bonds	3/15/11	12/1/31	2.25 - 5.00%		6,500,000	350,000	
Water utility revenue bonds	11/23/11	5/1/31	2.20%		5,889,583	3,552,960	
Water utility revenue bonds	5/22/13	5/1/33	1.925%		2,594,795	1,796,725	
Water utility revenue bonds	5/28/14	5/1/34	1.925%		4,850,988	3,842,090	
Water utility revenue bonds	11/12/2020	12/1/31	1.67%		4,705,000	4,705,000	

Total business-type activities revenue debt

\$ 14,671,210

		Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt		Business-Type Activiti Revenue Debt - Direct Plac				
		Principal		nterest		Principal		Interest
Years ending December 31:								
2021	\$	420,000	\$	76,133	\$	696,046	\$	190,783
2022		425,000	-	59,618		710,555		176,121
2023		435,000		57,280		725,368		161,152
2024		450,000		54,235		740,493		145,868
2025		430,000		50,410		755,936		130,261
2026 - 2030		2,340,000		168,393		3,969,283		406,189
2031 - 2034		555,000		10,545		2,018,529		64,119
Total	\$	5,055,000	\$	476,614	\$	9,616,210	\$	1,274,493

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments for vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits liabilities attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Lease Disclosures

Lessor - Operating Leases - Governmental Activities

The City has entered into an operating lease with AT&T Wireless to lease the premises of city property at 800 West Puetz Road. The term of the lease is 5 years commencing August 19, 2008. The lease shall be automatically renewed for three additional four year terms unless AT&T Wireless notifies Oak Creek of its intention not to renew. Future annual lease payments are as follows:

First term (years 1-5)	\$ 24,000
First renewal term (years 6-10)	27,600
Second renewal term (years 11-15)	31,740
Third renewal term (years 16-20)	36,501

Lessor - Operating Leases - Business-type Activities

The water and sewer utility have entered into operating leases with Verizon Wireless (VW), Sprint Spectrum L.P. (SSLP), Cingular Wireless (CW) and Crown Castle (CC) for space on Utility reservoirs to be used for cellular antennas. These leases terminate on November 30, 2021 (VW), March 20, 2022 (SSLP), March 1, 2021 (CW), February 26, 2021 (CC), January 24, 2023 (CC), and January 31, 2028 (CW). Minimum future lease rentals are as follows:

2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 - 2028	\$ 253,799 110,788 72,529 73,726 77,413 173,908
Total	\$ 762,163

Current Refundings

On January 6, 2020, the City issued \$4,075,000 in general obligation bonds with an average coupon rate of 3.371646% to refund \$4,275,000 of outstanding debt with an average coupon rate of 4.20622%. The net proceeds were used to prepay the outstanding debt. The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$5,427,328 from 2020 through 2030. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$4,899,272 from 2020 through 2030. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$466,537.

On April 1, 2020, the City issued \$5,070,000 in general obligation bonds with an average coupon rate of 2.353182% to pay off the short term \$4,900,000 Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2017A dated July 6, 2017 with a coupon rate of 3.00%. The net proceeds were used to pay the principal and interest of the 2017A Notes at maturity.

On April 1, 2020, the City issued \$5,160,000 in general obligation bonds, the portion of \$2,905,000 was issued for Tax Incremental District No. 16 with an average coupon rate of 1.884923% to pay off the short-term \$2,850,000 Taxable General Obligation Promissory Note dated January 27, 2019 with a coupon rate of 2.89%. The net proceeds were used to pay the principal of the 2019 Notes on the call date of April 20, 2020.

Advance Refunding

On November 18, 2020, the water utility issued bonds in the amount of \$4,705,00 with an average interest rate of 1.478% to advance refund \$4,575,000 of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.87%. The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As a result, that portion of the old bonds are considered defeased and the liability for that portion of the old bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The cash flow requirements on the old bonds prior to the advance refunding was \$6,165,569 from June 1, 2021 through December 1, 2031. The cash flow requirements on the new bonds are \$5,167,613 from June 1, 2021 through December 1, 2031. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$704,101.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2020 includes the following:

Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets: Land Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less related long-term debt and premium outstanding (excluding noncapital debt) Add unspent proceeds of capital-related debt included above	\$ 25,080,554 276,883 130,470,500 (92,378,062) 1,534,319
Total net investment in capital assets	 64,984,194
Restricted: TID activity Storm Water Donation and activity Asset forfeiture WE Energies Special assessments Economic development Tourism commission Developer agreements Park escrow Low income loans Pension Impact fees	$\begin{array}{r} 4,679,464\\ 362,695\\ 1,685,314\\ 73,237\\ 217,858\\ 2,533,405\\ 761,921\\ 72,921\\ 25,024\\ 16,995\\ 7,825\\ 4,938,976\\ 4,529,651\end{array}$
Total restricted	 19,905,286
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (25,654,000)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 52,541,888

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2020 include the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance: Major fund: General Fund		
Inventories	\$	135,438
Delinquent personal property taxes		16,367
Noncurrent receivables from other funds		1,594,263
Total nonspendable fund balance	\$	1,746,068
Restricted Fund Balance		
Major funds:		0.004
Debt service - debt amortization fund	\$	8,024
Capital projects - TIF No. 11 capital projects fund		657,143
Total major funds		665,167
Nonmajor funds:		
Special revenue funds:		
Donation and activity		1,685,314
We energies fund		217,858
Low income loan		7,825
Special assessments		2,533,405
Impact fee escrow		4,529,651
Asset forfeiture		73,237
Storm water		362,695
Economic development Park escrow		761,921
Tourism commission		16,995 72,921
Debt service funds:		12,921
TIF No. 6 debt service		99,921
Capital projects funds:		00,021
Developer Agreement		25,024
TIF No. 7 capital projects		46,550
TIF No. 10 capital projects		938,824
TIF No. 12 capital projects		2,586,438
TIF No. 13 capital projects		240,875
TIF No. 16 capital projects		109,713
Total nonmajor funds		14,309,167
Total restricted fund balance	\$	14,974,334
Committed Fund Balance		
Major funds:	~	0.47.400
Emergency Medical Services	\$	947,186
Nonmajor funds:		
Special revenue funds		
Solid waste		147,995
Consolidated dispatch services		88,076
Total nonmajor funds		236,071
Total committed fund balance	\$	1,183,257

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Assigned Fund Balance

Major funds:	
General fund: Tax equivalent for subsequent year Capital improvement fund	\$ 1,771,473 3,491,505
Total assigned fund balance	\$ 5,262,978
Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit) Major funds:	
General fund Debt service fund (deficit) TIF No. 8 capital projects (deficit)	\$ 6,503,124 (735,295) (817,619)
Total major funds	 4,800,210
Nonmajor funds: Special revenue fund: Future improvement fund (deficit) Capital projects funds: TIF No. 14 capital projects (deficit) TIF No. 15 capital projects (deficit)	(2,500) (21,257) (17,337)
Total nonmajor funds	 (40,003)
Total unassigned fund balance (deficit)	\$ 4,910,207
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets: Land and land rights Intangible assets, net of amortization Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less payables and accruals for capital assets Less related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt proceeds, net of unamortized loss on debt refunding)	\$ 255,895 85,719 1,951,917 111,589,946 (15,408) (14,563,622)
Total net investment in capital assets	 99,304,447
Restricted: Debt service Pension	 1,114,582 416,184
Total restricted	 1,530,766
Unrestricted	 26,469,291
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 127,304,504

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits.

Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2010	(1.3)%	22.0%
2011	(1.2)	11.0
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
utions		

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,733,340 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2020 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.55%	6.55%
Protective with Social Security	6.55%	10.55%
Protective without Social Security	6.55%	14.95%

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the City reported an asset of \$5,355,160 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.16607948 percent, which was an increase of 0.00217175 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,970,170.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,852,3509	\$	4,774,092
Changes in assumption		417,309		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		10,947,853
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		18,888		22,745
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,046,857		-
Total	\$	12,335,404	\$	15,744,690

\$2,046,857 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	of an I	Deferred Inflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)	
Years ending December 31: 2021 2022 2023 2024	\$	(1,608,754) (1,214,434) 183,717 (2,816,672)	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2018
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.0%
Discount Rate:	7.0%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-Retirement Adjustments*:	1.9%

 No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9 percent is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2019 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	49%	8.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	24.5	4.9	2.1
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	4.0	1.2
Real Estate	9	6.3	3.5
Private Equity/Debt	8	10.6	7.6
Multi-Asset	4	6.9	4.0
Total Core Fund	110	7.5	4.6
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	7.5	4.6
International Equities	30	8.2	5.3
Total Variable Fund	100	7.8	4.9

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75 percent

Assets Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent and a long term bond rate of 2.75 percent. (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2019. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.) Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00 percent expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9 percent will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	 Decrease to scount Rate (6.00%)	ate Discount Rate		1% Increase to Discount Rate (8.00%)	
City of Oak Creek's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 13,790,495	\$	(5,355,160)	\$	(19,668,740)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reportsand-statements.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a payable to the pension plan of \$410,610 which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission and workers compensation. Employee health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the City in the health insurance internal service fund, which includes commercial insurance and self-funding. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Self-Insurance

For health claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$100,000 deductible per individual and \$5,741,176 in the aggregate for a policy year. Claims in excess of those amounts are covered by specific reinsurance with an unlimited lifetime maximum reimbursement. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

All funds in the City participate in the health and dental insurance internal service fund. Amounts payable to the health insurance fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. At December 31, 2020, no amounts were designated for that reserve.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability.

Claims Liability

	Prior Year		Current Year	
Unpaid claims - Beginning of Year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	3,198,020 5,430,157 (7,982,997)	\$	645,180 4,834,480 (5,874,632)
Unpaid claims - end of year	\$	645,180	\$	394,972

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC) Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from the WMIC / CVMIC administrative office.

The City pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$75,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$250,000.

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2020. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

Tax Incremental Financing

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 7 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a property taxable value of \$10,200,000. The developers also pay property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreements, are entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of taxes paid less the base value \$3,000,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2024. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$335,447.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$650,000 upon confirmation of job creation and City being awarded a grant. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer taxes paid for 8 years (2023). Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$227,203.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 10 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a 15 year lease of space and job retainment. The developers are entitled to a future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75 percent taxes paid, up to \$1,800,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2023. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$288,926.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$5,300,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2016-2032 and thereafter. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0, (\$5,300,000 was paid in 2015).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers received \$2,750,000 loan upon ownership of said property which will be paid back to the City beginning in 2021 (annually for 20 years). Additionally, the developer will receive a \$4,500,000 grant from the City for project costs once the construction process has begun and construction contracts are executed. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$26,200,000 effective 2020 with a moderate increase each year the TID is open ending with a minimum assessed value of \$35,800,900 in 2032. Additionally in 2024 the developer will add another \$9 million in minimum assessed value for phase 3 of the development. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0. (\$2,750,000 was paid in 2017).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$2,500,000 upon beginning construction of a parking garage with 425 parking stalls. Once building permits are pulled for additional square footage of the medical facility (targeting 130,000 square foot) the developer will be paid \$65.80 per square foot up to an additional \$2,500,000. The City will in good faith effort work with the WEDC for a \$1,000,000 grant for the developer based on jobs, 425 parking stalls, and a 130,000 square foot facility. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2017-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0. (\$1,835,134 was paid in 2017).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,450,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and a hotel franchise agreement and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,680,051 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,319,949 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers will receive not to exceed \$900,000 upon ownership, build out of project and having reached the minimum assessed value: \$5 million in 2019 and \$8 million in 2020 and for the remaining life of the project. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developers agree to invest roughly \$50,000,000 in economic development building a 300,000 square foot retail facility. The City and developer agree to City Financing not to exceed \$5,225,000 for infrastructure leading up to the developer's property. In each year, beginning 2017 and ending the last year of the district 2036, the City will receive a check from the developer for taxes on the property. The developer will receive the tax amount back less the annual bond payment for infrastructure, and less \$25,000 for administrative costs each year up to \$13,000,000. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$798,675.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City administers a single-employer defined contribution healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The plan provides health insurance benefits for eligible retirees through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees pay at established rates.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the city and the union.

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit OPEB, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the City. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

The City of Oak Creek provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents based on the following:

Utility

Employees hired prior to 01/01/83 and retired prior to 12/31/06 pay the same as active and get benefits for life after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 -12/31/05 and retire prior to 12/31/05 pay 40 percent of the pre and post 65 premium after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 - 12/31/05 and retire after 12/31/08 pay 20 percent of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired after 12/31/05 pay 20 percent of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 15 years of service. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Local 133 - General/Labor

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 20 percent of the premium to participate in the plan. No Post 65 insurance employee's active January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Local 1848 - Firefighters

Employees who attain 10 years of service who retired prior to May 4, 2010 shall be eligible for retiree level health insurance as of the prior bargaining agreement (5 percent). After May 4, 2010 retirees pay same as current employees (10 percent). No post 65 insurance available for employees hired after May 4, 2010. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Police Supervisors

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10 percent of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Police Officers

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hire after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10 percent of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Dispatchers

Employees hired after 02/01/95 need 15 years of service. Employees who retired prior to 12/31/05 have post 65 Medicare supplemental insurance. Future retirees are required to pay 40 percent of the premium. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Non Represented

Employees hired prior to 01/01/06 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired before 07/01/83 who retired before 12/31/05 receive post 65 benefits and contribute 0 percent; those who retiree before 12/31/11 pay 20 percent. Future retirees are required to pay 20 percent of the premium to participate in the plan.

* General and Police hired after 01/01/2015 and firefighters hired after 01/01/2016 are not eligible for retiree medical coverage under this plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2020 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members and spouses currently receiving benefit	
payments	258
Active plan members	172
	430

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$37,373,131 was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	Based on the "Long Term Healthcare Costs Trend Resource Model" created for the Society of Actuaries by Professor Thomas E. Getzen of Temple University
Salary increases	WRS assumption adopted by the Employee Trust Funds Board in connection with a study of experience during 2015-2017
Healthcare cost trend rates	Based on the "Long Term Healthcare Costs Trend Resource Model" created for the Society of Actuaries by Professor Thomas E. Getzen of Temple University
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	See benefits table above

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Tax Exempt Municipal Bond Yield.

Mortality rates were based on the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality table as the base table and project future improvements with 2018 generational improvement scale as adopted by the Board in connection with the 2015-2017 Experience Study by the Wisconsin Retirement System.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2015-2017

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at December 31, 2019 Charges for the year:	\$	35,403,067	
Service cost		660,328	
Interest	1,436,753		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		1,934,957	
Benefit payments		(2,061,974)	
Net changes		1,970,064	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	37,373,131	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.74 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher 3.74 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	% Decrease (1.74%)	Di	scount Rate (2.74%)	1	% Increase (3.74%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	41,247,439	\$	37,373,131	\$	34,033,024

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (2.12 percent decreasing to 1.12 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.12 percent increasing to 3.12 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (2.12% Decreasing to 1.12%) Rate (2.12%)			1% Increase (2.12% Increasing to 3.12%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	33,709,183	\$	37,373,131	\$	41,666,830

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,289,266. At December 31, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	h	Deferred nflows of esources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Employer contributions - subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,138,662 2,479,754	\$	1,490,866
Total	\$	4,618,416	\$	1,490,866

\$2,479,754 reported as deferred outflows to OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resource related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	O Reso Defei	Deferred outflow of ources and rred Inflows Resources (Net)
Years ending December 31		
2021	\$	155,587
2022		155,587
2023		70,796
2024		88,958
2025		176,868

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011. Must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contribution made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reports as of December 31, 2020 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of employee contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participation employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates for the Plan Year			
Attained Age	Basic		
Under 30	\$0.05		
30-34	0.06		
34-39	0.07		
40-44	0.08		
45-49	0.12		
50-54	0.22		
55-59	0.39		
60-64	0.49		
65-69	0.57		

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$6,163 in contribution from the employer.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$1,451,780 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.34093800 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00757800 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$106,177.

At December 31, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	65,037
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		27,385		-
Changes in assumptions		535,568		159,685
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		23,918		19,392
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,687		-
Total	\$	593,558	\$	244,114

\$6,687 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employers contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Out Reso Deferr of R	eferred tflows of urces and red Inflows esources (Net)
Years ending December 31		
C C	\$	59,791
2021		59,791
2022		56,838
2023		53,796
2024		42,728
2025		69,813
Thereafter		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions

The net OPEB liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2019
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability	December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield	2.74%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	2.87%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2019 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2019

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	45%	2.12%
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	5	2.90
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	50	1.53
Inflation			2.20
Long-Term Expected Ra	ate of Return		4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return decreased slightly from 5.00% in the prior year to 4.25% in the current year. This change was primarily based on the target asset allocation and capital market expectations. The expected inflation rate also decreased slightly from 2.30% in the prior year to 2.20% in the current year. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 2.87% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 4.22% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 4.10% as of December 31, 2018 to 2.74% as of December 31, 2019. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.87 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.87 percent) than the current rate:

	Dis	Decrease to count Rate (1.87%)	Dis	Current count Rate (2.87%)	Dis	1% Increase to Discount Rate (3.87%)	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,004,666	\$	1,451,780	\$	1,031,142	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <u>http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm</u>.

Power Generating Facility Mitigation Revenue

The City entered into an agreement with Wisconsin Energy Corporation (WEC). WEC is expanding its electric generating facilities within the City of Oak Creek by creating three new units. WEC is expected to pay the following annual mitigation payments to the City 30 days after the commencement of construction:

Elm Road Unit 1	\$ 1,500,000
Elm Road Unit 2	750,000
Elm Road Unit 3	250,000

The payments are required annually unless the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin determines that these payments may not be included in the rent payments of the facilities lease or a new unit ceases operation after start-up and is decommissioned.

In 2020, the City received \$2,250,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligation
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Relationships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

Subsequent Events

On May 20, 2021, the City issued \$3,945 million in Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes (2021A) which will be used to current refund previously issued 2016 debt and for public purposes, including financing TID projects.

On July 28, 2021, the City issued \$16.22 million in Note Anticipation Notes (Series 2021B), which will be used to fund public purposes, including TID Projects.

Relief though the American Rescue Plan Act

The federal government passed the American Rescue Plan Act on March 11, 2021 to respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and its negative economic impacts. Amounts were appropriated for fiscal year 2021 to units of local government to mitigate the fiscal effects stemming from the public health emergency. The City's estimate award is \$3,802,085, which will be used to combat the negative effects of the public health emergency in the local economy. The City will receive 50% of the funds in June 2021, with the remaining expected a year later. The funds are to cover costs incurred by December 31, 2024.

REQUIRED SUPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Oak Creek Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues				
Taxes:	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
General property taxes	\$ 14,229,760 457,000	\$ 14,411,542 457,000	\$ 181,782	
Motel room tax Mobile home taxes	457,000 68,000	457,000 62,528	- (5,472)	
Other taxes	208,446	76,089	(132,357)	
Other taxes	200,440	70,009	(152,557)	
Total	14,963,206	15,007,159	43,953	
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Shared taxes from state	2,981,206	2,980,110	(1,096)	
State transportation aids	2,733,563	2,729,858	(3,705)	
State computer aids	136,265	133,593	(2,672)	
Other state aids	10,750	730,223	719,473	
Health department block grant	-	52,633	52,633	
Police grants	225,548	106,496	(119,052)	
Total	6,087,332	6,732,913	645,581	
Regulation and compliance:				
Licenses:				
Liquor and beer	63,200	59,783	(3,417)	
Publishing fees	900	790	(110)	
Operators	28,000	18,410	(9,590)	
Amusement devices	8,500	6,165	(2,335)	
Amusement operators	1,200	1,350	150	
Miscellaneous, business	11,000	5,225	(5,775)	
Miscellaneous, nonbusiness	75	25	(50)	
	88,850	95,681	6,831	
Late sanitarian license renewal	500	-	(500)	
Sanitarian plan review Permits:	3,000	400	(2,600)	
Building	452,000	581,087	129,087	
Electrical	110,000	124,946	14,946	
Plumbing	90,000	105,735	15,735	
Street opening	7,500	12,584	5,084	
Erosion control	12,500	12,526	26	
Temp food	2,000	550	(1,450)	
Sundry	500	-	(500)	
Landscape, lighting & sign review	3,800	13,050	9,250	
Cable TV	300,000	277,542	(22,458)	
AT&T video service	160,000	107,288	(52,712)	
Court fines	425,800	400,922	(24,878)	
Total	1,769,325	1,824,059	54,734	

City of Oak Creek Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Public charges for services:				
General government	^	¢ 40.400	ф <u>Б</u> 400	
Property status letter fees Administrative fees	\$ 8,000 28,000	\$	\$	
Photo copies sold	28,000	29,570	(682)	
Zoning/housing appeal fees	800	1,000	200	
Rezoning petitions and filing fees	2,500	6,975	4,475	
Text amendment fees	500	-	(500)	
Right of way vacation fees	575	1,000	425	
Special use request fees	12,000	20,250	8,250	
Filing fee - certified survey maps	7,000	6,050	(950)	
Plan commission agenda fees	14,000	27,250	13,250	
Map amendments	1,200	1,000	(200)	
Subdivision plat fees	1,000	-	(1,000)	
Maps sold	25	17	(8)	
Public safety:				
State DWI seizures	1,500	-	(1,500)	
Police patrol service fees	5,000	2,858	(2,142)	
Miscellaneous fees	2,000	813	(1,187)	
Copies of police and fire reports	3,000	1,051	(1,949)	
False alarm penalties	7,500	11,700	4,200	
Health and sanitation:				
Health Department:				
Clinic fees	9,000	1,471	(7,529)	
Pet license fees/Humane Society	12,500	9,844	(2,656)	
Public works:				
Weed cutting	8,000	1,108	(6,892)	
Sale of culvert pipe	10,000	14,183	4,183	
Culvert installation	1,200	2,800	1,600	
Library:				
Other income	20,000	6,740	(13,260)	
Photocopies	7,000	4,293	(2,707)	
Recreation	140,000	64,367	(75,633)	
Sanitarian:				
Regular service fee	7,000	3,397	(3,603)	
Miscellaneous charges for services	2,000	3,935	1,935	
Total	312,800	235,970	(76,830)	
Investment income:				
Investments	220,000	434,264	214,264	
Taxes	70,000	79,437	9,437	
Total	290,000	513,701	223,701	
Miscellaneous income:				
AT&T American tower lease	31,740	31,740	-	
South Suburban Chamber Lease	12,000	10,000	(2,000)	
Insurance incentives	25,000	85,442	60,442	
Insurance recoveries	9,800	5,096	(4,704)	
P-card rebates	20,000	12,982	(7,018)	
Miscellaneous revenues	10,000	(8,016)	(18,016)	
Total	108,540	137,244	28,704	
Interfund charges for services:				
Engineering and administration charged to TID projects	275,000	275,000	-	
Highway equipment service fee	43,680	15,182	(28,498)	
Administrative services charged to enterprise funds	45,000	33,750	(11,250)	
Miscellaneous charges for services	19,000	47,606	28,606	
Total	382,680	371,538	(11,142)	
Total revenues	23,913,883	24,822,584	908,701	

See notes to required supplementary information

City of Oak Creek Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures			
General government:			
General government	\$ 3,965,578	\$ 2,928,736	\$ 1,036,842
Building maintenance	725,761	651,364	74,397
City administrator	289,971	296,771	(6,800)
Data processing	1,059,330	1,011,500	47,830
City clerk	219,003	228,523	(9,520)
Treasurer	206,544	204,366	2,178
Finance	388,419	366,565	21,854
Assessor	218,115	216,280	1,835
Attorney and legal	253,839	179,881	73,958
Community development	304,655	307,494	(2,839)
Total	7,631,215	6,391,480	1,239,735
Public safety:			
Police department	9,032,901	8,599,587	433,314
Emergency operations	19,010	139,596	(120,586)
Fire department	2,035,084	2,099,275	(64,191)
Inspection	563,603	542,249	21,354
Other	101,734	100,979	755
Total	11,752,332	11,481,686	270,646
Health and social services:			
Health department	508,456	385,034	123,422
Total	508,456	385,034	123,422
Public works:			
Engineering	772,073	639,251	132,822
Streets	3,805,126	3,611,227	193,899
Total	4,577,199	4,250,478	326,721
Leisure activities:			
Conservation and recreation	620,390	472,442	147,948
Library	1,027,864	952,542	75,322
Parks	577,462	543,008	34,454
Total	2,225,716	1,967,992	257,724
Total expenditures	26,694,918	24,476,670	2,218,248
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of property	20,000	27,087	7,087
Transfer in	25,000	7,606	(17,394)
Transfer in, tax equivalent	1,663,510	1,799,838	136,328
Transfer out		(1,564,931)	(1,564,931)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,708,510	269,600	(1,438,910)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,072,525)	615,514	\$ 1,688,039
Fund Balance, Beginning		9,405,151	
Fund Balance, Ending		\$ 10,020,665	

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Emergency Medical Services Fund - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	3,655,849	\$	3,655,849	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		138,390		184,194		45,804	
Public charges for services		1,430,196		1,385,471		(44,725)	
Investment income		5,000		2,750		(2,250)	
Misc revenue		-		10,615		10,615	
Total revenues		5,229,435		5,238,879		9,444	
Expenditures Current:							
Public Safety		5,229,435		5,153,939		75,496	
Total expenditures		5,229,435		5,153,939		75,496	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		84,940	\$	84,940	
Fund Balance, Beginning				862,246			
Fund Balance, Ending			\$	947,186			

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -City Retiree Benefits Plan Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 2018	 2019	 2020
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 649,113	\$ 717,788	\$ 660,328
Interest	1,366,954	1,288,751	1,436,753
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
economic/demographic gains or losses	-	-	570,464
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,253,995	(2,314,550)	1,364,493
Benefit payments	 (2,022,000)	 (2,052,298)	 (2,061,974)
Net change in total OPEB Liability	1,248,062	(2,360,309)	1,970,064
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	 36,515,314	 37,763,376	 35,403,067
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$ 37,763,376	\$ 35,403,067	\$ 37,373,131
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,862,279	\$ 20,287,297	\$ 21,579,696
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	190.13%	174.51%	173.19%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

Plan Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Sł	oportionate hare of the Net OPEB Liability	 Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	
12/31/17 12/31/18 12/31/19	0.34563500% 0.34855800% 0.34093800%	\$	1,039,871 899,397 1,451,780	\$ 14,534,940 18,848,000 19,090,000	7.15% 4.77% 7.60%	44.81% 48.69% 37.58%	

City of Oak Creek

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Fiscal Year Ending	Re	ractually quired ributions	Relat Cont Re	Required De		bution iency :ess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31/18 12/31/19 12/31/20	\$	7,611 7,463 6,687	\$	7,611 7,463 6,687	\$	-	\$ 15,601,884 17,915,500 19,083,901	0.05% 0.04% 0.04%	

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) -Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2020

WRS Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	SI N	oportionate hare of the et Pension bility (Asset)	 Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.16047000%	\$	(3,941,582)	\$ 17,775,702	22.17%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.15775509%		2,563,490	18,256,231	14.04%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.15582489%		1,284,369	18,758,850	6.85%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.15904145%		(4,722,129)	19,181,462	24.62%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.16307730%		5,831,323	19,887,692	29.32%	96.45%
12/31/19	0.16607948%		(5,355,160)	20,287,752	26.40%	102.96%

City of Oak Creek

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Fiscal Year Ending	Contractually Required		Rel Co	tributions in lation to the ontractually Required ntributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	1,495,972	\$	1,495,972	\$	-	\$	18,256,231	8.19%
12/31/16		1,495,955		1,495,955		-		18,758,850	7.97%
12/31/17		1,663,744		1,663,744		-		19,136,951	8.69%
12/31/18		1,729,528		1,729,528		-		19,862,279	8.71%
12/31/19		1,850,459		1,850,459		-		20,287,297	9.12%
12/31/20		2,046,857		2,046,857		-		21,579,696	9.47%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2020

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.C.

A budget has been adopted for all governmental fund types. The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city administrator may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$0. Budgets are adopted at the function level of expenditure.

Wisconsin Retirement System

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes of assumptions. Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 - 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Total Pension Liability changed, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates.

Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance

The data presented in the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for the City.

Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.

Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of assumptions. Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 - 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Net OPEB Liability changed, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates.

SUPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Oak Creek Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

										Sp	pecial	Revenue Fun	ds									
		Solid Waste Fund	Donation and Activity Fund	 WE Energies Fund	L	Income .oan ⁻ und	Α	Special Assessment Fund	Devel	nomic opment und		Future provement Fund	Ir	mpact Fee Escrow Fund	F	Asset orfeiture Fund	 Storm Water Fund	[nsolidated Dispatch Services Fund	Cor	ourism nmission Fund	 Park Escrow Fund
Assets																						
Cash and investments	\$	372,208	\$ 1,739,193	\$ 231,772	\$	7,825	\$	2,523,119	\$	450,204	\$	340,983	\$	-	\$	486	\$ 380,432	\$	76,842	\$	74,741	\$ 16,995
Restricted cash and investments		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		4,529,651		72,751	-		-		-	-
Taxes receivable		1,448,769	-	-		-		105,962		-		-		-		-	1,070,706		1,437,760		-	-
Accounts receivable		50	916	27		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		29,275		-	-
Special assessments receivable		-	-	-		-		366,711		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Loans receivable		-	-	-		6,503		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Due from other funds		-	 -	 -		-		-		314,900		-		-		-	 -		-		-	
Total assets	\$	1,821,027	\$ 1,740,109	\$ 231,799	\$	14,328	\$	2,995,792	\$	765,104	\$	340,983	\$	4,529,651	\$	73,237	\$ 1,451,138	\$	1,543,877	\$	74,741	\$ 16,995
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits) Liabilities:																						
Accounts payable	\$	222,746	\$ 54,795	\$ 4,706	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,199			\$	1,612	\$ -
Accrued liabilities		1,517	-	9,235		-		-		433		-		-		-	5,210		18,041		208	-
Deposits		-	-	-		-		-		-		343,483		-		-	-		-		-	-
Due to other funds		-	 -	 -		-		312,552		-		-		-		-	 2,328		-		-	
Total liabilities		224,263	 54,795	 13,941				312,552		3,183		343,483					 17,737		18,041		1,820	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues		1,448,769 -	 -	 -		- 6,503		- 149,835		-		-		-		-	 1,070,706 -		1,437,760 -		-	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,448,769	 	 		6,503		149,835		-							 1,070,706		1,437,760		-	
Fund balances (deficit): Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)		- 147,995 -	1,685,314 - -	217,858 - -		7,825 - -		2,533,405 - -		761,921 - -		- - (2,500)		4,529,651 - -		73,237 - -	362,695 - -		- 88,076 -		72,921 - -	16,995 - -
Total fund balances (deficit)		147,995	 1,685,314	 217,858		7,825		2,533,405		761,921		(2,500)		4,529,651		73,237	 362,695		88,076		72,921	 16,995
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	1,821,027	\$ 1,740,109	\$ 231,799	\$	14,328	\$	2,995,792	\$	765,104	\$	340,983	\$	4,529,651	\$	73,237	\$ 1,451,138	\$	1,543,877	\$	74,741	\$ 16,995

City of Oak Creek Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

		Capital Projects Funds											
	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund	Developer Agreement Fund	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Assets Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$ 100,024 - 335,447 - - -	\$ - - - 30,921 - - -	\$ 361,571 - 1,267,946 - - - -	\$ 938,927 - 449,063 - - - -	\$ 2,586,541 - 1,184,294 - - - -	\$ 295,092 - 11,391 - - - -	\$ - - 145,135 - - - -	\$ - - 86,121 - - - -	\$ 109,816 2,661,554 - - - -	<pre>\$ 10,606,771 4,602,402 10,204,148 61,189 366,711 6,503 314,900</pre>			
Total assets	\$ 435,471	\$ 30,921	\$ 1,629,517	\$ 1,387,990	\$ 3,770,835	\$ 306,483	\$ 145,135	\$ 86,121	\$ 2,771,370	\$ 26,162,624			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits) Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds	\$ 103 - - -	\$ - - - 5,897	\$ 121 - - 314,900	\$ 103 - - -	\$ 103 - - -	\$	\$ 103 - - 21,154	\$ 103 - - 16,143	\$ 103 - - -	\$			
Total liabilities	103	5,897	315,021	103	103	54,217	21,257	16,246	103	1,402,865			
Deferred inflows of resources: Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues	335,447	-	1,267,946	449,063	1,184,294	11,391 	145,135	86,121	2,661,554	10,098,186 156,338			
Total deferred inflows of resources	335,447		1,267,946	449,063	1,184,294	11,391	145,135	86,121	2,661,554	10,254,524			
Fund balances (deficit): Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)	99,921 - -	25,024 - -	46,550 - -	938,824 - -	2,586,438 - -	240,875 - -	- - (21,257)	- - (16,246)	109,713 - -	14,309,167 236,071 (40,003)			
Total fund balances (deficit)	99,921	25,024	46,550	938,824	2,586,438	240,875	(21,257)	(16,246)	109,713	14,505,235			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 435,471	\$ 30,921	\$ 1,629,517	\$ 1,387,990	\$ 3,770,835	\$ 306,483	\$ 145,135	\$ 86,121	\$ 2,771,370	\$ 26,162,624			

City of Oak Creek Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

						Spe	cial Revenue Fun	ds					
	Solid Waste Fund	Donation and Activity Fund	WE Energies Fund	Low Income Loan Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Economic Development Fund	Future Improvement Fund	Impact Fee Escrow Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Storm Water Fund	Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund	Tourism Commission Fund	Park Escrow Fund
Revenues													
Taxes	\$ 1,390,836	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 85,724	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,406,461	\$ 68,483	\$-
Intergovernmental	94,175	210,584	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	288,167	-	-
Public charges for service	7,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	391,129	-	1,046,768	-	-	-
Special assessments / developer													
contributions	-	-	-	-	205,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	1,022	2,381	1,243	-	16,166	566	-	21,656	14	1,122	642	125	-
Miscellaneous	54,430	151,519	2,250,000						24,153			61,502	2,227
Total revenues	1,547,963	364,484	2,251,243		221,923	86,290		412,785	24,167	1,047,890	1,695,270	130,110	2,227
Expenditures													
Current:													
General government	-	165,642	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	390,733	-
Public safety	-	46,340	1,198,953	-	-	-	-	-	5,400	-	-	-	-
Public works	1,513,781	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	612,246	-	-	-
Health and social services	-	463,317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,693,169	-	-
Leisure activities	-	49,897	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	103,105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	5,990	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				-									-
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest		-					-	-					
Total expenditures	1,513,781	725,196	1,199,331			109,095			5,400	612,246	1,693,169	390,733	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over expenditures	34,182	(360,712)	1,051,912		221,923	(22,805)		412,785	18,767	435,644	2,101	(260,623)	2,227
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt proceeds	-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Premium on debt issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	77,042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		100,000	-
Transfers out		-	(1,000,624)			(100,000)		(253,000)		(305,000)		(7,606)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		77,042	(1,000,624)			(100,000)		(253,000)		(305,000)		92,394	
Net change in fund balances	34,182	(283,670)	51,288	-	221,923	(122,805)	-	159,785	18,767	130,644	2,101	(168,229)	2,227
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	113,813	1,968,984	166,570	7,825	2,311,482	884,726	(2,500)	4,369,866	54,470	232,051	85,975	241,150	14,768
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 147,995	\$ 1,685,314	\$ 217,858	\$ 7,825	\$ 2,533,405	\$ 761,921	\$ (2,500)	\$ 4,529,651	\$ 73,237	\$ 362,695	\$ 88,076	\$ 72,921	\$ 16,995

City of Oak Creek Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues			Developer		No. 7	TIF No.	o. 10	т		-	-		o. 14	TIF	- No. 15	Т	Capital Projects Funds TIF No. 7 TIF No. 10 TIF No. 12 TIF No. 13 TIF No. 14 TIF No. 15 TIF No. 16 Total													
	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund		Agreements Fund	Proj	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund		TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds												
Taura																														
Taxes	\$ 337,9		\$-	\$,		44,499	\$	954,763	\$	7,562	\$	-	\$	23,192	\$	223,393	\$ 5,641,009												
Intergovernmental	1,0)61	-		17,764	1	18,906		-		100,000		-		-		-	730,657												
Public charges for service		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	1,445,397												
Special assessments / developer																														
contributions		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	205,757												
Investment income	5	581	6		5,787		1,318		5,915		476		2,905		-		774	62,699												
Miscellaneous			-		-		-		-		3,307		-		-		630,452	3,177,590												
Total revenues	339,6	640	6		721,649	46	64,723		960,678		111,345		2,905		23,192		854,619	11,263,109												
Expenditures																														
Current:																														
General government		-	-		39,232		-		-		-		-		-		-	595,985												
Public safety		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	1,250,693												
Public works		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	2,126,027												
Health and social services		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	2,156,486												
Leisure activities		-	-		_		-		_		_		-		-		_	49,897												
Conservation and development	25,0	000	-		75,000	31	13,927		823,675		304,806	1.0	88,750		21,671		25,000	2,780,934												
Capital outlay	20,0	-	37,522		460,659	01	-		2,235		423,014	1,0	-		- 21,071		219,641	1,149,061												
Debt service:		-	57,522		400,009		-		2,235		423,014		-		-		219,041	1,149,001												
Principal									205,000								2,850,000	3,055,000												
•	4 7	-	-		-		-				-		-		-															
Interest	1,7	01			1,700		1,700		221,807		1,699		50,327		430		122,570	401,934												
Total expenditures	26,7	/01	37,522		576,591	31	15,627		1,252,717		729,519	1,1	39,077		22,101		3,217,211	13,566,017												
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																														
over expenditures	312,9	939	(37,516)		145,058	14	49,096		(292,039)		(618,174)	(1,1	36,172)		1,091		(2,362,592)	(2,302,908)												
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																														
Debt proceeds		-	-		-		-		2,255,000		-	1,1	35,000		-		2,905,000	6,295,000												
Premium on debt issue		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-												
Transfers in		-	-		-		-		-		400,000		-		-		-	577,042												
Transfers out	(400,0	000)	-	((100,000)		-		-		-		-		-		-	(2,166,230)												
Total other financing sources																														
(uses)	(400,0	000)	-	((100,000)		-		2,255,000		400,000	1,1	35,000		-		2,905,000	4,705,812												
Net change in fund balances	(87,0	061)	(37,516)		45,058	14	49,096		1,962,961		(218,174)		(1,172)		1,091		542,408	2,402,904												
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	186,9	982	62,540		1,492	78	89,728		623,477		459,049	(20,085)		(17,337)		(432,695)	12,102,331												
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 99,9	921	\$ 25,024	\$	46,550	\$ 93	38,824	\$	2,586,438	\$	240,875	\$ ((21,257)	\$	(16,246)	\$	109,713	\$ 14,505,235												