Oak Creek, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Oak Creek Oak Creek, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City of Oak Creek's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Oak Creek's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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To the City Council City of Oak Creek

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note I, the City of Oak Creek adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, effective January 1, 2018. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Baker Tilly Virchaw & rause, LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

As management of the City of Oak Creek (the City), we offer readers of the City of Oak Creek's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Oak Creek for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, identify material deviations from the approved budget, and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. You can think of this relationship between revenues and expenses as the City's operating results and the net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the City's goal is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, not to generate profits as companies do. For this reason, you will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the condition of our roads and infrastructure, in assessing the overall health of our City.

Combined governmental and business-type activities net position decreased by 1.5% in 2018, to \$174.1 million. Of this amount, \$158.8 million represents the City's net investment in capital assets, while \$15.9 million was held for restricted purposes, and a balance of (\$.5) million was unrestricted.

At the end of 2018, the City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$54.7 million, including a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$26.9 million and the City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$119.4 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements. The City of Oak Creek's basic financial statements are comprised of four components:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements Notes to the Financial Statements

- Required supplementary information
- Combining statements for non-major governmental funds



The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements presenting different views of the City:

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of city government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes explaining some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information further explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, this financial report includes a section with combining statements providing details about the City's non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Oak Creek's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and are presented in two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which can be found on pages 1 - 2 of this report.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Oak Creek include general government, public safety, health and human services, public works, leisure activities (recreation and library), and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the City of Oak Creek include the water and sewer utility. Fiduciary activities, such as tax collection, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of position presenting information including all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City should extend to other non-financial factors such as the diversification of the tax base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's significant funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.



The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The focus, however, is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.
- <u>Proprietary funds</u> are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report
 services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has two proprietary funds –
 water and sewer utilities. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial
 information about activities the City operates like a business. A second type of proprietary
 fund, the internal service fund, reports activities providing services to other City programs.
- <u>Fiduciary funds</u> are reported in the fiduciary fund statements, but excluded from the
 government-wide reporting because these assets cannot be used to finance operations. The
 City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing
 jurisdictions, including the Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District, Milwaukee County, State
 of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, and Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage
 District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

Net position. The City adopted GASB Statement No. 75 during 2018 and accordingly, the beginning net position has been restated. The City's combined net position increased by \$3.2 million from fiscal year 2017 to 2018, a change of 1.9%; this increase was comprised of a government-activities decrease of \$1.3 million, and a business-type activities increase of \$4.5 million. The City's governmental activities and business-type activities have approximately 32% and 68%, respectively, of the combined net position.

Total net position of the City's governmental activities decreased to \$54.7 million, a decrease of 2.3% from 2017 net position. The City's net investment in capital assets represents 122.6% of the total. Restricted net position of \$14.6 million represents 26.7% of the total. Unrestricted net position deficit of \$27.0 million represents (-49.3%) of the total.

Total net position of the City's business-type activities increased by 3.9% to \$119.4 million, including unrestricted net position of \$24.3 million, representing 20.4% of the total. All government and business type activities are self-supporting entities; net position of one entity is not permanently used by other entities.



Table 1 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin 2018 and 2017 Net Position (in millions of dollars)

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type		
1110-10-1110-111	Activ	ities	Activities			als
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	62.9	55.8	31.0	27.7	93.9	83.5
Capital assets	161.6	163.5	111.6	110.8	273.2	274.3
Total assets	224.5	219.3	142.6	138.5	367.1	357.8
Deferred charge on refunding	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
Deferred amount related to pensions	8.0	9.1	0.8	1	8.8	10.0
Deferred amount related to OPEB	3.0	0.0	0.2	 	3.2	0.0
Total deferred outflows of resources	11.0	9.1	1.0	 	12.0	10.1
				(TELESTER)		
Long-term debt outstanding	137.8	134.1	21.7	21.6	159.5	155.7
Other liabilities	8.0	5.8	1.7	1.1	9.7	6.9
Total liabilities	145.8	139.9	23.4	22.7	169.2	162.6
Unearned revenue	26.4	24.4	0.0	0.0	26.4	24.4
Deferred amount related to pensions	8.5	3.7	0.8	0.4	9.3	0.0
Deferred amount related to OPEB	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total deferred inflows of resources	34.9	24.4	0.8	0.0	35.7	24.4
Net position:		-				
Net investment in capital assets	67.1	68.0	93.8	92.0	158.8	160.0
Restricted	14.6	7.9	1.3	1.0	15.9	8.9
Unrestricted	-27.0	-15.5	24.3	23.4	-0.6	7.9
Total net position - end of year	54.7	60.4	119.4	116.4	174.1	176.8
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	56.0	62.0	114.9	113.8	170.9	175.8
Change in net position	-1.3	-1.6	4.5	2.6	3.2	1.0
Percent change in net position	-2.3%	-2.6%	3.9%	2.3%	1.9%	0.6%

Change in combined net position.

The City had combined total revenues of \$65.7 million in 2018 and combined total expenses of \$62.5 million. After transfers, governmental activities had a decrease in net position of \$1.3 million, while business-type activities had an increase in net position of \$4.5 million. Table 2 and the following narrative consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.



Table 2 City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin

2018 and 2017 Changes in Net Position (in millions of dollars)

1 0 1 10	Governr Activi		Busines: Activi		Tota	.la
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:	2018	2017	2010	2017	2010	2017
Program Revenues		- 1		0.00		
Charges for service	6.3	5.4	15.3	14.8	21.6	20.2
Operating grants & contributions	3.3	3.0	13.3	14.0	3.3	3.0
Capital contributions	1.5	5.1	2.8	0.7	4.3	5.8
General Revenues	1.5	5.1	2.0	0.7	4.5	٦.٥
Taxes	24.8	23.3			24.8	23.3
Intergovernmental	6.7	6.7			6.7	6.7
Other	4.6	4.4	0.4	0.2	5.0	4.6
Total Revenues	47.2	47.9	18.5	15.7	65.7	63.6
Expenses:						
General government	9.4	8.7	-	- 1	9.4	8.7
Public safety	20.9	18.8	-	- 1	20.9	18.8
Health and social services	2.2	2.1	-		2.2	2.1
Public works	8.8	10.2		-	8.8	10.2
Leisure activities	3.0	2.2	-		3.0	2.2
Conservation & development	2.2	6.2	-	- 1	2.2	6.2
Interest and fiscal charges	3.6	2.9			3.6	2.9
Water	-	- 1	7.7	7.2	7.7	7.2
Sewer			4.7	4.3	4.7	4.3
Total Expenses	50.1	51.1	12.4	11.5	62.5	62.6
Excess/(Deficiency) before transfers:	-2.9	-3.2	6.1	4.2	3.2	1.0
Transfers	1.6	1.6	-1.6	-1.6	 	-
Change in Net Position	-1.3	-1.6	4.5	2.6	3.2	1.0
Beginning Net Position, as restated	56.0	62.0	114.9	113.8	170.9	175.8
ENDING NET POSITION	54.7	60.4	119.4	116.4	174.1	176.8

Governmental Activities

The City of Oak Creek received a total of \$47.2 million in governmental activities revenues in 2018, down \$.7 million when compared to 2017 revenues. As Table 2 indicates, the largest revenue source is the property tax, which accounts for \$24.8 million, or 52.6% of all governmental revenues. Property tax revenue in 2018 was virtually flat when compared to 2017 levels. Any increase in tax revenue was due to increased values and revenues within the city's tax incremental districts. As of



this writing, the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin has imposed a permanent levy freeze, with the exception of new growth.

The next largest category of revenues is intergovernmental revenue with \$6.7 million (14.2%), followed by public charges for service of \$6.3 million (13.4%), and capital contributions of \$1.5 million (3.2%). Investment income and miscellaneous revenue for \$4.5 million (9.6%) and operating grants and contributions account for \$3.3 million (7.0%).

Total governmental activities expenses were \$50.1 million in 2018, which exceeded revenues by \$2.9 million. At \$20.9 million, Public Safety, including Police, EMS, Inspection and Fire services, accounts for the largest share of City expenses at 41.7%. This is followed by Public Works with \$8.8 million or 17.5%, and General Government with \$9.4 million, representing 18.8%. Conservation and Development group, at \$2.2 million, is next with 4.4%, Leisure activities at \$3.0 million 6.0%, and Health/social services with \$2.2 million (4.4%) complete the activities. Payment of interest and fiscal charges in the amount of \$3.6 million, accounts for 7.2% of total governmental activities expenses.

Business-type Activities

The City of Oak Creek received \$18.5 million in business-type activities revenue during 2018 from its water and sewer utilities. Charges for services are by far the largest revenue sources for these operations, representing \$15.3 million of non-capital contribution revenues. Capital grants and contributions received were \$2.7 million in 2018, with interest and miscellaneous income accounting for the balance of revenues of \$.5 million.

Net position of the City of Oak Creek's water and sewer utilities increased by \$4.5 million in 2018, which represents a 3.8% increase over the prior year's net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the level of unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twenty seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, EMS Fund, Debt Service Fund,



Debt Amortization Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, TIF 8 and TIF 11, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-two governmental funds are combined into a single,

aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* at the end of this report.

At the end of 2018, the combined fund balances for the City's governmental funds was \$24.7 million. Of this total, \$2.4 million is nonspendable, \$14.4 million is restricted, \$1.0 million is committed and \$4.8 is assigned. The balance of unassigned governmental fund balances is \$2.139 million. These funds are allocated across the following areas (in millions of dollars):

Unassigned Fund Balances (deficit):

General Fund	\$ 4.393
Debt Service Fund	(1.096)
TIF No. 8 Capital Project Fund	(1.077)
Future Improvement Fund	(0.002)
TIF No. 14 Capital Project Fund	(0.018)
TIF No. 15 Capital Project Fund	(0.017)
TIF No. 16 Capital Project Fund	 (0.044)
Total	\$ 2.139

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2018 was \$8.4 million, of which \$1.7 million was assigned. Included in the assigned amount are tax equivalent dollars to be paid by the utility in 2019, and \$2.4 million is nonspendable, which includes minor amounts for delinquent personal property taxes, non-current receivables and inventories.
- Unassigned fund balance decreased from 2017 to \$4.4 million. The unassigned fund balance is now approximately 15.0% of the general fund 2018 actual revenues and 2017 state shared revenues; this is within the City's policy target range of 15-25% for the purposes of cash flow, stabilization, and emergency reserves.

Emergency Medical Services Fund: This special revenue fund is used to account for resources legally restricted to supporting the operations for the paramedic rescue program.

- Total fund balance as of December 31, 2018 increased to \$858,749.
- Total revenues for 2018 were \$5.5 million, which included \$3.8 million from taxes, \$1.5 million from public charges for services, and \$154,973 of intergovernmental revenue.
- Total expenditures for the year were \$5.0 million.

Capital Improvement Fund: The general capital improvement fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects relating to City-owned capital assets and capital equipment.

- Total fund balance at the end of the year was \$3.1 million, an increase of \$4,740,630 from 2017.
- Revenue sources provided \$1.0 million consisting of \$.5 million in grants and sale of equipment and \$.5 million from a land sale.
- Expenditures in this fund totaled \$2.8 million in 2018. The largest expenses included
 intersection improvements at Pennsylvania and Milwaukee avenue, the purchase of a lift
 truck, the build out of public bathrooms at Drexel Town Square, the purchase of a street
 sweeper, completing the build out at Lake Vista Park, terrace and access to the lake, a new
 ambulance, and upgrades to the Oakleaf trail.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund budget is adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The City ended the year with a favorable variance in general fund revenues and favorable variance in expenditures. Revenues were above budget projections by approximately \$1,288,142, while expenditures were under budget by \$690,382. The expenditure outcome relates mainly to retirements and vacant positions, which occurred throughout the year in the Police, Health, Department of Public Works and Engineering departments.

On the revenue side, conservative budgeting kept all categories quite close to budget. Year over year revenues were mostly stagnant, but the City continued to see increased construction activity resulting in \$872,660 in excess of the budgeted permit revenue. The City also saw higher insurance incentives as it continues to mitigate risk and reduce our claims resulting in a partial return of premium. Additionally, with the increased interest rates the City was able to realize an excess of investment income of \$171,782 in 2018. The short-term revenue outlook is stable with the exception of planned growth in the next few years. The state approved legislation will continue to limit taxation to growth alone and short-term interest rates will remain near all-time lows.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2018, the City reported a net combined investment in capital assets of \$158.8 million. Of this amount, \$67.1 million, or 42.1%, is attributable to governmental activities, with the assets related to the City's land, buildings, equipment and street network. Total accumulated depreciation for both governmental and business type activities was calculated at \$102.9 million.

In 2018, capital assets of governmental activities increased by \$8.2 million. Capital assets of business type activities decreased by \$1.0 million.

Table 3
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin

2018 and 2017 Capital Asset Net of Accumulated Depreciation (in millions of dollars)

	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type		
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	То	tals
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
					1	
Land and improvements	30.0	25.8	0.2	0.2	30.2	26.0
Construction in progress		9.7	2.2	1.4	2.2	11.1
Buildings	37.1	36.3		-	37.1	36.3
Machinary and equipment	7.4	8.2	109.2	109.1	116.6	117.3
Infrastructure	87.1	83.5			87.1	. 83.5
Total	161.6	163.5	111.6	110.7	273.2	274.2



Long-term Debt

At year-end, the governmental activities had \$98.5 million in general obligation bonds and promissory notes, a decrease of \$3.3 million from last year. This was due to developer incentives in TIF 11. At the end of 2018, the business-type activities had a total of \$17.3 million in outstanding revenue bonds and general obligation debt. The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service, which has also rated the City's short term notes with a MIG1 rating. Revenue bonds of the water & sewer utilities are rated Aa2.

State law limits the City to issuing general obligation bonds totaling no more than 5% of the City's equalized value. Based on the 2018 equalized value, this limit is \$174.6 million. The City currently has a combined total of \$98.5 million of general obligation notes and bonds outstanding, representing 56.4% of its legal debt capacity.

Table 4
City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin

2018 and 2017 Outstanding Debt (in millions of dollars)

	Governi <u>Activi</u>		Busines <u>Activi</u>		Totals	<u> </u>
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
General obligation debt Revenue debt	98.5 —— -	101.8	17.3	18.7	98.5 17.3	101.8 18.7
Totals	<u>98.5</u>	<u>101.8</u>	<u>17.3</u>	<u>18.7</u>	<u>115.8</u>	<u>120.5</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Oak Creek is located in southeastern Milwaukee County, and is one of only two municipalities in Milwaukee County with numerous tracts of vacant land. This location and land availability has contributed to the City's rapid growth and strong economic position. The local economy has picked up over the last few years with growth expected to continue in 2019 at Drexel Town Square, Oak View Business Park, Ryan Business Park, and the area surrounding IKEA as well as other locations throughout the City.

The City's population and building permit information is provided below:

	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Census
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2010
City of Oak Creek	35,739	35,560	38,206	34,791	34,495
Milwaukee County	950,381	945,416	949,930	949,795	948,369
State of Wisconsin	5,783,278	5,775,120	5,775,120	5,753,324	5,694,236

Total New	Construction Bui	lding Permits	Total Resident	ial Building Permits
Year	Number	Value	Number	Value
2018	23	\$61,161,214	20	\$5,924,455



The Oak Creek City Council adopted the 2019 budget in November of 2018, which authorized general fund expenditures of \$25.7 million, a 5.91% increase from 2018. The tax levy for the City of Oak Creek is \$20.69 million, an increase of \$436,748 from 2018 due to new construction. The mill rate for City services decreased by \$.45 in 2018, due to the increase in property values. The total tax levy has remained essentially at the same level since 2009, with any increase limited to the amount generated by new growth to the tax base and closure of TIF districts.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Oak Creek, 8040 S. 6th Street, Oak Creek, Wisconsin, 53154.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2018

		Business-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Governmental	type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 25,935,750	\$ 27,188,822	\$ 53,124,572
Taxes receivable	27,002,746	-	27,002,746
Delinquent personal property taxes receivable	21,490	-	21,490
Accounts receivable, net	1,423,673	3,439,847	4,863,520
Special assessments receivable	346,530	-	346,530
Loans receivable	6,503	-	6,503
Other assets	-	5,000	5,000
Internal balances	1,088,949	(1,088,949)	-
Inventories	109,988	70,180	180,168
Restricted Assets			
Cash and investments	2,701,921	902,802	3,604,723
Net pension asset	4,315,211	406,918	4,722,129
Capital Assets			
Land and land rights	24,958,961	255,895	25,214,856
Construction in progress	13,711	2,202,824	2,216,535
Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	136,588,044	109,177,506	245,765,550
Total Assets	224,513,477	142,560,845	367,074,322
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	12	24,827	24,827
Deferred amount related to pension	8,009,131	772,951	8,782,082
Deferred amount related to OPEB	2,992,846	236,591	3,229,437
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,001,977	1,034,369	12,036,346
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,509,663	1,713,721	9,223,384
Deposits	555,447	1,7 10,721	555,447
Unearned revenue	000,447	22,735	22,735
Noncurrent Liabilities		22,700	22,700
Due within one year	8,958,415	1,500,863	10,459,278
Due in more than one year	128,810,449	20,178,265	148,988,714
Total Liabilities	145,833,974	23,415,584	169,249,558
			,2.10,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	26 206 705		26 206 705
Unearned revenue	26,396,705	770 000	26,396,705
Deferred amount related to pension	8,528,253	776,388	9,304,641
Deferred amount related to OPEB	12,515	2,137	14,652
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	34,937,473	778,525	35,715,998
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	67,106,050	93,773,494	158,798,829
Restricted for debt service		879,806	879,806
Restricted for TID activity	2,079,788	-	2,079,788
Restricted for impact fees	2,599,727		2,599,727
Restricted for pensions	4,315,211	406,918	4,722,129
Restricted for other purposes	5,602,410	-	5,602,410
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,959,179)	24,340,887	(537,577)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 54,744,007	\$ 119,401,105	<u>\$ 174,145,112</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

					집	Program Revenues	s		Net (E	Net (Expense) Revenue and	e and	
					_	Operating		Capital	Ç	Changes in Net Position	tion	
			<u></u> 5	Charges for	0 (Grants and	,	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities		Expenses		Services	3	Contributions	ادًا	Contributions	Activities	Activities		lotals
General government	↔	9,370,556	↔	1,511,865	₩	6,140	₩	73,270	\$ (7,779,281)	φ	ь	(7.779.281)
Public safety		20,844,537		3,293,998		310,194		8,642	۰		٠	17.231.703)
Health and social services		2,229,758		24,245		100,186			(2,105,327)	•		2.105,327)
Public works		8,842,394		1,278,716		2,875,426		978,765	(3,709,487)	•		3.709,487)
Leisure activities		2,984,567		153,643		•			(2,830,924)	•		2,830,924)
Conservation and development		2,177,133		1		1		451,765	(1,725,368)	•		1,725,368)
Interest and fiscal charges		3,655,696	ĺ	1				•	(3,655,696)	•		3,655,696)
Total Governmental Activities		50,104,641		6,262,467		3,291,946		1,512,442	(39,037,786)	'	<u> </u>	(39,037,786)
Business-type Activities												
Water utility		7,664,415		10,993,157				1,865,252	•	5,193,994		5,193,994
Sewer utility		4,713,061		4,304,483				885,311		476,733		476,733
Total Business-type Activities		12,377,476		15,297,640				2,750,563	1	5,670,727		5,670,727
Totals	ь	62,482,117	မှ	21,560,107	€	3,291,946	€	4,263,005	(39,037,786)	5,670,727	9	(33,367,059)
General Revenues												
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	l purpo	ses							19,400,628	i		19,400,628
Property taxes, levied for debt service	Nice								1,252,875	•		1,252,875
Property taxes, levied for tax incremental districts	ementa	al districts							2,894,181	-1		2,894,181
Other taxes									1,226,346	•		1,226,346
Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs	tricted	to specific progr	rams						6,786,833	1		6,786,833
Investment income									948,498	475,323		1,423,821
Miscellaneous									3,564,474	(6,576)		3,557,898
Transfers									1,661,639	(1,661,639)		'
Total General Revenues and Transfers	Fransfe	Sis							37,735,474	(1,192,892)	e	36,542,582
Change in Net Position									(1,302,312)	4,477,835		3,175,523
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year (as restated)	of Year	(as restated)							56,046,319	114,923,270	17	170,969,589
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	F YEA	ď							\$ 54,744,007	\$ 119,401,105	\$ 17	174,145,112

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2018

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
		Special Re								
		Func		Debt Sen	vice Funds	Ca	apital Projects F			
	General Fund	Emerge Medical Se Fund	rvices	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS										
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables	\$ 6,044,441 -	\$ 61	7,307	\$ -	\$ 26,572	\$ 3,019,414	\$ - -	\$ 4,303,695 -	\$ 8,878,775 2,701,921	\$ 22,890,204 2,701,921
Taxes	14,108,665	3,62	6,053	850,000		-	968,087	2,209,037	5,240,904	27,002,746
Delinquent personal property taxes	21,490		-	•			-	-	-	21,490
Accounts, net	524,494	29	7,540	-		439,921	463	72,992	81,322	1,416,732
Special assessments	-		-	-					346,530	346,530
Loans			-			-	-		6,503	6,503
Due from other funds	4,053,173		-				-	-	314,900	4,368,073
Inventories	109,988									109,988
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 24,862,251	\$ 4,54	0,900	\$ 850,000	\$ 26,572	\$ 3,459,335	\$ 968,550	\$ 6,585,724	\$ 17,570,855	\$ 58,864,187
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 417.916	\$ 2	3.694	\$.	s -	\$ 307,823	s .	\$ 8.834	\$ 910,471	\$ 1,668,738
Accrued liabilities	1.611.991		5,319	•	٠.	29,455	_	- 0,004	90,488	1,757,253
Deposits	184,439	_	-,	-				-	371,008	555,447
Due to other funds	572,354		-	1,095,888		13,236	1,077,157		636,241	3,394,876
Total Liabilities	2,786,700	4	9,013	1,095,888		350,514	1,077,157	8,834	2,008,208	7,376,314
Deferred Inflows of Resouces										
Unearned revenues	13,642,418	3.62	6,053	850,000			968,087	2,209,037	5,101,110	26,396,705
Unavailable revenues	10,042,410		7,085	000,000			300,007	72,992	288.488	368,565
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	13,642,418		3,138	850,000			968,087	2.282.029	5,389,598	26,765,270
Total Deterred Illions of Nessaless	10,0 12,110		0,100							20,100,210
Fund Balances (Deficit)										
Nonspendable	2,378,598		-	-			_			2,378,598
Restricted	•		-		26,572			4,294,861	10,058,491	14,379,924
Committed	-	85	8,749	-			-	-	195,414	1,054,163
Assigned	1,661,639		-			3,108,821	-		-	4,770,460
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,392,896		-	(1,095,888)		<u> </u>	(1,076,694)		(80,856)	2,139,458
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	8,433,133	85	8,749	(1,095,888)	26,572	3,108,821	(1,076,694)	4,294,861	10,173,049	24,722,603
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED										
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	* 04 000 071									
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 24,862,251	<u>\$</u> 4,54	0,900	\$ 850,000	\$ 26,572	<u>\$ 3,459,335</u>	\$ 968,550	\$ 6,585,724	\$ 17,570,855	\$ 58,864,187

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 24,722,603
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	e :
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation / amortization	24,958,961 13,711 136,588,044
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements. Special assessments Accounts Loans	281,985 80,077 6,503
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance coverage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in government activities in the statement of net position.	(38,233)
The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.	4,315,211
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	8,009,131
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(8,528,253)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	2,992,846
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	(12,515)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds. Bonds and notes payable Unamortized debt premium	(98,490,000) (1,861,093)
	(00 01 - 000)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Other postemployement benefits

Vested compensated absences

Accrued interest

\$ 54,744,007

(36,015,032)

(1,402,741)

(877, 198)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Special Reveue Fund	Debt Serv	rice Funds		Capital Projects Fun	d		
	General Fund	Emergency Medical Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Amortization Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 13.672.382				_			_	
Intergovernmental	6.071.829	\$ 3,788,857 154,973	\$ 850,000	3,145,951	\$ - 460,128	021,001		.,,	\$ 24,774,030
Regulation and compliance	2.550.035	104,873		3, 143,331	400,120	11,868	35,655	658,716	10,539,120 2.550,035
Public charges for services	369,492	1,505,367				-	-	1,530,729	3,405,588
Special assessments/developer contributions	-	.,,	_					234,722	234,722
Investment income	404,721	8.899	21,598	14,475	16.084		134,729	163,512	764,018
Miscellaneous	278,317	1,118	,		471,416		104,725	2,905,083	3,655,934
Interfund charges for services	358,522	1		-	,		335.034	2,000,000	693,556
Total Revenues	23,705,298	5,459,214	871,598	3,160,426	947,628	639,822	2,221,913	9,611,104	46,617,003
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government	5,974,818	-						581,708	6,556,526
Public safety	10,997,815	4,976,393		_	-	**	1.0	1,282,117	17,256,325
Health and social services	428,176		-					1,733,472	2,161,648
Public works	4,226,285	-		-	-		39,364	2,037,435	6,303,084
Leisure activities	1,967,632			-			-	145,516	2,113,148
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	2,413	-	1,517,898	1,520,311
Capital Outlay	-				2,799,236	250,530	125,257	1,038,932	4,213,955
Debt Service									
Principal retirement	-		2,150,000			10,500,000	15,025,000	-	27,675,000
Interest and fiscal charges			1,415,000			420,114	1,489,785	110,784	3,435,683
Total Expenditures	23,594,726	4,976,393	3,565,000		2,799,236	11,173,057	16,679,406	8,447,862	71,235,680
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	110,572	482,821	(2,693,402)	3,160,426	(1,851,608)	(10,533,235)	(14,457,493)	1,163,242	(24,618,677)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Long-term debt issued						10,315,000	14,000,000	_	24,315,000
Premium on debt	-	-		-	-	384,095	308,092	-	692,187
Sale of property	233,642	26,398	-		37,503			-	297,543
Transfers in	1,686,766	-	4,180,563		6,554,735	-		432,955	12,855,019
Transfers out	(1,809,977)		(2,906,074)	(4,640,000)			_	(2,675,981)	(12,032,032)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	110,431	26,398	1,274,489	(4,640,000)	6,592,238	10,699,095	14,308,092	(2,243,026)	26,127,717
Net Change in Fund Balance	221,003	509,219	(1,418,913)	(1,479,574)	4,740,630	165,860	(149,401)	(1,079,784)	1,509,040
FUND BALANCES (Deficit) -									
Beginning of Year	8,212,130	349,530	323,025	1,506,146	(1,631,809)	(1,242,554)	4,444,262	11,252,833	23,213,563
FUND BALANCES (Deficit) -									
END OF YEAR	\$ 8,433,133	\$ 858,749	\$ (1,095,888)	\$ 26,572	\$ 3,108,821	\$ (1,076,694)	\$ 4,294,861	\$ 10,173,049	\$ 24,722,603

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Not change in found belonger that I was so that I was	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	1,509,040
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements	
but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements	4,213,955
Some items capitalized were not reported as capital outlay	15,213
Some amounts reported as capital outlay were not capitalized	(1,069,776)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements	(4,933,760)
Net book value of disposed assets Some items previously shown as construction in progress were expensed	(25,706) (153,964)
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	
Special assessments	(04.427)
Accounts	(94,437) (384,675)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal repaid Debt proceeds	27,675,000 (24,315,000)
Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Premium on issued debt	(692,187)
Amortization of debt premium on debt issued	164,293
Part of net revenue of activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	(2,209,753)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(2,200,100)
Other postemployment benefits	(1,358,186)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,106,415
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(12,515)
Vest compensated absences	(9,786)
Accrued interest on debt	(220,012)
Net pension asset	5,479,505
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(1,113,981)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(4,871,995)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(1,302,312)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2018

	_			Governmental
		e Activities - En	terprise Funds	Activities -
	Water	Sewer	-	Internal
400570	Utility	Utility	Totals	Service Fund
ASSETS Current Assets				
Cash and investments	¢ 19.000.446	¢ 0.400.070	¢ 07.400.000	A 0.045.540
Customer accounts receivable	\$ 18,998,446 2,065,756	\$ 8,190,376	\$ 27,188,822	\$ 3,045,546
Other accounts receivable	461,884	911,574 633	2,977,330 462,517	6.044
Due from other funds	462,645	329,990	792,635	6,941 153,985
Inventories	70,180	329,990	792,033	155,965
Restricted assets	70,100	_	70,100	-
Revenue bond redemption account	91,746	_	91,746	
Total Current Assets	22,150,657	9,432,573	31,583,230	3,206,472
		<u> </u>		
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted Assets				
Revenue bond reserve account	811,056		811,056	_
Net pension asset	325,534	81,384	406,918	
Total Restricted Assets	1,136,590	81,384	1,217,974	
				-
Capital Assets				
Land and land rights	242,750	13,145	255,895	-
Construction in progress	2,194,879	7,945	2,202,824	-
Utility plant in service	116,657,598	45,324,881	161,982,479	-
Accumulated depreciation	(40,794,780)	(12,010,193)	(52,804,973)	
Total Capital Assets	78,300,447	33,335,778	111,636,225	
Other Assets				
Property held for future use	5,000		5,000	
Due from other funds - special assessments	124,039	36,033	160,072	- 5
Due from other funds - advance	124,000	2,098,619	2,098,619	
Total Other Assets	129,039	2,134,652	2,263,691	
10.01 0.1101 7.00010	120,000	2, 104,002		
Total Assets	101,716,733	44,984,387	146,701,120	3,206,472
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	24,827	-	24,827	-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	189,282	47,309	236,591	0.0
Deferred outflows related to pension	618,357	154,594	772,951	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	832,466	201,903	1,034,369	7-0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows				
of Resources	102,549,199	45,186,290	<u>147,735,489</u>	3,206,472

							Governmental
	B	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Activities -
		Water	Sewer				Internal
		Utility	Utility			Totals	Service Fund
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	744,900	\$ 769,	194	\$	1,514,094	\$ 3,206,472
Accrued payroll		87,993	8,	571		96,564	-
Accrued interest payable		37,694		-		37,694	-
Due to other funds		1,924,475	37,9	949		1,962,424	-
Due to other funds - Advance		117, 4 65		-		117,465	-
Unearned revenue		22,735		-		22,735	-
Compensated absences		42,373		-		42,373	-
Revenue bonds payable net of unamortized premium		675,863		-		675,863	-
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets							
Accrued interest		22,996		-		22,996	_
Current portion of revenue bonds		825,000		-		825,000	
Total Current Liabilities		4,501,494	815,	714		5,317,208	3,206,472
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Net other postemployment benefits obligation		2,230,637	557,	579		2,788,216	-
Due to other funds - Advance		2,098,619		-		2,098,619	-
Pollution remediation obligation		1,614,507		-		1,614,507	-
Revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums		15,775,542	-	-		15,775,542	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2	21,719,305	557,5	579		22,276,884	
Total Liabilities	2	26,220,799	1,373,2	293	:	27,594,092	3,206,472
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		1,710		127		2,137	
Deferred inflows related to pension		621,109	155,2			776,388	
Total Deferred Inflows		622,819	155,7			778,525	
		•					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED							
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2	26,843,618	1,528,9	999		28,372,617	3,206,472
NET DOGITION							
NET POSITION	_						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	6	80,516,255	33,257,2	239	,	93,773,494	-
Debt service		879,806		-		879,806	-
Pension		325,534	81,3	384		406,918	-
Unrestricted	1	3,983,986	10,318,6	868		24,302,654	-
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7	² 5,705,581	\$ 43,657,2	<u> 291</u>	1	19,362,872	\$
			- 				
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service	e fund	d activities re	elated				
to enterprise funds.						38,233	
Net Position of Business-type Activities					\$ 1	19,401,105	
The second of Education type / location					<u> </u>	,,	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type	e Activities - En	erprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 10,531,467	\$ 4,250,323	\$ 14,781,790	\$ -
Other operating revenues	461,690	54,160	515,850	6,391,753
Total Operating Revenues	10,993,157	4,304,483	15,297,640	6,391,753
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and maintenance	4,455,532	4,115,969	8,571,501	9,466,919
Depreciation	2,517,822	552,791	3,070,613	9,400,919
Taxes	129,033	44,301	173,334	-
Total Operating Expenses	7,102,387	4,713,061	11,815,448	9,466,919
rotal operating Expended	1,102,001	4,7 10,001	11,010,440	<u> </u>
Operating Income (Loss)	3,890,770	(408,578)	3,482,192	(3,075,166)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	320,498	154,825	475,323	20,185
Income (loss) from merchandising and jobbing	(2,670)		(2,670)	20,100
Interest expense	(559,816)		(559,816)	_
Amortization of bond premiums	458	-	458	_
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(241,530)	154,825	(86,705)	20,185
Income (Loss) Before Contributions				
and Transfers	3,649,240	(253,753)	3,395,487	(3,054,981)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	1,865,252	885,311	2,750,563	-
TRANSFERS IN	-	-	-	838,652
TRANSFERS OUT	<u>(1,661,639</u>)		(1,661,639)	
Change in Net Position	3,852,853	631,558	4,484,411	(2,216,329)
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year (as restated)	71,852,728	43,025,733		2,216,329
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 75,705,581	\$ 43,657,291		\$ -
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of inter	nal service fund			
activities related to enterprise funds.			(6,576)	
Change in Net Position of Business-Type	Activities		\$ 4,477,835	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Rusiness-tv	pe Activities - Ente	ernrise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Received from customers	\$ 10,565,665	\$ 4,243,975	\$ 14,809,640	\$ 6,428,502
Received from rents of water property	309,055	-	309,055	-
Received for nonoperating activities	3,851	-	3,851	-
Received from miscellaneous sources	79,840	4,747	84,587	-
Paid to Milwaukee Metro Sewerage District for sewer user charges	-	(2,743,685)		
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(2,776,663)	, ,,,,,	, , ,	(6,660,166)
Paid to employees for services	<u>(1,702,686</u>)	(431,478)	<u>(2,134,164</u>)	
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	6,479,062	109,583	6,588,645	(231,664
ASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Paid to city for tax equivalent	(1,663,327)	_	(1,663,327)	
Principal received from Water Utility - advance		117,067	117,067	
Transfers in		-	-	838.652
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,663,327)	117,067	(1,546,260)	838,652
ASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investments purchased	(3,582,279)	(1,233,278)	(4,815,557)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	4,168,589	1,082,147	5,250,736	-
Interest received from Water Utility - advance	4,100,000	34,064	34,064	-
Investment income	241,592	95,576	337,168	20,186
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	827,902	(21,491)	806,411	20,186
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,122,497)	(54,471)	(1,176,968)	
Proceeds received for acquisition and construction of capital assets	56,550	58,710	115.260	
Special assessment proceeds	80,695	26,068	106,763	
Cost of removal	(4,537)		(4,537)	
Connection fees received	2,820	5,640	8,460	
Principal payment to Sewer Utility - advance	(117,067)		(117,067)	
Debt retired	(1,454,289)		(1,454,289)	-
Interest paid to Sewer Utility - advance	(34,064)		(34,064)	
Interest paid	(528,684)		(528,684)	
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(3,121,073)	35,947	(3,085,126)	10-
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,522,564	241,106	2,763,670	627,174
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	11,783,683	5,942,339	17,726,022	2,418,372
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,306,247	\$ 6,183,445	\$ 20,489,692	\$ 3,045,546

	Business-typ	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals	Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				<u> </u>
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,890,770	\$ (408,578)	\$ 3,482,192	\$ (3,075,166)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(2,670)	-	(2,670)	-
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income				
to Net Cash Provided From Operating Activities				
Noncash items included in income				
Depreciation	2,517,822	552,791	3,070,613	-
Depreciation charged to other accounts	76,492	(45,986)	30,506	-
Gain on sale of transportation equipment	+			
Changes in assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows				
Customer accounts receivable	(24,844)	(46,609)	(71,453)	_
Other accounts receivable	(36,218)	502	(35,716)	31,383
Due from other funds	` ' -	(8,603)	(8,603)	5,367
Inventories	10,555	(0,000)	10,555	-
Prepaid items	-	1.1	,	
Pension	31,794	7.950	39,744	_
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(34,410)	50,752	16,342	2,806,752
Accrued expenses	5,357	1,673	7,030	_,,,,,,,
Pollution remediation obligation	25,303	-	25,303	
Due to other funds	(3,132)		(3,132)	-
Net other post employment benefits obligation	22,796	5,691	28,487	
Unearned revenue	(553)	-	(553)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,479,062	\$ 109,583	\$ 6.588.645	\$ (231,664)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4 0,000,010	(201,001)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS				
Cash and investments	\$ 18,998,446	\$ 8,190.376	\$ 27,188,822	\$ 3,045,546
Restricted cash and investments - current	91.746	-	91,746	- 0,010,010
Restricted cash and investments - noncurrent	811,056		811,056	_
Less: Investments not considered to be cash	,		0,000	
and cash equivalents	(5,595,001)	(2,006,931)	(7,601,932)	
and dash equivalents	(0,000,001)	(2,000,001)	(1,001,332)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 14,306,247</u>	\$ 6,183,445	\$ 20,489,692	\$ 3,045,546
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income earned on noncash equivalents	\$ 82,664	\$ 24,970	\$ 107,634	¢
,				\$
Market value adjustment on investments	\$ (1,886)			\$ -
Cost of capital assets installed and/or financed by developers	\$ 1,463,498	\$ 879,671	\$ 2,343,169	\$ -

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND As of December 31, 2018

	_
	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 42,266,262
Property taxes receivable	11,359,254
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 53,625,516
LIABILITIES	
Due to other taxing units	<u>\$ 53,625,516</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Creek, Wisconsin (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Oak Creek. The reporting entity for the city consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The city has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In June 2015, the GASB issued statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans for OPEB. This standard was implemented January 1, 2018.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The city does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the city are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the city or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the city believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the city's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Emergency Medical Services Fund Special Revenue Fund used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the paramedic rescue program.
- Debt Service Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs for debt related public works projects.
- Debt Amortization Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets for the capital improvement program.
- TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – accounts for operations of the water system Sewer Utility – accounts for operations of the sewer system

The city reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Solid Waste Fund
Donation and Activity Fund
WE Energies Fund
Low Income Loan Fund
Special Assessment Fund
Economic Development Fund
Future Improvement Fund
Impact Fee Escrow Fund
Asset Forfeiture Fund
Storm Water Fund
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund
Tourism Commission Fund

Debt Service Funds – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs

TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Capital Projects Funds – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Developer Agreement Fund

TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund

In addition, the city reports the following fund types:

Internal service fund are used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the city, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund

Agency fund are used to account for and report assets held by the city in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the city's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the city considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the city is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the city which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting and do not have a measurement focus.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONt.)

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the city considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of city funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

The city has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines for allowable investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

In order to safeguard investments and deposits, the city shall require, at a minimum, that each approved public depository, submit to the city its annual financial statements or complete Form ADV Part 2A, Part 2B and the IARD/CRD/SEC number that pertains to the public depository.

The city shall require, when investing in repurchase agreements, that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreements the city has with such depository.

- a) The collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States, or of its agencies, if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or obligations of the State of Wisconsin, or collateral of commercial loans at one-hundred twenty-five percent, which are at all times current with regard to interest and principal.
- b) Evidence of such collateral shall be provided by the depository.

Credit Risk

Any security including commercial paper which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years on the date which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investor service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency, or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Consideration shall be given to the total amount of existing city funds which are already in such depository and or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment. A ceiling may be established for individual financial institutions at each annual evaluation.

Interest Rate Risk

Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

Purchase obligations of the US Treasury and deposits into the Local Government Investment Pool and the BMO Investment Account shall not be subject to the bid process.

Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- a) A declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- b) A security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.
- c) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note III.A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2018, the fair value of the city's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note III.A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the city, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district, technical college district and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities – agency fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 2. Receivables (cont.)

Property tax calendar – 2018 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date
Tax bills mailed
Payment in full, or
First installment due (50%)
Second installment due (25%)
Third installment due (25%)
Personal property taxes in full
Tax sale – 2018 delinquent

December 2018
December 2018
January 31, 2019
January 31, 2019
March 31, 2019
May 31, 2019
January 31, 2019

real estate taxes

October 2021

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

The city has received grant funds for CDBG housing loan programs to qualified individuals. The city records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The city is no longer disbursing these funds. This activity is accounted for in the Low Income Loan Fund.

It is the city's policy to record unearned revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

3. Inventories

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost using the consumption method of accounting. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction and/or for operation and maintenance expense when used.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

5. Capital Assets

Government - Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. There was no interest capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Government - Wide Statements (cont.)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	30-50	Years
Land Improvements	20-30	Years
Machinery and Equipment	3-15	Years
Utility System	15-100	Years
Infrastructure	20-50	Years
Intangibles	2-15	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the proprietary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted paid time off in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested paid time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for paid time off will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. The liabilities at December 31, 2018 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt (cont.)

The city has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the city. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is made up of the following issues:

		Original Principal		Principal Amount Outstanding				
Name Name	Date	Amount	•		t 12-31-18			
Marquette13 LLC and Tower13 LLC	12/29/17	\$ 6,300,000	12/1/37	\$	6,130,686			

9. Pollution Remediation Obligations

As of December 31, 2018, the city was obligated to address the future pollution cleanup activities at its water treatment plant site due to federal and state laws and regulations. The city's obligation originated in 2016 to address the pollution remediation because the government unit has been determined to be the responsible party which compels the city to participate in remediation. Examples of expected future remediation activity costs include legal services, site investigation and required post-remediation monitoring costs. The amount reported as a pollution remediation obligation represents the current value of the expected cash flows to be paid for these activities. Any expected recoveries would be treated separately as a receivable when such reimbursements become measurable. As of December 31, 2018, the obligation was \$1,614,507 with no related receivable. The city will recognize these liabilities and related expenses as an operating expense in the water utility financial statements only when such costs become measurable. Because of this, the liability is subject to change as the city becomes aware of new information which may affect its estimate. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

10. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 11. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities column but financed by debt of the governmental activities column. The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column. A reconciliation of this adjustment is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Adjustment	Total
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 67,106,050	\$ 93,773,494	\$ (2,080,715)	\$158,798,829
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,959,179)	24,340,887	2,080,715	(537,577)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the city's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

11. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the city. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the City Administrator or Finance Director to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The city considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the city would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The city has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 15% to 25% of total general fund annual revenues plus the amount of state shared revenue during the previous year. General fund annual revenues were \$23,705,299 and the state shared revenue in the previous year was \$5,580,675, for a total of \$29,285,974. At year end, amounts available for working capital and included in unassigned general fund balance totaled \$4,392,896, or 15.0%.

12. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONt.)

13. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Health Insurance

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Life Insurance

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refonds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

A budget has been adopted for the following funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 65.90.

General Fund

Special Revenue Funds

Emergency Medical Services Fund

Solid Waste Funds

Donation and Activity Fund

WE Energies Fund

Low Income Loan Fund

Special Assessment Fund

Economic Development Fund

Future Improvement Fund

Impact Fee Escrow Fund

Asset Forfeiture Fund

Storm Water Fund

Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund

Tourism Commission Fund

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund

Debt Amortization Fund

TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund

TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Improvement Fund

Developer Agreement Fund

TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 12 Capital Projects Fund

TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund

A budget has not been formally adopted for the TIF No. 14, 15 and 16 Capital Projects Funds as of December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONt.)

B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATION

					Exc	cess
	Budgeted			Actual	Exper	ditures
Fund	Expenditures		E	cpenditures	Over	Budget
Special Revenue Funds			-			
We Energies Fund	\$	2,171,501	\$	2,184,680	\$	13,179
Storm Sewer Fund		930,070,		937,729		7,659
Impact Fee Escrow Fund		-		659,069		659,069
Donation and Activity Fund		40,611		482,681		442,070
Consolidated Dispatch Services Fund		1,544,425		1,642,645		98,220
Economic Development Fund		179,041		184,451		5,410
Asset Forfeiture Fund		15,000		21,258		6,258
Debt Service Funds						
Debt Service Fund		3,565,000		6,471,074	2	2,906,074
Debt Amortization Fund		3,215,000		4,640,000	•	1,425,000
Capital Projects Funds						
Capital Improvement Fund		383,670		2,799,236	2	2,415,566
TIF No. 7 Capital Project Fund		458,965		574.078		115,113
TIF No. 8 Capital Project Fund		11,061,141		11,173,057		111,916
TIF No. 12 Capital Project Fund		1,630,000		1,690,727		60,727
TIF No. 10 Capital Project Fund		258,964		290,495		31,531
TIF No. 14 Capital Project Fund		-		17,501		17,501
TIF No. 15 Capital Project Fund		-		17,187		17,187
TIF No. 16 Capital Project Fund		_		43,668		43,668
Internal Service Fund				,		, •
Health Insurance Fund		5,944,500		9,466,919	^3	3,522,419

The city controls expenditures at the function level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the city's year-end budget to actual report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2018, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	Amount	Reason
Special Revenue Fund		
Future Improvement Fund	\$ 2,500	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Debt Service Fund		·
Debt Service Fund	1,095,888	Excess of expenditures over revenues
Capital Project Fund		·
TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund	1,076,694	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	17,501	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	17,187	Excess of expenditures over revenues
TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund	43,668	Excess of expenditures over revenues

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases.

D. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the city's future tax levies. Generally the city is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the city's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The city is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The city maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments.

The city's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

		Carrying Value	Bank Balance	Associated Risks
Demand deposits Certificates of deposit - negotiable	\$	15,713,943 1,040,115	\$	Custodial credit Credit, interest rate, concentration of credit, highly sensitive to interest rate changes
U.S. Treasuries		6,335,434	6,335,434	Custodial credit, interest rate, Highly sensitive to interest rate changes
U.S. Agencies		125,617	125,617	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, highly sensitive to interest rate changes, concentration of credit
Asset backed securities		7,369,387	7,369,387	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Corporate bonds		4,292,573	4,292,573	Credit, custodial credit, interest rate, concentration of credit
Local Government Investment Pool		25,812,599	25,812,599	
American Deposit Management		38,299,666	38,299,666	Credit
Petty cash		6,223	 <u> </u>	N/A
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$</u>	98,995,557	\$ 96,811,796	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net position				
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of assets and liabilities –	\$	53,124,572 3,604,723		
Agency Fund		42,266,262		
Total Cash and Investments	\$	98,995,557		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk

The city has an agreement with Tri City National Bank, Oak Creek, where city deposits are collateralized by government securities owned by Tri City Capital Corp., a wholly owned investment subsidiary of Tri City National Bank. The investment portfolio is maintained with BMO Harris Bank, Milwaukee.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the city's deposits may not be returned to the city.

The city does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the city will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The city does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. As of December 31, 2018 the city's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's
U.S. Agencies	AA	AAA	AAA
Asset backed securities	A+-AA	AA- – AA	AA2
Corporate bonds	A - AA	A - AA	BAA – AAA
Certificates of deposit - negotiable	A - AA	N/A	AA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Credit Risk (cont.)

The city also held investments in the following external pool which is not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2018, the investment portfolio did not contain any single issuer in excess of 5% of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2018, the city's investments were as follows:

			Maturity (In years)						
Investment Type	Гуре Fair Value			Less than 1 year		1 - 10	> 10 years		
U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies Asset backed securities Certificates of deposit -	\$	6,335,434 125,617 7,369,387	\$	1,819,973 - 863,129	\$	4,515,461 125,617 2,075,189	\$	- 4,431,069	
negotiable Corporate bonds		1,040,115 4,292,573		914,702 555,212		125,412 3,737,362			
Totals	\$	19,163,126	\$	4,153,016	\$	10,579,041	\$	4,431,069	

The city categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The valuation method for recurring fair value measurements of investments is the quoted market prices approach.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

The City's investments are categorized are as follows:

December 31, 2018 Investment Type Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total U.S. treasuries \$ 6,335,434 6,335,434 U.S. Agencies 125,617 125,617 Asset backed securities 7,369,387 7,369,387 Certificate of deposit - negotiable 1,040,115 1,040,115 Corporate bonds 4,292,573 4,292,573 Total \$19,163,126 19,163,126

Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes Risk

At December 31, 2018, the City held \$1,040,115, \$6,335,434, and \$125,617 in negotiable certificates of deposits, U.S. treasuries, and U.S. Agencies, respectively. With all fixed income securities, as interest rates rise, the values will fall. The longer the time to maturity, the more sensitive the values will be to a change in interest rates. The longest time to maturity on any holdings is 3 years, maturing December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the governmental-type individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Total Net			nounts Not Expected To be Collected	
		Receivables	Within one year		
General Fund	\$	14,654,649	\$	21,490	
Emergency Medical Services Fund		3,923,593		-	
Debt Service Fund		850,000		-	
Capital Improvement Fund		439,921		-	
TIF No. 8 Capital Projects Fund		968,550		-	
TIF No. 11 Capital Projects Fund		2,282,029		-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		5,675,259		346,530	
Total	\$	28,794,001	\$	368,020	

Revenues of the city are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable in the Emergency Medical Services Fund have been adjusted by \$292,611 for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No other allowance is necessary at year-end.

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned	Unavailable
Property taxes and special charges receivable for subsequent year Accounts receivable not collected Special assessments not yet due Loans receivable not collected	\$ 26,396,705 423,586	\$ - 80,077 281,985
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 26,396,705	\$ 368,565
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$ - 26,396,705	
Total Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 26,396,705	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption – Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over

the next twelve months.

Reserve - Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in

the redemption account.

Impact Fee Account

The city has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

Asset Forfeiture Account

The city has received asset forfeitures which must be used for specific purposes.

Net Pension Asset

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2018:

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total		
Redemption account	\$ -	\$ 91,746	\$ 91,746		
Reserve account	-	811,056	811,056		
Impact fee account	2,599,727	2.0	2,599,727		
Asset forfeiture account	102,194	-	102,194		
Pension	4,315,211	406,918	4,722,129		
Total	\$ 7,017,132	\$ 1,309,720	<u>\$ 8,326,852</u>		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions			Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	24,963,323	\$	147,368	\$	151,730	\$	24,958,961	
Construction in progress	Ψ.	9,696,714	*	13,711	Ψ	9,696,714	Ψ.	13,711	
Total Capital Assets Not Being		0,000,		,		0,000,111			
Depreciated		34,660,037		161,079		9,848,444	_	24,972,672	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized									
Land improvements		1,988,013		4,367,352		-		6,355,365	
Buildings		44,532,671		2,007,668				46,540,339	
Intangible Asset – Easements		5,400		-		-		5,400	
Machinery and equipment		21,305,229		1,094,968		288,264		22,111,933	
Bridges		286,370		-		-		286,370	
Roads		76,050,656		4,919,254		-		80,969,910	
Sidewalks		4,570,182		96,984		1 -		4,667,166	
Street lighting		7,125,995		90,574		-		7,216,569	
Storm sewers		25,734,701		115,993				25,850,694	
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated/amortized		181,599,217		12,692,793		288,264		194,003,746	
Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization for									
Land improvements		(1,103,114)		(223,717)		-		(1,326,831)	
Buildings		(8,266,826)		(1,228,491)		-		(9,495,317)	
Intangible Asset – Easements		(5,400)		-		-		(5,400)	
Machinery and equipment		(13,078,763)		(1,891,420)		262,558		(14,707,625)	
Bridges		(34,368)		-		-		(34,368)	
Roads		(12,384,435)		(767,670)		-		(13,152,105)	
Sidewalks		(2,376,053)		(75,570)		-		(2,451,623)	
Street lighting		(3,761,119)		(262,421)		-		(4,023,540)	
Storm sewers		(11,734,422)		(484,471)		-		(12,218,893)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation/									
Amortization		(52,744,500)		(4,933,760)		262,558		(57,415,702)	
Net Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated/Amortized	_	128,854,717	_	7,759,033		25,706	_	136,588,044	
Total Governmental Activities									
Assets, Net of Accumulated					_				
Depreciation/amortization	\$	163,514,754	\$	7,920,112	\$	9,874,150	<u>\$</u>	161,560,716	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation / amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government Public safety Health and social services Public works Leisure activities Total Governmental Activities Depre	eciation / Amortiza	ition Expense		\$ 976,938 1,212,440 550 2,281,046 462,786 \$ 4,933,760
Maker	Beginning Balance	Additions	_ Deletions	Ending Balance
Water				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and land rights	\$ 242,750	\$ -	\$	\$ 242,750
Construction in progress	1,375,093	2,895,701	2,075,915	2,194,879
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	1,617,843	2,895,701	<u>2,075,915</u>	2,437,629
Capital assets being depreciated				
Source of supply	7,056,575	-	-	7,056,575
Pumping	8,873,111	13,550	25,446	8,861,215
Treatment	24,947,029	184,220	14,445	25,116,804
Transmission and distribution	68,911,493	2,003,352	117,333	70,797,512
General	4,864,166	4,830	43,504	4,825,492
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	114,652,374	2,205,952	200,728	116,657,598
Total Capital Assets	116,270,217	5,101,653	2,276,643	119,095,227
Less: Accumulated depreciation for	/a a== ===:			
Source of supply	(2,377,365)	(121,346)	-	(2,498,711)
Pumping	(4,523,809)	(359,299)	25,446	(4,857,662)
Treatment	(11,105,724)	(813,831)	14,445	(11,905,110)
Transmission and distribution	(17,338,769)	(1,162,667)	117,333	(18,384,103)
General	(3,060,064)	(132,634)	43,504	(3,149,194)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(38,405,731)	(2,589,777)	200,728	(40,794,780)
Net Water Plant	\$ 77,864,486	\$ 2,511,876	\$ 2,075,915	\$ 78,300,447

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Depreciation Expense

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)				
	Beginning	۸ ماماند: م	Dalatiana	Ending
Sewer	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and land rights	\$ 13,14	5 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,145
Construction in progress	11,84	•	967,593	7,945
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	24,990	963,693	967,593	21,090
Capital assets being depreciated				
Collection system	43,748,96	7 965,524	238,565	44,475,926
Collection system pumping	242,170	-		242,170
General	611,370	2,069	6,654	606,785
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	44,602,50	967,593	245,219	45,324,881
Total Capital Assets	44,627,49	1,931,286	1,212,812	45,345,971
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Collection system	(11,118,728	3) (458,645)	238,565	(11,338,808
Collection system pumping	(239,799	(2,011)	-	(241,810
General	(390,080		6,654	(429,575
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,748,60	<u>(506,805)</u>	245,219	(12,010,193
Net Sewer Plant	\$ 32,878,890	\$ 1,424,481	\$ 967,593	\$ 33,335,778
Business-type Capital Assets,				
Net of Depreciation	\$ 110,743,376	\$ 3,936,357	\$ 3,043,508	\$ 111,636,225
Depreciation expense was charged to fur	ctions as follows			
Business-type Activities				
Water				\$ 2,517,822
Sewer				552,791

Depreciation expense does not agree to the increase in accumulated depreciation due to joint metering, salvage and the cost of removal.

\$ 3,070,613

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, TRANSFERS, AND ADVANCES

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables and advances including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year
General fund	Water utility Debt service fund -	\$	1,798,900	\$ -
General fund	Debt service fund Capital projects fund -		1,095,888	1,095,888
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #14 Capital projects fund –		17,501	17,501
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #15 Capital projects fund –		17,187	17,187
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #16 Capital projects fund –		39,387	39,387
General fund	Capital projects fund – TIF #8		1,077,157	1,077,157
General fund Special revenue fund –	Sewer Utility Capital projects fund – TIF #7		7,152	-
Economic development fund	capital projects fund		314,900	314,900
Water utility	General fund		384,565	-
Sewer Utility	General fund		187,790	
oction ouncy	Capital projects fund – Capital		107,790	-
\Motor utility			F 407	F 407
Water utility	improvement fund		5,497	5,497
0	Special revenue fund			
Sewer utility	Storm water fund		2,206	2,206
_	Capital projects fund – Capital			
Sewer utility	improvement fund		7,739	7,739
	Special revenue fund – Special			
Water utility	assessment fund		196,622	124,039
·	Special revenue fund – Special		,	, - ·,
Sewer utility	assessment fund		48,438	36,033
Sewer utility	Water utility		119,851	117,465
Internal service fund –			110,001	117,400
Health Insurance	Water utility		123,188	_
Internal service fund –	Trator utility		125, 100	_
Health Insurance	Sewer utility		30,797	
Trouble mountained	octroi dunty		30,131	-
Total – Fund Financial Stater	ments		5,474,765	
Less: Fund eliminations			(2,681,871)	
Government-wide eliminat	ions		<u>(1,703,945</u>)	
Total Internal Balances – Go				
Statement of Net Position		<u>\$</u> _	1,088,949	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, TRANSFERS, AND ADVANCES (cont.)

The principal purpose of these interfunds includes the tax equivalent payment from the utilities to general fund and special assessment collections by the special assessment fund for the utilities. Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To		Amount	Principal Purpose
Water utility	General fund	\$	1,661,639	Tax equivalent
	Special revenue fund -			
General fund	Donation and activity fund		32,582	Library supplies
Special revenue fund -	Capital projects fund -			
WE Energies	Capital improvement fund		1,000,000	Finance of capital projects
Debt service funds -	Capital projects fund -			
Debt service fund	Capital improvement fund		2,906,074	Reduce deficit fund balance
Special revenue fund –	Capital projects fund -			
Storm water	Capital improvement fund		275,000	Finance of capital projects
Debt service funds -	Capital projects fund -			
Debt amortization fund	Capital improvement fund		659,437	Street rehab
Debt service funds -	Debt service funds -			Finance debt service
Debt amortization fund	Debt service		3,980,563	requirements
Debt service funds -	Capital projects fund -			
TID #6 debt service fund	TID #13 fund		400,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund –	Capital projects fund -			
Special assessments fund	Capital improvement fund		50,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund –				
Tourism fund	General fund		25,127	Budget transfer
Special revenue fund –	Capital projects fund -			
Future improvement fund	Capital improvement fund		2,500	Reimburse street trees
	Capital projects fund -			
General Fund	Capital improvement fund		938,370	Reimburse Capital Projects
	Debt service funds -			
General fund	TIF #4 debt service fund		373	Close out balance
Special revenue fund –	Capital projects fund -			
Economic development fund	Capital improvement fund		80,000	Finance of capital projects
Special revenue fund –	Capital projects fund -			
Impact fee fund	Capital improvement fund		643,354	
	Internal Service Fund			Finance health
General Fund	Health Insurance Fund		838,652	
Capital projects fund -	Debt service fund -			Finance debt service
TID # 7 Capital projects fund	Debt service fund		200,000	requirements
Subtotal – Fund financials			13,693,671	
Less fund eliminations		_(<u>(12,032,032)</u>	
Total Government-Wide Statemer	nt of Activities	\$	<u>1,661,639</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, TRANSFERS, AND ADVANCES (cont.)

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Advances

The Sewer Utility advanced \$2,500,000 to the Water Utility, dated December 15, 2013, for various construction projects. This advance will be repaid through annual installment payments of principal and interest through December 15, 2028. The annual interest rate was set by the Commission at .34% and is variable thereafter based on the LGIP rate. Effective December 31, 2018, the Commission approved 2.62% as the interest rate on this advance.

The Utility's interfund loan repayment schedule to maturity is as follows:

<u>Years</u>	Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	117,465	\$ 58,061	
2020		117,865	54,984	
2021		193,265	51,896	
2022		218,923	46,832	
2023		219,667	41,096	
2024 – 2028		1,348,899	 108,916	
Totals	\$	2,216,084	 361,785	

The current portion of principal due is included in due to other funds, on the Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance *	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General obligation debt:					
Notes and bonds	\$ 101,850,00	0 \$ 24,315,000	27,675,000	\$ 98,490,000	\$ 8,450,000
Add: Unamortized debt premium	1,333,19	9 692,187	7164,293	1,861,093	_
Sub-Total	103,183,19	9 25,007,187	7 27,839,293	100,351,093	8,450,000
Other Liabilities					
Vested compensated absences	1,392,95	6 841,972	832,187	1,402,741	508,415
Net OPEB liability – Life	690,98	0 197,260) -	888,240	-
Total OPEB liability – Health	33,965,84	3 1,160,949	<u> </u>	35,126,792	
Total Other Liabilities	36,050,48	2,200,179	832,186	37,417,773	508,415
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 139,233,680	\$ 27,207,366	\$ 28,671,479	\$ 137,768,864	\$ 8,958,415
	Beginning Balance *	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 18,720,255	\$ -	\$ 1,454,289	\$ 17,265,966	\$ 1,492,920
Add: Unamortized debt premium	23,850		13,410	10,440	7,943
Sub-Total	18,744,105		1,467,699	17,276,406	1,500,863
Other Liabilities					
Net OPEB liability - Life	117,957	33,674		151,631	_
Total OPEB liability – Health	2,549,472	87,112	-	2,636,584	-
Pollution remediation obligation	1,589,204	31,063	5,760	1,614,507	
Total Business-type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 23,000,035	\$ 151,851	\$ 1,473,459	\$ 21,679,128	\$ 1,500,863

^{*} The City adopted GASB No. 75 effective January 1, 2018. The total and net OPEB liabilities beginning balances were restated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt

All governmental general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the city. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the city may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the city's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2018 was \$174,632,650. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$98,490,000.

ψ 30,430,000 .				Original	
	Date of	Final	Interest	Indebted-	Balance
	lssue	Maturity	Rates	ness	12-31-18
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Debt					
G.O. notes and bonds					
2010 bonds	4/01/10	4/01/30	1.50-4.375%	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 4,925,000
2013 refunding bonds	4/2/13	4/01/32	2.00-3.75%	5,825,000	4,725,000
2013A notes	4/2/13	4/01/23	1.00-2.75%	3,000,000	1,575,000
2013E notes	12/30/13	12/01/22	1.00-4.00%	10,000,000	7,800,000
2014B refunding bonds	12/16/14	5/01/32	2.00-3.375%	2,725,000	2,225,000
2015A refunding bonds	1/20/15	6/01/34	2.00-4.00%	19,650,000	17,550,000
2016B notes	8/30/16	10/01/19	2.000%	5,100,000	5,100,000
2016C refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-4.00%	17,125,000	16,800,000
2016D refunding bonds	10/18/16	10/01/32	2.00-3.150%	5,925,000	5,675,000
2017A notes	7/6/17	10/1/20	3.00%	4,900,000	4,900,000
2017B refunding bonds	8/1/17	3/1/37	3.85-4.00%	2,900,000	2,900,000
2018A refunding vonds	4/3/18	4/1/32	3.57-4.00%	8,900,000	8,900,000
2018B refunding bonds	8/30/18	4/1/27	2.00-4.00%	5,175,000	5,175,000
2018C refunding bonds	8/30/18	4/1/27	3.00-4.00%	5,140,000	5,140,000
2018D refunding bonds	11/27/18	10/1/32	3.95-4.25%	5,100,000	5,100,000
Total Governmental Activi	ities – Genera	al Obligation	Debt		\$98,490,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes and bonds are as follows:

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		
	General Oblig	ation Debt		
<u>Years</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2019	\$ 8,450,000	\$ 2,376,945		
2020	9,075,000	2,125,632		
2021	4,995,000	1,949,710		
2022	5,615,000	1,834,035		
2023	11,370,000	1,706,101		
2024 – 2028	30,430,000	5.638.937		
2029 – 2033	26,290,000	1,950,460		
2034 – 2037	2,265,000	80,841		
Totals	\$ 98,490,000	\$ 17,662,661		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt

The city has pledged future water and sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$17,265,966 in revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through May 1, 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$21,099,785. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$1,982,973 and \$6,729,830, respectively. Future principal and interest payments are expected to require 20% of net revenues.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2018 consists of the following:

Business-type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebted- ness	Balance 12-31-18
Water utility revenue bonds	1/13/10	5/1/29	2.668%	\$ 791,863	\$ 505,856
Water utility revenue bonds	3/15/11	12/1/31	2.25-5.00%	6,500,000	5,450,000
Water utility revenue bonds	11/23/11	5/1/31	2.20%	5,889,583	4,112,453
Water utility revenue bonds	5/22/13	5/1/33	1.925%	2,594,795	2,035,715
Water utility revenue bonds	5/28/14	5/1/34	1.925%	1,968,020	4,311,942
Water utility revenue bonds	11/17/15	1/1/20	2.00%	3,850,000	850,000
Total Business-type Activities Re	evenue Debt				\$ 17,265,966

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-type Activities Revenue Debt			
<u>Years</u>	Principal	Interest		
2019 2020	\$ 1,492,920 1,231,830			
2021 2022	1,046,046 1,060,554	428,738		
2023 2024 – 2028	1,100,368 6,010,183	370,058		
2029 – 2033 2034	5,014,330 309,729	,		
Totals	<u>\$_17,265,966</u>	<u>\$ 3,833,819</u>		

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments for vested compensated absences, pension liabilities, and other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The vested compensated absences and other postemployment benefits liabilities attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Current Refundings

On April 3, 2018, the city issued \$8.9 million of general obligation refunding bonds with an interest rate of 4.00% to refund \$8.9 million of outstanding 2015 general obligation promissory notes with an interest rate of 2.25% on the maturity date of the notes.

On August 30, 2018, the city issued \$10.315 million of general obligation refunding bonds with an interest rate of 4.00% to refund \$10.5 million of outstanding 2015 general obligation promissory notes with an interest rate of 2.25% on the maturity date of the notes.

On November 27, 2018, the city issued \$5.1 million of general obligation refunding bonds with an interest rate of 4.25% to refund \$5.75 million of outstanding 2016 general obligation promissory notes with an interest rate of 2.125% on the maturity date of the notes

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

Lessor - Operating Leases - Governmental Activities

The city has entered into an operating lease with AT&T Wireless to lease the premises of city property at 800 West Puetz Road. The term of the lease is 5 years commencing August 19, 2008. The lease shall be automatically renewed for three additional four year terms unless AT&T Wireless notifies Oak Creek of its intention not to renew. Future annual lease payments are as follows:

First term (years 1-5)	\$ 24,000
First renewal term (years 6-10)	27,600
Second renewal term (years 11-15)	31,740
Third renewal term (years 16-20)	36,501

Lessor - Operating Leases - Business-type Activities

The water and sewer utility have entered into operating leases with Verizon Wireless (VW), Sprint Spectrum L.P. (SSLP), Cingular Wireless (CW) and Crown Castle (CC) for space on Utility reservoirs to be used for cellular antennas. These leases terminate on November 30, 2020 (VW), March 20, 2022 (SSLP), March 1, 2020 (CW), February 26, 2021 (CC), January 24, 2018 (CC), January 24, 2018 (CC) and January 31, 2028 (CW). Minimum future lease rentals are as follows:

	_	
2019	\$	318,781
2020		270,427
2021		134,344
2022		105,600
2023		67,082
2024 – 2028		299,828

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2018 includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Land	\$ 24,958,961
Construction in progress	13,711
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	136,588,044
Less: Related long-term debt and premium outstanding (excluding non-capital debt)	(98,270,378)
Add: Unspent proceeds of capital-related debt included above	3,815,712
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	67,106,050
Restricted	
Debt service	-
TID activity	2,079,788
Impact fee escrow	2.599.727
Storm Water	109,892
Donation and activity	1,792,437
Asset forfeiture	102,675
Pension asset	4,315,211
WE Energies	175,167
Special assessments	2,132,171
Economic development	884,548
Tourism commission	316,466
Developer agreements	81,229
Low income loans	7,825
Total Restricted	14,597,136
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,959,179)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 54,744,007

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2018 include the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

	ınds

Genera	l Fund
--------	--------

Chorai i ana	
Inventories	\$ 109,988
Delinquent personal property taxes	21,490
Non-current receivables from other funds	2,247,120
Total General Fund	2,378,598
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 2378598

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)	
H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)	
Governmental Activities (cont.)	
Restricted Fund Balance	
Major Funds	
Debt Amortization	\$ 26,572
TIF No. 11 Capital Projects	4,294,861
Total Major Funds	4,321,433
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Funds	
Donation and Activity	1,792,437
WE Energies Fund	175,167
Low Income Loan	7,825
Special Assessments	2,132,171
Impact Fee Escrow	2,599,727
Asset Forfeiture	102,675
Storm Water	109,892
Economic Development	884,548
Tourism Commission	316,466
Debt Service Funds	
TIF No. 6 Debt Service	255,714
TIF No. 4 Debt Service	1
Capital Projects Funds	·
Developer Agreement	81,229
TIF No. 7 Capital Projects	92,590
TIF No. 10 Capital Projects	691,487
TIF No. 12 Capital Projects	549,753
TIF No. 13 Capital Projects	266,809
Total Non-Major Funds	10,058,491
Total Non Major Funds	10,030,491
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u>\$ 14,379,924</u>
Committed Fund Balance	
Major Funds	
Emergency Medical Services	\$ 858,749
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Funds	
Solid Waste	104,085
Consolidated Dispatch Services	91,329
Total Non-Major Funds	195,414
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 1,054,163
	<u> </u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)	
H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)	
Governmental Activities (cont.)	
Assigned Fund Balance	
Major Funds General Fund	
Tax equivalent for subsequent year	\$ 1,661,639
Capital Improvement Fund	3,108,821
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 4,770,460
Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit)	
Major Funds	
General Fund	\$ 4,392,896 (1,005,838)
Debt Service Fund (deficit) TIF No. 8 Capital Projects (deficit)	(1,095,888) (1,076,694)
Total Major Funds	<u>(1,070,034)</u> <u>2,220,314</u>
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Fund	
Future Improvement Fund (deficit) Capital Projects Funds	(2,500)
TIF No. 14 Capital Projects (deficit)	(17,501)
TIF No. 15 Capital Projects (deficit)	(17,187)
TIF No. 16 Capital Projects (deficit)	(43,668)
Total Non-Major Funds	(80,856)
Total Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 2,139,458

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)	
H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)	
Business-type Activities	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Land and land rights Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less: Payables and accruals for capital assets Less: related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt proceeds, net of unamortized loss on debt refunding) Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 255,895 2,202,824 109,177,506 (611,153) (17,251,578) 93,773,494
Restricted Debt service Pension asset Total Restricted Fund Balance	879.806 406,918 1,286,724
Unrestricted	24,340,887
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 119,401,105

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Net position has been restated as a result of the implementation of GASB Statements No. 75 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, which required the City to record the total postemployment benefit liability and related expenses. The details of this restatement are as follows:

		Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Water Utility	Sewer Utility
Net Position	December 31,	-			
	2017 (as Reported)	\$ 60,441,667	\$ 116,338,582	\$ 72,985,027	\$ 43,308,746
Plus	Deferred outflow of resources –health				
	insurance	1,880,825	141,175	112,940	28,235
	Deferred outflow of resources – life				
	insurance	5,606	957	766	191
Less	Change in total OPEB liability –				
	health insurance	(5,590,799)	(1,439,487)	(1,151,590)	(287,897)
	Change in total				
	OPEB liability – life insurance	(690,980)	(117,957)	(94,415)	(23,542)
Net position -	- December 31, 2017	(030,300)	(117,807)	(34,413)	(23,542)
(as restated)	- December 31, 2017	\$ 56,046,319	\$ 114,923,270	\$ 71,852,728	\$ 43,025,733

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits. The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Post-Retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Voor	Core Fund	Variable Fund
Year	Adjustment	<u>Adjustment</u>
2008	6.6%	0%
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	` 9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting January 1, 2016, the Executives & Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,663,844 in contributions from the city.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported:

h	Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials) Protective with Social Security Protective without Social Security	6.8% 6.8% 6.8%	6.8% 10.6% 14.9%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2018, the city reported an asset of \$4,722,129 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The city's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the city's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the city's proportion was 0.15904145%, which was an increase of 0.00321656% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the city recognized pension expense of \$2,209,960.

At December 31, 2018, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		ed Outflow esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	5,999,583	\$	2,806,406	
Changes in assumptions		933,000		0-	
Net differences between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		-		6,490,127	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share					
of contributions		119,971		8,108	
Employer contributions subsequent to the				•	
measurement date		1,729,528		-	
Total	\$	8,782,082	\$	9,304,641	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

\$1,729,528 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Deferred Inflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (net)				
2019	\$	568,730			
2020		(2,384)			
2021		(1,603,311)			
2022		(1,226,435)			
2023		11,312			

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2016
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability	December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.2%
Discount Rate:	7.2%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	2.1%

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2002 – 2014. The total pension liability for December 31, 2017 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	50%	8.2%	5.3%
Fixed Income	24.5	4.2	1.4
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	3.8	1.0
Real Estate	8	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	8	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4	6.5	3.6
Total Core Fund	110	7.3	4.4

Variable Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equities	70%	7.5%	4.6%
International Equities	30	7.8	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100	7.9	5.0

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75% Assets Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.31%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Sensitivity of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.20%)	Current Discount Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase To Discount Rate (8.20%)
City of Oak Creek's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 12,217,760	\$ (4,722,129)	\$ (17,596,970)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a payable to the pension plan of \$254,991 which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The city purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission and workers compensation. Employee health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the city in the health insurance internal service fund, which includes commercial insurance and self-funding. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Self Insurance

For health claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$100,000 deductible per individual and \$4,219,902 in the aggregate for a policy year. Claims in excess of those amounts are covered by specific reinsurance with an unlimited lifetime maximum reimbursement. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

All funds in the city participate in the health and dental insurance internal service fund. Amounts payable to the health insurance fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. At December 31, 2018, no amounts were designated for that reserve.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probably that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The city does not allocate overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Claims Liability

	 Prior Year	<u>_C</u>	urrent Year
Unpaid claims – Beginning of Year	\$ 387,112	\$	385,392
Current year claims and changes in estimates	4,392,939		8,223,211
Claim payments	 (4,394,659)		(5,410,583)
Unpaid Claims – End of Year	\$ 385,392	\$	3,198,020

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC)
Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The city does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from the WMIC / CVMIC administrative office.

The city pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the city's retained liability. The city's retained liability is limited to \$75,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$250,000.

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the city is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the city's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the city's financial position or results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont.)

The city has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The city has active construction projects as of December 31, 2018. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

Tax Incremental Financing

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 7 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a property taxable value of \$10,200,000. The developers also pay property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreements, are entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of taxes paid less the base value \$3,000,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2024. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$258,622.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 8 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$650,000 upon confirmation of job creation and City being awarded a grant. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after constructing the building as stated in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid for 8 years (2023). Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$227,292.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) 10 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreements. The developers guaranteed a 15 year lease of space and job retainment. The developers are entitled to a future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid. The incentives are calculated based on the increment derived specifically from the parcels as stated in the developer agreement. The developer receives payments back of 75% taxes paid, up to \$1,800,000 or as much as can be received by October 1, 2023. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$263,712.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONt.)

Tax Incremental Financing (cont.)

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$5,300,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2016-2032 and thereafter. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0, (\$5,300,000 was paid in 2015).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers received \$2,750,000 loan upon ownership of said property which will be paid back to the City beginning in 2021 (annually for 20 years). Additionally, the developer will receive a \$4,500,000 grant from the City for project costs once the construction process has begun and construction contracts are executed. The developer has agreed to meet a minimum assessed value of \$26,200,000 effective 2020 with a moderate increase each year the TID is open ending with a minimum assessed value of \$35,800,900 in 2032. Additionally in 2024 the developer will add another \$9 million in minimum assessed value for phase 3 of the development. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0. (\$2,750,000 was paid in 2017).

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$2,500,000 upon beginning construction of a parking garage with 425 parking stalls. Once building permits are pulled for additional square footage of the medical facility (targeting 130,000 square foot) the developer will be paid \$65.80 per square foot up to an additional \$2,500,000. The City will in good faith effort work with the WEDC for a \$1,000,000 grant for the developer based on jobs, 425 parking stalls, and a 130,000 square foot facility. The developer agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2017-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0. (\$1,835,134 was paid in 2017).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont.)

Tax Incremental Financing (cont.)

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,450,000 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and a hotel franchise agreement and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,680,051 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developer received \$1,319,949 upon ownership of said property and entering into construction contracts and the construction process and agreed to meet a minimum assessed value varying each year from 2015-2032. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont.)

Tax Incremental Financing (cont.)

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 11 has entered into a tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans and development agreement. The developers will receive not to exceed \$900,000 upon ownership, build out of project and having reached the minimum assessed value: \$5 million in 2019 and \$8 million in 2020 and for the remaining life of the project. In the event that the minimum assessed value is not met, the developer has a minimum valuation shortfall obligation payable for that year, in an amount equal to the difference between the real estate taxes that would have been due and payable had such real estate taxes been determined using the minimum assessed values, and the actual real estate taxes. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0.

The City of Oak Creek through its Tax Incremental Financing District 12 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with developers in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plan and development agreement. The developers agree to invest roughly \$50,000,000 in economic development building a 300,000 square foot retail facility. The City and developer agree to City Financing not to exceed \$5,225,000 for infrastructure leading up to the developer's property. In each year, beginning 2017 and ending the last year of the district 2036, the City will receive a check from the developer for taxes on the property. The developer will receive the tax amount back less the annual bond payment for infrastructure, and less \$25,000 for administrative costs each year up to \$13,000,000. Aggregate incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City administers a single-employer defined contribution healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides health insurance benefits for eligible retirees through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provision are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees pay at established rates.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the city and the union.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan description. The City's defined benefit OPEB, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the City. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 Statement 75.

Benefits provided. The City of Oak Creek provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents based on the following:

Utility

Employees hired prior to 01/01/83 and retired prior to 12/31/06 pay the same as active and get benefits for life after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 – 12/31/05 and retire prior to 12/31/05 pay 40% of the pre and post 65 premium after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired 01/01/83 – 12/31/05 and retire after 12/31/08 pay 20% of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 10 years of service. Employees hired after 12/31/05 pay 20% of the pre 65 premium and are not eligible for post 65 coverage after retiring with 15 years of service. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later

Local 133 - General/Labor

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hired after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 20% of the premium to participate in the plan. No Post 65 insurance employee's active January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Local 1848 - Firefighters

Employees who attain 10 years of service who retired prior to May 4, 2010 shall be eligible for retiree level health insurance as of the prior bargaining agreement (5%). After May 4, 2010 retirees pay same as current employees (10%). No post 65 insurance available for employees hired after May 4, 2010. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Police Supervisors

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hire after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10% of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. Nor future retirees from this group.

Police Officers

Employees hired prior to 12/31/05 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05, 15 years of service are required. Employees hired prior to 01/01/09 are eligible for post 65 insurance. Those hire after 01/01/09 are not. Future retirees are required to pay 10% of the premium to participate in the plan. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later.

Dispatchers

Employees hired after 02/01/95 need 15 years of service. Employees who retired prior to 12/31/05 have post 65 Medicare supplemental insurance. Future retirees are required to pay 40% of the premium. No post 65 insurance for employees active on January 1, 2012 or later. No future retirees from this group.

Non Represented

Employees hired prior to 01/01/06 need 10 years of service, after 12/31/05 15 years of service are required. Employees hired before 07/01/83 who retired before 12/31/05 receive post 65 benefits and contribute 0%; those who retiree before 12/31/11 pay 20%. Future retirees are required to pay 20% of the premium to participate in the plan.

* General and Police hired after 01/01/2015 and firefighters hired after 01/01/2016 are not eligible for retiree medical coverage under this plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At December 31, 2018 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members and spouses currently receiving benefit payments

250
Active plan members

250
460

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's total OPEB liability of \$37,763,376 was measured as of December 31, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	Based on the "Long Term Healthcare Costs Trend Resource Model" created for the Society of Actuaries by Professor Thomas E. Getzen of
Inflation	Temple University
	WRS assumption adopted by the Employee Truss
	Funds Board in connection with a study of
Salary increases	experience during 2015-2017
	Based on the "Long Term Healthcare Costs Trend
	Resource Model" created for the Society of
	Actuaries by Professor Thomas E. Getzen of
Healthcare cost trend rates	Temple University
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	See benefits table above

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality table as the base table and project future improvements with 2018 generational improvement scale as adopted by the Board in connection with the 2015-2017 Experience Study by the Wisconsin Retirement System.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2015-2017

CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at December 31, 2017 Charges for the year:	\$ 36,515,314
Service cost	649,113
Interest	1,366,954
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,253,995
Benefit payments	(2,022,000)
Net changes	1,248,062
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 37,763,376

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.78 percent in 2016 to 3.44 percent in 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.44 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.44 percent) than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (2.44%)	Di	scount Rate (3.44%)	 1% increase (4.44%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 41,854,882	\$	37,763,376	\$ 34,248,573

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate

	 1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate		1% increase		% increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 33,875,952	\$	37,763,376		\$	42,340,023

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2018 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,239,198. At December 31, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	of Resources				
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Empoyer contributions – subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,030,864 2,052,297			
Total	\$	3,083,161			

\$2,052,297 reported as deferred outflows to OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resource related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Deferred Out	flows of Resources
2019	\$	223,131
2020		223,131
2021		223,131
2022		223,131
2023		138,340

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Plan description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or or after July 1, 2011. must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contribution made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, the must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reports as of December 31, 2018 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of employee contribution

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participation employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates for the Plan Year

Attained Age	Basic
Under 30	\$0.05
30-34	0.06
34-39	0.07
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.12
50-54	0.22
55-59	0.39
60-64	0.49
65-69	0.57

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$6,563 in contribution from the employer.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2018, the city reported a liability of \$1,039,871 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The city's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the city's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the city's proportion was 0.34563500%, which was an increase of 0.012447% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the city recognized OPEB expense of \$112,436.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

At December 31, 2018 the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ -		14,652
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		11,974		
Changes in assumptions		100,485		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		26,206		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,611		
Total	\$	146,276	\$	14,652

\$7,611 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employers contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31;	Resources a Inflows of	Outflows of and Deferred Resources et)
2019	\$	20,151
2020		20,151
2021		20,151
2022		20,151
2023		17,158
Thereafter		26,251

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions. The net OPEB liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2017
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability	December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield	3.44%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	5.0%
Discount Rate:	3.63%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortatility:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2017

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Government Bonds	Barclays Government	1%	1.13%
US Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	65	2.61
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	3	3.08
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	31	2.19
Inflation	·		2.3
Long Term Expected Rate	of Return		5.0

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 3.63% was used to measure the net OPEB liability. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the net OPEB liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient.

Sensitivity of the city's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability changes in the discount rate. The following presents the city's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.63 percent, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.63 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.63 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	to Discount
	(2.63%)	Rate (3.63%)	Rate (4.63%)
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 1,469,732</u>	<u>\$ 1,039,871</u>	<u>\$ 709,997</u>

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

E. POWER GENERATING FACILITY MITIGATION REVENUE

The city entered into an agreement with Wisconsin Energy Corporation (WEC). WEC is expanding its electric generating facilities within the City of Oak Creek by creating three new units. WEC is expected to pay the following annual mitigation payments to the city 30 days after the commencement of construction:

Elm Road Unit 1	\$1,500,000
Elm Road Unit 2	750,000
Elm Road Unit 3	250,000

The payments are required annually unless the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin determines that these payments may not be included in the rent payments of the facilities lease or a new unit ceases operation after start-up and is decommissioned.

In 2018, the city received \$2,250,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

F. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- > Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- > Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- > Statement No. 87, Leases
- > Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- > Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- > Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In June 2019, the City issued \$2.85 million of Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes, which was used for Tax Incremental District No. 16.

In July 2019, the City approved issuing \$3.925 million in General Obligation Refunding Bonds and \$1.03 million in Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, which will be used to refund previously issued debt.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
TAXES	+		
General property taxes	\$ 13,118,162	\$ 13,099,726	\$ (18,436)
Motel room tax	457,000	472,638	15,638
Mobile home taxes	68,000	59,107	(8,893)
Other taxes	26,200	40,911	14,711
TOTALS	13,669,362	13,672,382	3,020
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES			
Shared taxes from state	3,014,637	3,008,331	(6,306)
State transportation aids	2,771,384	2,771,384	-
State computer aids	130,437	130,437	
Other state aids	6,000	4,890	(1,110)
Health department block grant	4,500	8,604	4,104
Police grants	130,847	148,183	17,336
TOTALS	6,057,805	6,071,829	14,024
REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE Licenses			
Liquor and beer	59,700	50,286	(9,414)
Publishing fees	900	880	(20)
Operators	28,000	25,295	(2,705)
Amusement devices	9,500	7,740	(1,760)
Amusement operators	1,200	1,050	(150)
Miscellaneous - business	11,000	10,774	(226)
Miscellaneous - non-business	75	49	(26)
DATCP	88,500	90,101	1,601
Late sanitarian license renewal	500	540	40
Sanitarian plan review Landfill	3,000	1,496	(1,504)
Permits	500	1,500	1,000
Building	403,000	4 004 544	000.544
Electrical	402,000 90,000	1,234,514	832,514
Plumbing	75,000	144,377 104,475	54,377 29,475
Street opening	7,500	14,133	6,633
Erosion control	10,000	40,065	30,065
Fire inspections	-		-
Temp food	2,000	2,495	495
Sundry	500	4,485	3,985
Landscape, Lighting & Sign Review	2,500	6,525	4,025
Cable TV	280,000	297,992	17,992
AT&T video service	180,000	105,064	(74,936)
Court fines	425,000	406,199	(18,801)
TOTALS	1,677,375	2,550,035	872,660
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES General Government			
Property status letter fees	7,000	9,710	2,710
Administrative fees	28,000	27,029	(971)
Photo copies sold	1,500	866	(634)
Zoning/housing appeal fees	800	1,000	200
Rezoning petitions and filing fees	2,000	5,425	3,425
Text amendment fees	500	2,000	1,500
Right of way vacation fees	575	-	(575)
Special use request fees	10,000	20,725	10,725
Filing fee - certified survey maps	6,000	9,200	3,200
Plan commission agenda fees	11,000	26,070	15,070

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (cont.)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original and Final Budge		Actual		iance with
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES (cont.)	_ mar Baage		Hotaai		ar budget
General Government (cont.)					
Map amendments	\$ 1,20) \$	_	\$	(1,200)
Subdivision plat fees	50	์ כ	3,500	•	3,000
Maps sold	2	5	51		26
Public Safety					
State DWI seizures	2,00)	760		(1,240)
Police patrol service fees	4,00		19,266		15,266
Miscellaneous fees	2,000		9,649		7,649
Copies of police and fire reports	3,00		3,234		234
False alarm penalties Health and Sanitation	5,50)	8,900		3,400
Health Department					
Clinic fees	0.00	,	40.507		4.505
Pet license fees/Humane Society	8,000		12,587		4,587
Public Works	13,500	J	12,859		(641)
Weed cutting	11,000	`	0 550		(0.440)
Sale of culvert pipe	10,000		8,552 13,590		(2,448)
Culvert installation	1,000		3,570		3,590 2,570
Library	1,000	•	3,570		2,570
Other income	20,000)	18,096		(1,904)
Photocopies	7,000		9,386		2,386
Recreation	140,000		124,506		(15,494)
Sanitarian	,				(, ,
Pre-inspection Pre-inspection	15	5	386		371
Regular service fee	7,000)	9,622		2,622
Miscellaneous charges for services	3,100)	8,953		5,853
TOTALS	306,215		369,492		63,277
INVESTMENT INCOME					
Investments	135,000)	306,782		171,782
Taxes	70,000		97,939		27,939
TOTALS	205,000		404,721		199,721
MISCELLANEOUS INCOME					
AT&T American tower lease	27,600	١	61 740		24 140
South Suburban Chamber Lease			61,740		34,140
Insurance incentives	12,000		12,000		-
Insurance recoveries	75,000		173,184		98,184
P-card rebates	9,800		8,128		(1,672)
	12,000		19,871		7,871
Miscellaneous revenues	10,000		3,394		(6,606)
TOTALS	146,400	_	278,317		131,917
INTERFUND CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Engineering and administration charged to capital projects	15,000	1	_		(15,000)
Engineering and administration charged to TID projects	235,000		235,000		_
Highway equipment service fee	41,000		59,716		18,716
Administrative services charged to enterprise funds	45,000		45,000		_
Miscellaneous charges for services	19,000		18,806		(194)
TOTALS					
TOTALS	355,000	_	358,522		3,522
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 22,417,157	\$	23,705,298	<u>\$</u>	1,288,141

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (cont.)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

EXPENDITURES	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			<u></u>
General government	\$ 2,945,281	\$ 2,858,929	\$ 86,352
Building maintenance	676,438	614,350	62,088
City administrator	254,227	269,443	(15,216)
Data processing	922,057	839,675	82,382
City clerk	214,343	211,139	3,204
Treasurer	200,951	194,796	6,155
Finance	367,546	355,874	11,672
Assessor	202,714	193,004	9,710
Attorney and legal	250,983	172,259	78,724
Community development	284,792	265,349	19,443
TOTALS	6,319,332	5,974,818	344,514
PUBLIC SAFETY			
Police department	8,336,086	8,006,611	329,475
Emergency operations	13,950	6,468	7,482
Fire department	1,981,777	2,371,301	(389,524)
Inspection	595,970	517,182	78.788
Other	96,946	96,253	693
TOTALS	11,024,729	10,997,815	26,914
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES			
Health department	476 705	400 476	40.540
TOTALS	476,725	428,176	48,549
TOTALS	476,725	428,176	48,549
PUBLIC WORKS			
Engineering	753,567	660,051	93,516
Streets	3,710,524	3,566,234	144,290
TOTALS	4,464,091	4,226,285	237,806
EISURE ACTIVITIES			
Conservation and recreation	598,401	583,858	14,543
Library	885,192	875,187	10,005
Parks	516,638	508,587	8,051
TOTALS	2,000,231	1,967,632	32,599
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,285,108	23,594,726	690,382
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of property	20,000	222 642	040.640
Transfer in	20,000 140,210	233,642 25,127	213,642
Transfer in - tax equivalent	1,707,741	25, 127 1,661,639	(115,083)
Transfer out		(1,809,977)	(46,102) (1,809,977)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,867,951	110,431	(1,757,520)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	221,003	\$ 221,003
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		8,212,130	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 8,433,133	
See independent auditore' report and accommending			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes	\$ 3,788,857	¢ 27000E7	•
Intergovernmental	117,130	\$ 3,788,857 154,973	\$ - 37,843
Public charges for services	1,136,458	1,505,367	368,909
Investment income	500	8,899	8,399
Misc Revenue	-	1,118	1,118
Total Revenues	5,042,945	5,459,214	416,269
EXPENDITURES Current			
Public Safety	5,042,945	4,976,393	66,552
Total Expenditures	5,042,945	4,976,393	66,552
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	482,821	482,821
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Sale of Property		26,398	26,398
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	509,219	\$ 509,219
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year		349,530	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING OF YEAR		\$ 858,749	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS -CITY RETIREE BENEFITS PLAN For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	:
Total OPEB Liability	2018
Service cost	\$ 649,113
Interest	1.366.954
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,253,995
Benefit payments	(2,022,000)
Net change in total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - beginning	1,248,062 36,515,314
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 37,763,376
	<u> </u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,862,279
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	190.13%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Plan Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/17	0.34563500%	\$ 1,039,871	\$ 14,534,940	7.15%	44.81%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

City Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Re	ntractually equired atributions	Rela Con Re	ributions in tion to the stractually equired tributions	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/18	\$	7,611	\$	7,611	\$	_	\$ 15,601,884	0.05%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended 'December 31, 2018

WRS Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.16047000%	\$ (3,941,582)	\$ 17,775,702	22.17%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.15775509%	2,563,490	18,256,231	14.04%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.15582489%	1,284,369	18,758,850	6.85%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.15904145%	(4,722,129)	19,181,462	24.62%	102.93%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

City Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$ 1,495,972	\$ 1,495,972	\$ -	\$ 18,256,231	8.19%
12/31/16	1,495,955	1,495,955	-	18,758,850	7.97%
12/31/17	1,663,744	1,663,744	-	19,136,951	8.69%
12/31/18	1,729,528	1,729,528	-	19,862,279	8.71%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.C.

A budget has been adopted for all governmental fund types. The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city administrator may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$0. Budgets are adopted at the function level of expenditure.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The city is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the city to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in the assumptions.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - HEALTH INSURANCE

The data presented in the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

The city is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the city to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for the City.

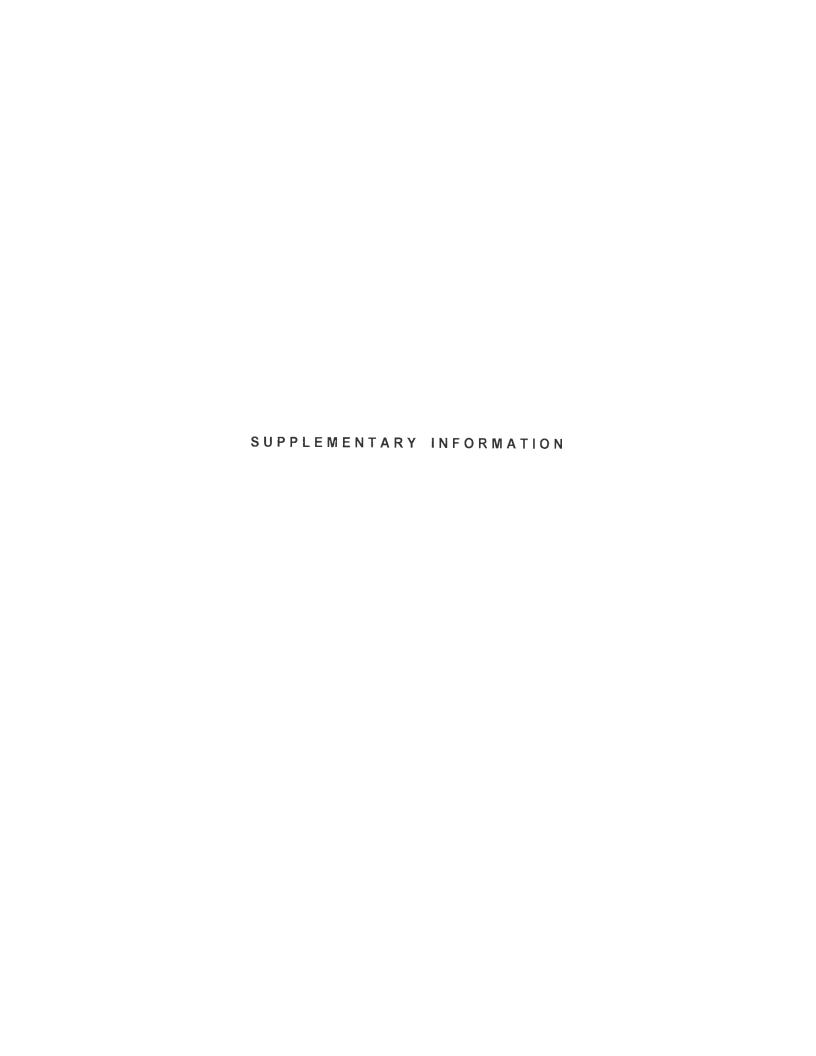
Changes in assumptions. The discount rate was changed from 3.7% to 3.44%

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND

The city is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however the standards allow the city to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit term. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employee in LRLIF.

Changes in assumption. There were no changes in assumptions.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2018

					Š	Special Revenue Funds	spun_					
	Solid Waste Fund	Donation and Activity Fund	WE Energies Fund	Low income Loan Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Economic Development Fund	Future Improvement Fund	Impact Fee Escrow Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Storm Water Fund	Consolidated Dispatch Services	Tourism Commission Find
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 312,530	1,775,020	\$ 220,102	\$ 7,825	992	\$ 572,184	\$ 368.508	69	=	\$ 136.328	\$ 108 179	330.654
Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable	1,266,837			E i F				2,599,727	102,194		-	1
Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable	488	34,208	1 . 1		346,530						25,547	
Loans receivable Due from other funds				6,503		314 900				4	•	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1579855	\$ 1809,228	\$ 220 102	\$ 14,328	\$ 2,659,216	\$ 887,084	\$ 368,508	\$ 2 599 727	\$ 102,675	\$ 1,118,203	\$ 1,446,296	\$ 330,654
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities												
Accounts payable Accued liabilities	\$ 206,200	\$ 16,791	\$ 20,532 (49	s	316	€	6	69	5 7,644	\$ 153	\$ 11,886
Deposits	1	•	1		•	- , 22,2	371,008			980,01	42,244	2,302
Total Tabilities	208 033	16 701	44 025		245,060	1 000	- 027			2 206		
רכומו בומסווויופס	200,000	16,701	44,900		742,000	2,536	3/1,008			26,436	42,397	14,188
Deferred inflows of Resources Unearned revenues	1,266,837		,					,		981,875	1,312,570	
Unavailable revenues Total Deferred inflows of Resources	1,266,837			6,503	281 985	, ,				981,875	1.312.570	1
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Committed Linescand (Deficit)	104,085	1,792,437	175,167	7,825	2,132,171	884,548	1	2,599,727	102,675	109,892	91,329	316,466
Ortasagrica (Defat) Total Fund Balances (Defat)	104 085	1 792,437	175 167	7,825	2,132,171	884,548	(2,500)	2,599,727	102.675	109 892	91 329	316,466
TOTAL LIABILITES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 1,579,855	\$ 1,809,228	\$ 220,102	\$ 14,328	\$ 2,659,216	887,084	\$ 368,508	\$ 2,599,727	\$ 102,675	\$ 1,118,203	\$ 1,446,296	\$ 330 654

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (cont.) As of December 31, 2018

	Debt Se	Debt Service Funds				Ca Projec	Capital Projects Funds				
	TIF No. 4 Debt Service Fund	TIF No. 6 Debt Service Fund	Developer Agreement Fund	TIF No. 7 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 10 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No 12 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 13 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 14 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 15 Capital Projects Fund	TIF No. 16 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	69	\$ 255,847	\$ 60,816	\$ 769,934	\$ 955,332	\$ 549,947	\$ 282,196	69	ا ب	69	\$ 8,878,775
restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable		348,248		402,735	365,259	422,095	1,491				2,701,921 5,240,904
Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable			21,079			•					81,322
Loans receivable Due from other funds						1 1					6,503 314,900
TOTAL ASSETS	69	\$ 604,095	\$ 81,895	\$ 1,172,669	\$ 1,320,591	\$ 972,042	\$ 283,687	8	8	8	\$ 17,570,855
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities											
Accounts payable Accured liabilities	υ ν	\$ 132	\$	\$ 362,444	\$ 263,845	\$ 194	\$ 15,387	. · ·	 φ	\$ 4,281	\$ 910,471 90,488
Due to other funds				314,900	. ,			17.501	- 17 187	39.387	371,008 636,241
Total Liabilities	*	132	999	677 344	263 845	194	15,387	17,501	17,187	43,668	2 008,208
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues		348,248		402,735	365,259	422,095	1,491				5,101,110
Total Deferred inflows of Resources		348,248	4	402 735	365,259	422,095	1,491				5.389.598
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Committed		255,715	81,229	92,590	691,487	549,753	266,809		1 1	, ,	10,058,491
Unassigned (Deficit) Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		255 715	81,229	92,590	691,487	549,753	266,809	(17,501)	(17,187)	(43,668)	(80 856)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	TS) \$	\$ 604 095	\$ 81,895	\$ 1,172,669	\$ 1,320,591 \$	\$ 972,042 \$	283,687	\$	69	69	\$ 17,570,855

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

WE Low Income Special Fund Economic Fruinte Fruinte Fund Fruind Fund Fruind Fund Fruind Fund Fund Fund Fu							Spacial Reversue Funds	ne ruigs					
Waste		Solid	Donation and	WE	Low Income	Special	Economic	Future	Impact Fee	Asset	Storm	Consolidated Dispatch	Tounsm
\$ 1,296,780 \$ 100,083 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 100,083 \$ 100,08		Waste	Activity	Energies	Fund	Assessment	Development Fund	Improvement Fund	Escrow	Forfeiture Fund	Water	Services Fund	Commission Fund
# 1374 706	- character	1,2		· •	69	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		s,	· •	69	· •9	\$ 1,269,332	\$ 425,397
## 808 1377-573 1387-589 148,680 148,6	Public charges for service	4,280	020,08						613,049		913.400	429,058	
377.573 386.050 2.256.000 163.346 146.082 53.447 5.12 3772 3772 386.050 2.256.000 163.346 146.082 146.082 56.672 56.672 57.717 57	Special assessments / developer contributions	'!	•	•		139,759	•		•	•	<u>'</u>	•	
1377,573 396,000 2,256,331 183,346 146,082 686,536 56,872 917,172 90,887 91,374,706 90,883 1,184,680	investment income Miscellaneous	4,808 37,506	297 430	6,931		43,587	4,086		53,487	212	3,772	3,298	549
165.874 1,184.680 662,729 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 660,444 1,184.680 67,000 690,000 6	Total Revenues	1 377 573	396,050	2,256,931	,	183,346	146,082		886,536	56.872	917.172	1,701,688	57,688
1,374,706 60,272 1,184,680 662,729 662,729 662,729 1,374,706 482,681 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,443 1,184,486 1,184,4	EXPENDITURES												
1,374,706	Current General Government		185 874										
1,374,706 90,827 1,45,516 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,486	Public safety	•	60,464	1 184 680					1 74 74 8	1 250	•		395,834
90,827 96,993 96,993 1,374,706 482,681 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,184,680 1,183,346 41,631 1,6715 21,258 660,821 35,614 254,443 2,867 (86,631) 1,072,251 183,346 (80,000) (2,500) (643,354) 1,275,000 2,867 (54,049) 72,251 133,346 (38,369) (2,500) 7,467 35,614 (20,500) 101,218 1,846,486 102,916 7,825 1,998,625 922,917 2,592,260 67,061 130,449 \$ 104,085 \$ 1,792,437 \$ 175,167 \$ 2,132,171 \$ 884,548 \$ (2,500) \$ 2,599,727 \$ 109,892 \$ \$ 109,892	Public works	1,374,706	!	,			,		2 '	967,12	- 662 739	• 1	
145,516	Health and social services	•	90,827	,		•	,	4			27,1700	1.642.645	
1,374,706	Leisure activities	•	145,516	•					,	٠	•		
1,374,706 482,881 1,184,680 164,481 15,715 21,256 662,729 2,867 (84,049) 72,251 133,346 (38,369) (2,500) (643,354) (275,000)	Conservation and development Canifal Outlay		•				95,993		•	•		•	
2.867 (86,631) 1,184,680 - 15,715 21,256 662,729 2.867 (86,631) 1,072,251 183,346 41,631 - 650,821 35,614 254,443 32,582 (1,000,000) (50,000) (80,000) (2,500) (643,354) - (275,000) 2,867 (54,049) 72,251 133,346 (38,369) (2,500) 7,467 35,614 (20,557) 101,218 1,846,486 102,916 7,825 1,998,825 922,917 2,562,260 67,061 130,449 \$ 104,085 1,792,437 175,167 5,2132,171 8,84,548 2,560,720 8,102,675 \$,102,675 \$,109,892 \$	Debt Service		•				0,400				•		
1374,706 482,681 1,184,680 104,485 15,715 15,715 21,256 662,729 183,346 163,346 163,346 163,346 163,346 163,346 163,346 163,346 163,346 164,085 1,926,435 1,926,725 1,998,825 1,998,825 1,	Interest	1	•	*			4			1	i		
2.867 (86,631) 1,072,251 183,346 41,631 650,821 35,614 254,443 32,582 (1,000,000) (50,000) (80,000) (2,500) (643,354) (275,000) 2,867 (54,049) 72,251 133,346 (38,369) (2,500) 7,467 35,614 (20,557) 101,218 1,846,486 102,916 7,825 1,998,825 922,917 2,592,260 67,061 130,446 \$ 104,085 1,732,437 1,782,637 2,132,171 884,548 2,590,727 1,100,675 1,100,892	Total Expenditures	1 374 706	482 681	1,184,680	•	1	104,451	*	15,715	21,258	662,729	1,642,645	395,834
32,582 (1,000,000) (50,000) (80,000) (2,500) (643,354) (275,000) 2,867 (54,049) 72,251 133,346 (38,369) (2,500) 7,467 35,614 (20,557) 101,218 1,846,486 102,916 7,825 1,998,825 922,917 2,592,260 67,061 130,449 \$ 104,085 \$ 1,792,437 \$ 175,167 \$ 2,132,171 \$ 884,548 \$ (2,500) \$ 2,599,727 \$ 102,675 \$ 109,892	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,867	(86,631)	1,072,251	*	183 346	41 631	'	650,821	35,614	254,443	59,043	87,800
2,867 (54,049) 72,251 1,998,825 1,998,825 922,917 2,5500 6,2500 6,50,000 130,446 \$ 104,085 \$ 1,792,437 \$ 175,167 \$ 2,132,171 \$ 884,548 \$ 2,599,727 \$ 102,675 \$ 108,892 \$ 108,989 \$ 1,792,475 \$ 108,699 \$ 1,792,675 \$ 108,892 \$ 1,792,848 \$ 1,792,437 \$ 108,982 \$ 2,591,771 \$ 108,982 \$ 1,2592,771 \$ 108,982 \$ 1,792,448 \$ 1,792,477 \$ 108,982 \$	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	,	32.582	•				•					
2,867 (54,049) 72,251 133,346 (38,369) (2,500) 7,467 35,614 (20,557) 101,218 1,846,486 102,916 7,825 1,998,825 922,917 2,5500 5,552,260 67,061 130,449 5 104,085 5,1792,437 5,7825 5,2132,171 8,884,548 6,2,500) 5,2592,727 5,102,675 6,109,892	Transfers out	1	1	(1 000 000)		(20'000)	(80,000)	(2,500)	(643,354)		(275,000)		(25.127)
2,867 (54,049) 72,251 133,346 (38,369) (2,500) 7,467 35,614 (20,557) 101,218 1,846,486 102,916 7,825 1,998,825 922,917 2,592,260 67,061 130,449 5 104,085 5,1792,437 5,7825 5,2132,171 5,884,548 6,2590,727 5,102,675 5,108,692	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		32,582	(1,000,000)		(50,000)	(80 000)	(2 500)	(643,354)		(275,000)		(25,127
101,218 1,846,486 102,916 7,825 1,998,925 922,917 - 2,592,280 67,061 130,449 \$ 104,085 \$ 1,792,437 \$ 175,167 \$ 2,132,171 \$ 884,548 \$ (2,500) \$ 2,599,727 \$ 102,675 \$ 109,892	Net change in fund balances	2,867	(54,049)	72,251		133,346	(38'369)	(2,500)	7,467	35,614	(20,557)	59,043	62,673
\$ 104,085 \$ 1,792,437 \$ 175,167 \$ 7,825 \$ 2,132,171 \$ 884,548 \$ (2,500) \$ 2,599,727 \$ 102,675 \$ 109,892	UND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	101,218	1,846,486	102,916	7,825	1,998,825	922,917		2,592,260	67,061	130,449	32,286	253,793
			\$ 1,792,437	\$ 175,167	7 825		884,548	(2,500)		\$ 102,675		\$ 91,329	\$ 316,466

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Cont.) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Cent del vice Fullus	2010					2000				
	TIF No. 4	TIF No. 6	Developer	Capital	TIF No 10 Capital	TIF No. 12 Capital	TIF No. 13 Capital	TIF No. 14 Capital	TIF No. 15 Capital	TIF No. 16 Capital	Total Nonmajor
DEVENIES	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Projects	Projects Fund	Governmental Funds
Taxes	49	\$ 402,875	, 49		\$ 325,845		49	49	69	69	\$ 4,118,342
Intergovernmental Dublic charact for sequina		1,036	•	17,344	18,459	•	1	L		•	658,716
Fubilic dialiges for sel vice Special assessments / developer contributions			, 90 00		•		•	1		•	1,530,729
Investment income		4.387	, te	A 075	, A & 4.7	. 900 %	,				234,722
Miscellaneous			2,234	, ,	3.00	161.652					163,512
Total Revenues	7	408,298	97 197	382 349	350,816	186,560		1			9,611,104
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General Government		1	,		•	1					581 708
Public Safety			,	٠		•					1 282 117
Public works	•	•		1	,	•				,	2 037 435
Health and social services	•			٠	٠	٠	,		4	•	1.733.472
Leisure activities		•	,		•	•					145.516
Conservation and development	•	25,000			288,712	1,014,689	93,504		,		1.517.898
Capital Outlay Debt Secrice	•	•		372,295	ŧ	572,256	7,567	17,501	17,187	43,668	1,038,932
Interest	į	1,783		1,783	1,783	103.783	1.652	•	1	٠	110 784
Total Expenditures	•	26,783		374,078	290,495	1,690,728	102,723	17,501	17,187	43,668	8,447,862
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
expenditures		381,515	97,197	8,271	60,321	(1,504,168)	(102,723)	(17,501)	(17,187)	(43,668)	1,163,242
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	373	,400,000)		, 000 000	,	•	400,000		•	,	432,955
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	373	(400,000)		(200 000)			400,000				(2,243,026)
Net change in fund balances	373	(18,485)	97,197	(191,729)	60,321	(1,504,168)	297,277	(17,501)	(17,187)	(43,668)	(1,079,784)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	(373)	274,200	(15,968)	284,319	631,166	2 053 921	(30,468)	3		-	11,252,833
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	69	\$ 255,715	\$ 81,229 \$	\$ 92,590 \$	691,487	\$ 549 753	\$ 266.809	\$ (17.501)	\$ (17.187)	\$ (43,668)	(43 668) \$ 10 173 049